

Numbers, Variables, And More



Write Your Review



Click on a star to change your rating 1 - 5, where 5 = great! and 1 = really bad

Your Review:

Your Reivew

999 Characters remaining

Your Info:

Name:

Name

Email:

Email

I Agree to the Terms blah blah blah

Submit

Basic Data Types

Strings

Integers

Booleans

Floats

Data Types

Strings

Integers

Frozenset

Booleans

Floats

Bytes

Dictionary

Complex

Range

List

Tuple

Set

Integers

- Whole numbers only
- Positive or Negative
- No Decimal Points!

Integers

- Whole numbers only
- Positive or Negative
- No Decimal Points!

9

Integers

- Whole numbers only
- Positive or Negative
- No Decimal Points!

9

378

Integers

- Whole numbers only
- Positive or Negative
- No Decimal Points!

9

378

-21

Integers

- Whole numbers only
- Positive or Negative
- No Decimal Points!

9

378

-21

Floats

- Written With a Decimal Point
- Positive or Negative

Integers

- Whole numbers only
- Positive or Negative
- No Decimal Points!

9

378

-21

Floats

- Written With a Decimal Point
- Positive or Negative

1.5

Integers

- Whole numbers only
- Positive or Negative
- No Decimal Points!

9

378

-21

Floats

- Written With a Decimal Point
- Positive or Negative

1.5

9.99

Integers

- Whole numbers only
- Positive or Negative
- No Decimal Points!

9

378

-21

Floats

- Written With a Decimal Point
- Positive or Negative

1.5

9.99

-2.0

INT

1234987234321

+8

0

378

1_000_000_000

-99

-8363247238498

1782

FLOAT

1.33333333

0.5

+8.1

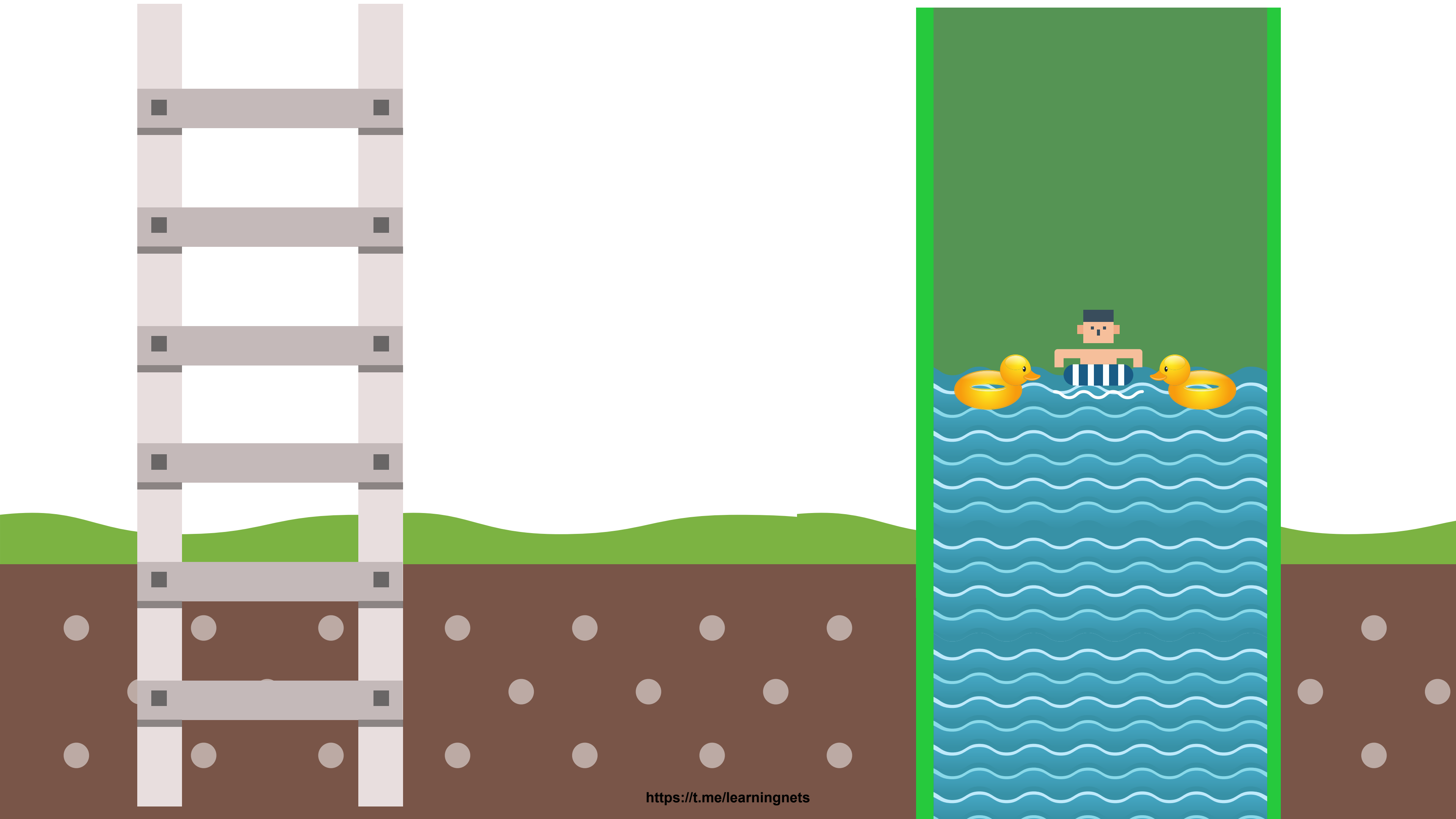
-.2

0.0

0.8372984732894733

1.234987234321e12

04.0



Ints



1_000

777



1,000

0777

Floats



1_000.55

1.234e12



1,000.55

1.234 e12

Operators

Operators are special characters in Python that perform operations on value(s). Below are some of the most common:

+

*

>

<=

and

is

=

*=

-

/

<

==

or

in

+=

/=

**

%

>=

!=

not

!=

--=

|=

Order of Operations

Parentheses

()

Multiplication and Division

*

/

//

Addition and Subtraction

+

-

Integer Division

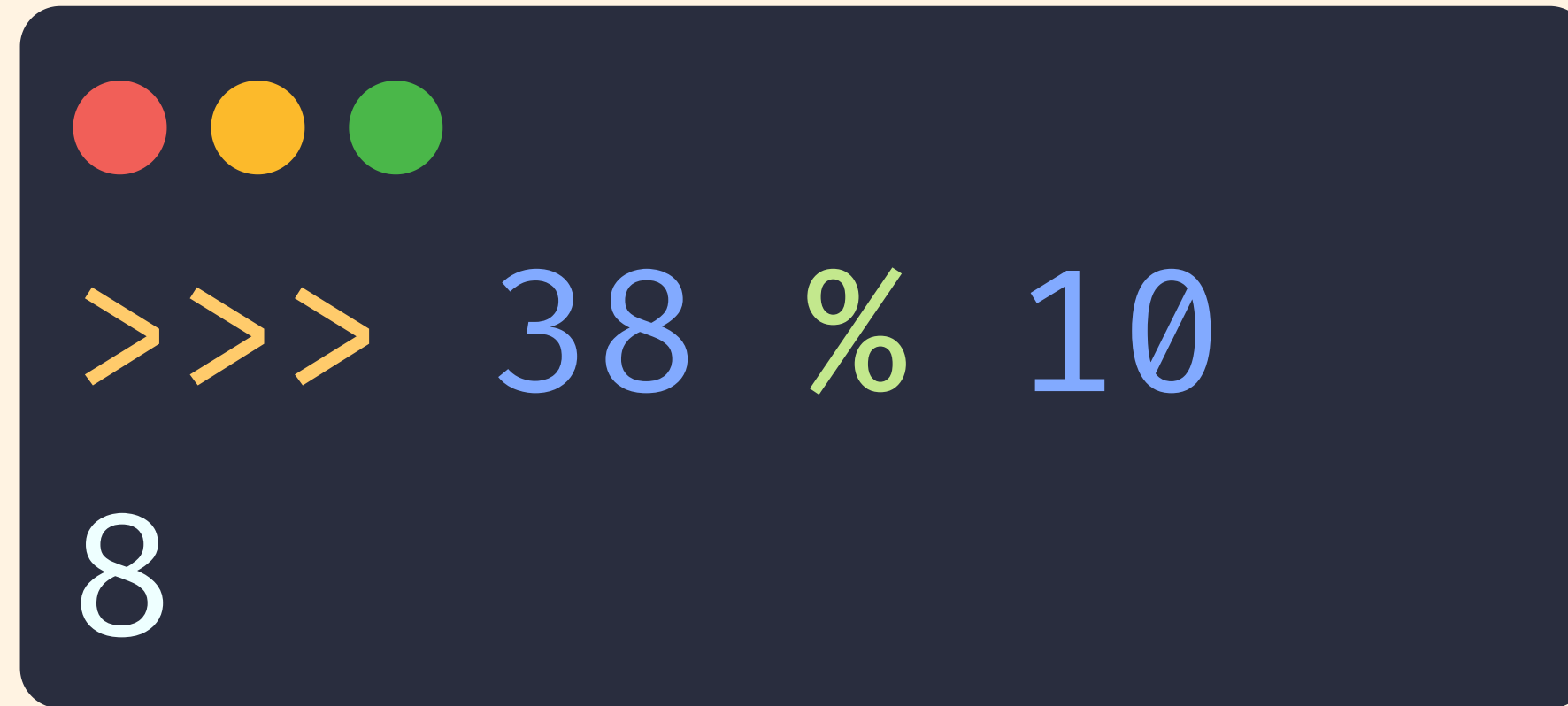
//

Exponentiation

Modulo

%

Modulo

A dark blue terminal window with rounded corners. At the top left, there are three colored circles: red, yellow, and green. Below them, three yellow greater-than symbols (>) are followed by the text '38 % 10' in blue. On the next line, the number '8' is displayed in white.

```
>>> 38 % 10  
8
```

10 goes into 38...
3 times, with a remainder of 8

Integer Division

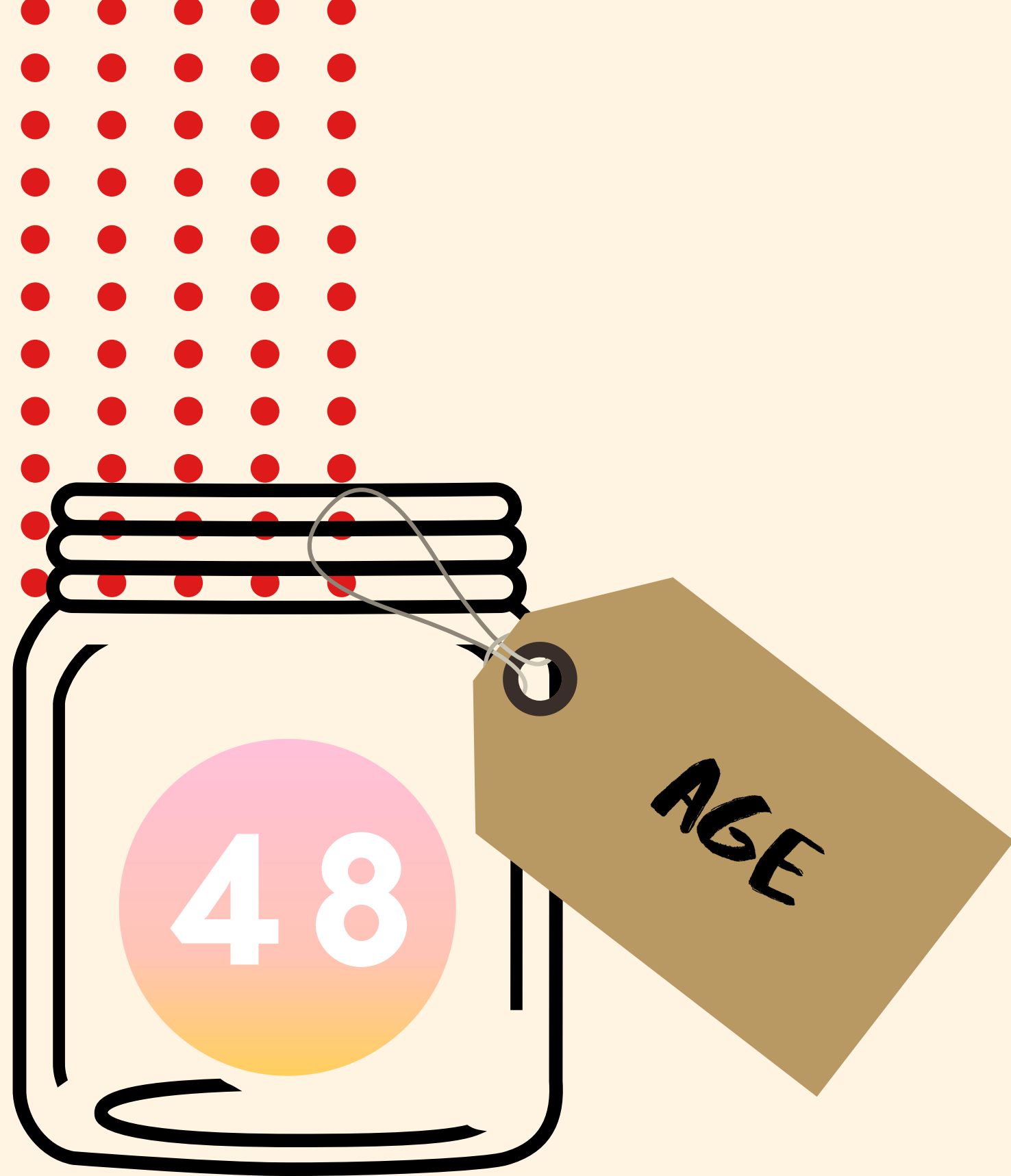
```
● ● ●  
>>> 10 // 3  
3
```

```
● ● ●  
>>> -10 // 3  
-4
```

Comments

```
# this never runs
```

Python will ignore any lines starting with the `#` symbol

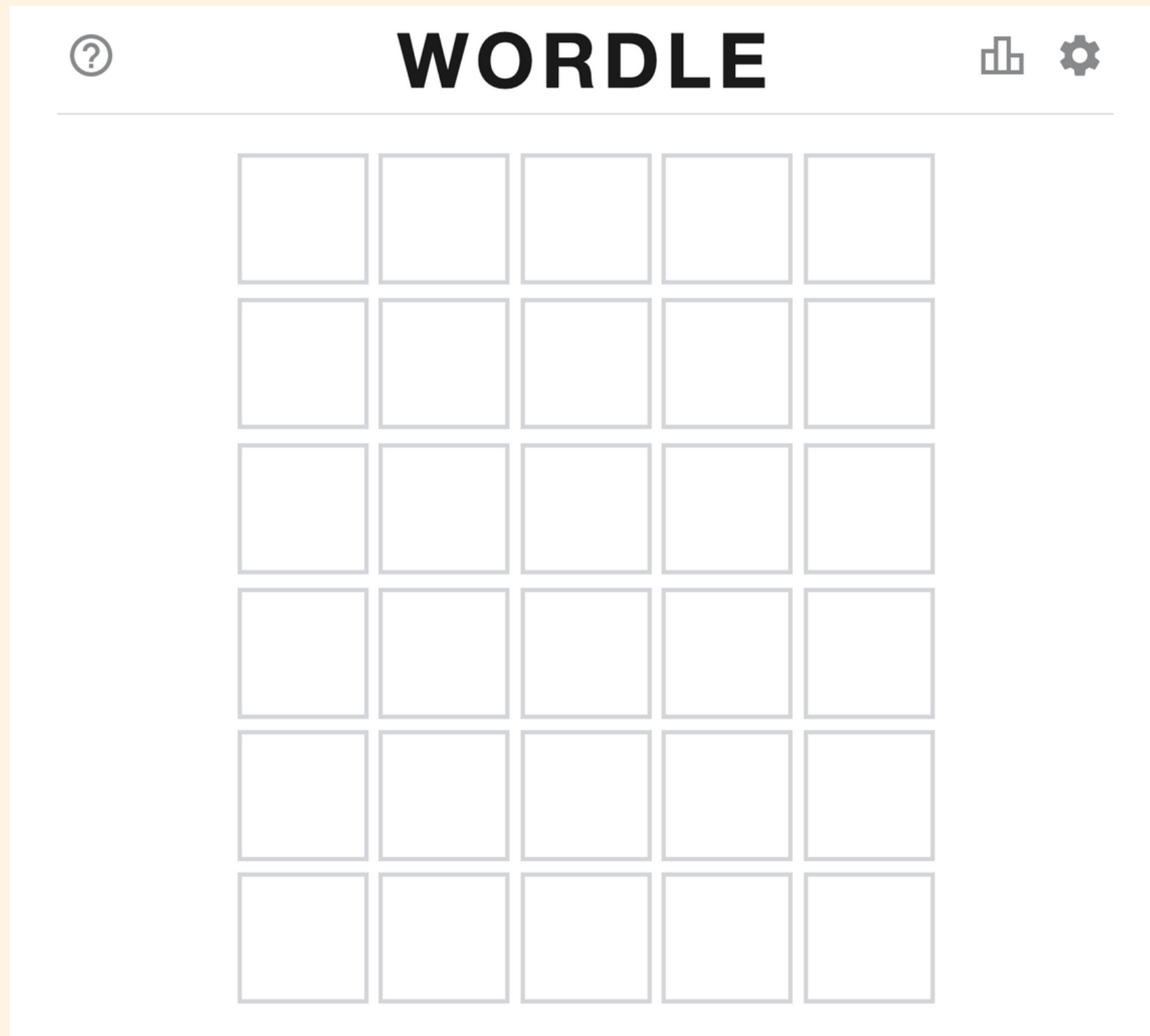


Variables

VARIABLES ARE LIKE LABELS FOR VALUES

We can store a value and give it a name so that we can:

- Refer back to it later
- Use that value to do...stuff
- Change it later on



Potential Variables

num_guesses	→	0
target_word	→	"knoll"
max_guesses	→	6
guesses	→	
correct_letters	→	
game_over	→	False



Potential Variables

num_guesses	→	1
target_word	→	"knoll"
max_guesses	→	6
guesses	→	"irate"
correct_letters	→	
game_over	→	False



Potential Variables

num_guesses	→	2
target_word	→	"knoll"
max_guesses	→	6
guesses	→	"irate", "sound"
correct_letters	→	"o", "n"
game_over	→	False



Potential Variables

num_guesses	→	3
target_word	→	"knoll"
max_guesses	→	6
guesses	→	"irate", "sound", "knoll"
correct_letters	→	"o", "n", "k", "l"
game_over	→	True



Variables



```
>>> age = 48
```



```
>>> score = 170
```

Variable

Assignment

Value





variable123

first_name

player_1



123variable

first name

False

def



|

o

x

FirstName

FIRSTNAME



Python Keywords

```
>>> help("keywords")
```

False await else import pass
None break except in raise
True class finally is return
and continue for lambda try
as def from nonlocal while
assert del global not with
async elif if or yield



False raise in not global
True try is with del
None except as or assert
for import and class
while from continue def
if pass yield finally
else break await lambda
elif return async nonlocal

How Variables Work

```
>>> count = 170
>>> total = 170
```

Name

Object

count

total

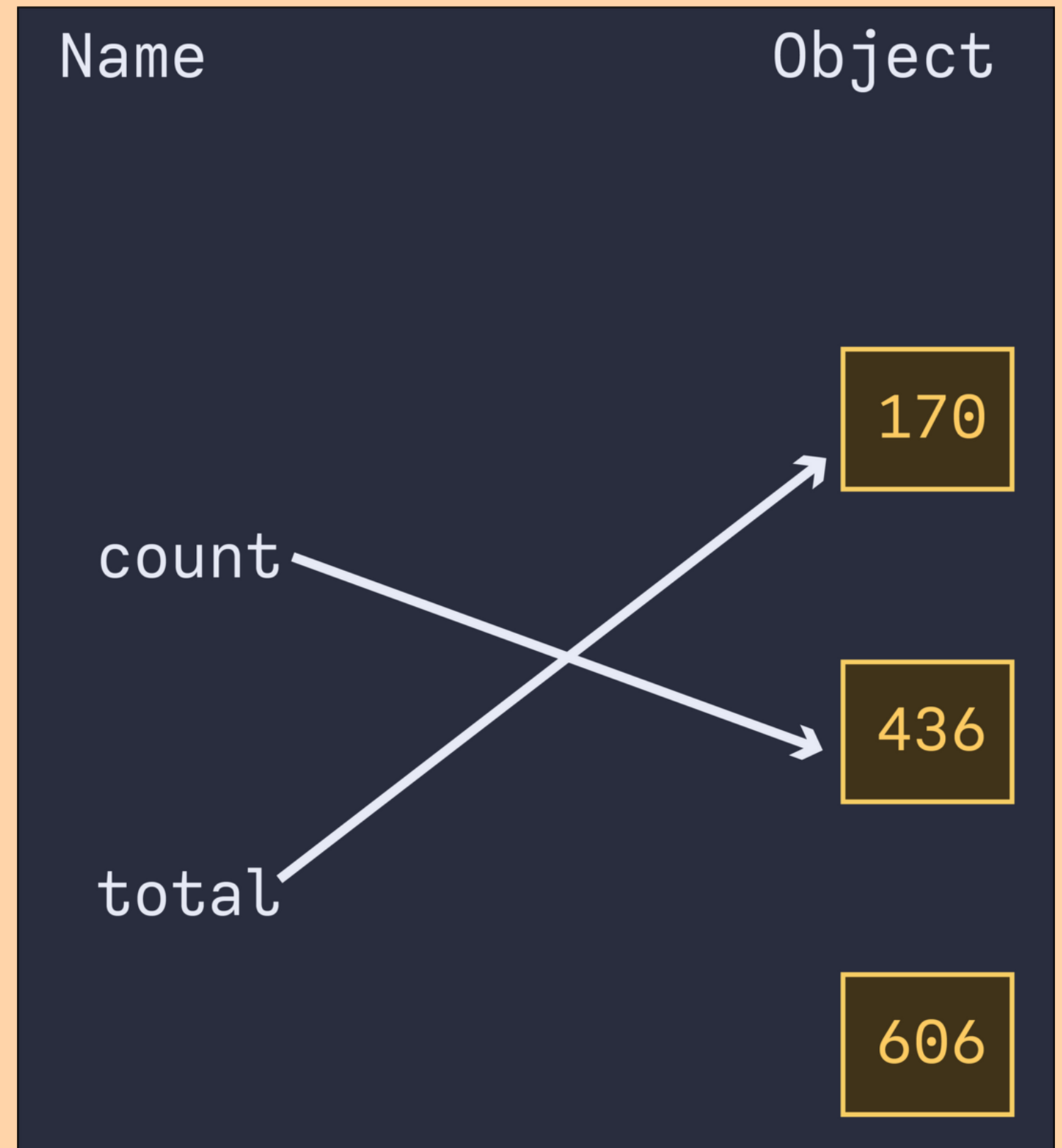
170

436

606

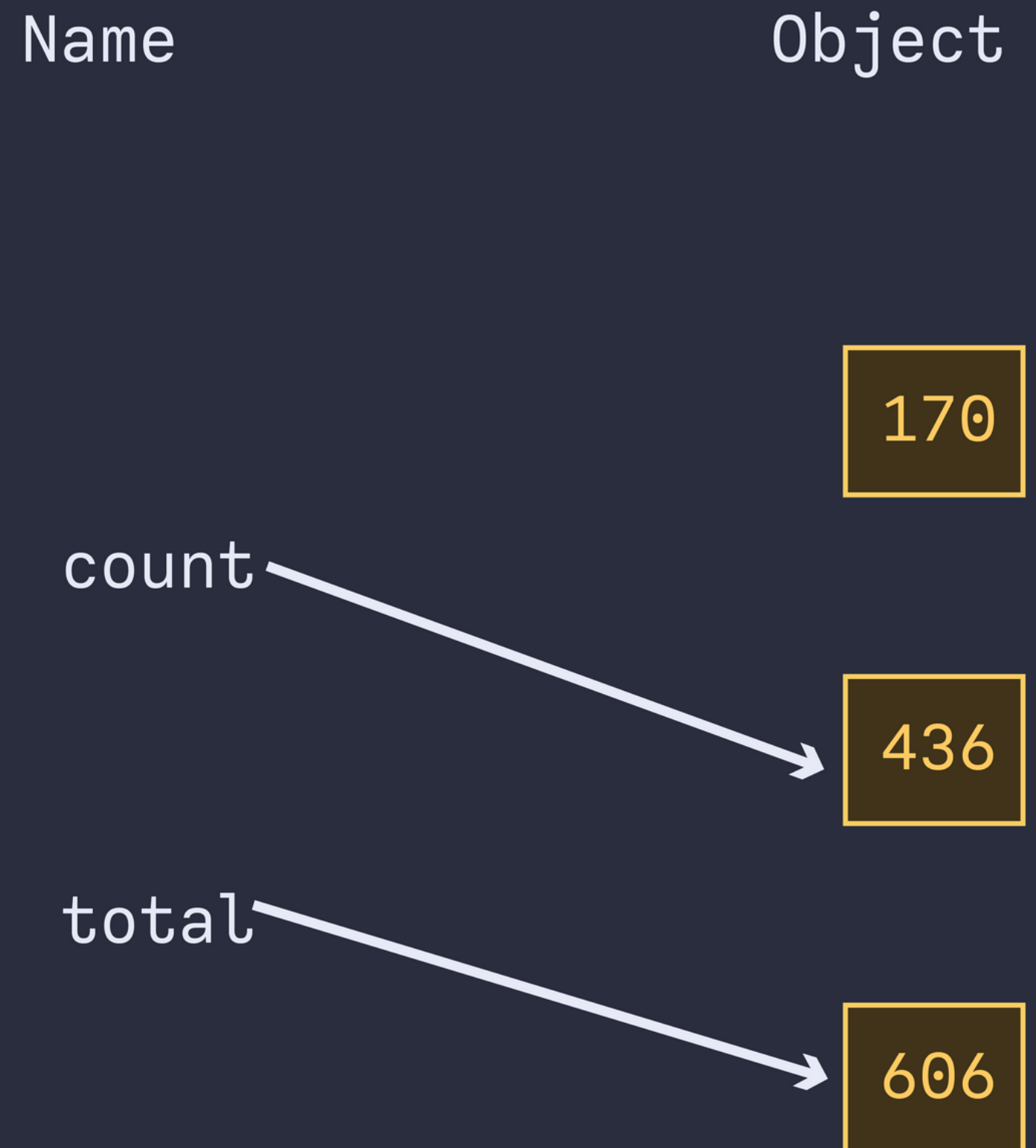
How Variables Work

```
>>> count = 170
>>> total = 170
>>> count = 436
```



How Variables Work

```
>>> count = 170
>>> total = 170
>>> count = 436
>>> total = 606
```



How Variables Work

```
>>> count = 170
>>> total = 170
>>> count = 436
>>> total = 606
```



Assignment Operators

+ =

- =

*** =**

/ =

// =

**** =**

% =

```
● ● ●
>>> age = 48
>>> age += 2
>>> age

50
```

Update age to be its current value (48) plus 2

```
● ● ●  
>>> age = 48  
>>> age -= 10  
>>> age  
38
```

Update age to be
its current value
(48) minus 10